- (ii) in a case referred to in clause (b), in the year immediately following the period of eight years specified in sub-section (3); or
 - (iii) in a case referred to in clause (c), in the year in which the sale or transfer took place:

Provided that the income so taxable under the other provisions of this Act shall be reduced by the proportionate tonnage income charged to tax in the year of creation of such reserves.

- (5) Notwithstanding anything contained in any other provision of this Chapter, where the amount credited to the Tonnage Tax Reserve Account in accordance with sub-section (1) is less than the minimum amount required to be credited under sub-section (1), an amount which bears the same proportion to the total relevant shipping income, as the shortfall in credit to the reserves bears to the minimum reserve required to be credited under sub-section (1) shall not be taxable under the tonnage tax scheme and shall be taxable under the other provisions of this Act.
- (6) If the reserve required to be created under sub-section (1) is not created for any two consecutive previous years, the option of the company for tonnage tax scheme shall cease to have effect from the beginning of the previous year following the second consecutive previous year in which the failure to create the reserve under sub-section (1) had occurred.

Explanation.—For the purposes of this section, "new ship" includes a qualifying ship which, before the date of acquisition by the qualifying company was used by any other person, if it was not at any time previous to the date of such acquisition owned by any person resident in India.

- 115VU. Minimum training requirement for tonnage tax company.—(1) A tonnage tax company, after its option has been approved under sub-section (3) of section 115VP, shall comply with the minimum training requirement in respect of trainee officers in accordance with the guidelines framed by the Director-General of Shipping and notified in the Official Gazette by the Central Government.
- (2) The tonnage tax company shall be required to furnish a copy of the certificate issued by the Director-General of Shipping along with the return of income under section 139 to the effect that such company has complied with the minimum training requirement in accordance with the guidelines referred to in sub-section (1) for the previous year.
- (3) If the minimum training requirement is not complied with for any five consecutive previous years, the option of the company for tonnage tax scheme shall cease to have effect from the beginning of the previous year following the fifth consecutive previous year in which the failure to comply with the minimum training requirement under sub-section (I) had occurred.
- 115VV. Limit for charter in of tonnage.—(I) In the case of every company which has opted for tonnage tax scheme, not more than forty-nine per cent of the net tonnage of the qualifying ships operated by it during any previous year shall be chartered in.
- (2) The proportion of net tonnage referred to in sub-section (1) in respect of a previous year shall be calculated based on the average of net tonnage during that previous year.
- (3) For the purposes of sub-section (2), the average of net tonnage shall be computed in such manner as may be prescribed in consultation with the Director-General of Shipping.
- (4) Where the net tonnage of ships chartered in exceeds the limit under sub-section (1) during any previous year, the total income of such company in relation to that previous year shall be computed as if the option for tonnage tax scheme does not have effect for that previous year.
- (5) Where the limit under sub-section (1) had exceeded in any two consecutive previous years, the option for tonnage tax scheme shall cease to have effect from the beginning of the previous year following the second consecutive previous year in which the limit had exceeded.

Explanation.—For the purposes of this section, the term "chartered in" shall exclude a ship chartered in by the company on bareboat charter-*cum*-demise terms.

115VW. Maintenance and audit of accounts.—An option for tonnage tax scheme by a tonnage tax company shall not have effect in relation to a previous year unless such company—

- (i) maintains separate books of account in respect of the business of operating qualifying ships; and
- (ii) furnishes, along with the return of income for that previous year, the report of an accountant, in the prescribed form duly signed and verified by such accountant.

Explanation.—For the purposes of this section, "accountant" shall have the same meaning as in the *Explanation* below sub-section (2) of section 288.

115VX. Determination of tonnage.—(1) For the purposes of this Chapter,—

- (a) the tonnage of a ship shall be determined in accordance with the valid certificate indicating its tonnage;
 - (b) "valid certificate" means,—
 - (i) in case of ships registered in India—
 - (a) having a length of less than twenty-four metres, a certificate issued under the Merchant Shipping (Tonnage Measurement of Ship) Rules, 1987 made under the Merchant Shipping Act, 1958 (44 of 1958);
 - (b) having a length of twenty-four metres or more, an international tonnage certificate issued under the provisions of the Convention on Tonnage Measurement of Ships, 1969, as specified in the Merchant Shipping (Tonnage Measurement of Ship) Rules, 1987 made under the Merchant Shipping Act, 1958 (44 of 1958);
 - (ii) in case of ships registered outside India, a licence issued by the Director-General of Shipping under section 406 or section 407 of the Merchant Shipping Act, 1958 (44 of 1958) specifying the net tonnage on the basis of Tonnage Certificate issued by the Flag State Administration where the ship is registered or any other evidence acceptable to the Director-General of Shipping produced by the ship owner while seeking permission for chartering in the ship.

E.—Amalgamation and demerger of shipping companies

115VY. Amalgamation.—Where there has been an amalgamation of a company with another company or companies, then, subject to the other provisions of this section, the provisions relating to the tonnage tax scheme shall, as far as may be, apply to the amalgamated company if it is a qualifying company:

Provided that where the amalgamated company is not a tonnage tax company, it shall exercise an option for tonnage tax scheme under sub-section (I) of section 115VP within three months from the date of the approval of the scheme of amalgamation:

Provided further that where the amalgamating companies are tonnage tax companies, the provisions of this Chapter shall, as far as may be, apply to the amalgamated company for such period as the option for tonnage tax scheme which has the longest unexpired period continues to be in force:

Provided also that where one of the amalgamating companies is a qualifying company as on the 1st day of October, 2004 and which has not exercised the option for tonnage tax scheme within the initial period, the provisions of this Chapter shall not apply to the amalgamated company and the income of the amalgamated company from the business of operating qualifying ships shall be computed in accordance with the other provisions of this Act.

115VZ. Demerger.—Where in a scheme of demerger, the demerged company transfers its business to the resulting company before the expiry of the option for tonnage tax scheme, then, subject to the other provisions of this Chapter, the tonnage tax scheme shall, as far as may be, apply to the resulting company for the unexpired period if it is a qualifying company:

Provided that the option for tonnage tax scheme in respect of the demerged company shall remain in force for the unexpired period of the tonnage tax scheme if it continues to be a qualifying company.

F.—Miscellaneous

- 115VZA.Effect of temporarily ceasing to operate qualifying ships.—(1) A temporary cessation (as against permanent cessation) of operating any qualifying ship by a company shall not be considered as a cessation of operating of such qualifying ship and the company shall be deemed to be operating such qualifying ship for the purposes of this Chapter.
- (2) Where a qualifying company continues to operate a ship, which temporarily ceases to be a qualifying ship, such ship shall not be considered as a qualifying ship for the purposes of this Chapter.
 - G.—Provisions of this Chapter not to apply in certain cases
- **115VZB.** Avoidance of tax.—(I) Subject to the provisions of this Chapter, the tonnage tax scheme shall not apply where a tonnage tax company is a party to any transaction or arrangement which amounts to an abuse of the tonnage tax scheme.
- (2) For the purposes of sub-section (1), a transaction or arrangement shall be considered an abuse if the entering into or the application of such transaction or arrangement results, or would but for this section have resulted, in a tax advantage being obtained for—
 - (i) a person other than a tonnage tax company; or
 - (ii) a tonnage tax company in respect of its non-tonnage tax activities.

Explanation.—For the purposes of this section, "tax advantage" include,—

- (i) the determination of the allowance for any expense or interest, or the determination of any cost or expense allocated or apportioned, or, as the case may be, which has the effect of reducing the income or increasing the loss, as the case may be, from activities other than tonnage tax activities chargeable to tax, computed on the basis of entries made in the books of account in respect of the previous year in which the transaction was entered into; or
- (ii) a transaction or arrangement which produces to the tonnage tax company more than ordinary profits which might be expected to arise from tonnage tax activities.
- 115VZC. Exclusion from tonnage tax scheme.—(1) Where a tonnage tax company is a party to any transaction or arrangement referred to in sub-section (1) of section 115VZB, the Assessing Officer shall, by an order in writing, exclude such company from the tonnage tax scheme:

Provided that an opportunity shall be given by the Assessing Officer by serving a notice calling upon such company to show cause, on a date and time to be specified in the notice, why it should not be excluded from the tonnage tax scheme:

Provided further that no order under this sub-section shall be passed without the previous approval of the ¹[Principal Chief Commissioner or Chief Commissioner].

- (2) The provisions of this section shall not apply where the company shows to the satisfaction of the Assessing Officer that the transaction or arrangement was a *bona fide* commercial transaction and had not been entered into for the purpose of obtaining tax advantage under this Chapter.
- (3) Where an order has been passed under sub-section (1) by the Assessing Officer excluding the tonnage tax company from the tonnage tax scheme, the option for tonnage tax scheme shall cease to be in force from the first day of the previous year in which the transaction or arrangement was entered into.]

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^{1.} Subs. by Act 25 of 2014, s. 4, for "Chief Commissioner" (w.e.f. 1-6-2013).

¹[CHAPTER XIIH

INCOME-TAX ON FRINGE BENEFITS

A.—Meaning of certain expressions

115W. Definitions.—In this Chapter, unless the context otherwise requires,—

- (a) "employer" means,—
 - (i) a company;
 - (ii) a firm;
 - ²[(*iii*) an association of persons or a body of individuals, whether incorporated or not;]
 - (iv) a local authority; and
 - (v) every artificial juridical person, not falling within any of the preceding sub-clauses:

³[Provided that any person eligible for exemption under clause (23C) of section 10 or registered under section 12AA or a political party registered under section 29A of the Representation of the People Act, 1951 (43 of 1951) shall not be deemed to be an employer for the purposes of this Chapter;]

(b) "fringe benefit tax" or "tax" means the tax chargeable under section 115WA.

B.—Basis of charge

115WA. Charge of fringe benefit tax.—(1) In addition to the income-tax charged under this Act, there shall be charged for every assessment year commencing on or after the 1st day of April, 2006, additional income-tax (in this Act referred to as fringe benefit tax) in respect of the fringe benefits provided or deemed to have been provided by an employer to his employees during the previous year at the rate of thirty per cent on the value of such fringe benefits.

- (2) Notwithstanding that no income-tax is payable by an employer on his total income computed in accordance with the provisions of this Act, the tax on fringe benefits shall be payable by such employer.
- **115WB. Fringe benefits.**—(1) For the purposes of this Chapter, "fringe benefits" means any consideration for employment provided by way of—
 - (a) any privilege, service, facility or amenity, directly or indirectly, provided by an employer, whether by way of reimbursement or otherwise, to his employees (including former employee or employees);
 - (b) any free or concessional ticket provided by the employer for private journeys of his employees or their family members; $^{4}***$
 - (c) any contribution by the employer to an approved superannuation fund for ⁵[employees; and]
 - ⁵[(d) anyspecified security or sweat equity shares allotted or transferred, directly or indirectly, by the employer free of cost or at concessional rate to his employees (including former employee or employees).

^{1.} Ins. by Act 18 of 2005, s. 37 (w.e.f. 1-4-2006).

^{2.} Subs. by Act 55 of 2005, s. 6, for Clause (iii) (w.e.f. 1-4-2006). Earlier substituted by Act 18 of 2005, s. 37 (w.e.f. 1-4-2006).

^{3.} Ins. by s. 6, *ibid*. (w.e.f. 1-4-2006).

^{4.} The word "and" omitted by Act 22 of 2007, s. 38 (w.e.f. 1-4-2008).

^{5.} Ins. by s. 38, *ibid*. (w.e.f. 1-4-2008).

Explanation.—For the purposes of this clause,—

- (i) "specified security" means the securities as defined in clause (h) of section 2 of the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 (42 of 1956) ¹[and, where employees' stock option has been granted under any plan or scheme therefor, includes the securities offered under such plan or scheme];
- (ii) "sweat equity shares" means equity shares issued by a company to its employees or directors at a discount or for consideration other than cash for providing know-how or making available rights in the nature of intellectual property rights or value additions, by whatever name called.]
- (2) The fringe benefits shall be deemed to have been provided by the employer to his employees, if the employer has, in the course of his business or profession (including any activity whether or not such activity is carried on with the object of deriving income, profits or gains) incurred any expense on, or made any payment for, the following purposes, namely:—

(A) entertainment;

- (B) provision of hospitality of every kind by the employer to any person, whether by way of provision of food or beverages or in any other manner whatsoever and whether or not such provision is made by reason of any express or implied contract or custom or usage of trade but does not include—
 - (i) any expenditure on, or payment for, food or beverages provided by the employer to his employees in office or factory;
 - (ii) any expenditure on or payment through paid vouchers which are not transferable and usable only at eating joints or outlets;
 - ²[(*iii*) any expenditure on or payment through non-transferable pre-paid electronic meal card usable only at eating joints or outlets and which fulfils such other conditions as may be prescribed;]
 - (C) conference (other than fee for participation by the employees in any conference).

Explanation.—For the purposes of this clause, any expenditure on conveyance, tour and travel (including foreign travel), on hotel, or boarding and lodging in connection with any conference shall be deemed to be expenditure incurred for the purposes of conference;

(D) sales promotion including publicity:

Provided that any expenditure on advertisement,—

- (i) being the expenditure (including rental) on advertisement of any form in any print (including journals, catalogues or price lists) or electronic media or transport system;
- (ii) being the expenditure on the holding of, or the participation in, any press conference or business convention, fair or exhibition;
- (iii) being the expenditure on sponsorship of any sports event or any other event organised by any Government agency or trade association or body;
- (iv) being the expenditure on the publication in any print or electronic media of any notice required to be published by or under any law or by an order of a court or tribunal;
- (ν) being the expenditure on advertisement by way of signs, art work, painting, banners, awnings, direct mail, electric spectaculars, kiosks, hoardings, ³[bill boards, display of products] or by way of such other medium of advertisement; ⁴***

3. Subs. by Act 22 of 2007, s. 38, for "bill boards" (w.e.f. 1-4-2008).

^{1.} Subs. by Act 18 of 2008, s. 25, for "and includes employees' stock option" (w.e.f. 1-4-2008).

^{2.} Ins. by s. 25, *ibid*. (w.e.f. 1-4-2009).

^{4.} The word "and" omitted by Act 21 of 2006, s. 28 (w.e.f. 1-4-2007).

- (vi) being the expenditure by way of payment to any advertising agency for the purposes of clauses (i) to (v) above;
- $^{1}[^{2}[(vii)]$ being the expenditure on distribution of samples either free of cost or at concessional rate; and]
- (*viii*) being the expenditure by way of payment to any person of repute for promoting the sale of goods or services of the business of the employer,]

shall not be considered as expenditure on sales promotion including publicity;

(E) employees' welfare.

³[Explanation.—For the purposes of this clause, any expenditure incurred or payment made to—

- (i) fulfil any statutory obligation; or
- (ii) mitigate occupational hazards; or
- (iii) provide first aid facilities in the hospital or dispensary run by the employer; or
- (iv) provide creche facility for the children of the employee; or
- (v) sponsor a sportsman, being an employee; or
- (vi) organise sports events for employees,

shall not be considered as expenditure for employees' welfare;]

- (F) conveyance; 4***
- (G) use of hotel, boarding and lodging facilities;
- (H) repair, running (including fuel), maintenance of motor cars and the amount of depreciation thereon:
- (I) repair, running (including fuel) and maintenance of aircrafts and the amount of depreciation thereon:
 - (J) use of telephone (including mobile phone) other than expenditure on leased telephone lines;

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- (L) festival celebrations;
- (M) use of health club and similar facilities;
- (N) use of any other club facilities;
- (O) gifts; and
- (P) scholarships;
- ⁶[(O) tour and travel (including foreign travel).]

^{1.} Ins. by Act 21 of 2006, s. 28 (w.e.f. 1-4-2007).

^{2.} Subs. by Act 22 of 2007, s. 38, for clause (vii) (w.e.f. 1-4-2008).

^{3.} Subs. by Act 18 of 2008, s. 25, for the *Explanation* (w.e.f. 1-4-2009).

^{4.} The words and brackets ", tour and travel (including foreign travel)" omitted by Act 21 of 2006, s. 28 (w.e.f. 1-4-2007).

^{5.} Clause (k) omitted by Act 18 of 2008, s. 25 (w.e.f. 1-4-2009).

^{6.} Ins. by Act 21 of 2006, s. 28 (w.e.f. 1-4-2007).

- (3) For the purposes of sub-section (1), the privilege, service, facility or amenity does not include perquisites in respect of which tax is paid or payable by the employee ¹[or any benefit or amenity in the nature of free or subsidised transport or any such allowance provided by the employer to his employees for journeys by the employees from their residence to the place of work or such place of work to the place of residence.]
- **115WC. Value of fringe benefits.**—(*1*) For the purposes of this Chapter, the value of fringe benefits shall be the aggregate of the following, namely:—
 - (a) cost at which the benefits referred to in clause (b) of sub-section (1) of section 115WB, is provided by the employer to the general public as reduced by the amount, if any, paid by, or recovered from, his employee or employees:

Provided that in a case where the expenses of the nature referred to in clause (b) of sub-section (I) of section 115WB are included in any other clause of sub-section (2) of the said section, the total expenses included under such other clause shall be reduced by the amount of expenditure referred to in the said clause (b) for computing the value of fringe benefits;

- 2 [(b) the amount of contribution, referred to in clause (c) of sub-section (1) of section 115WB, which exceeds one lakh rupees in respect of each employee;]
- ³[(ba) the fair market value of the specified security or sweat equity shares referred to in clause (d) of sub-section (1) of section 115WB, on the date on which the option vests with the employee as reduced by the amount actually paid by, or recovered from, the employee in respect of such security or shares.

Explanation.—For the purposes of this clause,—

- (i) "fair market value" means the value determined in accordance with the method as may be prescribed by the Board;
- (ii) "option" means a right but not an obligation granted to an employee to apply for the specified security or sweat equity shares at a predetermined price;]
- (c) twenty per cent of the expenses referred to in 4 [clauses (A) to (L)] of sub-section (2) of section 115WB;
- (d) fifty per cent of the expenses referred to in 5 [clauses (M) to (P)] of sub-section (2) of section 115WB;
 - 6 [(e) five per cent. of the expenses referred to in clause (Q) of sub-section (2) of section 115WB.]
- (2) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-section (1),—
- (a) in the case of an employer engaged in the business of hotel, the value of fringe benefits for the purposes referred to in clause (B) of sub-section (2) of section 115WB shall be "five per cent." instead of "twenty per cent." referred to in clause (c) of sub-section (I);
- ⁶[(aa) in the case of an employer engaged in the business of carriage of passengers or goods by aircraft, the value of fringe benefits for the purposes referred to in clause (B) of sub-section (2) of section 115WB shall be "five per cent" instead of "twenty per cent" referred to in clause (c) of sub-section (1);

^{1.} Ins. by Act 21 of 2006, s. 28. (w.e.f. 1-4-2007).

^{2.} Subs. by s. 29, *ibid.*, for clause (*b*) (w.e.f. 1-4-2007).

^{3.} Ins. by Act 22 of 2007, s. 39 (w.e.f. 1-4-2008).

^{4.} Subs. by Act 18 of 2008, s. 26, for "clauses (A) to (K)" (w.e.f. 1-4-2009).

^{5.} Subs. by s. 26, *ibid.*, for "clauses (L) to (P)" (w.e.f. 1-4-2009).

^{6.} Ins. by Act 21 of 2006, s. 29 (w.e.f. 1-4-2007).

- (ab) in the case of an employer engaged in the business of carriage of passengers or goods by ship, the value of fringe benefits for the purposes referred to in clause (B) of sub-section (2) of section 115WB shall be "five per cent" instead of "twenty per cent." referred to in clause (c) of sub-section (1);
- (b) in the case of an employer engaged in the business of construction, the value of fringe benefits for the purposes referred to in clause (F) of sub-section (2) of section 115WB shall be "five per cent" instead of "twenty per cent" referred to in clause (c) of sub-section (I);
- (c) in the case of an employer engaged in the business of manufacture or production of pharmaceuticals, the value of fringe benefits for the purposes referred to in clauses (F) and (G) of sub-section (2) of section 115WB shall be "five per cent" instead of "twenty per cent" referred to in clause (c) of sub-section (I);
- (d) in the case of an employer engaged in the business of manufacture or production of computer software, the value of fringe benefits for the purposes referred to in clauses (F) and (G) of sub-section (2) of section 115WB shall be "five per cent" instead of "twenty per cent" referred to in clause (c) of sub-section (1);
- $^{1}[(da)]$ in the case of an employer engaged in the business of carriage of passengers or goods by aircraft, the value of fringe benefits for the purposes referred to in clause (G) of sub-section (2) of section 115WB shall be "five per cent" instead of "twenty per cent" referred to in clause (c) of sub-section (1);
- (db) in the case of an employer engaged in the business of carriage of passengers or goods by ship, the value of fringe benefits for the purposes referred to in clause (G) of sub-section (D) of section 115WB shall be "five per cent" instead of "twenty per cent" referred to in clause (D) of sub-section (D);
- (e) in the case of an employer engaged in the business of carriage of passengers or goods by motor car, the value of fringe benefits for the purposes referred to in clause (H) of sub-section (2) of section 115WB shall be "five per cent" instead of "twenty per cent" referred to in clause (c) of sub-section (1);
- (f) in the case of an employer engaged in the business of carriage of passengers or goods by aircraft, the value of fringe benefits for the purposes referred to in clause (1) of sub-section (2) of section 115WB shall be taken as Nil.
- C.—Procedure for filing of return in respect of fringe benefits, assessment and payment of tax in respect thereof
- 115WD. Return of fringe benefits.—(1) Without prejudice to the provisions contained in section 139, every employer who during a previous year has paid or made provision for payment of fringe benefits to his employees, shall, on or before the due date, furnish or cause to be furnished a return of fringe benefits to the Assessing Officer in the prescribed form and verified in the prescribed manner and setting forth such other particulars as may be prescribed, in respect of the previous year.

Explanation.—In this sub-section, "due date" means,—

- (a) where the employer is—
 - (i) a company; or
- (ii) a person (other than a company) whose accounts are required to be audited under this Act or under any other law for the time being in force,

the ²[30th day of September] of the assessment year;

^{1.} Ins. by Act 21 of 2006, s. 29 (w.e.f. 1-4-2007).

^{2.} Subs. by Act 18 of 2008, s. 27, for "31st day of October" (w.e.f. 1-4-2008).

