

## EXPERIMENT NO :- 5

PERFORMING SIMPLE QUERIES :-

QUERY 1:

```
create database collegedata;  
use collegedata;  
create table student(roll_no int(3),s_name varchar(20), marks int(20), age int(3));  
insert into student values(1, "Hasmika", 95, 19);  
insert into student values(2, "Sanjana", 85, 18);  
insert into student values(3, "Pratibha", 90, 18);  
select roll_no,s_name from student;
```

OUTPUT:

	roll_no	s_name
►	1	Hasmika
	2	Sanjana
	3	Pratibha

QUERY 2:

```
select * from student;
```

OUTPUT:

	roll_no	s_name	marks	age
►	1	Hasmika	95	19
	2	Sanjana	85	18
	3	Pratibha	90	18

QUERY 3:

```
select * from student where marks > 86;
```

OUTPUT:

	roll_no	s_name	marks	age
►	1	Hasmika	95	19
	3	Pratibha	90	18

SOME STRING MANIPULATION OPERATIONS :

1) LOWER(STRING):

```
select lower(s_name) from student;
```

OUTPUT:

lower(s_name)
hasmika
sanjana
pratibha

2)UPPER(STRING):

```
select upper(s_name) from student;
```

OUTPUT:

upper(s_name)
HASMIKA
SANJANA
PRATIBHA