

NAGIOS

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Nagios is a monitoring tool.

In your organization, you will be working on different different environments like dev, test, pre-prod, prod etc.

Now let's say you have 1000 systems in your infrastructure, so daily it's a tedious task to go and understand what is the status of these 1000 devices.

For monitoring all these servers we use NAGIOS.

What we monitor ??

1. Health {device is up/down}
2. Performance {RAM & CPU utilization}
3. Capacity {Watch HDD capacity}

Threshold of Monitoring

Warning 85% Critical 95%

Parameters to monitor

CPU RAM Storage Network etc

NAGIOS SERVER SETUP

NAGIOS CORE

=========

```
Goto nagios.com and nagios.org
 On nagios.org → Downloads → Nagios Core
On Host Machine
 # mkdir nagios-software
 # cd nagios-software
copy #link of nagios-core.tar.gz
   # wget <nagios-core-link>
   # extract the tar
# sudo yum install -y wget httpd php gcc glibc glibc-common gd gd-devel make net-
snmp unzip openssl-devel
# sudo yum install httpd php php-cli gcc glibc glibc-common gd gd-devel net-snmp
openssl-devel wget unzip -y
# sudo useradd nagios
# sudo groupadd nagcmd
# sudo usermod -a -G nagcmd nagios
# sudo usermod -a -G nagcmd apache
# cd nagios-4.2.0
# ./configure
# make all
# sudo make install
# sudo make install-init
# sudo make install-config
# sudo make install-commandmode
# sudo make install-webconf
# sudo cp -R contrib/eventhandlers/ /usr/local/nagios/libexec/
# sudo chown -R nagios:nagios /usr/local/nagios/libexec/eventhandlers
# sudo /usr/local/nagios/bin/nagios -v /usr/local/nagios/etc/nagios.cfg [checking for
syntax errors and to see if everything is working fine ]
Creating nagiosadmin user account
# sudo htpasswd -c /usr/local/nagios/etc/htpasswd.users nagiosadmin
# sudo service nagios restart
# sudo service httpd restart
```

NAGIOS PLUGINS

==============

On nagios.org → Downloads → Nagios Core Plugin

```
# wget <link-nagios-plugins>
# extract the tar

# cd nagios-plugin-x
# sudo ./configure
# make
# sudo make install
```

NRPE PLUGIN

To get monitor a system we are going to install NRPE plugin, NRPE - Nagios Remote Plugin Executor

Goto $\underline{nagios.org} \rightarrow Nagios$ core plugin \rightarrow Find more plugins \rightarrow General Addons \rightarrow NRPE \rightarrow Copy download URL

```
# wget <link-nrpe>
# cd nrpe
# ./configure

# sudo make all
# sudo make install
# ls -l /usr/local/nagios/libexec/check_nrpe {installed successfully}

# sudo service nagios restart
# sudo service httpd restart
```

To view Nagios server Dashboard : # ip-add/nagios

NAGIOS CLIENT/AGENT SETUP

Use another linux machine either on cloud or vm

sudo useradd nagios # sudo yum install -y wget php gcc glibc glibc-common gd gd-devel make net-snmp unzip openssl-devel net-tools xinetd

NAGIOS PLUGINS

```
_____
Downloads → Nagios Core Plugin
# wget <link-nagios-plugins>
# extract the tar
# cd nagios-plugin-x
# ./configure
# make all
# sudo make install
NRPE PLUGIN
To get monitor a system we are going to install NRPE plugin,
NRPE - Nagios Remote Plugin Executor
Goto <u>nagios.org</u> → Nagios core <u>plugin</u> → Find more <u>plugins</u> → General Addons →
NRPE → Copy download URL
# wget link-nrpe>
# cd nrpe
# sudo chown -R nagios:nagios /usr/local/nagios/libexec
# ./configure
# make
# make all
# sudo make install
# sudo mkdir -p /usr/local/nagios/etc
# cd nrpe {dir - make sure you are in nrpe directory }
# sudo cp sample-config/nrpe.cfg /usr/local/nagios/etc
# cd sample-config
# sudo vi sample-config/nrpe.xinetd
```

= REUSE

= 5666

socket_type = stream

service nrpe

flags port

```
wait
               = no
               = nagios
    user
                = nagios
    group
    server
                = /usr/local/nagios/bin/nrpe
    server_args = -c /usr/local/nagios/etc/nrpe.cfg --inetd
    log_on_failure += USERID
    disable
              = no
   only_from
                 = 127.0.0.1 <ip-add-server>
}
# sudo cp sample-config/nrpe.xinetd /etc/xinetd.d/nrpe
# vi /etc/xinetd.d/nrpe
Change allow from to nagios server ip
# vi /etc/services
 Add \rightarrow nrpe
                     5666/tcp
                                       # NRPE service
# Is -I /usr/local/nagios {i should be nagios:nagios}
# chown -R nagios:nagios /usr/local/nagios
# sudo service xinetd start
# netstat -ntpl
Configuring Agent
_____
In Server machine
# cd /usr/local/nagios/etc
# sudo touch hosts.cfg
# sudo touch services.cfg
# sudo vi /usr/local/nagios/etc/nagios.cfg [ goto OBJECT CONFIGURATION FILE(S) ]
Add the following lines below templates.cfg
# This config is to add agents
cfg file=/usr/local/nagios/etc/hosts.cfg
cfg_file=/usr/local/nagios/etc/services.cfg
## Default
define host{
use generic-host; Inherit default values from a template
host_name c1; The name we're giving to this server
alias CentOS 7; A longer name for the server
address 192.168.44.11; IP address of Remote Linux host
max_check_attempts 5;
# sudo vi /usr/local/nagios/etc/services.cfg
```

```
define service{
use generic-service
host_name c1
service_description CPU Load
check_command check_nrpe!check_load
define service{
use generic-service
host_name c1
service_description Total Processes
check_command check_nrpe!check_total_procs
# sudo vi /usr/local/nagios/etc/objects/commands.cfg
Add the following to end of the file
# Command to use NRPE to check remote host systems
define command{
command_name check_nrpe
command_line $USER1$/check_nrpe -H $HOSTADDRESS$ -c $ARG1$
And check for any syntax errors
# sudo /usr/local/nagios/bin/nagios -v /usr/local/nagios/etc/nagios.cfg
You should have Zero warnings and errors
You can see Checked hosts
# sudo /etc/init.d/nagios restart
# sudo systemctl restart httpd
```