- (b) in the case of any other employer, the 31st day of July of the assessment year.
- (2) In the case of any employer who, in the opinion of the Assessing Officer, is responsible for paying fringe benefit tax under this Act and who has not furnished a return under sub-section (1), the Assessing Officer may, after the due date, issue a notice to him and serve the same upon him, requiring him to furnish within thirty days from the date of service of the notice, the return in the prescribed form and verified in the prescribed manner and setting forth such other particulars as may be prescribed.
- (3) Any employer responsible for paying fringe benefit tax who has not furnished a return within the time allowed under sub-section (1) or within the time allowed under a notice issued under sub-section (2), may furnish the return for any previous year, at any time before the expiry of one year from the end of the relevant assessment year or before the completion of the assessment, whichever is earlier.
- (4) If any employer, having furnished a return under sub-section (I), or in pursuance of a notice issued under sub-section (2), discovers any omission or any wrong statement therein, he may furnish a revised return at any time before the expiry of one year from the end of the relevant assessment year or before the completion of the assessment, whichever is earlier.
- **115WE.** Assessment.— $^{1}[(I)]$ Where a return has been made under section 115WD, such return shall be processed in the following manner, namely:—
 - (a) the value of fringe benefits shall be computed after making the following adjustments, namely:—
 - (i) any arithmetical error in the return; or
 - (ii) an incorrect claim, if such incorrect claim is apparent from any information in the return;
 - (b) the tax and interest, if any, shall be computed on the basis of the value of fringe benefits computed under clause (a);
 - (c) the sum payable by, or the amount of refund due to, the assessee shall be determined after adjustment of the tax and interest, if any, computed under clause (b) by any advance tax paid, any tax paid on self-assessment and any amount paid otherwise by way of tax or interest;
 - (d) an intimation shall be prepared or generated and sent to the assessee specifying the sum determined to be payable by, or the amount of refund due to, the assessee under clause (c); and
 - (e) the amount of refund due to the assessee in pursuance of the determination under clause (c) shall be granted to the assessee:

Provided that no intimation under this sub-section shall be sent after the expiry of one year from the end of the financial year in which the return is made.

Explanation.—For the purposes of this sub-section,—

- (a) "an incorrect claim apparent from any information in the return" shall mean a claim, on the basis of an entry, in the return,—
 - (i) of an item, which is inconsistent with another entry of the same or some other item in such return;
 - (ii) in respect of which the information required to be furnished to substantiate such entry has not been so furnished under this Act; or
 - (iii) in respect of a deduction or value of fringe benefits, where such deduction or value exceeds specified statutory limit which may have been expressed as monetary amount or percentage or ratio or fraction;

^{1.} Subs. by Act 18 of 2008, s. 28, for sub-section (1) (w.e.f. 1-4-2008).

- (b) the acknowledgement of the return shall be deemed to be the intimation in a case where no sum is payable by, or refundable to, the assessee under clause (c), and where no adjustment has been made under clause (a).
- (1A) For the purposes of processing of returns under sub-section (1), the Board may make a scheme for centralised processing of returns with a view to expeditiously determining the tax payable by, or the refund due to, the assessee as required under that sub-section.
- (1B) Save as otherwise expressly provided, for the purpose of giving effect to the scheme made under sub-section (1A), the Central Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette, direct that any of the provisions of this Act relating to processing of returns shall not apply or shall apply with such exceptions, modifications and adaptations as may be specified in that notification; so, however, that no direction shall be issued ¹[after the 31st day of March, 2011].
- (1C) Every notification issued under sub-section (1B), along with the scheme made under sub-section (1A), shall, as soon as may be after the notification is issued, be laid before each House of Parliament.]
- (2) Where a return has been furnished under section 115WD, the Assessing Officer shall, if he considers it necessary or expedient to ensure that the assessee has not understated the value of fringe benefits or has not underpaid the tax in any manner, serve on the assessee a notice requiring him on a date to be specified therein, either to attend his office or to produce, or cause to be produced, any evidence on which the assessee may rely in support of the return:

Provided that no notice under this sub-section shall be served on the assessee after the expiry of ²[six months from the end of the financial year] in which the return is furnished.

- (3) On the day specified in the notice issued under sub-section (2), or as soon afterwards as may be, after hearing such evidence as the assessee may produce and such other evidence as the Assessing Officer may require on specified points, and after taking into account all relevant material which he has gathered, the Assessing Officer shall, by an order in writing, make an assessment of the value of the fringe benefits paid or payable by the assessee, and determine the sum payable by him or refund of any amount due to him on the basis of such assessment.
 - (4) Where a regular assessment under sub-section (3) or section 115WF is made,—
 - (a) any tax or interest paid by the assessee under sub-section (1) shall be deemed to have been paid towards such regular assessment;
 - (b) if no refund is due on regular assessment or the amount refunded under sub-section (1) exceeds the amount refundable on regular assessment, the whole or the excess amount so refunded shall be deemed to be tax payable by the assessee and the provisions of this Act shall apply accordingly.

115WF. Best judgment assessment.—If any person, being an employer—

- (a) fails to make the return required under sub-section (1) of section 115WD and has not made a return under sub-section (3) or a revised return under sub-section (4) of that section, or
- (b) fails to comply with all the terms of a notice issued under sub-section (2) of section 115WD or fails to comply with a direction issued under sub-section (2A) of section 142, or
- (c) having made a return, fails to comply with all the terms of a notice issued under subsection (2) of section 115WE,

the Assessing Officer, after taking into account all relevant material which the Assessing Officer has gathered, shall, after giving the assessee an opportunity of being heard, make the assessment of the fringe benefits to the best of his judgment and determine the sum payable by the assessee on the basis of such assessment:

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^{1.} Subs. by Act 14 of 2010, s. 31, for "after the 31st day of March, 2010" (w.e.f. 1-4-2010). Earlier substituted by Act 33 of 2009, s. 48 (w.e.f. 1-4-2009).

^{2.} Subs. by Act 18 of 2008, s. 28, for "twelve months from the end of the month" (w.e.f. 1-4-2008).

Provided that such opportunity shall be given by the Assessing Officer by serving a notice calling upon the assessee to show cause, on a date and time to be specified in the notice as to why the assessment should not be completed to the best of his judgment:

Provided further that it shall not be necessary to give such opportunity in a case where a notice under sub-section (2) of section 115WD has been issued prior to the making of an assessment under this section.

115WG. Fringe benefits escaping assessment.—If the Assessing Officer has reason to believe that any fringe benefits chargeable to tax have escaped assessment for any assessment year, he may, subject to the provisions of section 115WH, 150 and 153, assess or reassess such fringe benefits and also any other fringe benefits chargeable to tax which have escaped assessment and which come to his notice subsequently in the course of the proceedings under this section, for the assessment year concerned (hereafter referred to as the relevant assessment year).

Explanation.—For the purposes of this section, the following shall also be deemed to be cases where fringe benefits chargeable to tax have escaped assessment, namely:—

- (a) where no return of fringe benefits has been furnished by the assessee;
- (b) where a return of fringe benefits has been furnished by the assessee but no assessment has been made and it is noticed by the Assessing Officer that the assessee has understated the value of fringe benefits in the return;
- (c) where an assessment has been made, but the fringe benefits chargeable to tax have been under-assessed.

115WH. Issue of notice where fringe benefits have escaped assessment.—(1) Before making the assessment or reassessment under section 115WG, the Assessing Officer shall serve on the assessee a notice requiring him to furnish within such period as may be specified in the notice, a return of the fringe benefits in respect of which he is assessable under this Chapter during the previous year corresponding to the relevant assessment year, in the prescribed form and verified in the prescribed manner and setting forth such other particulars as may be prescribed, and the provisions of this Chapter shall, so far as may be, apply accordingly as if such return were a return required to be furnished under section 115WD.

- (2) The Assessing Officer shall, before issuing any notice under this section, record his reasons for doing so.
- (3) No notice under sub-section (1) shall be issued for the relevant assessment year after the expiry of six years from the end of the relevant assessment year.

Explanation.—In determining fringe benefits chargeable to tax which have escaped assessment for the purposes of this sub-section, the provisions of the *Explanation* to section 115WG shall apply as they apply for the purposes of that section.

(4) In a case where an assessment under sub-section (3) of section 115WE or section 115WG has been made for the relevant assessment year, no notice shall be issued under sub-section (1) by an Assessing Officer, after the expiry of four years from the end of the relevant assessment year, unless the ¹[Principal Chief Commissioner or Chief Commissioner] or ²[Principal Commissioner or Commissioner] is satisfied, on the reasons recorded by the Assessing Officer, that it is a fit case for the issue of such notice.

115WI. Payment of fringe benefit tax.—Notwithstanding that the regular assessment in respect of any fringe benefits is to be made in a later assessment year, the tax on such fringe benefits shall be payable in advance during any financial year, in accordance with the provisions of section 115WJ, in respect of the fringe benefits which would be chargeable to tax for the assessment year immediately following that financial year, such fringe benefits being hereafter in this Chapter referred to as the "current fringe benefits".

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^{1.} Subs. by Act 25 of 2014, s. 4, for "Chief Commissioner" (w.r.e.f. 1-6-2013).

^{2.} Subs. by s. 4, *ibid.*, for "Commissioner" (w.e.f. 1-6-2013).

- 115WJ. Advance tax in respect of fringe benefits.—(1) Every assessee who is liable to pay advance tax under section 115WI, shall on his own accord, pay advance tax on his current fringe benefits calculated in the manner laid down in sub-section (2).
 - ¹[(2) Advance tax on the current fringe benefits shall be payable by—
 - (a) all the companies, who are liable to pay the same in four instalments during each financial year and the due date of each instalment and the amount of such instalment shall be as specified in Table I below:

TABLE I

Due date of instalment	Amount payable
On or before the 15th June	Not less than fifteen per cent of such advance tax.
On or before the 15th September	Not less than forty-five per cent of such advance tax as reduced by the amount, if any, paid in the earlier instalment.
On or before the 15th December	Not less than seventy-five per cent of such advance tax as reduced by the amount or amounts, if any, paid in the earlier instalment or instalments.
On or before the 15th March	The whole amount of such advance tax as reduced by the amount or amounts, if any, paid in the earlier instalment or instalments;

(b) all the assessees (other than companies), who are liable to pay the same in three instalments during each financial year and the due date of each instalment and the amount of such instalment shall be as specified in Table II below:

TABLE II

Due date of instalment	Amount payable
On or before the 15th September	Not less than thirty per cent of such advance tax.
On or before the 15th December	Not less than sixty per cent of such advance tax as reduced by the amount, if any, paid in the earlier instalment.
On or before the 15th March	The whole amount of such advance tax as reduced by the amount or amounts, if any, paid in the earlier instalment or instalments.

- (3) Where an assessee, being a company, has failed to pay the advance tax payable by him on or before the due date for any instalment or where the advance tax paid by him is less than the amount payable by the due date, he shall be liable to pay simple interest calculated at the rate of—
 - (i) one per cent per month, for three months on an amount by which the advance tax paid on or before the 15th June of the financial year falls short of fifteen per cent of the advance tax payable;
 - (ii) one per cent per month, for three months on an amount by which the advance tax paid on or before the 15th September of the financial year falls short of forty-five per cent of the advance tax payable;

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^{1.} Subs. by Act 22 of 2007, s. 40, for sub-sections (2) and (3) (w.e.f. 1-6-2007).

- (*iii*) one per cent. per month, for three months on an amount by which the advance tax paid on or before the 15th December of the financial year falls short of seventy-five per cent. of the advance tax payable; and
- (*iv*) one per cent. on an amount by which the advance tax paid on or before the 15th March of the financial year falls short of hundred per cent. of the advance tax payable.
- (4) Where an assessee, being a person other than a company, has failed to pay the advance tax payable by him on or before the due date for any instalment or where the advance tax paid by him is less than the amount payable by the due date, he shall be liable to pay simple interest calculated at the rate of—
 - (i) one per cent. per month, for three months on an amount by which the advance tax paid on or before the 15th September of the financial year falls short of thirty per cent. of the advance tax payable;
 - (ii) one per cent. per month, for three months on an amount by which the advance tax paid on or before the 15th December of the financial year falls short of sixty per cent of the advance tax payable; and
 - (*iii*) one per cent. on an amount by which the advance tax paid on or before the 15th March of the financial year falls short of hundred per cent. of the advance tax payable.
- (5) Where an assessee has failed to pay the advance tax payable by him during a financial year or where the advance tax paid by him is less than ninety per cent. of the tax assessed under section 115WE or section 115WF, the assessee shall be liable to pay simple interest at the rate of one per cent. per month, for every month or part of a month comprised in the period from the 1st day of April next following such financial year to the date of assessment of tax under section 115WE or section 115WF or section 115WG.]
- 115WK. Interest for default in furnishing return of fringe benefits.—(1) Where the return of fringe benefits for any assessment year under sub-section (1) or sub-section (3) of section 115WD or in response to a notice under sub-section (2) of that section, is furnished after the due date, or is not furnished, the employer shall be liable to pay simple interest at the rate of one per cent. for every month or part of a month comprised in the period commencing on the date immediately following the due date, and.—
 - (a) where the return is furnished after the due date, ending on the date of furnishing of the return; or
 - (b) where no return has been furnished, ending on the date of completion of the assessment under section 115WF,

on the amount of the tax on the value of fringe benefits as determined under sub-section (1) of section 115WE or regular assessment as reduced by the advance tax paid under section 115WJ.

Explanation 1.—In this section, "due date" means the date specified in the Explanation to sub-section (1) of section 115WD as applicable in the case of the employer.

Explanation 2.—Where, in relation to an assessment year, an assessment is made for the first time under section 115WG, the assessment so made shall be regarded as a regular assessment for the purposes of this section.

(2) The provisions contained in sub-sections (2) to (4) of section 234A shall, so far as may be, apply to this section.

¹[115WKA. Recovery of fringe benefit tax by the employer from the employee.— Notwithstanding anything contained in any agreement or scheme under which any specified security or sweat equity shares referred to in clause (*d*) of sub-section (*I*) of section 115WB has been allotted or transferred, directly or indirectly, by the employer on or after the 1st day of April, 2007, it shall be lawful for the employer to vary the agreement or scheme under which such specified security or sweat equity shares has been allotted or transferred so as to recover from the employee the fringe benefit tax to the extent to which such employer is liable to pay the fringe benefit tax in relation to the value of fringe benefits provided to the employee and determined under clause (*ba*) of sub-section (*I*) of section 115WC.]

 2 [115WKB. Deemed payment of tax by employee.—(1) Where an employer has paid any fringe benefit tax with respect to allotment or transfer of specified security or sweat equity shares, referred to in clause (d) of sub-section (1) of section 115WB, and has recovered such tax subsequently from an employee, it shall be deemed that the fringe benefit tax so recovered is the tax paid by such employee in relation to the value of the fringe benefit provided to him only to the extent to which the amount thereof relates to the value of the fringe benefit provided to such employee, as determined under clause (ba) of sub-section (1) of section 115WC.

- (2) Notwithstanding anything contained in any other provisions of this Act, where the fringe benefit tax recovered from the employee is deemed to be the tax paid by such employee under sub-section (1), such employee shall, under this Act, not be entitled to claim—
 - (i) any refund out of such payment of tax; or
 - (ii) any credit of such payment of tax against tax liability on other income or against any other tax liability.]

115WL. Application of other provisions of this Act.—Save as otherwise provided in this Chapter, all other provisions of this Act shall, as far as may be, apply in relation to fringe benefits also.

³[115WM. Chapter XII-H not to apply after a certain date.—Nothing contained in this Chapter shall apply, in respect of any assessment for the assessment year commencing on the 1st day of April, 2010 or any subsequent assessment year.]

CHAPTER XIII

INCOME-TAX AUTHORITIES

A.—Appointment and control

- ⁴[116. Income-tax authorities.—There shall be the following classes of income-tax authorities for the purposes of this Act, namely:—
 - (a) the Central Board of Direct Taxes constituted under the Central Boards of Revenue Act, 1963 (54 of 1963),
 - ⁵[(aa) Principal Directors General of Income-tax or Principal Chief Commissioners of Income-tax,]
 - (b) Directors-General of Income-tax or Chief Commissioners of Income-tax.
 - ⁵[(ba) Principal Directors of Income-tax or Principal Commissioners of Income-tax,]

^{1.} Ins. by Act 22 of 2007, s. 41 (w.e.f. 1-4-2007).

^{2.} Ins. by Act 18 of 2008, s. 29 (w.e.f. 1-4-2008).

^{3.} Ins. by Act 33 of 2009, s. 49 (w.e.f. 1-4-2009).

^{4.} Subs. by Act 4 of 1988, s. 30, for sections 116, 117 and 118 (w.e.f. 1-4-1988).

^{5.} Ins. by Act 25 of 2014, s. 45 (w.e.f. 1-6-2013).

- (c) Directors of Income-tax or Commissioners of Income-tax or Commissioners of Income-tax (Appeals),
- ¹(cc) Additional Directors of Income-tax or Additional Commissioners of Income-tax or Additional Commissioners of Income-tax (Appeals),
 - ²[(cca) Joint Directors of Income-tax or Joint Commissioners of Income-tax,]
- (d) Deputy Directors of Income-tax or Deputy Commissioners of Income-tax or Deputy Commissioners of Income-tax (Appeals),
 - (e) Assistant Directors of Income-tax or Assistant Commissioners of Income-tax,
 - (f) Income-tax Officers,
 - (g) Tax Recovery Officers,
 - (h) Inspectors of Income-tax.
- 117. Appointment of income-tax authorities.—(1) The Central Government may appoint such persons as it thinks fit to be income-tax authorities.
- (2) Without prejudice to the provisions of sub-section (1), and subject to the rules and orders of the Central Government regulating the conditions of service of persons in public services and posts, the Central Government may authorise the Board, or a ³[Principal Director General or Director-General], a ⁴[Principal Chief Commissioner or Chief Commissioner] or a ⁵[Principal Director or Director] or a ⁶[Principal Commissioner or Commissioner] to appoint income-tax authorities below the rank of an ⁷[Assistant Commissioner or Deputy Commissioner].
- (3) Subject to the rules and orders of the Central Government regulating the conditions of service of persons in public services and posts, an income-tax authority authorised in this behalf by the Board may appoint such executive or ministerial staff as may be necessary to assist it in the execution of its functions.
- **118.** Control of income-tax authorities.—The Board may, by notification in the Official Gazette, direct that any income-tax authority or authorities specified in the notification shall be subordinate to such other income-tax authority or authorities as may be specified in such notification.]
- ⁸[119. Instructions to subordinate authorities.—(1) The Board may, from time to time, issue such orders, instructions and directions to other income-tax authorities as it may deem fit for the proper administration of this Act, and such authorities and all other persons employed in the execution of this Act shall observe and follow such orders, instructions and directions of the Board:

Provided that no such orders, instructions or directions shall be issued—

(a) so as to require any income-tax authority to make a particular assessment or to dispose of a particular case in a particular manner; or

^{1.} Ins. by Act 32 of 1994, s. 35 (w.e.f. 1-6-1994).

^{2.} Ins. by Act 21 of 1998, s. 39 (w.e.f. 1-10-1998).

^{3.} Subs. by Act 25 of 2014, s. 4, for "Director General" (w.e.f. 1-6-2013).

^{4.} Subs. by s. 4, *ibid.*, for "Chief Commissioner" (w.e.f. 1-6-2013).

^{5.} Subs. by s. 4, *ibid.*, for "Director" (w.e.f. 1-6-2013).

^{6.} Subs. by s. 4, *ibid.*, for "Commissioner" (w.e.f. 1-6-2013).

^{7.} Subs. by Act 21 of 1998, s. 3, for "Assistant Commissioner" (w.e.f. 1-10-1998).

^{8.} Subs. by Act 42 of 1970, s. 25, for section 119 (w.e.f. 1-4-1971).

- (b) so as to interfere with the discretion of the 1**** [Commissioner (Appeals)] in the exercise of his appellate functions.
- (2) Without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing power,—
- (a) the Board may, if it considers it necessary or expedient so to do, for the purpose of proper and efficient management of the work of assessment and collection of revenue, issue, from time to time (whether by way of relaxation of any of the provisions of sections ³[115P, 115S, 115WD, 115WE, 115WF, 115WG, 115WH, 115WJ, 115WK,] ⁴[139,] 143, 144, 147, 148, 154, 155 ⁵[, 158BFA], ⁶[sub-section (1A) of section 201, sections 210, 211, 234A, 234B, 234C ⁷[, 234E]], ⁸[270A,] 271 ⁹[, 271C, 271CA] and 273 or otherwise), general or special orders in respect of ¹⁰[any class of incomes or fringe benefits] or class of cases, setting forth directions or instructions (not being prejudicial to assessees) as to the guidelines, principles or procedures to be followed by other incometax authorities in the work relating to assessment or collection of revenue or the initiation of proceedings for the imposition of penalties and any such order may, if the Board is of opinion that it is necessary in the public interest so to do, be published and circulated in the prescribed manner for general information;
- (b) the Board may, if it considers it desirable or expedient so to do for avoiding genuine hardship in any case or class of cases, by general or special order, authorise ¹¹[any income-tax authority, not being a ¹²*** Commissioner (Appeals)] to admit an application or claim for any exemption, deduction, refund or any other relief under this Act after the expiry of the period specified by or under this Act for making such application or claim and deal with the same on merits in accordance with law;
- ¹³[(c) the Board may, if it considers it desirable or expedient so to do for avoiding genuine hardship in any case or class of cases, by general or special order for reasons to be specified therein, relax any requirement contained in any of the provisions of Chapter IV or Chapter VI-A, where the assessee has failed to comply with any requirement specified in such provision for claiming deduction thereunder, subject to the following conditions, namely:—
 - (i) the default in complying with such requirement was due to circumstances beyond the control of the assessee; and
 - (ii) the assessee has complied with such requirement before the completion of assessment in relation to the previous year in which such deduction is claimed:

Provided that the Central Government shall cause every order issued under this clause to be laid before each House of Parliament.]

¹⁴* * * * * *

^{1.} The words and brackets "Deputy Commissioner (Appeals) or the" omitted by Act 21 of 1998, s. 65 (w.e.f. 1-10-1998). Earlier amended by Act 29 of 1977, s. 39 and The Fifth Schedule (w.e.f. 10-7-1978) and 4 of 1988, s. 65 (w.e.f. 1-4-1988)

^{2.} Ins. by Act 29 of 1977, s. 39 and The Fifth Schedule (w.e.f. 10-7-1978).

^{3.} Subs. by Act 18 of 2005, s. 38, for "sections 115P, 115S" (w.e.f. 1-4-2006).

^{4.} Ins. by Act 12 of 1990, s. 33 (w.e.f. 1-4-1990).

^{5.} Ins. by Act 20 of 2002, s. 55 (w.e.f. 1-6-2002).

^{6.} Subs. by Act 49 of 1991, s. 42, for "210, 234A, 234B" (w.e.f. 1-4-1991).

^{7.} Ins. by Act 25 of 2014, s. 46 (w.e.f. 1-10-2014).

^{8.} Ins. by Act 28 of 2016, s. 64 (w.e.f. 1-4-2017).

^{9.} Ins. by Act 7 of 2017, s. 49 (w.e.f. 1-4-2017).

^{10.} Subs. by Act 18 of 2005, s. 38, for "any class of incomes" (w.e.f. 1-4-2006).

^{11.} Subs. by Act 4 of 1988, s. 31, for "the Commissioner or the Income-tax Officer" (w.e.f. 1-4-1988).

^{12.} The words and brackets "Deputy Commissioner (Appeals) or the" omitted by Act 21 of 1998, s. 65 (w.e.f. 1-10-1998).

^{13.} Ins. by Act 49 of 1991, s. 42 (w.e.f. 1-10-1991).

^{14.} Sub-section (3) omitted by Act 4 of 1988, s. 31 (w.e.f. 1-4-1988).

¹[120. Jurisdiction of income-tax authorities.—(1) Income-tax authorities shall exercise all or any of the powers and perform all or any of the functions conferred on, or, as the case may be, assigned to such authorities by or under this Act in accordance with such directions as the Board may issue for the exercise of the powers and performance of the functions by all or any of those authorities.

