## Assignment -1

· Given, each sector is of 512 bytes each, and each track have 1000 such sectors.

⇒ Capacity of each track = 1000 x 512 bytes.

Each surface have 10,000 tracks.

⇒ Capacity of each surface = 10,000 × 1000 × 512 bytes

Each disk have 10 such surfaces.

Capacity of the disk =  $10 \times 10,000 \times 1000 \times 512$  bytes =  $512 \times 10^8$  bytes.

Or it is approximately equal to 51.2 GB.

First, let's calculate the # average time taken to read or write into disc from/to main memory.

Transfer time

g.

Rotational Latency -

Given, the disc rotates at 10,000 RPM

→ It makes one rotation in 60 s = 6ms.

=> Average rotational latency = 6 = 3 ms.

Transfer time -

Let us take each block is of size 16384 bytes.