²[Explanation.—For the removal of doubts, it is hereby declared that any income-tax authority, being an authority higher in rank, may, if so directed by the Board, exercise the powers and perform the functions of the income-tax authority lower in rank and any such direction issued by the Board shall be deemed to be a direction issued under sub-section (1).]

- (2) The directions of the Board under sub-section (1) may authorise any other income-tax authority to issue orders in writing for the exercise of the powers and performance of the functions by all or any of the other income-tax authorities who are subordinate to it.
- (3) In issuing the directions or orders referred to in sub-sections (1) and (2), the Board or other income-tax authority authorised by it may have regard to any one or more of the following criteria, namely:—
 - (a) territorial area;
 - (b) persons or classes of persons;
 - (c) incomes or classes of income; and
 - (d) cases or classes of cases.
- (4) Without prejudice to the provisions of sub-sections (1) and (2), the Board may, by general or special order, and subject to such conditions, restrictions or limitations as may be specified therein,—
 - (a) authorise any ³[Principal Director General or Director General] or ⁴[Principal Director or Director] to perform such functions of any other income-tax authority as may be assigned to him by the Board;
 - (b) empower the ³[Principal Director General or Director General] or ⁵[Principal Chief Commissioner or Chief Commissioner] or ⁶[Principal Commissioner or Commissioner] to issue orders in writing that the powers and functions conferred on, or as the case may be, assigned to, the Assessing Officer by or under this Act in respect of any specified area or persons or classes of persons or incomes or classes of income or cases or classes of cases, shall be exercised or performed by ⁷[an Additional Commissioner or] ⁸[an Additional Director or] a ⁹[Joint Commissioner] or a ¹⁰[Joint Director]] and, where any order is made under this clause, references in any other provision of this Act, or in any rule made thereunder to the Assessing Officer shall be deemed to be references to such ¹¹[an Additional Commissioner or] ¹²[Additional Director or] a ⁹[Joint Commissioner] or ¹⁰[Joint Director] by whom the powers and functions are to be exercised or performed under such order, and any provision of this Act requiring approval or sanction of the ⁹[Joint Commissioner] shall not apply.

^{1.} Subs. by Act 4 of 1988, s. 32, for section 120 (w.e.f. 1-4-1988).

^{2.} Ins. by Act 21 of 2006, s. 30 (w.r.e.f. 1-4-1988)

^{3.} Subs. by Act 25 of 2014, s. 4, for "Director General" (w.r.e.f. 1-6-2013).

^{4.} Subs. by s. 4, *ibid.*, for "Director" (w.r.e.f. 1-6-2013).

^{5.} Subs. by s. 4, ibid., for "Chief Commissioner" (w.r.e.f. 1-6-2013).

^{6.} Subs. by s. 4, *ibid.*, for "Commissioner" (w.r.e.f. 1-6-2013).

^{7.} Ins. by Act 22 of 2007, s. 42 (w.r.e.f. 1-6-1994).

^{8.} Ins. by s. 42, *ibid*. (w.r.e.f. 1-10-1996).

^{9.} Subs. by Act 21 of 1998, s. 3, for "Deputy Commissioner" (w.r.e.f 1-10-1998).

^{10.} Subs. by s. 3, *ibid.*, for "Deputy Director" (w.e.f. 1-10-1998).

¹1. Ins. by Act 22 of 2007, s. 42 (w.r.e.f. 1-6-1994).

^{12.} Ins. by s. 42, ibid. (w.r.e.f. 1-10-1996).

- (5) The directions and orders referred to in sub-sections (1) and (2) may, wherever considered necessary or appropriate for the proper management of the work, require two or more Assessing Officers (whether or not of the same class) to exercise and perform, concurrently, the powers and functions in respect of any area or persons or classes of persons or incomes or classes of income or cases or classes of cases; and, where such powers and functions are exercised and performed concurrently by the Assessing Officers of different classes, any authority lower in rank amongst them shall exercise the powers and perform the functions as any higher authority amongst them may direct, and, further, references in any other provision of this Act or in any rule made thereunder to the Assessing Officer shall be deemed to be references to such higher authority and any provision of this Act requiring approval or sanction of any such authority shall not apply.
- (6) Notwithstanding anything contained in any direction or order issued under this section, or in section 124, the Board may, by notification in the Official Gazette, direct that for the purpose of furnishing of the return of income or the doing of any other act or thing under this Act or any rule made thereunder by any person or class of persons, the income-tax authority exercising and performing the powers and functions in relation to the said person or class of persons shall be such authority as may be specified in the notification.]
- [**121. Jurisdiction of Commissioners.**] *Omitted by the Direct Tax Laws (Amendment) Act* 1987 (4 of 1987), s. 33 (w.e.f. 1-4-1988).]
- [121A. Jurisdiction of Commissioners (Appeals).] *Omitted by s.* 33, *ibid (w.e.f.* 1-4-1988). *Original section was inserted by the Finance (No.* 2) *Act*, 1977 (29 of 1977), s. 39 and the Fifth Schedule (w.e.f. 10-7-1978).
 - [122. Jurisdiction of Appellate Assistant Commissioners.] Omitted by s. 33, ibid. (w.e.f. 1-4-1988).
- [123. Jurisdiction of Inspecting Assistant Commissioners.] *Omitted by s.* 33, *ibid.* (w.e.f. 1-4-1988).
- ¹[124. Jurisdiction of Assessing Officers.—(1) Where by virtue of any direction or order issued under sub-section (1) or sub-section (2) of section 120, the Assessing Officer has been vested with jurisdiction over any area, within the limits of such area, he shall have jurisdiction—
 - (a) in respect of any person carrying on a business or profession, if the place at which he carries on his business or profession is situate within the area, or where his business or profession is carried on in more places than one, if the principal place of his business or profession is situate within the area, and
 - (b) in respect of any other person residing within the area.
- (2) Where a question arises under this section as to whether an Assessing Officer has jurisdiction to assess any person, the question shall be determined by the ²[Principal Director General or Director General] or the ³[Principal Chief Commissioner or Chief Commissioner] or the ⁴[Principal Commissioner or Commissioner] or where the question is one relating to areas within the jurisdiction of different ²[Principal Director General or Director General] or ³[Principal Chief Commissioner or Chief Commissioner] or ⁴[Principal Commissioner or Commissioners] or ⁴[Principal Commissioners] or ⁴[Principal Commissioner] or ⁴[Principal Director General] or ⁵[Principal Director General] or ⁶[Principal Director General] or ⁶[Principal Director General] or ⁶[Principal Commissioner] or Chief Commissioner] or ⁶[Principal Commissioner] or Commissioner] or ⁶[Principal Commissioner] or Commissioner] or Chief Commissioner] or ⁶[Principal Commissioner] or Commissioner] or Commissioner] or Commissioner or Commissioner] or Commissioner] or Commissioner or Commissioner] or Commissioner or Commissioner] as the Board may, by notification in the Official Gazette, specify.

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^{1.} Subs. by Act 4 of 1988, s. 34, for section 124 (w.e.f. 1-4-1988).

^{2.} Subs. by Act 25 of 2014, s. 4, for "Director General" (w.r.e.f. 1-6-2013).

^{3.} Subs. by s. 4, *ibid.*, for "Chief Commissioner" (w.r.e.f. 1-6-2013).

^{4.} Subs. by s. 4, *ibid.*, for "Commissioner" (w.r.e.f. 1-6-2013).

- (3) No person shall be entitled to call in question the jurisdiction of an Assessing Officer—
- (a) where he has made a return ¹[under sub-section (1) of section 115WD or under sub-section (1) of section 139], after the expiry of one month from the date on which he was served with a notice under sub-section (1) of section 142 or ²[sub-section (2) of section 115WE or sub-section (2) of section 143] or after the completion of the assessment, whichever is earlier;
- (b) where he has made no such return, after the expiry of the time allowed by the notice under 3 [sub-section (2) of section 115WD or sub-section (1) of section 142 or under sub-section (1) of section 115WH or under section 148 for the making of the return or by the notice under the first proviso to section 115WF or under the first proviso to section 144] to show cause why the assessment should not be completed to the best of the judgment of the Assessing Officer, whichever is earlier;
- 4 [(c) where an action has been taken under section 132 or section 132A, after the expiry of one month from the date on which he was served with a notice under sub-section (1) of section 153A or sub-section (2) of section 153C or after the completion of the assessment, whichever is earlier.]
- (4) Subject to the provisions of sub-section (3), where an assessee calls in question the jurisdiction of an Assessing Officer, then the Assessing Officer shall, if not satisfied with the correctness of the claim, refer the matter for determination under sub-section (2) before the assessment is made.
- (5) Notwithstanding anything contained in this section or in any direction or order issued under section 120, every Assessing Officer shall have all the powers conferred by or under this Act on an Assessing Officer in respect of the income accruing or arising or received within the area, if any, over which he has been vested with jurisdiction by virtue of the directions or orders issued under sub-section (1) or sub-section (2) of section 120.
- [125. Powers of Commissioner respecting specified areas, cases, persons, etc.] *Omitted by the Direct Tax Laws (Amendment) Act*, 1987 (4 of 1988), s. 33 (w.e.f. 1-4-1988).
- [125A. Concurrent jurisdiction of Inspecting Assistant Commissioner and Income-tax Officer.] Omitted by the Direct Tax Laws (Amendment) Act, 1987 (4 of 1988), s. 33 (w.e.f. 1-4-1988). Original section was inserted by the Taxation Laws (Amendment) Act, 1975, (w.e.f. 1-10-1975).]
- [126. Powers of Board respecting specified area, classes of persons or incomes.] Omitted by the Direct Tax Laws (Amendment) Act, 1987 (4 of 1988), s. 33 (w.e.f. 1-4-1988).
- **127.Power to transfer cases.**—(1) The ⁵[Principal Director General or Director General] or ⁶[Principal Chief Commissioner or Chief Commissioner] or ⁷[Principal Commissioner or Commissioner] may, after giving the assessee a reasonable opportunity of being heard in the matter, wherever it is possible to do so, and after recording his reasons for doing so, transfer any case from one or more Assessing Officers subordinate to him (whether with or without concurrent jurisdiction) to any other Assessing Officer or Assessing Officers (whether with or without concurrent jurisdiction) also subordinate to him.
- (2) Where the Assessing Officer or Assessing Officers from whom the case is to be transferred and the Assessing Officer or Assessing Officers to whom the case is to be transferred are not subordinate to the same ⁵[Principal Director General or Director General] or ⁶[Principal Chief Commissioner or Chief Commissioner],—
 - (a) where the ⁵[Principal Director General or Director General] or ⁶[Principal Chief Commissioner or Chief Commissioner] or ⁷[Principal Commissioner or Commissioner] to whom such

^{1.} Subs. by Act 18 of 2005, s. 39, for "under sub-section (1) of section 139" (w.e.f. 1-4-2006).

^{2.} Subs. by s. 39, ibid., for "sub-section (2) of section 143" (w.e.f. 1-4-2006).

^{3.} Subs. by s. 39, *ibid.*, for "sub-section (*I*) of section 142 or under section 148 for the making of the return or by the notice under the first proviso to section 144" (w.e.f. 1-4-2006).

^{4.} Ins. by Act 28 of 2016, s. 65 (w.e.f. 1-6-2016).

^{5.} Subs. by Act 25 of 2014, s. 4, for "Director General" (w.r.e.f. 1-6-2013).

^{6.} Subs. by s. 4, ibid., for "Chief Commissioner" (w.r.e.f. 1-6-2013).

^{7.} Subs. by s. 4, ibid., for "Commissioner" (w.r.e.f. 1-6-2013).

Assessing Officers are subordinate are in agreement, then the ¹[Principal Director General or Director General] or ²[Principal Chief Commissioner or Chief Commissioner] or ³[Principal Commissioner or Commissioner] from whose jurisdiction the case is to be transferred may, after giving the assessee a reasonable opportunity of being heard in the matter, wherever it is possible to do so, and after recording his reasons for doing so, pass the order;

- (b) where the ¹[Principal Directors General or Directors General] or ²[Principal Chief Commissioner or Chief Commissioner] or ³[Principal Commissioner or Commissioner] aforesaid are not in agreement, the order transferring the case may, similarly, be passed by the Board or any such ¹[Principal Director General or Director General] or ²[Principal Chief Commissioner or Chief Commissioner] or ³[Principal Commissioner or Commissioner] as the Board may, by notification in the Official Gazette, authorise in this behalf.
- (3) Nothing in sub-section (1) or sub-section (2) shall be deemed to require any such opportunity to be given where the transfer is from any Assessing Officer or Assessing Officers (whether with or without concurrent jurisdiction) to any other Assessing Officer or Assessing Officers (whether with or without concurrent jurisdiction) and the offices of all such officers are situated in the same city, locality or place.
- (4) The transfer of a case under sub-section (1) or sub-section (2) may be made at any stage of the proceedings, and shall not render necessary the re-issue of any notice already issued by the Assessing Officer or Assessing Officers from whom the case is transferred.]

Explanation.—In section 120 and this section, the word "case", in relation to any person whose name is specified in any order or direction issued thereunder, means all proceedings under this Act in respect of any year which may be pending on the date of such order or direction or which may have been completed on or before such date, and includes also all proceedings under this Act which may be commenced after the date of such order or direction in respect of any year.

- [128. Functions of Inspectors of Income-tax.] Omitted by the Direct Tax Laws (Amendment) Act, 1987 (4 of 1988), s. 33 (w.e.f. 1-4-1988).
- **129.** Change of incumbent of an office.—Whenever in respect of any proceeding under this Act an income-tax authority ceases to exercise jurisdiction and is succeeded by another who has and exercises jurisdiction, the income-tax authority so succeeding may continue the proceeding from the stage at which the proceeding was left by his predecessor:

Provided that the assessee concerned may demand that before the proceeding is so continued the previous proceeding or any part thereof be reopened or that before any order of assessment is passed against him, he be reheard.

- [130. Commissioner competent to perform any function or functions.] *Omitted by the Direct Tax Laws (Amendment) Act*, 1987 (4 of 1988), s. 33 (w.e.f. 1-4-1988).
- [130A. Income-tax Officer competent to perform any function or functions.] *Omitted by the Direct Tax Laws (Amendment) Act*, 1987 (4 of 1988), s. 33 (w.e.f. 1-4-1988). *Original section was inserted by the Finance (No. 2) Act*, 1967 (20 of 1967), s. 27 (w.e.f. 1-4-1967).

^{1.} Subs. by Act 25 of 2014, s. 4, for "Director General" (w.r.e.f. 1-6-2013).

^{2.} Subs. by s. 4, ibid., for "Chief Commissioner" (w.r.e.f. 1-6-2013).

^{3.} Subs. by s. 4, *ibid.*, for "Commissioner" (w.r.e.f. 1-6-2013).

- **131.** Power regarding discovery, production of evidence, etc.—(1) The ¹[Assessing Officer], ²[Deputy Commissioner (Appeals)], ³[,Commissioner (Appeals) ⁴[, ⁵[Principal Chief Commissioner or Chief Commissioner or ⁶[Principal Commissioner or Commissioner] and Dispute Resolution Panel referred to in clause (a) of sub-section (15) of section 144C]] shall, for the purposes of this Act, have the same powers as are vested in a court under the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908 (5 of 1908), when trying a suit in respect of the following matters, namely:—
 - (a) discovery and inspection;
 - (b) enforcing the attendance of any person, including any officer of a banking company and examining him on oath;
 - (c) compelling the production of books of account and other documents; and
 - (d) issuing commissions.
- $^{7}[(1A)]^{8}[If the ^{9}[Principal Director General or Director General] or <math>^{10}[Principal Director or Director]$ or $^{11}[Joint Director]$ or $^{12}[Assistant Director or Deputy Director]$, or the authorised officer referred to in sub-section (1) of section 132 before he takes action under clauses (i) to (v) of that sub-section,] has reason to suspect that any income has been concealed, or is likely to be concealed, by any person or class of persons, within his jurisdiction, then, for the purposes of making any enquiry or investigation relating thereto, it shall be competent for him to exercise the powers conferred under sub-section (1) on the income-tax authorities referred to in that sub-section, notwithstanding that no proceedings with respect to such person or class of persons are pending before him or any other income-tax authority.
- ¹³[(2) For the purpose of making an inquiry or investigation in respect of any person or class of persons in relation to an agreement referred to in section 90 or section 90A, it shall be competent for any income-tax authority not below the rank of Assistant Commissioner of Income-tax, as may be notified by the Board in this behalf, to exercise the powers conferred under sub-section (1) on the income-tax authorities referred to in that sub-section, notwithstanding that no proceedings with respect to such person or class of persons are pending before it or any other income-tax authority.]
- (3) Subject to any rules made in this behalf, any authority referred to in sub-section (1) 7 [or sub-section (1A)] 13 [or sub-section (2)] may impound and retain in its custody for such period as it thinks fit any books of account or other documents produced before it in any proceeding under this Act:

Provided that ¹⁴[an ¹⁵[Assessing Officer] or an ¹⁶[Assistant Director or Deputy Director]] shall not—

(a) impound any books of account or other documents without recording his reasons for so doing, or

^{1.} Subs. by Act 4 of 1988, s. 2, for "Income-tax Officer" (w.e.f. 1-4-1988).

^{2.} Subs. by s. 2, ibid., for "Appellate Assistant Commissioner" (w.e.f. 1-4-1988).

^{3.} Subs. by Act 29 of 1977, s. 3 and the Fifth Schedule, for "and Commissioner" (w.e.f. 10-7-1978).

^{4.} Subs. by Act 33 of 2009, s. 50, for "and Chief Commissioner or Commissioner" (w.e.f. 1-10-2009).

^{5.} Subs. by Act 25 of 2014, s. 4, for "Chief Commissioner" (w.e.f. 1-6-2013).

^{6.} Subs. by s. 4, *ibid.*, for "Commissioner" (w.e.f. 1-6-2013).

^{7.} Ins. by Act 41 of 1975, s. 34 (w.e.f. 1-10-1975).

^{8.} Subs. by Act 26 of 1988, s. 33, for "If the Assistant Director of Inspection" (w.e.f. 1-6-1988).

^{9.} Subs. by Act 25 of 2014, s. 4, for "Director General" (w.e.f. 1-6-2013).

^{10.} Subs. by s. 4, *ibid.*, for "Director" (w.e.f. 1-6-2013).

^{11.} Subs. by Act 21 of 1998, s. 3, for "Deputy Director" (w.e.f. 1-10-1998).

^{12.} Subs. by s. 3, *ibid.*, for "Assistant Director" (w.e.f. 1-10-1998).

^{13.} Ins. by Act 8 of 2011, s. 22 (w.e.f. 1-6-2011).

^{14.} Subs. by Act 41 of 1975, s. 34, for "an Income-tax Officer" (w.e.f. 1-10-1975).

^{15.} Subs. by Act 4 of 1988, s. 2, for "Income-tax Officer" (w.e.f. 1-4-1988).

^{16.} Subs. by Act 21 of 1998, s. 3, for "Assistant Director" (w.e.f. 1-10-1998). Earlier substituted as "Assistant Director" by Act 4 of 1988, s. 2, for "Assistant Director of Inspection" (w.e.f. 1-4-1988).

- (b) retain in his custody any such books or documents for a period exceeding fifteen days (exclusive of holidays) without obtaining the approval of ¹[the ²[Principal Chief Commissioner or Chief Commissioner] or ³[Principal Director General or Director General] or ⁴[Principal Commissioner or Commissioner] or ⁵[Principal Director or Director] therefor, as the case may be.]
- ⁶[132. Search and seizure.—(1) Where the ⁷[³[Principal Director General or Director General] or ⁵[Principal Director or Director]] or the ⁸[²[Principal Chief Commissioner or Chief Commissioner]] or ⁴[Principal Commissioner or Commissioner]] ⁹[or Additional Director or Additional Commissioner] ¹⁰[or Joint Director or Joint Commissioner] in consequence of information in his possession, has reason to believe that—
 - (a) any person to whom a summons under sub-section (1) of section 37 of the Indian Income-tax Act, 1922 (11 of 1922), or under sub-section (1) of section 131 of this Act, or a notice under sub-section (4) of section 22 of the Indian Income-tax Act, 1922, or under sub-section (1) of section 142 of this Act was issued to produce, or cause to be produced, any books of account or other documents has omitted or failed to produce, or cause to be produced, such books of account or other documents as required by such summons or notice, or
 - (b) any person to whom a summons or notice as aforesaid has been or might be issued will not, or would not, produce or cause to be produced, any books of account or other documents which will be useful for, or relevant to, any proceeding under the Indian Income-tax Act, 1922 (11 of 1922), or under this Act, or
 - (c) any person is in possession of any money, bullion, jewellery or other valuable article or thing and such money, bullion, jewellery or other valuable article or thing represents either wholly or partly income or property ¹¹[which has not been, or would not be, disclosed] for the purposes of the Indian Income-tax Act, 1922 (11 of 1922), or this Act (hereinafter in this section referred to as the undisclosed income or property),

¹²[then,—

(A) the ⁷[³[Principal Director General or Director General] or ⁵[Principal Director or Director] or the ⁸[²[Principal Chief Commissioner or Chief Commissioner] or ⁴[Principal Commissioner or Commissioner], as the case may be, may authorise any ¹³[Additional Director or Additional

^{1.} Subs. by Act 26 of 1988, s. 33, for "the Chief Commissioner or Commissioner therefor" (w.e.f. 1-6-1988). Earlier substituted as "Chief Commissioner or Commissioner" for "Commissioner" by 4 of 1988, s. 2 (w.e.f. 1-4-1988).

^{2.} Subs. by Act 25 of 2014, s. 4, for "Chief Commissioner" (w.e.f. 1-6-2013).

^{3.} Subs. by s. 4, ibid., for "Director General" (w.e.f. 1-6-2013).

^{4.} Subs. by s. 4, ibid., for "Commissioner" (w.e.f. 1-6-2013).

^{5.} Subs. by s. 4, *ibid.*, for "Director" (w.e.f. 1-6-2013).

^{6.} Subs. by Act 1 of 1965, s. 2, for section 132 (w.e.f. 12-3-1965).

^{7.} Subs. by Act 4 of 1988, s. 2, for "Director of Inspection" (w.e.f. 1-4-1988).

^{8.} Subs. by Act s. 2, *ibid.*, for "Commissioner" (w.e.f. 1-4-1988).

^{9.} Subs. by Act 33 of 2009, s. 51, for "or any such Joint Director or Joint Commissioner as may be empowered in this behalf by the Board," (w.e.f. 1-6-1994). Earlier amended by Act 41 of 1975, s. 35 (w.e.f. 1-10-1975), 21 of 1998, s. 3 (w.e.f. 1-10-1998) and 4 of 1988, s. 2 (w.e.f. 1-4-1988).

^{10.} Ins. by s. 51, ibid. (w.e.f. 1-10-1998).

^{11.} Subs. by Act 41 of 1975, s. 35, for "which has not been disclosed" (w.e.f. 1-10-1975).

^{12.} Subs. by s. 35, *ibid.*, for "he may authorise any Deputy Director of Inspection, Inspecting Assistant Commissioner, Assistant Director of Inspection or Income-tax Officer (hereinafter referred to as the authorized officer) to—" (w.e.f. 1-10-1975).

^{13.} Ins. by Act 33 of 2009, s. 51 (w.e.f. 1-6-1994).

Commissioner or ¹[Joint Director], ²[Joint Commissioner], ³[Assistant Director or Deputy Director], ⁴[Assistant Commissioner or Deputy Commissioner] or Income-tax Officer, or

(*B*) such ⁵[Additional Director or Additional Commissioner or] ¹[Joint Director], or ²[Joint Commissioner], as the case may be, may authorise any ³[Assistant Director or Deputy Director], ⁴[Assistant Commissioner or Deputy Commissioner] or Income-tax Officer,

(the officer so authorised in all cases being hereinafter referred to as the authorised officer) to—]

- (i) enter and search any ⁶[building, place, vessel, vehicle or aircraft] where he has reason to suspect that such books of account, other documents, money, bullion, jewellery or other valuable article or thing are kept;
- (ii) break open the lock of any door, box, locker, safe, almirah or other receptacle for exercising the powers conferred by clause (i) where the keys thereof are not available;
- ⁷[(*iia*) search any person who has got out of, or is about to get into, or is in, the building, place, vessel, vehicle or aircraft, if the authorised officer has reason to suspect that such person has secreted about his person any such books of account, other documents, money, bullion, jewellery or other valuable article or thing;]
- ⁸[(*iib*) require any person who is found to be in possession or control of any books of account or other documents maintained in the form of electronic record as defined in clause (*t*) of sub-section (*I*) of section 2 of the Information Technology Act, 2000 (21 of 2000), to afford the authorised officer the necessary facility to inspect such books of account or other documents;]
- (iii) seize any such books of account, other documents, money, bullion, jewellery or other valuable article or thing found as a result of such search:

⁹[Provided that bullion, jewellery or other valuable article or thing, being stock-in-trade of the business, found as a result of such search shall not be seized but the authorised officer shall make a note or inventory of such stock-in-trade of the business;]

- (*iv*) place marks of identification on any books of account or other documents or make or cause to be made extracts or copies therefrom;
- (v) make a note or an inventory of any such money, bullion, jewellery or other valuable article or thing:

^{1.} Subs. by Act 21 of 1998, s. 3, for "Deputy Director" (w.e.f. 1-10-1998). Earlier substituted as "Deputy Director" for "Deputy Director of Inspection" by Act 4 of 1988, s. 2 (w.e.f. 1-4-1988).

^{2.} Subs. by s. 3, *ibid.*, for "Deputy Commissioner" (w.e.f. 1-10-1998). Earlier substituted as "Deputy Commissioner" for "Inspecting Assistant Commissioner" by s. 2, *ibid.* (w.e.f. 1-4-1988).

^{3.} Subs. by s. 3, *ibid.*, for "Assistant Director" (w.e.f. 1-10-1998). Earlier substituted as "Assistant Director" for "Assistant Director of Inspection" by s. 2, *ibid.* (w.e.f. 1-4-1988).

^{4.} Subs. by s. 3, *ibid.*, "Assistant Commissioner" (w.e.f. 1-10-1998). Earlier substituted as "Assistant Commissioner" for "or Income tax officer" by s. 37, *ibid.* (w.e.f. 1-4-1988).

^{5.} Ins. by Act 33 of 2009, s. 51 (w.e.f. 1-6-1994).

^{6.} Subs. by Act 41 of 1975, s. 35, for "building or place" (w.e.f. 1-10-1975).

^{7.} Ins. by s. 35, *ibid*. (w.e.f. 1-10-1975).

^{8.} Ins. by Act 20 of 2002, s. 56 (w.e.f. 1-6-2002).

^{9.} Ins. by Act 32 of 2003, s. 59 (w.e.f. 1-6-2003).

¹[Provided that where any building, place, vessel, vehicle or aircraft referred to in clause (*i*) is within the area of jurisdiction of any ²[Principal Chief Commissioner or Chief Commissioner] or ³[Principal Commissioner or Commissioner], but such ²[Principal Chief Commissioner or Chief Commissioner] or ³[Principal Commissioner or Commissioner] has no jurisdiction over the person referred to in clause (*a*) or clause (*b*) or clause (*c*), then, notwithstanding anything contained in ⁴[section 120], it shall be competent for him to exercise the powers under this sub-section in all cases where he has reason to believe that any delay in getting the authorisation from the ⁵[Principal Chief Commissioner or Chief Commissioner] or ⁶[Principal Commissioner or Commissioner] having jurisdiction over such person may be prejudicial to the interests of the revenue:]

⁷[Provided further that where it is not possible or practicable to take physical possession of any valuable article or thing and remove it to a safe place due to its volume, weight or other physical characteristics or due to its being of a dangerous nature, the authorised officer may serve an order on the owner or the person who is in immediate possession or control thereof that he shall not remove, part with or otherwise deal with it, except with the previous permission of such authorised officer and such action of the authorised officer shall be deemed to be seizure of such valuable article or thing under clause (*iii*):]

⁸[Provided also that nothing contained in the second proviso shall apply in case of any valuable article or thing, being stock-in-trade of the business:]

⁹[Provided also that no authorisation shall be issued by the Additional Director or Additional Commissioner or Joint Director or Joint Commissioner on or after the 1st day of October, 2009 unless he has been empowered by the Board to do so.]

¹⁰[Explanation.—For the removal of doubts, it is hereby declared that the reason to believe, as recorded by the income-tax authority under this sub-section, shall not be disclosed to any person or any authority or the Appellate Tribunal.]

¹¹[(1A) Where any ⁵[Principal Chief Commissioner or Chief Commissioner] or ⁶[Principal Commissioner or Commissioner], in consequence of information in his possession, has reason to suspect that any books of account, other documents, money, bullion, jewellery or other valuable article or thing in respect of which an officer has been authorised by the ¹²[Principal Director General or Director General] or ¹³[Principal Director or Director] or any other ⁵[Principal Chief Commissioner or Chief Commissioner] or ⁶[Principal Commissioner] or Additional Commissioner]

2. Subs. by Act 25 of 2014, s. 4, for "Chief Commissioner" (w.e.f. 1-6-2013). Earlier substituted as "Chief Commissioner or Commissioner" by Act 4 of 1988, s. 2 (w.e.f. 1-4-1988).

14. Subs. by Act 33 of 2009, s. 51, for "any such Joint Director or Joint Commissioner as may be empowered in this behalf by the Board" (w.e.f. 1-6-1994).

^{1.} Ins. by Act 41 of 1975, s. 35(w.e.f. 1-10-1975).

^{3.} Subs. by s. 4, *ibid.*, for "Commissioner" (w.e.f. 1-6-2013). Earlier substituted as "Chief Commissioner" by s. 2, *ibid.* (w.e.f. 1-4-1988).

^{4.} Subs. by Act 4 of 1988, s. 37, for "section 121" (w.e.f. 1-4-1988).

^{5.} Subs. by Act 25 of 2014, s. 4, "Chief Commissioner or Commissioner" (w.e.f. 1-6-2013). Earlier substituted as "Chief Commissioner" for "Commissioner" by Act 4 of 1988, s. 2 (w.e.f. 1-4-1988).

^{6.} Subs. by s. 4, *ibid.*, for "Commissioner" (w.e.f. 1-6-2013).

^{7.} Ins. by Act 26 of 1988, s. 34 (w.e.f. 1-4-1989).

^{8.} Ins. by Act 32 of 2003, s. 59 (w.e.f. 1-6-2003).

^{9.} Ins. by Act 33 of 2009, s. 51 (w.e.f. 1-4-2009).

^{10.} Ins. by Act 7 of 2017, s. 50 (w.e.f. 1-4-1962).

^{11.} Ins. by Act 41 of 1975, s. 35 (w.e.f. 1-10-1975).

^{12.} Subs. by Act 25 of 2014, s. 4, for "Director General" (w.e.f. 1-6-2013). Earlier substituted as "Director General or Director" for "Director of Inspection" by Act 4 of 1988, s. 2 (w.e.f. 1-4-1988).

^{13.} Subs. by s. 4, *ibid.*, for "Director" (w.e.f. 1-6-2013).

^{13. 3}dos. by s. 4, tota., for Director (w.c.i. 1-0-2013).

¹[or Joint Director or Joint Commissioner] to take action under clauses (i) to (v) of sub-section (I) are or is kept in any building, place, vessel, vehicle or aircraft not mentioned in the authorisation under sub-section (I), such ²[Principal Chief Commissioner or Chief Commissioner] or ³[Principal Commissioner or Commissioner] may, notwithstanding anything contained in ⁴[section 120], authorise the said officer to take action under any of the clauses aforesaid in respect of such building, place, vessel, vehicle or aircraft.]

⁵[Explanation.—For the removal of doubts, it is hereby declared that the reason to suspect, as recorded by the income-tax authority under this sub-section, shall not be disclosed to any person or any authority or the Appellate Tribunal.]

- (2) The authorised officer may requisition the services of any police officer or of any officer of the Central Government, or of both, to assist him for all or any of the purposes specified in sub-section (I) ⁶[or sub-section (IA)] and it shall be the duty of every such officer to comply with such requisition.
- (3) The authorised officer may, where it is not practicable to seize any such books of account, other documents, money, bullion, jewellery or other valuable article or thing, 7 [for reasons other than those mentioned in the second proviso to sub-section (1),] serve an order on the owner or the person who is in immediate possession or control thereof that he shall not remove, part with or otherwise deal with it except with the previous permission of such officer and such officer may take such steps as may be necessary for ensuring compliance with this sub-section.

⁸[Explanation.—For the removal of doubts, it is hereby declared that serving of an order as aforesaid under this sub-section shall not be deemed to be seizure of such books of account, other documents, money, bullion, jewellery or other valuable article or thing under clause (*iii*) of sub-section (1).]

(4) The authorised officer may, during the course of the search or seizure, examine on oath any person who is found to be in possession or control of any books of account, documents, money, bullion, jewellery or other valuable article or thing and any statement made by such person during such examination may thereafter be used in evidence in any proceeding under the Indian Income-tax Act, 1922 (11 of 1922), or under this Act.

⁸[Explanation.—For the removal of doubts, it is hereby declared that the examination of any person under this sub-section may be not merely in respect of any books of account, other documents or assets found as a result of the search, but also in respect of all matters relevant for the purposes of any investigation connected with any proceeding under the Indian Income-tax Act, 1922 (11 of 1922), or under this Act.]

⁶[(4A) Where any books of account, other documents, money, bullion, jewellery or other valuable article or thing are or is found in the possession or control of any person in the course of a search, it may be presumed—

(i) that such books of account, other documents, money, bullion, jewellery or other valuable article or thing belong or belongs to such person;

^{1.} Ins. by Act 33 of 2009, s. 51, (w.e.f. 1-10-1998).

^{2.} Subs. by Act 25 of 2014, s. 4, for "Chief Commissioner" (w.e.f. 1-6-2013). Earlier substituted as "Chief Commissioner or Commissioner" for "Commissioner" by Act 4 of 1988, s. 2 (w.e.f. 1-4-1988).

^{3.} Subs. by s. 4, *ibid.*, for "Commissioner" (w.e.f. 1-6-2013).

^{4.} Subs. by Act 4 of 1988, s. 37, for "section 121" (w.e.f. 1-4-1988).

^{5.} Ins. by Act 7 of 2017, s. 50 (w.e.f. 1-10-1975).

^{6.} Ins. by Act 41 of 1975, s. 35 (w.e.f. 1-10-1975).

^{7.} Ins. by Act 26 of 1988, s. 34 (w.e.f. 1-4-1989).

^{8.} Ins. by Act 4 of 1988, s. 37 (w.e.f. 1-4-1989).

- (ii) that the contents of such books of account and other documents are true; and
- (iii) that the signature and every other part of such books of account and other documents which purport to be in the handwriting of any particular person or which may reasonably be assumed to have been signed by, or to be in the handwriting of, any particular person, are in that person's handwriting, and in the case of a document stamped, executed or attested, that it was duly stamped and executed or attested by the person by whom it purports to have been so executed or attested.]

(8) The books of account or other documents seized under sub-section (1) ²[or sub-section (1A)] shall not be retained by the authorised officer for a period exceeding ³[thirty days from the date of the order of assessment under ⁴[section 153A or clause (c) of section 158BC]] unless the reasons for retaining the same are recorded by him in writing and the approval of the ⁵[⁶[Principal Chief Commissioner or Chief Commissioner], ⁷[Principal Commissioner or Commissioner], ⁸[Principal Director General or Director General] or ⁹[Principal Director or Director]] for such retention is obtained:

Provided that the ⁵[⁶[Principal Chief Commissioner or Chief Commissioner], ⁷[Principal Commissioner or Commissioner], ⁸[Principal Director General or Director General] or ⁹[Principal Director or Director]] shall not authorise the retention of the books of account and other documents for a period exceeding thirty days after all the proceedings under the Indian Income-tax Act, 1922 (11 of 1922), or this Act in respect of the years for which the books of account or other documents are relevant are completed.

¹⁰[(8A) An order under sub-section (3) shall not be in force for a period exceeding sixty days from the date of the order.]

(9) The person from whose custody any books of account or other documents are seized under sub-section (I) ²[or sub-section (IA)] may make copies thereof, or take extracts therefrom, in the presence of the authorised officer or any other person empowered by him in this behalf, at such place and time as the authorised officer may appoint in this behalf.

 $^{11}[(9A)]$ Where the authorised officer has no jurisdiction over the person referred to in clause (a) or clause (b) or clause (c) of sub-section (1), the books of account or other documents, or any money, bullion, jewellery or other valuable article or thing (hereafter in this section and in sections 132A and 132B referred to as the assets) seized under that sub-section shall be handed over by the authorised officer to the Assessing Officer having jurisdiction over such person within a period of sixty days from the date on which the last of the authorisations for search was executed and thereupon the powers exercisable by the authorised officer under sub-section (8) or sub-section (9) shall be exercisable by such Assessing Officer.]

¹²[(9B) Where, during the course of the search or seizure or within a period of sixty days from the date on which the last of the authorisations for search was executed, the authorised officer, for reasons to

^{1.} Sub-sections (5) to (7) omitted by Act 20 of 2002, s. 56 (w.e.f. 1-6-2002).

^{2.} Ins. by Act 41 of 1975, s. 35 (w.e.f. 1-10-1975).

^{3.} Subs. by Act 20 of 2002, s. 56, for "one hundred and eighty days from the date of the seizure" (w.e.f. 1-6-2002).

^{4.} Subs. by Act 32 of 2003, s. 59, for "under clause (c) of section 158BC" (w.e.f. 1-6-2003).

^{5.} Subs. by Act 26 of 1997, s. 41, for "Chief Commissioner or Commissioner" (w.e.f. 1-10-1996).

^{6.} Subs. by Act 25 of 2014, s. 4, for "Chief Commissioner" (w.e.f. 1-6-2013).

^{7.} Subs. by s. 4, *ibid.*, for "Commissioner" (w.e.f. 1-6-2013).

^{8.} Subs. by s. 4, ibid., for "Director General" (w.e.f. 1-6-2013).

^{9.} Subs. by s. 4, *ibid.*, for "Director" (w.e.f. 1-6-2013).

^{10.} Subs. by Act 20 of 2002, s. 56, for sub-section (8A) (w.e.f. 1-6-2002).

^{11.} Subs. by s. 56, *ibid.*, for sub-section (9A) (w.e.f. 1-6-2002).

^{12.} Ins. by Act 7 of 2017, s. 50 (w.e.f. 1-4-2017).

be recorded in writing, is satisfied that for the purpose of protecting the interest of revenue, it is necessary so to do, he may with the previous approval of the Principal Director General or Director General or the Principal Director or Director, by order in writing, attach provisionally any property belonging to the assessee, and for the said purpose, the provisions of the Second Schedule shall, *mutatis mutandis*, apply.

- (9C) Every provisional attachment made under sub-section (9B) shall cease to have effect after the expiry of a period of six months from the date of the order referred to in sub-section (9B).
- (9D) The authorised officer may, during the course of the search or seizure or within a period of sixty days from the date on which the last of the authorisations for search was executed, make a reference to a Valuation Officer referred to in section 142A, who shall estimate the fair market value of the property in the manner provided under that section and submit a report of the estimate to the said officer within a period of sixty days from the date of receipt of such reference.]
- (10) If a person legally entitled to the books of account or other documents seized under sub-section (1) ¹[or sub-section (1A)] objects for any reason to the approval given by the ²[³[Principal Chief Commissioner or Chief Commissioner], ⁴[Principal Commissioner or Commissioner], ⁵[Principal Director General or Director General] or ⁶[Principal Director or Director]] under sub-section (8), he may make an application to the Board stating therein the reasons for such objection and requesting for the return of the books of account or other documents ⁷[and the Board may, after giving the applicant an opportunity of being heard, pass such orders as it thinks fit].

8* * * * * *

- ⁹[(13) The provisions of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973 (2 of 1974), relating to searches and seizure shall apply, so far as may be, to searches and seizure under sub-section (1) or sub-section (1A).]
- (14) The Board may make rules in relation to any search or seizure under this section; in particular, and without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing power, such rules may provide for the procedure to be followed by the authorised officer—
 - (i) for obtaining ingress into 10 [any building, place, vessel, vehicle or aircraft] to be searched where free ingress thereto is not available;
 - (ii) for ensuring safe custody of any books of account or other documents or assets seized.

¹¹[Explanation 1.—For the purposes of sub-sections (9A), (9B) and (9D), with respect to "execution of an authorisation for search", the provisions of sub-section (2) of section 153B shall apply.]

Explanation 2.—In this section, the word "proceeding" means any proceeding in respect of any year, whether under the Indian Income-tax Act, 1922 (11 of 1922), or this Act, which may be pending on the date on which a search is authorised under this section or which may have been completed on or before such date and includes also all proceedings under this Act which may be commenced after such date in respect of any year.]

^{1.} Ins. by Act 41 of 1975, s. 35 (w.e.f. 1-10-1975).

^{2.} Subs. by Act 26 of 1997, s. 41, for "Chief Commissioner or Commissioner" (w.e.f. 1-10-1996).

^{3.} Subs. by Act 25 of 2014, s. 4, for "Chief Commissioner" (w.e.f. 1-6-2013).

^{4.} Subs. by s. 4, ibid., for "Commissioner" (w.e.f. 1-6-2013).

^{5.} Subs. by s. 4, *ibid.*, for "Director General" (w.e.f. 1-6-2013).

^{6.} Subs. by s. 4, *ibid.*, for "Director" (w.e.f. 1-6-2013).

^{7.} Ins. by Act 20 of 2002, s. 56 (w.e.f. 1-6-2002).

^{8.} Sub-sections (11), (11A) and (12) omitted by Act 20 of 2002, s. 56 (w.e.f. 1-6-2002).

^{9.} Subs. by Act 41 of 1975, s. 35, for sub-section (13) (w.e.f. 1-10-1975).

^{10.} Subs. by s. 35, *ibid.*, for "such building or place" (w.e.f. 1-10-1975).

^{11.} Subs. by Act 7 of 2017, s. 50, for Explanation 1 (w.e.f. 1-4-2017).

¹[132A. Powers to requisition books of account, etc.—(1) Where the ²[³[Principal Director General or Director General] or ⁴[Principal Director or Director]] or the ⁵[⁶[Principal Chief Commissioner or Chief Commissioner] or ⁷[Principal Commissioner or Commissioner]], in consequence of information in his possession, has reason to believe that—

(a) any person to whom a summons under sub-section (1) of section 37 of the Indian Income-tax Act, 1922 (11 of 1922), or under sub-section (1) of section 131 of this Act, or a notice under sub-section (4) of section 22 of the Indian Income-tax Act, 1922, or under sub-section (1) of section 142 of this Act was issued to produce, or cause to be produced, any books of account or other documents has omitted or failed to produce, or cause to be produced, such books of account or other documents, as required by such summons or notice and the said books of account or other documents have been taken into custody by any officer or authority under any other law for the time being in force, or

(b) any books of account or other documents will be useful for, or relevant to, any proceeding under the Indian Income-tax Act, 1922 (11 of 1922), or under this Act and any person to whom a summons or notice as aforesaid has been or might be issued will not, or would not, produce or cause to be produced, such books of account or other documents on the return of such books of account or other documents by any officer or authority by whom or which such books of account or other documents have been taken into custody under any other law for the time being in force, or

(c) any assets represent either wholly or partly income or property which has not been, or would not have been, disclosed for the purposes of the Indian Income-tax Act, 1922 (11 of 1922), or this Act by any person from whose possession or control such assets have been taken into custody by any officer or authority under any other law for the time being in force,

then, the ²[³[Principal Director General or Director General] or ⁸[Principal Director or Director]] or the ⁵[⁶[Principal Chief Commissioner or Chief Commissioner] or ⁷[Principal Commissioner or Commissioner]] may authorise any ⁹[Additional Director, Additional Commissioner,] ¹⁰[Joint Director], ¹¹[Joint Commissioner], ¹²[Assistant Director or Deputy Director] or ¹³[Assessing Officer] [hereafter in this section and in sub-section (2) of section 278D referred to as the requisitioning officer] to require the officer or authority referred to in clause (*a*) or clause (*b*) or clause (*c*), as the case may be, to deliver such books of account, other documents or assets to the requisitioning officer.

^{1.} Ins. by Act 41 of 1975, s. 36 (w.e.f. 1-10-1975).

^{2.} Subs. by Act 4 of 1988, s. 2, for "Director of Inspection" (w.e.f. 1-4-1988).

^{3.} Subs. by Act 25 of 2014, s. 4, for "Director General" (w.r.e.f. 1-6-2013).

^{4.} Subs. by s. 4, *ibid.*, for "Director" (w.r.e.f. 1-6-2013).

^{5.} Subs. by Act 4 of 1988, s. 2, for "Commissioner" (w.e.f. 1-4-1988).

^{6.} Subs. by Act 25 of 2014, s. 4, for "Chief Commissioner" (w.r.e.f. 1-6-2013).

^{7.} Subs. by s. 4, ibid., for "Commissioner" (w.r.e.f. 1-6-2013).

^{8.} Subs. by s. 4, *ibid.*, for "Director" (w.r.e.f. 1-6-2013).

^{9.} Ins. by Act 33 of 2009, s. 52 (w.e.f. 1-6-1994).

^{10.} Subs. by Act 21 of 1998, s. 3, for "Deputy Director" (w.e.f. 1-10-1998). Earlier substituted as "Deputy Director" by Act 4 of 1988, s. 2, for "Deputy Director of Inspection" (w.e.f. 1-4-1988).

^{11.} Subs. by s. 3, *ibid.*, for "Deputy Commissioner" (w.e.f. 1-10-1998). Earlier substituted as "Deputy Commissioner" by Act 4 of 1988, s. 2, for "Inspecting Assistant Commissioner" (w.e.f. 1-4-1988).

^{12.} Subs. by s. 3, *ibid.*, for "Assistant Director" (w.e.f. 1-10-1998). Earlier substituted as "Assistant Director" by Act 4 of 1988, s. 2 for "Assistant Director of Inspection" (w.e.f. 1-4-1988).

^{13.} Subs. by Act 4 of 1988, s. 2, for "Income-tax Officer" (w.e.f. 1-4-1988).

¹[Explanation:—For the removal of doubts, it is hereby declared that the reason to believe, as recorded y the income-tax authority under this sub-section, shall not be disclosed to any person or any authority or the Appellate Tribunal.]

- (2) On a requisition being made under sub-section (1), the officer or authority referred to in clause (a) or clause (b) or clause (c), as the case may be, of that sub-section shall deliver the books of account, other documents or assets to the requisitioning officer either forthwith or when such officer or authority is of the opinion that it is no longer necessary to retain the same in his or its custody.
- (3) Where any books of account, other documents or assets have been delivered to the requisitioning officer, the provisions of sub-sections (4A) to (14) (both inclusive) of section 132 and section 132B shall, so far as may be, apply as if such books of account, other documents or assets had been seized under sub-section (1) of section 132 by the requisitioning officer from the custody of the person referred to in clause (a) or clause (b) or clause (c), as the case may be, of sub-section (1) of this section and as if for the words "the authorised officer" occurring in any of the aforesaid sub-sections (4A) to (14), the words "the requisitioning officer" were substituted.]

²[³[132B]. Application of seized or requisitioned assets.—(1) The assets seized under section 132 or requisitioned under section 132A may be dealt with in the following manner, namely:—

(*i*) the amount of any existing liability under this Act, the Wealth-tax Act, 1957 (27 of 1957), the Expenditure-tax Act, 1987 (35 of 1987), the Gift-tax Act, 1958 (18 of 1958) and the Interest-tax Act, 1974 (45 of 1974), and the amount of the liability determined on completion of the assessment ⁴[under section 153A and the assessment of the year relevant to the previous year in which search is initiated or requisition is made, or the amount of liability determined on completion of the assessment under Chapter XIV-B for the block period, as the case may be] (including any penalty levied or interest payable in connection with such assessment) and in respect of which such person is in default or is ⁵[deemed to be in default, or the amount of liability arising on an application made before the Settlement Commission under sub-section (*I*) of section 245C, may be recovered out of such assets]:

⁶[Provided that where the person concerned makes an application to the Assessing Officer within thirty days from the end of the month in which the asset was seized, for release of asset and the nature and source of acquisition of any such asset is explained] to the satisfaction of the Assessing Officer, the amount of any existing liability referred to in this clause may be recovered out of such asset and the remaining portion, if any, of the asset may be released, with the prior approval of the ⁷[Principal Chief Commissioner or Chief Commissioner] or ⁸[Principal Commissioner or Commissioner], to the person from whose custody the assets were seized:

Provided further that such asset or any portion thereof as is referred to in the first proviso shall be released within a period of one hundred and twenty days from the date on which the last of the authorisations for search under section 132 or for requisition under section 132A, as the case may be, was executed:

^{1.} Ins. by Act 7 of 2017, s. 51 (w.e.f. 1-10-1975).

^{2.} Section 132A renumbered as section 132B thereof by Act 41 of 1975, s. 36 (w.e.f. 1-10-1975).

^{3.} Subs. by Act 20 of 2002, s. 57, for section 132B (w.e.f. 1-6-2002).

^{4.} Subs. by Act 32 of 2003, s. 60, for "under Chapter XIVB for the block period" (w.e.f. 1-6-2003).

^{5.} Subs. by Act 20 of 2015, s. 34, for "deemed to be in default, may be recovered out of such assets" (w.e.f. 1-6-2015).

^{6.} Subs. by Act 32 of 2003, s. 60, for "Provided that where the nature and source of acquisition of any such asset is explained" (w.e.f. 1-6-2003).

^{7.} Subs. by Act 25 of 2014, s. 4, for "Chief Commissioner" (w.e.f. 1-6-2013).

^{8.} Subs. by s. 4, *ibid.*, for "Commissioner" (w.e.f. 1-6-2013).

- (ii) if the assets consist solely of money, or partly of money and partly of other assets, the Assessing Officer may apply such money in the discharge of the liabilities referred to in clause (i) and the assessee shall be discharged of such liability to the extent of the money so applied;
- (*iii*) the assets other than money may also be applied for the discharge of any such liability referred to in clause (*i*) as remains undischarged and for this purpose such assets shall be deemed to be under distraint as if such distraint was effected by the Assessing Officer or, as the case may be, the Tax Recovery Officer under authorisation from the ¹[Principal Chief Commissioner or Chief Commissioner] or ²[Principal Commissioner or Commissioner] under sub-section (*5*) of section 226 and the Assessing Officer or, as the case may be, the Tax Recovery Officer may recover the amount of such liabilities by the sale of such assets and such sale shall be effected in the manner laid down in the Third Schedule.
- (2) Nothing contained in sub-section (1) shall preclude the recovery of the amount of liabilities aforesaid by any other mode laid down in this Act.
- (3) Any assets or proceeds thereof which remain after the liabilities referred to in clause (i) of subsection (I) are discharged shall be forthwith made over or paid to the persons from whose custody the assets were seized.
- (4) (a) The Central Government shall pay simple interest at the rate of 3 [one-half per cent. for every month or part of a month] on the amount by which the aggregate amount of money seized under section 132 or requisitioned under section 132A, as reduced by the amount of money, if any, released under the first proviso to clause (i) of sub-section (1), and of the proceeds, if any, of the assets sold towards the discharge of the existing liability referred to in clause (i) of sub-section (1), exceeds the aggregate of the amount required to meet the liabilities referred to in clause (i) of sub-section (1) of this section.
- (b) Such interest shall run from the date immediately following the expiry of the period of one hundred and twenty days from the date on which the last of the authorisations for search under section 132 or requisition under section 132A was executed to the date of completion of the assessment ⁴[under section 153A or under Chapter XIVB].

⁵[Explanation 1.]—In this section,—

- (i) "block period" shall have the meaning assigned to it in clause (a) of section 158B;
- (ii) "execution of an authorisation for search or requisition" shall have the same meaning as assigned to it in Explanation 2 to section 158BE.]

⁶[Explanation 2.—For the removal of doubts, it is hereby declared that the "existing liability" does not include advance tax payable in accordance with the provisions of Part C of Chapter XVII.]

^{1.} Subs. by Act 25 of 2014, s. 4, for "Chief Commissioner" (w.e.f. 1-6-2013).

^{2.} Subs. by s. 4, *ibid.*, for "Commissioner" (w.e.f. 1-6-2013).

^{3.} Subs. by Act 22 of 2007, s. 43, for "six per cent. per annum" (w.e.f. 1-4-2008). Earlier "six" was substituted for "eight" by Act 54 of 2003, s. 6 (w.e.f. 8-9-2003).

^{4.} Subs. by Act 32 of 2003, s. 60, for "under Chapter XIV-B" (w.e.f. 1-6-2003).

^{5.} The Explanation renumbered as Explanation 1 thereof by Act 17 of 2013, s. 34 (w.e.f. 1-6-2013).

^{6.} Ins. by s. 34, *ibid*. (w.e.f. 1-6-2013).

- **133. Power to call for information.**—The ¹[Assessing Officer], the ²[Deputy Commissioner (Appeals)], ³[the ⁴[Joint Commissioner] or the Commissioner (Appeals)] may, for the purposes of this Act.—
 - (1) require any firm to furnish him with a return of the names and addresses of the partners of the firm and their respective shares;
 - (2) require any Hindu undivided family to furnish him with a return of the names and addresses of the manager and the members of the family;
 - (3) require any person whom he has reason to believe to be a trustee, guardian or agent, to furnish him with a return of the names of the persons for or of whom he is trustee, guardian or agent, and of their addresses:
 - (4) require any assessee to furnish a statement of the names and addresses of all persons to whom he has paid in any previous year rent, interest, commission, royalty or brokerage, or any annuity, not being any annuity taxable under the head "Salaries" amounting to more than ⁵[one thousand rupees, or such higher amount as may be prescribed], together with particulars of all such payments made;
 - (5) require any dealer, broker or agent or any person concerned in the management of a stock or commodity exchange to furnish a statement of the names and addresses of all persons to whom he or the exchange has paid any sum in connection with the transfer, whether by way of sale, exchange or otherwise, of assets, or on whose behalf or from whom he or the exchange has received any such sum, together with particulars of all such payments and receipts;
 - (6) require any person, including a banking company or any officer thereof, to furnish information in relation to such points or matters, or to furnish statements of accounts and affairs verified in the manner specified by the ¹[Assessing Officer], the ⁶[Deputy Commissioner (Appeals)], ³[the ⁷[Joint Commissioner] or the Commissioner (Appeals)], giving information in relation to such points or matters as, in the opinion of the ¹[Assessing Officer], the ⁶[Deputy Commissioner (Appeals)], ³[the ⁷[Joint Commissioner] or the Commissioner (Appeals)], will be useful for, or relevant to, any ⁸[enquiry or] proceeding under this Act:

⁹[Provided that the powers referred to in clause (*6*), may also be exercised by the ¹⁰[Principal Director General], the ¹¹[Principal Chief Commissioner or Chief Commissioner], the ¹²[Principal Director or Director] ¹³[or the Principal Commissioner or Commissioner or the Joint Director or Deputy Director or Assistant Director]:

⁸[Provided further that the power in respect of an inquiry, in a case where no proceeding is pending, shall not be exercised by any income-tax authority below the rank of ¹²[Principal Director or Director] or ¹³[Principal Commissioner or Commissioner ¹⁴[, other than the Joint Director or Deputy Director or Assistant Director,]] without the prior approval of the ¹²[Principal Director or Director] or, as the case may be, the ¹³[Principal Commissioner or Commissioner]:]

^{1.} Subs. by Act 4 of 1988, s. 2, for "Income-tax" (w.e.f. 1-4-1988).

^{2.} Subs. by s. 2, ibid., for "Appellate Assistant Commissioner" (w.e.f. 1-4-1988)

^{3.} Subs. by Act 29 of 1977, s. 39 and the Fifth Schedule, for "or the Inspecting Assistant Commissioner" (w.e.f. 10-7-1978).

^{4.} Subs. by Act 21 of 1998, s. 3, for "Deputy Commissioner" (w.e.f. 1-10-1998). Earlier Substituted by 4 of 1988, s. 2 (w.e.f. 1-4-1988).

^{5.} Subs. by Act 4 of 1988, s. 39, for "four hundred rupees" (w.e.f. 1-4-1988).

^{6.} Subs. by s. 2, ibid., for "Appellate Assistant Commissioner" (w.e.f. 1-4-1988).

^{7.} Subs. by 21 of 1998, s. 3, for "Deputy Commissioner" (w.e.f. 1-10-1998). Earlier Substituted as "Deputy Commissioner" for "Inspecting Assistant Commissioner" by 4 of 1988, s. 2 (w.e.f. 1-4-1988).

^{8.} Ins. by Act 22 of 1995, s. 27 (w.e.f. 1-7-1995).

^{9.} Ins. by Act 4 of 1988, s. 39 (w.e.f. 1-4-1989).

^{10.} Subs. by Act 25 of 2014, s. 4, for "Director General" (w.r.e.f. 1-6-2013).

^{11.} Subs. by s. 4, *ibid.*, for "Chief Commissioner" (w.r.e.f. 1-6-2013).

^{12.} Subs. by s. 4, *ibid.*, for "Director" (w.r.e.f. 1-6-2013).

^{13.} Subs. by Act 7 of 2017, s. 52, for "and the Principal Commissioner or Commissioner" (w.e.f. 1-4-2017).

^{14.} Ins. by s. 52, ibid. (w.e.f. 1-4-2017).

¹[Provided also that for the purposes of an agreement referred to in section 90 or section 90A, an income-tax authority notified under sub-section (2) of section 131 may exercise all the powers conferred under this section, notwithstanding that no proceedings are pending before it or any other income-tax authority.]

²[133A. Power of survey.—(1) Notwithstanding anything contained in any other provision of this Act, an income-tax authority may enter—

- (a) any place within the limits of the area assigned to him, or
- (b) any place occupied by any person in respect of whom he exercises jurisdiction, ³[or]
- 3 [(c) any place in respect of which he is authorised for the purposes of this section by such income-tax authority, who is assigned the area within which such place is situated or who exercises jurisdiction in respect of any person occupying such place,]

⁴[at which a business or profession or an activity for charitable purpose is carried on, whether such place be the principal place or not of such business or profession or of such activity for charitable purpose, and require any proprietor, trustee, employee or any other person who may at that time and place be attending in any manner to, or helping in, the carrying on of such business or profession or such activity for charitable purpose—]

- (i) to afford him the necessary facility to inspect such books of account or other documents as he may require and which may be available at such place,
- (ii) to afford him the necessary facility to check or verify the cash, stock or other valuable article or thing which may be found therein, and
- (iii) to furnish such information as he may require as to any matter which may be useful for, or relevant to, any proceeding under this Act.

Explanation.—For the purposes of this sub-section, a place where a business or profession ⁵[or activity for charitable purpose] is carried on shall also include any other place, whether any business or profession ⁵[or activity for charitable purpose] is carried on therein or not, in which the person carrying on the business or profession ⁵[or activity for charitable purpose] states that any of his books of account or other documents or any part of his cash or stock or other valuable article or thing relating to his business or profession ⁵[or activity for charitable purpose] are or is kept.

- (2) An income-tax authority may enter any place of business or profession referred to in sub-section (1) only during the hours at which such place is open for the conduct of business or profession and, in the case of any other place, only after sunrise and before sunset.
- ⁶[(2A) Without prejudice to the provisions of sub-section (1), an income-tax authority acting under this sub-section may for the purpose of verifying that tax has been deducted or collected at source in accordance with the provisions under sub-heading B of Chapter XVII or under sub-heading BB of Chapter XVII, as the case may be, enter, after sunrise and before sunset, any office, or any other place where business or profession is carried on, within the limits of the area assigned to him, or any place in respect of which he is authorised for the purposes of this section by such income-tax authority who is assigned the area within which such place is situated, where books of account or documents are kept and

^{1.} Ins. by Act 8 of 2011, s. 23 (w.e.f. 1-6-2011).

^{2.} Subs. by Act 41 of 1975, s. 37, for section 133A (w.e.f. 1-10-1975).

^{3.} Ins. by Act 22 of 1995, s. 28 (w.e.f. 1-7-1995).

^{4.} Subs. by Act 7 of 2017, s. 53, for certain words (w.e.f. 1-4-2017).

^{5.} Ins. by s. 53, *ibid*. (w.e.f. 1-4-2017).

^{6.} Ins. by Act 25 of 2014, s. 47 (w.e.f. 1-10-2014).

require the deductor or the collector or any other person who may at that time and place be attending in any manner to such work,—

- (i) to afford him the necessary facility to inspect such books of account or other documents as he may require and which may be available at such place, and
 - (ii) to furnish such information as he may require in relation to such matter.]
- (3) An income-tax authority acting under this section may,—
- (i) if he so deems necessary, place marks of identification on the books of account or other documents inspected by him and make or cause to be made extracts or copies therefrom,
- ¹[(*ia*) impound and retain in his custody for such period as he thinks fit any books of account or other documents inspected by him:

Provided that such income-tax authority shall not—

- (a) impound any books of account or other documents except after recording his reasons for so doing; or
- ²[(*b*) retain in his custody any such books of account or other documents for a period exceeding fifteen days (exclusive of holidays) without obtaining the approval of the Principal Chief Commissioner or the Chief Commissioner or the Principal Director General or the Director General or the Principal Commissioner or the Commissioner or the Principal Director or the Director therefor, as the case may be,]]
- (ii) make an inventory of any cash, stock or other valuable article or thing checked or verified by him.
- (iii) record the statement of any person which may be useful for, or relevant to, any proceeding under this Act:
- ³[Provided that no action under clause (ia) or clause (ii) shall be taken by an income-tax authority acting under sub-section (2A).]
- (4) An income-tax authority acting under this section shall, on no account, remove or cause to be removed from the place wherein he has entered, ⁴*** any cash, stock or other valuable article or thing.
- (5) Where, having regard to the nature and scale of expenditure incurred by an assessee, in connection with any function, ceremony or event, the income-tax authority is of the opinion that it is necessary or expedient so to do, he may, at any time after such function, ceremony or event, require the assessee by whom such expenditure has been incurred or any person who, in the opinion of the income-tax authority, is likely to possess information as respects the expenditure incurred, to furnish such information as he may require as to any matter which may be useful for, or relevant to, any proceeding under this Act and may have the statements of the assessee or any other person recorded and any statement so recorded may thereafter be used in evidence in any proceeding under this Act.
- (6) If a person under this section is required to afford facility to the income-tax authority to inspect books of account or other documents or to check or verify any cash, stock or other valuable article or thing or to furnish any information or to have his statement recorded either refuses or evades to do so, the income-tax authority shall have all the powers under ⁵[sub-section (1) of section 131] for enforcing compliance with the requirement made:

^{1.} Ins. by Act 20 of 2002, s. 58 (w.e.f. 1-6-2002).

^{2.} Subs. by Act 25 of 2014, s. 47, *ibid.*, for clause (*ia*) (w.e.f. 1-10-2014).

^{3.} Ins. by s. 47, *ibid*. (w.e.f. 1-10-2014).

^{4.} The words "any books of account or other documents or" omitted by Act 20 of 2002, s. 58 (w.e.f. 1-6-2002).

^{5.} Subs. by Act 4 of 1988, s. 126, for "sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 131 (w.e.f. 1-4-1989).

¹[Provided that no action under sub-section (*I*) shall be taken by an Assistant Director or a Deputy Director or an Assessing Officer or a Tax Recovery Officer or an Inspector of Income-tax without obtaining the approval of the Joint Director or the Joint Commissioner, as the case may be.]

Explanation.—In this section,—

- ²[(a) "income-tax authority" means a ³[Principal Commissioner or Commissioner], a Joint Commissioner, a ⁴[Principal Director or Director], a Joint Director, an Assistant Director or a Deputy Director or an Assessing Officer, or a Tax Recovery Officer, and for the purposes of clause (i) of sub-section (1), clause (i) of sub-section (3) and sub-section (5), includes an Inspector of Income-tax;]
- (b) "proceeding" means any proceeding under this Act in respect of any year which may be pending on the date on which the powers under this section are exercised or which may have been completed on or before such date and includes also all proceedings under this Act which may be commenced after such date in respect of any year.
- ⁵[133B.Power to collect certain information.—(1) Notwithstanding anything contained in any other provision of this Act, an income-tax authority may, for the purpose of collecting any information which may be useful for, or relevant to, the purposes of this Act, enter—
 - (a) any building or place within the limits of the area assigned to such authority; or
 - (b) any building or place occupied by any person in respect of whom he exercises jurisdiction,

at which a business or profession is carried on, whether such place be the principal place or not of such business or profession, and require any proprietor, employee or any other person who may at that time and place be attending in any manner to, or helping in, the carrying on of such business or profession to furnish such information as may be prescribed.

- (2) An income-tax authority may enter any place of business or profession referred to in sub-section (1) only during the hours at which such place is open for the conduct of business or profession.
- (3) For the removal of doubts, it is hereby declared that an income-tax authority acting under this section shall, on no account, remove or cause to be removed from the building or place wherein he has entered, any books of account or other documents or any cash, stock or other valuable article or thing.

Explanation.—In this section, "income-tax authority" means a ⁶[Joint Commissioner], an ⁷[Assistant Director] or an ⁹[Assessing Officer], and includes an Inspector of Income-tax who has been authorised by the ⁹[Assessing Officer] to exercise the powers conferred under this section in relation to the area in respect of which the ⁹[Assessing Officer] exercises jurisdiction or part thereof.]

¹⁰[133C.Power to call for information by prescribed income-tax authority.—¹¹[(1)] The prescribed income-tax authority may, for the purposes of verification of information in its possession relating to any person, issue a notice to such person requiring him, on or before a date to be specified therein, to furnish information or documents verified in the manner specified therein, which may be useful for, or relevant to, any inquiry or proceeding under this Act.

^{1.} Ins. by Act 32 of 2003, s. 61 (w.e.f. 1-6-2003).

^{2.} Subs.by s. 61, *ibid.*, for clause (a) (w.e.f. 1-6-2003).

^{3.} Subs. by Act 25 of 2014, s. 4, for "Commissioner" (w.r.e.f. 1-6-2013).

^{4.} Subs. by s. 4, *ibid.*, for "Director" (w.r.e.f. 1-6-2013).

^{5.} Ins. by Act 23 of 1986, s. 27 (w.e.f. 13-5-1986).

^{6.} Subs. by Act 21 of 1998, s. 3, for "Deputy Commissioner" (w.e.f. 1-10-1998). Earlier "Deputy Commissioner" was substituted for "Inspecting Assistant Commissioner" by Act 4 of 1988, s. 2 (w.e.f. 1-4-1988).

^{7.} Subs. by Act 4 of 1988, s. 2, for "Assistant Director of Inspection" (w.e.f. 1-4-1988).

^{8.} Subs. by s. 2, ibid., for "Deputy Director of Inspection" (w.e.f. 1-4-1988).

^{9.} Subs. by s. 2, ibid., for "Income-tax Officer" (w.e.f. 1-4-1988).

^{10.} Ins. by Act 25 of 2014, s. 48 (w.e.f. 1-10-2014).

^{11.} Section 133C renumbered as sub-section (1) thereof by Act 28 of 2016, s. 66 (w.e.f. 1-6-2016).

- ¹[(2) Where any information or document has been received in response to a notice issued under subsection (1), the prescribed income-tax authority may process such information or document and make available the outcome of such processing to the Assessing Officer.]
- ²[(3) The Board may make a scheme for centralized issuance of notice and for processing of information or documents and making available the outcome of the processing to the Assessing Officer.]

Explanation.—In this section, the term "proceeding" shall have the meaning assigned to it in clause (b) of the *Explanation* to section 133A.]

- **134. Power to inspect registers of companies.**—The ³[Assessing Officer], the ⁴[Deputy Commissioner (Appeals)], ⁵[the ⁶[Joint Commissioner] or the Commissioner (Appeals)], or any person subordinate to him authorised in writing in this behalf by the ³[Assessing Officer], the ⁴[Deputy Commissioner (Appeals)], ⁵[the ⁶[Joint Commissioner] or the Commissioner (Appeals)], may inspect, and if necessary, take copies, or cause copies to be taken, of any register of the members, debenture holders or mortgagees of any company or of any entry in such register.
- **135. Power of** ⁷[⁸[**Principal Director General or Director General]**] **or** ⁹[Principal **Director orDirector]**, ¹⁰[¹¹[Principal Chief **Commissioner or Chief Commissioner]**] **or** ¹²[Principal Commissioner] **and** ¹³[Joint Commissioner].—The ⁸[Principal Director General or Director General] or ⁹[Principal Director or Director], the ¹⁰[¹¹[Principal Chief Commissioner or Chief Commissioner]] or ¹²[Principal Commissioner or Commissioner] and the ¹³[Joint Commissioner] shall be competent to make any enquiry under this Act, and for this purpose shall have all the powers that an³[Assessing Officer] has under this Act in relation to the making of enquiries.
- **136.** Proceedings before income-tax authorities to be judicial proceedings.—Any proceeding under this Act before an income-tax authority shall be deemed to be a judicial proceeding within the meaning of sections 193 and 228 and for the purposes of section 196 of the Indian Penal Code (45 of 1860) ¹⁴[and every income-tax authority shall be deemed to be a Civil Court for the purposes of section 195, but not for the purposes of Chapter XXVI of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973 (2 of 1974).]

D. Disclosure of information

[137. Disclosure of information prohibited.] *Omitted by the Finance Act*, 1964 (5 of 1964), s. 32 (w.e.f. 1-4-1964).

^{1.} Ins. by Act 28 of 2016, s. 66 (w.e.f. 1-6-2016).

^{2.} Ins. by Act 7 of 2017, s. 54 (w.e.f. 1-4-2017).

^{3.} Subs. by Act 4 of 1988, s. 2, for "Income-tax Officer" (w.e.f. 1-4-1988).

^{4.} Subs. by s. 2, ibid., for "Appellate Assistant Commissioner" (w.e.f. 1-4-1988).

^{5.} Subs. by Act 29 of 1977, s. 10, for "or the Inspecting Assistant Commissioner" (w.e.f. 10-7-1978). Earlier Subs. by Act 21 of 1998, s. 3, for "Deputy commissioner" (w.e.f. 1-10-1998). Which was earlier subs. by 4 of 1988, s. 2, for "Inspecting Assistant Commissioner" (w.e.f. 1-4-1988).

^{6.} Subs. by Act 21 of 1998, s. 3, for "Deputy commissioner" (w.e.f. 1-10-1998). Earlier "Deputy commissioner" was substituted for "Inspecting Assistant Commissioner" by Act 4 of 1988, s. 2 (w.e.f. 1-4-1988).

^{7.} Subs. by Act 4 of 1988, s. 2, for "Director of Inspection" (w.e.f. 1-4-1988).

^{8.} Subs. by Act 25 of 2014, s. 4, for "Director General" (w.r.e.f. 1-6-2013).

^{9.} Subs. by s. 4, *ibid.*, for "Director" (w.r.e.f. 1-6-2013)

^{10.} Subs. by Act 21 of 1998, s. 3, for "Deputy Commissioner" (w.e.f. 1-10-1998). Earlier "Deputy Commissioner" was substituted for "Inspecting Assistant Commissioner" by Act 4 of 1988, s. 2 (w.e.f. 1-4-1988).

^{11.} Subs. by Act 25 of 2014,s. 4, for "Chief Commissioner" (w.r.e.f. 1-6-2013).

^{12.} Subs. by s. 4, *ibid.*, for "Commissioner" (w.r.e.f. 1-6-2013).

^{13.} Subs. by Act 21 of 1998, s. 3, for "Deputy Commissioner" (w.e.f. 1-10-1998).

^{14.} Ins. by Act 32 of 1985, s. 28 (w.e.f. 1-4-1974).

¹[138. Disclosure of information respecting assessees.—²[(1)(a) The Board or any other income-tax authority specified by it by a general or special order in this behalf may furnish or cause to be furnished to—

- (i) any officer, authority or body performing any functions under any law relating to the imposition of any tax, duty or cess, or to dealings in foreign exchange as defined in 3 [clause (n) of section 2 of the Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 (42 of 1999)]; or
- (ii) such officer, authority or body performing functions under any other law as the Central Government may, if in its opinion it is necessary so to do in the public interest, specify by notification in the Official Gazette in this behalf,

any such information ⁴[received or obtained by any income-tax authority in the performance of his functions under this Act], as may, in the opinion of the Board or other income-tax authority, be necessary for the purpose of enabling the officer, authority or body to perform his or its functions under that law.

- (b) Where a person makes an application to the ⁵[⁶[PrincipalChief Commissioner or Chief Commissioner] or ⁷[PrincipalCommissioner or Commissioner]] in the prescribed form for any information relating to any assessee⁸[received or obtained by any income-tax authority in the performance of his functions under this Act], the ⁵[⁶[Principal Chief Commissioner or Chief Commissioner] or ⁷[Principal Commissioner or Commissioner]] may, if he is satisfied that it is in the public interest so to do, furnish or cause to be furnished the information asked for ⁹*** and his decision in this behalf shall be final and shall not be called in question in any court of law.]
- (2) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-section (1) or any other law for the time being in force, the Central Government may, having regard to the practices and usages customary or any other relevant factors, by order notified in the Official Gazette, direct that no information or document shall be furnished or produced by a public servant in respect of such matters relating to such class of assessees or except to such authorities as may be specified in the order.]

2. Subs. by Act 20 of 1967, s. 28, for sub-section (1) (w.e.f. 1-4-1967).

^{1.} Subs. by Act 5 of 1964, s. 33, for section 138 (w.e.f. 1-4-1964).

^{3.} Subs. by Act 17 of 2013, s. 35, for "section 2 (*d*) of the Foreign Exchange Regulation Act, 1947 (7 of 1947)" (w.e.f. 1-4-2013).

^{4.} Subs. by Act 4 of 1988, s. 41, for "relating to any assessee in respect of any assessment made under this Act or under the Indian Income-tax Act, 1922 (11 of 1922)" (w.e.f. 1-4-1989).

^{5.} Subs. by s. 2, *ibid.*, for "Commissioner" (w.e.f. 1-4-1988).

^{6.} Subs. by Act 25 of 2014, s. 4, for "Chief Commissioner" (w.r.e.f. 1-6-2013).

^{7.} Subs. by s. 4, *ibid.*, for "Commissioner" (w.r.e.f. 1-6-2013).

^{8.} Subs. by Act 4 of 1988, s. 41, for "in respect of any assessment made under this Act or the Indian Income-tax Act, 1922 (11 of 1922), on or after the 1st day of April, 1960" (w.e.f. 1-4-1989).

^{9.} The words "in respect of that assessment only" omitted by s. 41, ibid. (w.e.f. 1-4-1989).

CHAPTER XIV

PROCEDURE FOR ASSESSMENT

139. Return of income.—[(1) Every person,—

- (a) being a ²[company or a firm]; or
- (b) being a person ³[other than a company or a firm], if his total income or the total income of any other person in respect of which he is assessable under this Act during the previous year exceeded the maximum amount which is not chargeable to income-tax,

shall, on or before the due date, furnish a return of his income or the income of such other person during the previous year, in the prescribed form and verified in the prescribed manner and setting forth such other particulars as may be prescribed:

Provided that a person referred to in clause (*b*), who is not required to furnish a return under this subsection and residing in such area as may be specified by the Board in this behalf by notification in the Official Gazette, and who ⁴[during the previous year incurs an expenditure of fifty thousand rupees or more towards consumption of electricity or at any time during the previous year]fulfils any one of the following conditions, namely:—

- (i) is in occupation of an immovable property exceeding a specified floor area, whether by way of ownership, tenancy or otherwise, as may be specified by the Board in this behalf; or
- (ii) is the owner or the lessee of a motor vehicle other than a two-wheeled motor vehicle, whether having any detachable side car having extra wheel attached to such two-wheeled motor vehicle or not; or

- (iv) has incurred expenditure for himself or any other person on travel to any foreign country; or
- (v) is the holder of a credit card, not being an "add-on" card, issued by any bank or institution; or
- (vi) is a member of a club where entrance fee charged is twenty-five thousand rupees or more,

shall furnish a return, of his income ⁶[during any previous year ending before the 1st day of April, 2005], on or before the due date in the prescribed form and verified in the prescribed manner and setting forth such other particulars as may be prescribed:

Provided further that the Central Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette, specify the class or classes of persons to whom the provisions of the first proviso shall not apply:

Providedalso that every ²[company or a firm] shall furnish on or before the due date the return in respect of its income or loss in every previous year:

^{1.} Subs. by Act 14 of 2001, s. 59, for sub-section (*I*) (w.e.f. 1-4-2001). Earlier substituted by 13 of 1963, s. 8 (w.r.e.f. 1-4-1962). As amended by Act 27 of 1967, s. 4 (w.e.f. 1-10-1967). As so amended by Act 42 of 1970, s. 26 (w.e.f. 1-4-1970). As amended by Act 16 of 1972, s. 26 (w.e.f. 1-4-1972). Amended by Act 4 of 1988, s. 42 (w.e.f. 1-4-1988). As so amended by Act 3 of 1989, s. 20 (w.e.f. 1-4-1989). Earlier amended by Act 12 of 1990, s. 34 (w.e.f. 1-4-1991). Amended by Act 18 of 1992, s. 59 (w.e.f. 1-4-1993).

^{2.} Subs. by Act 18 of 2005, s. 40, for "company" (w.e.f. 1-4-2006).

^{3.} Subs. by s. 40, *ibid.*, for "other than a company" (w.e.f. 1-4-2006).

^{4.} Subs. by s. 40, *ibid.*, for "at any time during the previous year" (w.e.f. 1-4-2006).

^{5.} Clause (iii) omitted by s. 40, ibid. (w.e.f. 1-4-2006).

^{6.} Subs. by Act 21 of 2006, s. 31, for "during the previous year" (w.e.f. 1-4-2006).

¹[Provided also that a person, being a resident other than not ordinarily resident in India within the meaning of clause (6) of section 6, who is not required to furnish a return under this sub-section and who at any time during the previous year,—

- (a) holds, as a beneficial owner or otherwise, any asset (including any financial interest in any entity) located outside India or has signing authority in any account located outside India; or
- (b) is a beneficiary of any asset (including any financial interest in any entity) located outside India,

shall furnish, on or before the due date, a return in respect of his income or loss for the previous year in such form and verified in such manner and setting forth such other particulars as may be prescribed:

Provided also that nothing contained in the fourth proviso shall apply to an individual, being a beneficiary of any asset (including any financial interest in any entity) located outside India where, income, if any, arising from such asset is includible in the income of the person referred to in clause (a) of that proviso in accordance with the provisions of this Act:]

²[Provided alsothat every person, being an individual or a Hindu undivided family or an association of persons or a body of individuals, whether incorporated or not, or an artificial juridical person, if his total income or the total income of any other person in respect of which he is assessable under this Act during the previous year, without giving effect to the ³[provisions of clause (*38*) of section 10 or section 10 or section 10 or section 10BA] or Chapter VIA exceeded the maximum amount which is not chargeable to income-tax, shall, on or before the due date, furnish a return of his income or the income of such other person during the previous year, in the prescribed form and verified in the prescribed manner and setting forth such other particulars as may be prescribed.]

Explanation 1.—For the purposes of this sub-section, the expression "motor vehicle" shall have the meaning assigned to it in clause (28) of section 2 of the Motor Vehicles Act, 1988 (59 of 1988).

Explanation 2.—In this sub-section, "due date" means,—

- (a) where the assessee [other than an assessee referred to in clause (aa)] is—
 - (i) a company 5***; or
- (ii) a person (other than a company) whose accounts are required to be audited under this Act or under any other law for the time being in force; or
- (iii) a working partner of a firm whose accounts are required to be audited under this Act or under any other law for the time being in force,

The ⁶[30th day of September] of the assessment year;

- ⁷[(aa) in the case of an assessee⁸[who] is required to furnish a report referred to in section 92E, the 30th day of November of the assessment year;
- (b) in the case of a person other than a company, referred to in the first proviso to this subsection, the 31st day of October of the assessment year;
 - (c) in the case of any other assessee, the 31st day of July of the assessment year.

^{1.} Subs. by Act 20 of 2015, s. 35, for the proviso (w.e.f. 1-4-2016). Earlier Substituted by Act 23 of 2012, s. 59 (w.e.f. 1-4-2012).

^{2.} Ins. by Act 18 of 2005, s. 40 (w.e.f. 1-4-2006).

^{3.} Subs. by Act 28 of 2016, s. 67, for "provisions of section 10A" (w.e.f. 1-4-2017).

^{4.} Ins. by Act 23 of 2012, s. 59 (w.e.f. 1-4-2012).

^{5.} The words, brackets and letter "other than a company referred to in clause (*aa*)" omitted by s. 59, *ibid*. (w.e.f. 1-4-2012). Earlier the words were inserted by Act 8 of 2011, s. 24 (w.e.f. 1-4-2011).

^{6.} Subs. by Act 18 of 2008, s. 30, for "30th day of October" (w.e.f. 1-4-2008).

^{7.} Ins. by Act 8 of 2011, s. 24 (w.e.f. -4-2011).

^{8.} Subs. by Act 23 of 2012, s. 59, for "being a company, which" (w.e.f. 1-4-2012).

Explanation 3.—For the purposes of this sub-section, the expression "travel to any foreign country" does not include travel to the neighbouring countries or to such places of pilgrimage as the Board may specify in this behalf by notification in the Official Gazette.]

¹[Explanation 4.—For the purposes of this section "beneficial owner" in respect of an asset means an individual who has provided, directly or indirectly, consideration for the asset for the immediate or future benefit, direct or indirect, of himself or any other person.

Explanation 5.—For the purposes of this section "beneficiary" in respect of an asset means an individual who derives benefit from the asset during the previous year and the consideration for such asset has been provided by any person other than such beneficiary.]

²[(1A) Without prejudice to the provisions of sub-section (1), any person, being an individual who is in receipt of income chargeable under the head "Salaries" may, at his option, furnish a return of his income for any previous year to his employer, in accordance with such scheme as may be specified by the Board in this behalf, by notification in the Official Gazette, and subject to such conditions as may be specified therein, and such employer shall furnish all returns of income received by him on or before the due date, in such form (including on a floppy, diskette, magnetic cartridge tape, CD-ROM or any other computer readable media) and manner as may be specified in that scheme, and in such case, any employee who has filed a return of his income to his employer shall be deemed to have furnisheda return of income under sub-section (1), and the provisions of this Act shall apply accordingly.]

⁴[(1B) Without prejudice to the provisions of sub-section (1), any person, being a company or being a person other than a company, required to furnish a return of income under sub-section (1), may, at his option, on or before the due date, furnish a return of his income for any previous year in accordance with such scheme as may be specified by the Board in this behalf by notification in the Official Gazette and subject to such conditions as may be specified therein, in such form (including on a floppy, diskette, magnetic cartridge tape, CD-ROM or any other computer readable media) and in the manner as may be specified in that scheme, and in such case, the return of income furnished under such scheme shall be deemed to be a return furnished under sub-section (1), and the provisions of this Act shall apply accordingly.]

⁵[(1C) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-section (1), the Central Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette, exempt any class or classes of persons from the requirement of furnishing a return of income having regard to such conditions as may be specified in that notification.]

6* * * * * *

(3) If any person who ⁷*** has sustained a loss in any previous year under the head "Profits and gains of business or profession" or under the head "Capital gains" and claims that the loss or any part thereof should be carried forward under sub-section (1) of section 72, or sub-section (2) of section 73, ⁸[or subsection (2) of section 73A] or ⁹[sub-section (1) or sub-section (3) of section 74A], he may furnish, within the time allowed under sub-section (1), ¹¹*** a return of loss in the prescribed form and verified in the prescribed manner and containing such other particulars as may be prescribed, and all the provisions of this Act shall apply as if it were a return under sub-section (1).

^{1.} Ins. by Act 20 of 2015, s. 35 (w.e.f. 1-4-2016).

^{2.} Ins. by Act 20 of 2002, s. 59 (w.e.f. 1-4-2002). Earlier sub-section (*IA*) was amended by 13 of 1963, s. 8 (w.e.f. 14-1962). Earlier amended by 19 of 1970, s. 20 (w.e.f. 1-4-1971).

^{3.} Explanation omitted by Act 67 of 1984, s. 25 (w.ef. 1-4-1985).

^{4.} Ins. by Act 32 of 2003, s. 62 (w.e.f. 1-4-2003).

^{5.} Ins. by Act 8 of 2011, s. 24 (w.e.f. 1-6-2011).

^{6.} Sub-section (2) omittedby Act 4 of 1988, s. 42 (w.e.f. 1-4-1989).

^{7.} The words "has not been served with a notice under sub-section (2)" omitted by Act 4 of 1988, s. 42 (w.e.f. 1-4-1989).

^{8.} Ins. by Act 28 of 2016, s. 67 (w.e.f. 1-4-2016).

^{9.} Subs. by Act 11 of 1987, s. 74, for "sub-section (1) of section 74" (w.e.f. 1-4-1988).

^{10.} Ins. by Act 20 of 1974, s. 10 (w.e.f. 1-4-1975).

^{11.} The words "or by the thirty-first day of July of the assessment year relevant to the previous year during which the loss was sustained" by Act 4 of 1988, s. 42 (w.e.f. 1-4-1989).

¹[²[(4) Anyperson who has not furnished a return within the time allowed to him under sub-section (1), may furnish the return for any previous year at any time before the end of the relevant assessment year or before the completion of the assessment, whichever is earlier.]

³[(4A) Every person in receipt of income derived from property held under trust or other legal obligation wholly for charitable or religious purposes or in part only for such purposes, or of income being voluntary contributions referred to in sub-clause (*iia*) of clause (24) of section 2, shall, if the total income in respect of which he is assessable as a representative assessee (the total income for this purpose being computed under this Act without giving effect to the provisions of sections 11 and 12) exceeds the maximum amount which is not chargeable to income-tax, furnish a return of such income of the previous year in the prescribed form and verified in the prescribed manner and setting forth such other particulars as may be prescribed and all the provisions of this Act shall, so far as may be, apply as if it were a return required to be furnished under sub-section (1).]]

⁴[(4B) The chief executive officer (whether such chief executive officer is known as Secretary or by any other designation) of every political party shall, if the total income in respect of which the political party is assessable (the total income for this purpose being computed under this Act without giving effect to the provisions of section 13A) exceeds the maximum amount which is not chargeable to income-tax, furnish a return of such income of the previous year in the prescribed form and verified in the prescribed manner and setting forth such other particulars as may be prescribed and all the provisions of this Act, shall, so far as may be, apply as if it were a return required to be furnished under sub-section (1).]

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<sup>5</sup>[(4C) Every—
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- (a) ⁶[researchassociation] referred to in clause (21) of section 10;
- (b) news agency referred to in clause (22B) of section 10;
- (c) association or institution referred to in clause (23A) of section 10;
- 7 [(ca)person referred to in clause (23AAA) of section 10;]
- (d) institution referred to in clause (23B) of section 10:
- (e) fund or institution referred to in sub-clause (iv) or trust or institution referred to in sub-clause (v) or any university or other educational institution referred to in 8 [sub-clause (iiiab) or] 9 [sub-clause (iiiad) or sub-clause (vi)] or any hospital or other medical institution referred to in 8 [sub-clause (iiiac) or] 10 [sub-clause (iiiae) or sub-clause (via)] of clause (23C) of section 10;
 - ¹¹[(ea) Mutual Fund referred to in clause (23D) of section 10;
 - (eb) securitisation trust referred to in clause (23DA) of section 10;
 - ⁷[(eba) InvestorProtection Fund referred to in clause (23EC) or clause (23ED) of section 10;
 - (ebb) Core Settlement Guarantee Fund referred to in clause (23EE) of section 10;]
 - (ec) venture capital company or venture capital fund referred to in clause (23FB) of section 10;]

^{1.} Subs. by Act 4 of 1988, s. 42, for sub-sections (4) and (4a) (w.e.f. 1-4-1989).

^{2.} Subs. by Act 28 of 2016, s. 67, for sub-section (4) (w.e.f. 1-4-2017). Earlier sub-section (4) was substituted by Act 4 of 1988, s. 42 (w.e.f. 1-4-1989).

^{3.} Subs. by Act 3 of 1989, s. 20, for sub-section (4A) (w.e.f. 1-4-1989). Original sub-section (4A) was inserted by Act 19 of 1970, s. 20 (w.e.f. 1-4-1971) and substituted by Act 16 of 1972, s. 26 (w.e.f. 1-4-1973).

^{4.} Ins. by Act 29 of 1978, s. 2 (w.e.f. 1-4-1979).

^{5.} Ins. by Act 20 of 2002, s. 59 (w.e.f. 1-4-2003).

^{6.} Subs. by Act 14 of 2010, s. 32, for "scientific research association" (w.e.f. 1-4-2011).

^{7.} Ins. by Act 7 of 2017, s. 55 (w.e.f. 1-4-2018).

^{8.} Ins. by Act 20 of 2015, s. 35 (w.e.f. 1-4-2016).

^{9.} Subs. by Act 29 of 2006, s. 12, for "sub-clause (vi)" (w.r.e.f. 1-4-2006).

^{10.} Subs. by s. 12, ibid., for "sub-clause (via)" (w.e.f. 1-4-2006).

^{11.} Ins. by Act 25 of 2014, s. 49 (w.e.f. 1-4-2015).

- (f) trade union referred to in sub-clause (a) or association referred to in sub-clause (b) of clause (24) of section 10;
 - ¹[(fa) Board or Authority referred to in clause (29A) of section 10;]
- ²[(g) body or authority or Board or Trust or Commission (by whatever name called) referred to in clause (46) of section 10;
 - (h) infrastructure debt fund referred to in clause (47) of section 10,]

shall, if the total income in respect of which such ³[research association], news agency, association or institution, ¹[person or] fund or trust or university or other educational institution or any hospital or other medical institution or trade union ²[or body or authority or Board or Trust or Commission or infrastructure debt fund]⁴[or Mutual Fund or securitisation trust or venture capital company or venture capital fund] is assessable, without giving effect to the provisions of section 10, exceeds the maximum amount which is not chargeable to income-tax, furnish a return of such income of the previous year in the prescribed form and verified in the prescribed manner and setting forth such other particulars as may be prescribed and all the provisions of this Act shall, so far as may be, apply as if it were a return required to be furnished under sub-section (1).]

 $^{5}[(4D)]$ Every university, college or other institution referred to in clause (ii) and clause (iii) of subsection (1) of section 35, which is not required to furnish return of income or loss under any other provision of this section, shall furnish the return in respect of its income or loss in every previous year and all the provisions of this Act shall, so far as may be, apply as if it were a return required to be furnished under sub-section (1).]

 4 [(4E) Every business trust, which is not required to furnish return of income or loss under any other provisions of this section, shall furnish the return of its income in respect of its income or loss in every previous year and all the provisions of this Act shall, so far as may be, apply if it were a return required to be furnished under sub-section (1).]

 6 [(4F)Every investment fund referred to in section 115UB, which is not required to furnish return of income or loss under any other provisions of this section, shall furnish the return of income in respect of its income or loss in every previous year and all the provisions of this Act shall, so far as may be, apply as if it were a return required to be furnished under sub-section (1).]

 7 [(5) If any person, having furnished a return under sub-section (1) or sub-section (4), discovers any omission or any wrong statement therein, he may furnish a revised return at any time before $^{8}***$ the end of the relevant assessment year or before the completion of the assessment, whichever is earlier.]

^{1.} Ins. by Act 7 of 2017, s. 55 (w.e.f. 1-4-2018).

^{2.} Ins. by Act 8 of 2011, s. 24 (w.e.f. 1-6-2011).

^{3.} Subs. by Act 14 of 2010, s. 32, for "scientific research association" (w.e.f. 1-4-2011).

^{4.} Ins. by Act 25 of 2014, s. 49 (w.e.f. 1-4-2015).

^{5.} Ins. by Act 29 of 2006, s. 12 (w.e.f. 1-4-2006).

^{6.} Ins. by Act 20 of 2015, s. 35 (w.e.f. 1-4-2016).

^{7.} Subs. by Act 28 of 2016, s. 67, for sub-section (5) (w.e.f. 1-4-2017). Earlier sub-section (5) was substituted by Act 4 of 1988, s. 42 (w.e.f. 1-4-1988).

^{8.} The words "the expiry of one year from" omitted by Act 7 of 2017, s. 55 (w.e.f. 1-4-2018).

¹[(6) The prescribed form of the returns referred to ²[in sub-sections (1) and (3) of this section, and in clause (i) of sub-section (1) of section 142] shall, in such cases as may be prescribed, require the assessee to furnish the particulars of income exempt from tax, ³[assets of the prescribed nature and ⁴[value, held by him as a beneficial owner or otherwise in which he is a beneficiary], his bank account and credit card held by him], expenditure exceeding the prescribed limits incurred by him under prescribed heads and such other out-goings as may be prescribed.

(6A) Without prejudice to the provisions of sub-section (6), the prescribed form of the returns referred to 5 [in 6*** this section, and in clause (i) of sub-section (I) of section 142]shall, in the case of an assessee engaged in any business or profession, also require him to furnish 7 [the report of any audit 8 [referred to in section 44AB,or, where the report has been furnished prior to the furnishing of the return, a copy of such report together with proof of furnishing the report]], the particulars of the location and style of the principal place where he carries on the business or profession and all the branches thereof, the names and addresses of his partners, if any, in such business or profession and, if he is a member of an association or body of individuals, the names of the other members of the association or the body of individuals and the extent of the share of the assessee and the shares of all such partners or the members, as the case may be, in the profits of the business or profession and any branches thereof.]

⁹* * * * * *

 $^{10}[(8)\ (a)\ ^{11}[$ Where the return under sub-section (I) or sub-section (2) or sub-section (4) for an assessment year is furnished after the specified date, or is not furnished, then [whether or not the $^{12}[$ Assessing Officer] has extended the date for furnishing the return under sub-section (I) or sub-section (2)], the assessee shall be liable to pay simple interest at $^{13}[$ fifteen per cent.] per annum, reckoned from the day immediately following the specified date to the date of the furnishing of the return or, where no return has been furnished, the date of completion of the assessment under section 144, on the amount of the tax payable on the total income as determined on regular assessment, as reduced by the advance tax, if any, paid, and any tax deducted at source:

Provided that the ¹²[Assessing Officer] may, in such cases and under such circumstances as may be prescribed, reduce or waive the interest payable by any assessee under this sub-section.

Explanation 1.—For the purposes of this sub-section, "specified date", in relation to a return for an assessment year, means,—

(a) in the case of every assessee whose total income, or the total income of any person in respect of which he is assessable under this Act, includes any income from business or profession, the date of the expiry of four months from the end of the previous year or where there is more than one previous year, from the end of the previous year which expired last before the commencement of the assessment year or the 30th day of June of the assessment year, whichever is later;

^{1.} Subs. by Act 41 of 1975, s. 38, for sub-section (6) (w.e.f. 1-4-1976).

^{2.} Subs. by Act 4 of 1988, s. 42, for "in sub-sections (1), (2) and (3)" (w.e.f. 1-4-1989).

^{3.} Subs. by Act 20 of 2015, s. 35, for "assets of the prescribed nature, value and belonging to him" (w.e.f. 1-4-2016).

^{4.} Subs. by Act 27 of 1999, s. 62, for "and value and belonging to him" (w.e.f. 1-6-1999).

^{5.} Subs. by Act 4 of 1988, s. 42, for "in sub-sections (1), (2) and (3)" (w.e.f. 1-4-1989).

^{6.} The words "sub-sections (1) and (3) of" omitted by Act 22 of 1995, s. 29 (w.e.f. 1-7-1995).

^{7.} Ins. by Act 26 of 1988, s. 35 (w.e.f. 1-4-1989).

^{8.} Subs. by Act 22 of 1995, s. 29, for "obtained under section 44AB" (w.e.f. 1-7-1995).

^{9.} Sub-section (7) omitted by Act 4 of 1988, s. 42 (w.e.f. 1-4-1989).

^{10.} Subs. by Act 42 of 1970, s. 26, for sub-section (8) (w.e.f. 1-4-1971). Earlier sub-section (8) was inserted by Act 13 of 1963, s. 8 (w.e.f. 28-4-1963).

^{11.} Subs. by Act 16 of 1972, s. 26, for the portion beginning with "Where the return" and ending with "under this subsection" (w.e.f. 1-4-1972).

^{12.} Subs. by Act 4 of 1988, s. 2, for "Income-tax Officer" (w.e.f. 1-4-1988).

^{13.} Subs. by Act 67 of 1984, s. 25, for "twelve per cent." (w.e.f. 1-10-1984).

(b) in the case of every other assessee, the 30th day of June of the assessment year.]

¹[Explanation 2.—Where, in relation to an assessment year, an assessment is made for the first time under section 147, the assessment so made shall be regarded as a regular assessment for the purposes of this sub-section.]

- ²[(b) Where as a result of an order under section 147 or section 154 or section 155 or section 250 or section 254 or section 260 or section 262 or section 263 or section 264 ³[or an order of the Settlement Commission under sub-section (4) of section 245D], the amount of tax on which interest was payable under this sub-section has been increased or reduced, as the case may be, the interest shall be increased or reduced accordingly, and—
 - (*i*) in a case where the interest is increased, the ⁴[Assessing Officer] shall serve on the assessee, a notice of demand in the prescribed form specifying the sum payable, and such notice of demand shall be deemed to be a notice under section 156 and the provisions of this Act shall apply accordingly;
 - (ii) in a case where the interest is reduced, the excess interest paid, if any, shall be refunded.]]
- ⁵[(c) The provisions of this sub-section shall apply in respect of the assessment for the assessment year commencing on the 1st day of April, 1988, or any earlier assessment year, and references therein to the other provisions of this Act shall be construed as references to the said provisions as they were applicable to the relevant assessment year.]
- ⁶[(9) Where the ⁴[Assessing Officer] considers that the return of income furnished by the assessee is defective, he may intimate the defect to the assessee and give him an opportunity to rectify the defect within a period of fifteen days from the date of such intimation or within such further period which, on an application made in this behalf, the ⁴[Assessing Officer] may, in his discretion, allow; and if the defect is not rectified within the said period of fifteen days or, as the case may be, the further period so allowed, then, notwithstanding anything contained in any other provision of this Act, the return shall be treated as an invalid return and the provisions of this Act shall apply as if the assessee had failed to furnish the return:

Provided that where the assessee rectifies the defect after the expiry of the said period of fifteen days or the further period allowed, but before the assessment is made, the ⁴[Assessing Officer] may condone the delay and treat the return as a valid return.

Explanation.—For the purposes of this sub-section, a return of income shall be regarded as defective unless all the following conditions are fulfilled, namely:—

(a) the annexures, statements and columns in the return of income relating to computation of income chargeable under each head of income, computation of gross total income and total income have been duly filled in;

7* * * * * *

6. Ins. by Act 44 of 1980, s. 24 (w.e.f. 1-9-1980).

^{1.} Subs. by Act 67 of 1984, s. 25, for *Explanation2* (w.e.f. 1-4-1985). Earlier the *Explanation* was renumbered as *Explanation2* thereof by Act 16 of 1972, s. 26 (w.e.f. 1-4-1971).

^{2.} Subs. by Act 67 of 1984, s. 25, for clause (b) (w.e.f. 1-4-1985).

^{3.} Ins. by Act 4 of 1988, s. 126 (w.e.f. 1-4-1989).

^{4.} Subs. by s. 2, ibid.,for "Income-tax Officer" (w.e.f. 1-4-1988).

^{5.} Ins. by s. 42, ibid. (w.e.f. 1-4-1989).

^{7.} Clause (aa) omitted by Act 28 of 2016, s. 67 (w.e.f. 1-4-2017). Earlier clause (aa) omitted by Act 17 of 2013, s. 36 (w.e.f. 1-6-2013).

- (b) the return is accompanied by a statement showing the computation of the tax payable on the basis of the return;
- 1 [(*bb*) the return is accompanied by the report of the audit referred to in section 44AB, or, where the report has been furnished prior to the furnishing of the return, by a copy of such report together with proof of furnishing the report;]
 - (c) the return is accompanied by proof of—
 - (i) the tax, if any, claimed to have been 2 [deducted or collected at source] $^{3}***$ and the advance tax and tax on self-assessment, if any, claimed to have been paid:

⁴[Provided that where the return is not accompanied by proof of the tax, if any, ⁵[claimed to have been deducted or collected at source], the return of income shall not be regarded as defective if—

- ⁶[(a) a certificate for tax deducted or collected was not furnished under section 203 or section 206C to the person furnishing his return of income;]
- (b) such certificate is produced within a period of two years specified under sub-section (14) of section 155;]
- (ii) the amount of compulsory deposit, if any, claimed to have been made under the Compulsory Deposit Scheme (Income-tax Payers) Act, 1974 (38 of 1974);
- (d) where regular books of account are maintained by the assessee, the return is accompanied by copies of—
 - (i) manufacturing account, trading account, profit and loss account or, as the case may be, income and expenditure account or any other similar account and balance sheet;
 - (ii) in the case of a proprietary business or profession, the personal account of the proprietor; in the case of a firm, association of persons or body of individuals, personal accounts of the partners or members; and in the case of a partner or member of a firm, association of persons or body of individuals, also his personal account in the firm, association of persons or body of individuals;
- (e) where the accounts of the assessee have been audited, the return is accompanied by copies of the audited profit and loss account and balance sheet and the ⁷[auditor's report and, where an audit of cost accounts of the assessee has been conducted under section 233B of the Companies Act, 1956 (1 of 1956), also the report under that section];
- (f) where regular books of account are not maintained by the assessee, the return is accompanied by a statement indicating the amounts of turnover or, as the case may be, gross receipts, gross profit, expenses and net profit of the business or profession and the basis on which such amounts have been computed, and also disclosing the amounts of total sundry debtors, sundry creditors, stock-in-trade and cash balance as at the end of the previous year.]

8*	*	*	*	*
9*	*	*	*	*

^{1.} Subs. by Act 22 of 1995, s. 29, for clause (bb) (w.e.f. 1-7-1995). Earlier clause (bb) was inserted by Act 26 of 1988, s. 35 (w.e.f. 1-4-1989).

^{2.} Subs. by Act 21 of 2006, s. 31, for "deducted at source" (w.e.f. 1-4-2007).

^{3.} The words "before the 1st day of April, 2008" omitted by Act 18 of 2008, s. 30 (w.e.f. 1-4-2008).

^{4.} Ins. by Act 20 of 2002, s. 59 (w.e.f. 1-6-2002).

^{5.} Subs. by Act 21 of 2006, s. 31, for "claimed to have been deducted at source" (w.e.f. 1-4-2007).

^{6.} Subs. by s. 31, *ibid*., for clause (a) (w.e.f. 1-4-2018).

^{7.} Subs. by Act 32 of 1985, s. 29, for "auditor's report" (w.e.f. 1-4-1985).

^{8.} The proviso omitted by Act 22 of 2007, s. 44 (w.e.f. 1-6-2006). Earlier the proviso inserted by Act 21 of 2006, s. 31 (w.e.f. 1-6-2006).

^{9.} Sub-section (10) omitted by Act 49 of 1991, s. 44 (w.e.f. -4-1991).

¹[139A. Permanent account number.—(1) Every person,—

- (i) if his total income or the total income of any other person in respect of which he is assessable under this Act during any previous year exceeded the maximum amount which is not chargeable to income-tax; or
- (ii) carrying on any business or profession whose total sales, turnover or gross receipts are or is likely to exceed ²[five lakhrupees] in any previous year; or
 - (iii) who is required to furnish a return of income under ³[sub-section (4A) of section 139;or
- (iv) being an employer, who is required to furnish a return of fringe benefits under section 115WD, $^{4}[or]$
- 4 [(v) being a resident, other than an individual, which enters into a financial transaction of an amount aggregating to two lakh fifty thousand rupees or more in a financial year; or
- (vi) who is the managing director, director, partner, trustee, author, founder, karta, chief executive officer, principal officer or office bearer of the person referred to in clause (v) or any person competent to act on behalf of the person referred to in clause (v),

and who has not been allotted a permanent account number shall, within such time, as may be prescribed, apply to the Assessing Officer for the allotment of a permanent account number.

- ⁵[(1A) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-section (1), the Central Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette, specify, any class or classes of persons by whom tax is payable under this Act or any tax or duty is payable under any other law for the time being in force including importers and exporters whether any tax is payable by them or not and such persons shall, within such time as mentioned in that notification, apply to the Assessing Officer for the allotment of a permanent account number.]
- ⁶[(1B) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-section (1), the Central Government may, for the purpose of collecting any information which may be useful for or relevant to the purposes of this Act, by notification in the Official Gazette, specify, any class or classes of persons who shall apply to the Assessing Officer for the allotment of the permanent account number and such persons shall, within such time as mentioned in that notification, apply to the Assessing Officer for the allotment of a permanent account number.]
- ⁷[(2) The Assessing Officer, having regard to the nature of the transactions as may be prescribed, may also allot a permanent account number, to any other person (whether any tax is payable by him or not), in the manner and in accordance with the procedure as may be prescribed.]
- (3) Any person, not falling under sub-section (1) or sub-section (2), may apply to the Assessing Officer for the allotment of a permanent account number and, thereupon, the Assessing Officer shall allot a permanent account number to such person forthwith.
- (4) For the purpose of allotment of permanent account numbers under the new series, the Board may, by notification in the Official Gazette, specify the date from which the persons referred to in sub-sections (1) and (2) and other persons who have been allotted permanent account numbers and residing in a place to be specified in such notification, shall, within such time as may be specified, apply to the Assessing Officer for the allotment of a permanent account number under the new series and upon allotment of such permanent account number to a person, the permanent account number, if any, allotted to him earlier shall cease to have effect:

Provided that the persons to whom permanent account number under the new series has already been allotted shall not apply for such number again.

^{1.} Subs. by Act 22 of 1995, s. 30, for section 139A (w.e.f. 1-7-1995).

^{2.} Subs. by Act 21 of 1998, s. 41, for "fifty thousand rupees" (w.e.f. 1-8-1998).

^{3.} Subs. by Act 18 of 2005, s. 41, for "sub-section (4A) of section 139" (w.e.f. 1-4-2006).

^{4.} Ins. by Act 13 of 2018, s. 44 (w.e.f. 1-4-2018).

^{5.} Ins. by Act 10 of 2000, s. 58 (w.e.f. 1-6-2000).

^{6.} Ins. by Act 21 of 2006, s. 32 (w.e.f. 1-6-2006).

^{7.} Subs. by s. 32, *ibid.*, for sub-section (2) (w.e.f. 1-6-2006).

- (5) Every person shall—
 - (a) quote such number in all his returns to, or correspondence with, any income-tax authority;
 - (b) quote such number in all challans for the payment of any sum due under this Act;
- (c) quote such number in all documents pertaining to such transactions as may be prescribed by the Board in the interests of the revenue, and entered into by him:

Provided that the Board may prescribe different dates for different transactions or class of transactions or for different class of persons:

¹[Provided further that a person shall quote General Index Register Number till such time Permanent Account Number is allotted to such person;]

- (d) intimate the Assessing Officer any change in his address or in the name and nature of his business on the basis of which the permanent account number was allotted to him.
- ²[(5A) Every person receiving any sum or income or amount from which tax has been deducted under the provisions of Chapter XVIIB, shall intimate his permanent account number to the person responsible for deducting such tax under that Chapter:

 3 * * * * *

Provided further that a person referred to in this sub-section shall intimate the General Index Register Number till such time permanent account number is allotted to such person.

- (5B) Where any sum or income or amount has been paid after deducting tax under Chapter XVIIB, every person deducting tax under that Chapter shall quote the permanent account number of the person to whom such sum or income or amount has been paid by him—
 - (i) in the statement furnished in accordance with the provisions of sub-section (2C) of section 192;
 - (ii) in all certificates furnished in accordance with the provisions of section 203;
 - (iii) in all returns prepared and delivered or caused to be delivered in accordance with the provisions of section 206 to any income-tax authority;
 - 4 [(*iv*) in all 5 *** statements prepared and delivered or caused to be delivered in accordance with the provisions of sub-section (3) of section 200:]

Provided that the Central Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette, specify different dates from which the provisions of this sub-section shall apply in respect of any class or classes of persons:

Provided further that nothing contained in sub-sections (5A) and (5B) shall apply in case of a person whose total income is not chargeable to income-tax or who is not required to obtain permanent account number under any provision of this Act if such person furnishes to the person responsible for deducting tax, a declaration referred to in section 197A in the form and manner prescribed thereunder to the effect that the tax on his estimated total income of the previous year in which such income is to be included in computing his total income will be *nil*.

- (5C) Every ⁶[buyer or licensee or lessee] referred to in section 206C shall intimate his permanent account number to the ⁷[person responsible for collecting tax] referred to in that section.
- (5D) Every ⁷[person] collecting tax in accordance with the provisions of section 206C shall quote the permanent account number of every ⁶[buyer or licensee or lessee] referred to in that section—
 - (i) in all certificates furnished in accordance with the provisions of sub-section (5) of section 206C;

^{1.} Ins. by Act 21 of 1998, s. 41 (w.e.f. 1-8-1998).

^{2.} Ins. by Act 14 of 2001, s. 60 (w.e.f. 1-6-2001).

^{3.} The first proviso omitted by Act 23 of 2004, s. 33 (w.e.f. 1-4-2005).

^{4.} Ins. by Act 21 of 2006, s. 32 (w.e.f. 1-6-2006).

^{5.} The word "quarterly" omitted by Act 33 of 2009, s. 53 (w.e.f. 1-10-2009).

^{6.} Subs. by Act 23 of 2004, s. 33, for "buyer" (w.e.f. 1-10-2004).

^{7.} Subs. by Act 21 of 2006, s. 32, for "seller" (w.e.f. 1-4-2007).

- (ii) in all returns prepared and delivered or caused to be delivered in accordance with the provisions of sub-section (5A) or sub-section (5B) of section 206C to an income-tax authority;]
- 1 [(*iii*) in all $^{2}****$ statements prepared and delivered or caused to be delivered in accordance with the provisions of sub-section (3) of section 206C.]
- (6) Every person receiving any document relating to a transaction prescribed under clause (c) of sub-section (5) shall ensure that the Permanent Account Number 3 [or the General Index Register Number] has been duly quoted in the document.
- (7) No person who has already been allotted a permanent account number under the new series shall apply, obtain or possess another permanent account number.
- ⁴[Explanation.—For the removal of doubts, it is hereby declared that any person, who has been allotted a permanent account number under any clause other than clause (*iv*) of sub-section (*I*), shall not be required to obtain another permanent account number and the permanent account number already allotted to him shall be deemed to be the permanent account number in relation to fringe benefit tax.]
 - (8) The Board may make rules providing for—
 - (a) the form and the manner in which an application may be made for the allotment of a permanent account number and the particulars which such application shall contain;
 - (b) the categories of transactions in relation to which Permanent Account Numbers ³[or the General Index Register Number] shall be quoted by every person in the documents pertaining to such transactions;
 - (c) the categories of documents pertaining to business or profession in which such numbers shall be quoted by every person;
 - 3 [(d) class or classes of persons to whom the provisions of this section shall not apply;
 - (e) the form and the manner in which the person who has not been allotted a Permanent Account Number or who does not have General Index Register Number shall make his declaration;
 - (f) the manner in which the Permanent Account Number or the General Index Register Number shall be quoted in respect of the categories of transactions referred to in clause (c);
 - (g) the time and the manner in which the transactions referred to in clause (c) shall be intimated to the prescribed authority.]

Explanation.—For the purposes of this section,—

- (a) "Assessing Officer" includes an income-tax authority who is assigned the duty of allotting permanent account numbers;
- (b) "permanent account number" means a number which the Assessing Officer may allot to any person for the purpose of identification and includes a permanent account number allotted under the new series:
- (c) "permanent account number under the new series" means a permanent account number having ten alphanumeric characters 5***;
- ³[(d) "General Index Register Number" means a number given by an Assessing Officer to an assessee in the General Index Register maintained by him and containing the designation and particulars of the ward or circle or range of the Assessing Officer.]

4. Ins. by Act 18 of 2005, s. 41 (w.e.f. 1-4-2006).

^{1.} Ins. by Act 21 of 2006, s. 32 (w.e.f. 1-6-2006).

^{2.} The word "quarterly" omitted by Act 33 of 2009, s. 53 (w.e.f. 1-10-2009).

^{3.} Ins. by Act 21 of 1998, s. 41 (w.e.f. 1-8-1998).

^{5.} The words "and issued in the form of a laminated card" omitted by Act 13 of 2018, s. 44 (w.e.f. 1-4-2018).

¹[139AA.Quoting of Aadhaar number.—(1) Every person who is eligible to obtain Aadhaar number shall, on or after the 1st day of July, 2017, quote Aadhaar number—

- (i) in the application form for allotment of permanent account number;
- (ii) in the return of income:

Provided that where the person does not possess the Aadhaar Number, the Enrolment ID of Aadhaar application form issued to him at the time of enrolment shall be quoted in the application for permanent account number or, as the case may be, in the return of income furnished by him.

(2) Every person who has been allotted permanent account number as on the 1st day of July, 2017, and who is eligible to obtain Aadhaar number, shall intimate his Aadhaar number to such authority in such form and manner as may be prescribed, on or before a date to be notified by the Central Government in the Official Gazette:

Provided that in case of failure to intimate the Aadhaar number, the permanent account number allotted to the person shall be deemed to be invalid and the other provisions of this Act shall apply, as if the person had not applied for allotment of permanent account number.

(3) The provisions of this section shall not apply to such person or class or classes of persons or any State or part of any State, as may be notified by the Central Government in this behalf, in the Official Gazette.

Explanation.—For the purposes of this section, the expressions—

- (i) "Aadhaar number", "Enrolment" and "resident" shall have the same meanings respectively assigned to them in clauses (a), (m) and (v) of section 2 of the Aadhaar (Targeted Delivery of Financial and other Subsidies, Benefits and Services) Act, 2016;
- (ii) "Enrolment ID" means a 28 digit Enrolment Identification Number issued to a resident at the time of enrolment.]
- ²[139B. Scheme for submission of returns through Tax Return Preparers.—(1) For the purpose of enabling any specified class or classes of persons in preparing and furnishing returns of income, the Board may, without prejudice to the provisions of section 139, frame a Scheme, by notification in the Official Gazette, providing that such persons may furnish their returns of income through a Tax Return Preparer authorised to act as such under the Scheme.
- (2) Every Tax Return Preparer shall assist the persons furnishing the return of income in such manner as may be specified in the Scheme framed under this section and affix his signature on such return.
 - (3) For the purposes of this section,—
 - (a) "Tax Return Preparer" means any individual, [not being a person referred to in clause (ii) or clause (iii) or clause (iv) of sub-section (2) of section 288 or an employee of the "specified class or classes of persons"], who has been authorised to act as a Tax Return Preparer under the Scheme framed under this section;
 - (b) "specified class or classes of persons" means any person, other than a company or a person, whose accounts are required to be audited under section 44AB or under any other law for the time being in force, who is required to furnish a return of income under this Act.

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^{1.} Ins. by Act 7 of 2017, s. 56 (w.e.f. 1-4-2017).

^{2.} Ins. by Act 21 of 2006, s. 33 (w.e.f. 1-6-2006).

- (4) The Scheme framed by the Board under this section may provide for the following, namely:—
- (a) the manner in which and the period for which the Tax Return Preparers shall be authorised under sub-section (3);
- (b) the educational and other qualifications to be possessed, and the training and other conditions required to be fulfilled, by a person to act as a Tax Return Preparer;
 - (c) the code of conduct for the Tax Return Preparers;
 - (d) the duties and obligations of the Tax Return Preparers;
- (e) the circumstances under which the authorisation given to a Tax Return Preparer may be withdrawn;
- (f) any other matter which is required to be, or may be, specified by the Scheme for the purposes of this section.
- (5) The Scheme framed by the Board under this section shall be laid, as soon as may be after it is framed, before each House of Parliament, while it is in session, for a total period of thirty days which may be comprised in one session or in two or more successive sessions, and if, before the expiry of the session immediately following the session or the successive sessions aforesaid, both Houses agree in making any modification in the Scheme or both Houses agree that the Scheme should not be framed, the Scheme shall thereafter have effect only in such modified form or be of no effect, as the case may be; so, however, that any such modification or annulment shall be without prejudice to the validity of anything previously done under that Scheme.]
- ¹[139C. Power of Board to dispense with furnishing documents, etc., with return.—(1) The Board may make rules providing for a class or classes of persons who may not be required to furnish documents, statements, receipts, certificates, reports of audit or any other documents, which are otherwise under any other provisions of this Act, except section 139D, required to be furnished, along with the return but on demand to be produced before the Assessing Officer.
- (2) Any rule made under the proviso to sub-section (9) of section 139 as it stood immediately before its omission by the Finance Act, 2007 shall be deemed to have been made under the provisions of this section.
 - **139D. Filing of return in electronic form.**—The Board may make rules providing for—
 - (a) the class or classes of persons who shall be required to furnish the return in electronic form;
 - (b) the form and the manner in which the return in electronic form may be furnished;
 - (c) the documents, statements, receipts, certificates or audited reports which may not be furnished along with the return in electronic form but shall be produced before the Assessing Officer on demand;
 - (d) the computer resource or the electronic record to which the return in electronic form may be transmitted.]
- **140. Return by whom to be** ²[**verified**].—The return ³[under section 115WD or section 139] shall be ⁴[verified]—
 - ⁵[(a) in the case of an individual,—
 - (i) by the individual himself;
 - (ii) where he is absent from India, by the individual himself or by some person duly authorised by him in this behalf;

^{1.} Ins. by Act 22 of 2007, s. 45 (w.e.f. 1-6-2006).

^{2.} Subs. by Act 25 of 2014, s. 50, for "signed" (w.e.f. 1-10-2014).

^{3.} Subs. by Act 18 of 2005, s. 42, for "under section 139" (w.e.f. 1-4-2006).

^{4.} Subs. by Act 25 of 2014, s. 50, for "signed and verified" (w.e.f. 1-10-2014).

^{5.} Subs. by Act 4 of 1988, s. 44, for clause (a) (w.e.f. 1-4-1989).

- (iii) where he is mentally incapacitated from attending to his affairs, by his guardian or any other person competent to act on his behalf; and
- (*iv*) where, for any other reason, it is not possible for the individual to ¹[verify] the return, by any person duly authorised by him in this behalf:

Provided that in a case referred to in sub-clause (ii) or sub-clause (iv), the person ²[verifying] the return holds a valid power of attorney from the individual to do so, which shall be attached to the return;]

- (b) in the case of a Hindu undivided family, by the *karta*, and, where the *karta* is absent from India or is mentally incapacitated from attending to his affairs, by any other adult member of such family;
- 3 [(c) in the case of a company, by the managing director thereof, or where for any unavoidable reason such managing director is not able to 4 [verify]the return, or where there is no managing director, by any director thereof:

⁵[Provided that where the company is not resident in India, the return may be verified by a person who holds a valid power of attorney from such company to do so, which shall be attached to the return:

Provided further that,—

- (a) where the company is being wound up, whether under the orders of a court or otherwise, or where any person has been appointed as the receiver of any assets of the company, the return shall be 6 [verified] by the liquidator referred to in sub-section (1) of section 178;
- (b) where the management of the company has been taken over by the Central Government or any State Government under any law, the return of the company shall be 6 [verified] by the principal officer thereof 7 [or];]
- 7 [(c) where in respect of a company, an application for corporate insolvency resolution process has been admitted by the Adjudicating Authority under section 7 or section 9 or section 10 of the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016, the return shall be verified by the insolvency professional appointed by such Adjudicating Authority.

Explanation.—For the purposes of this clause the expressions "insolvency professional" and "Adjudicating Authority" shall have the respective meanings assigned to them in clause (18) of section 3 and clause (1) of section 5 of the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016;]

- (cc) in the case of a firm, by the managing partner thereof, or where for any unavoidable reason such managing partner is not able to ⁴[verify] the return, or where there is no managing partner as such, by any partner thereof, not being a minor;
- $^{8}[(cd)]$ in the case of a limited liability partnership, by the designated partner thereof, or where for any unavoidable reason such designated partner is not able to $^{4}[\text{verify}]$ the return, or where there is no designated partner as such, by any partner thereof;]
 - (d) in the case of a local authority, by the principal officer thereof;]
- $^{9}[(dd)]$ in the case of a political party referred to in sub-section (4B) of section 139, by the chief executive officer of such party (whether such chief executive officer is known as secretary or by any other designation);]

^{1.} Subs. by Act 25 of 2014, s. 50, for "sign" (w.e.f. 1-10-2014).

^{2.} Subs. by s. 50, *ibid.*, for "signing" (w.e.f. 1-10-2014).

^{3.} Subs. by Act 41 of 1975, s. 40, for clauses (c) and (d) (w.e.f. 1-4-1976).

^{4.} Subs. by Act 25 of 2014, s. 50, for "sign and verify" (w.e.f. 1-10-2014).

^{5.} Added by Act 4 of 1988, s. 44 (w.e.f. 1-4-1989).

^{6.} Subs. by Act 25 of 2014, s. 50, for "signed and verified" (w.e.f. 1-10-2014).

^{7.} Ins. by Act 13 of 2018, s. 45 (w.e.f. 1-4-2018).

^{8.} Ins. by Act 33 of 2009, s. 54 (w.e.f. 1-4-2010).

^{9.} Ins. by Act 4 of 1988, s. 44 (w.e.f. 1-4-1989).

- (e) in the case of any other association, by any member of the association or the principal officer thereof; and
- (f) in the case of any other person, by that person or by some person competent to act on his behalf.
- ¹[140A. Self-assessment.—²[(1) Where any tax is payable on the basis of any return required to be furnished under ³[⁴[section 115WD or section 115WH or section 139] or section 142 ⁵[or section 148 or ⁶[section 153A or, as the case may be, section 158BC]]], ⁷[after taking into account,—
 - (i) the amount of tax, if any, already paid under any provision of this Act;
 - (ii) any tax deducted or collected at source;
 - (iii) any relief of tax or deduction of tax claimed under section 90 or section 91 on account of tax paid in a country outside India;
 - (iv) any relief of tax claimed under section 90A on account of tax paid in any specified territory outside India referred to in that section; and
 - (ν) any tax credit claimed to be set off in accordance with the provisions of section 115JAA 8 [or section 115JD],]

⁹[the assessee shall be liable to pay such tax, together with interest ¹⁰[and fee] payable under any provision of this Act for any delay in furnishing the return or any default or delay in payment of advance tax, before furnishing the return and the return shall be accompanied by proof of payment of such tax ¹¹[interestand fee].]]

¹²[Explanation.—Where the amount paid by the assessee under this sub-section falls short of the aggregate of the tax ¹³[interestand fee as aforesaid, the amount so paid shall first be adjusted towards the fee payable and thereafter towards] the interest payable as aforesaid and the balance, if any, shall be adjusted towards the tax payable.]

- $^{14}[^{15}[(1A)]$ For the purposes of sub-section (1), interest payable,—
- 16 [(i) under section 234A shall be computed on the amount of the tax on the total income as declared in the return as reduced by the amount of,—
 - (a) advance tax, if any, paid;
 - (b) any tax deducted or collected at source;
 - (c) any relief of tax or deduction of tax claimed under section 90 or section 91 on account of tax paid in a country outside India;

^{1.} Subs. by Act 42 of 1970, s. 27, for section 140A (w.e.f. 1-4-1971). Earlier section 140A was inserted by Act 5 of 1964, s. 34 (w.e.f. 1-4-1964).

^{2.} Subs. by Act 41 of 1975, s. 41, for sub-section (*I*) (w.e.f. 1-4-1976).

^{3.} Subs. by Act 49 of 1991, s. 45, for "section 139 or section 148" (w.e.f. 27-9-1991).

^{4.} Subs. by Act 18 of 2005, s. 43, for "section 139" (w.e.f. 1-4-2006).

^{5.} Subs. by Act 27 of 1999, s. 63, for "or, as the case may be, section 148" (w.e.f. 1-6-1999).

^{6.} Subs. by Act 32 of 2003, s. 63, for "as the case may be, section 158BC" (w.e.f. 1-6-2003).

^{7.} Subs. by Act 21 of 2006, s. 34, for "after taking into account the amount of tax, if any, already paid under any provision of this Act" (w.e.f. 1-4-2007).

^{8.} Ins. by Act 23 of 2012, s. 60 (w.e.f. 1-4-2013).

^{9.} Subs. by Act 4 of 1988, s. 45, for "the assessee shall be liable to pay such tax before furnishing the return and the return shall be accompanied by proof of payment of such tax" (w.e.f. 1-4-1989).

^{10.} Ins. by Act 7 of 2017, s. 57 (w.e.f. 1-4-2018).

^{11.} Subs. by Act 7 of 2017, s. 57, for "and interest" (w.e.f. 1-4-2018).

^{12.} Ins. by Act 4 of 1988, s. 45 (w.e.f. 1-4-1989).

^{13.} Subs. by Act 7 of 2017, s. 57, for "and interest as aforesaid, the amount so paid shall first be adjusted towards" (w.e.f. 1-4-2018).

^{14.} Ins. by Act 14 of 2001, s. 61 (w.r.e.f. 1-4-1989).

^{15.} Subs. by Act 18 of 2005, s. 43, for sub-section (IA) (w.e.f. 1-4-2006). Earlier

^{16.} Subs. by Act 21 of 2006, s. 34, for clause (i) (w.e.f. 1-4-2007).

- (d) any relief of tax claimed under section 90A on account of tax paid in any specified territory outside India referred to in that section; and
- (e) any tax credit claimed to be set off in accordance with the provisions of section 115JAA [or section 115JD];
- (ii) under section 115WK shall be computed on the amount of tax on the value of the fringe benefits as declared in the return as reduced by the advance tax, paid, if any.]
- (1B) For the purposes of sub-section (1), interest payable under section 234B shall be computed on an amount equal to the assessed tax or, as the case may be, on the amount by which the advance tax paid falls short of the assessed tax.
- ²[Explanation.—For the purposes of this sub-section, "assessed tax" means the tax on the total income as declared in the return as reduced by the amount of,—
 - (i) tax deducted or collected at source, in accordance with the provisions of Chapter XVII, on any income which is subject to such deduction or collection and which is taken into account in computing such total income;
 - (ii) any relief of tax or deduction of tax claimed under section 90 or section 91 on account of tax paid in a country outside India;
 - (iii) any relief of tax claimed under section 90A on account of tax paid in any specified territory outside India referred to in that section; and
 - (iv) any tax credit claimed to be set off in accordance with the provisions of section 115JAA ¹[or section 115JD].]]
- (2) After a regular assessment under ³[section 115WE or section 115WF or section 143] or section 144 ⁴[or ⁵[an assessment under section 153A or section 158BC]] has been made, any amount paid under sub-section (1) shall be deemed to have been paid towards such regular assessment ⁴[or assessment, as the case may be].
- ⁶[(3) If any assessee fails to pay the whole or any part of such tax or interest or both in accordance with the provisions of sub-section (1), he shall, without prejudice to any other consequences which he may incur, be deemed to be an assessee in default in respect of the tax or interest or both remaining unpaid, and all the provisions of this Act shall apply accordingly.]]
- ⁷[(4) The provisions of this section as they stood immediately before their amendment by the Direct Tax Laws (Amendment) Act, 1987 (4 of 1988), shall apply to and in relation to any assessment for the assessment year commencing on the 1st day of April, 1988, or any earlier assessment year and references in this section to the other provisions of this Act shall be construed as references to those provisions as for the time being in force and applicable to the relevant assessment year.]
- **141.** [Provisional assessment.]—*Omitted by the Taxation Laws (Amendment) Act,* 1970, s. 28 (w.e.f. 1-4-1971).
- **141A.** [Provisional assessment for refund.]—Omitted by the Direct Tax Laws (Amendment) Act, 1987, (w.e.f. 1-4-1989). Earlier section 141A was inserted by the Finance Act, 1968, s. 11 (w.e.f. 1-4-1968). Original section was inserted by the Finance Act, 1963, s. 9 (w.e.f. 1-4-1963) and omitted by the Finance Act, 1964, s. 35 (w.e.f. 1-4-1964).

^{1.} Ins. by Act 23 of 2012, s. 60 (w.e.f. 1-4-2013).

^{2.} Subs. by Act 21 of 2006, s. 34, for the Explanation (w.e.f. 1-4-2007).

^{3.} Subs. by Act 18 of 2005, s. 43, for "section 143" (w.e.f. 1-4-2006).

^{4.} Ins. by Act 27 of 1999, s. 63 (w.e.f. 1-6-1999).

^{5.} Subs. by Act 32 of 2003, s. 63 (w.e.f. 1-6-2003).

^{6.} Subs. by Act 4 of 1988, s. 45, for sub-section (3) (w.e.f. 1-4-1989).

^{7.} Ins. by Act 36 of 1989, s. 14 (w.e.f. 1-4-1989).

- **142. Inquiry before assessment.**—(1) For the purpose of making an assessment under this Act, the ¹[Assessing Officer] may serve on any person who has made a return ²[under section 115WD or section 139 ³[or in whose case the time allowed under sub-section (1) of section 139] for furnishing the return has expired] a notice requiring him, on a date to be therein specified,—
 - ⁴[(*i*) where such person has not made a return ⁵[⁶[within the time allowed under sub-section (*I*) of section 139] or before the end of the relevant assessment year], to furnish a return of his income or the income of any other person in respect of which he is assessable under this Act, in the prescribed form and verified in the prescribed mannerand setting forth such other particulars as may be prescribed, or:]

⁷[Provided that where any notice has been served under this sub-section for the purposes of this clause after the end of the relevant assessment year commencing on or after the 1st day of April, 1990 to a person who has not made a return within the time allowed under sub-section (1) of section 139 or before the end of the relevant assessment year, any such notice issued to him shall be deemed to have been served in accordance with the provisions of this sub-section,]

 $^{8}[(ii)]$ to produce, or cause to be produced, such accounts or documents as the $^{1}[Assessing Officer]$ may require, or

⁸[(*iii*)] to furnish in writing and verified in the prescribed manner information in such form and on such points or matters (including a statement of all assets and liabilities of the assessee, whether included in the accounts or not) as the ¹[Assessing Officer] may require:

Provided that—

- (a) the previous approval of the ⁹[Joint Commissioner] shall be obtained before requiring the assessee to furnish a statement of all assets and liabilities not included in the accounts;
- (b) the ¹[Assessing Officer] shall not require the production of any accounts relating to a period more than three years prior to the previous year.
- (2) For the purpose of obtaining full information in respect of the income or loss of any person, the ¹[Assessing Officer] may make such inquiry as he considers necessary.

¹⁰[(2A)If, at any stage of the proceedings before him, the ¹[Assessing Officer], having regard to ¹¹[the nature and complexity of the accounts, volume of the accounts, doubts about the correctness of the accounts, multiplicity of transactions in the accounts or specialised nature of business activity of the assessee, and] the interests of the revenue, is of the opinion that it is necessary so to do, he may, with the previous approval of the ¹²[Principal Chief Commissioner or Chief Commissioner] or ¹³[Principal Commissioner or Commissioner], direct the assessee to get the accounts audited by an accountant, as

^{1.} Subs. by Act 4 of 1988, s. 2, for "Income-tax Officer" (w.e.f. 1-4-1988).

^{2.} Subs. by Act 18 of 2005, s. 44, for "under section 139 or in whose case the time allowed under sub-section (1) of that section" (w.e.f. 1-4-2006).

^{3.} Subs. by Act 4 of 1988, s. 47, for "or to whom a notice has been issued under sub-section (2) of section 139 (whether a return has been made or not)" (w.e.f. 1-4-1989).

^{4.} Ins. by s. 47, *ibid* (w.e.f. 1-4-1989).

^{5.} Subs. by Act 12 of 1990, s. 36, for "before the end of the relevant assessment year" (w.e.f. 1-4-1990).

^{6.} Subs. by Act 21 of 2006, s. 35, for "within the time allowed under sub-section (1) of section 139" (w.e.f. 1-4-2006)

^{7.} Ins. by, s. 35, *ibid*. (w.e.f. 1-4-1990).

^{8.} Clauses (i) and (ii) renumbered as clauses (ii) and (iii) thereof by Act 4 of 1988, s. 47 (w.e.f. 1-4-1989).

^{9.} Subs. by Act 21 of 1998, s. 3, for "Deputy Commissioner" (w.e.f. 1-10-1998). Earlier substituted as "Deputy Commissioner" for "Inspecting Assistant Commissioner" by Act 4 of 1988, s. 2 (w.e.f. 1-4-1988).

^{10.} Ins. by Act 41 of 1975, s. 43 (w.e.f. 1-4-1976).

^{11.} Subs. by Act 17 of 2013, s. 37, for "the nature and complexity of the accounts of the assessee and" (w.e.f. 1-6-2013).

^{12.} Subs. by Act 25 of 2014, s. 4, for "Chief Commissioner" (w.e.f. 1-6-2013). Earlier substituted as Chief Commissioner or Commissioner" for "Commissioner" by Act 4 of 1988, s. 2 (w.e.f. 1-4-1988).

^{13.} Subs. by s. 4, *ibid.*, for "Commissioner" (w.e.f. 1-6-2013).

defined in the *Explanation* below sub-section (2) of section 288, nominated by the ¹[Principal Chief Commissioner or Chief Commissioner] or ²[Principal Commissioner or Commissioner] in this behalf and to furnish a report of such audit in the prescribed formduly signed and verified by such accountant and setting forth such particulars as may be prescribed and such other particulars as the ³[Assessing Officer] may require:

⁴[Provided that the Assessing Officer shall not direct the assessee to get the accounts so audited unless the assessee has been given a reasonable opportunity of being heard.]

- (2B) The provisions of sub-section (2A) shall have effect notwithstanding that the accounts of the assessee have been audited under any other law for the time being in force or otherwise.
- (2C) Every report under sub-section (2A) shall be furnished by the assessee to the ³[Assessing Officer] within such period as may be specified by the ³[Assessing Officer]:

Provided that the ³[Assessing Officer] may, ⁵[suomotu, oron an application] made in this behalf by the assessee and for any good and sufficient reason, extend the said period by such further period or periods as he thinks fit; so, however, that the aggregate of the period originally fixed and the period or periods so extended shall not, in any case, exceed one hundred and eighty days from the date on which the direction under sub-section (2A) is received by the assessee.

(2D) The expenses of, and incidental to, any audit under sub-section (2A) (including the remuneration of the accountant) shall be determined by the ¹[Principal Chief Commissioner or Chief Commissioner] or ²[Principal Commissioner or Commissioner] (which determination shall be final) and paid by the assessee and in default of such payment, shall be recoverable from the assessee in the manner provided in Chapter XVIID for the recovery of arrears of tax:]

⁴[Provided that where any direction for audit under sub-section (2A) is issued by the Assessing Officer on or after the 1st day of June, 2007, the expenses of, and incidental to, such audit (including the remuneration of the Accountant) shall be determined by the ¹[Principal Chief Commissioner or Chief Commissioner] or ²[Principal Commissioner or Commissioner] in accordance with such guidelines as may be prescribed and the expenses so determined shall be paid by the Central Government.]

(3) The assessee shall, except where the assessment is made under section 144, be given an opportunity of being heard in respect of any material gathered on the basis of any inquiry under sub-section (2) 6 [or any audit under sub-section (2A)] and proposed to be utilised for the purposes of the assessment.

⁷[(4) The provisions of this section as they stood immediately before their amendment by the Direct Tax Laws (Amendment) Act, 1987 (4 of 1988), shall apply to and in relation to any assessment for the assessment year commencing on the 1st day of April, 1988, or any earlier assessment year and references in this section to the other provisions of this Act shall be construed as references to those provisions as for the time being in force and applicable to the relevant assessment year.]

^{1.} Subs. by Act 25 of 2014, s. 4, for "Chief Commissioner" (w.e.f. 1-6-2013). Earlier substituted as Chief Commissioner or Commissioner" for "Commissioner" by Act 4 of 1988, s. 2 (w.e.f. 1-4-1988).

^{2.} Subs. by s. 4, *ibid.*, for "Commissioner" (w.e.f. 1-6-2013).

^{3.} Subs. by Act 4 of 1988, s. 2, for "Income-tax Officer" (w.e.f. 1-4-1988).

^{4.} Ins. by Act 22 of 2007, s. 46 (w.e.f. 1-6-2007).

^{5.} Subs. by Act 18 of 2008, s. 31, for "on an application" (w.e.f. 1-4-2008).

^{6.} Ins. by Act 41 of 1975, s. 43 (w.e.f. 1-4-1976).

^{7.} Ins. by Act 36 of 1989, s. 15 (w.e.f. 1-4-1989).

- ¹[142A. Estimation of value of assets by Valuation Officer.—(1) The Assessing Officermay, for the purposes of assessment or reassessment, make a reference to a Valuation Officer to estimate the value, including fair market value, of any asset, property or investment and submit a copy of report to him.
- (2) The Assessing Officer may make a reference to the Valuation Officer under sub-section (1) whether or not he is satisfied about the correctness or completeness of the accounts of the assessee.
- (3) The Valuation Officer, on a reference made under sub-section (1), shall, for the purpose of estimating the value of the asset, property or investment, have all the powers that he has under section 38A of the Wealth-tax Act, 1957 (27 of 1957).
- (4) The Valuation Officer shall, estimate the value of the asset, property or investment after taking into account such evidence as the assessee may produce and any other evidence in his possession gathered, after giving an opportunity of being heard to the assessee.
- (5) The Valuation Officer may estimate the value of the asset, property or investment to the best of his judgment, if the assessee does not co-operate or comply with his directions.
- (6) The Valuation Officer shall send a copy of the report of the estimate made under sub-section (4) or sub-section (5), as the case may be, to the Assessing Officer and the assessee, within a period of six months from the end of the month in which a reference is made under sub-section (1).
- (7) The Assessing Officer may, on receipt of the report from the Valuation Officer, and after giving the assessee an opportunity of being heard, take into account such report in making the assessment or reassessment.

Explanation.—In this section, "Valuation Officer" has the same meaning as in clause (*r*) of section 2 of the Wealth-tax Act, 1957 (27 of 1957).]

- 2 [143. Assessment.— 3 [(1) Where a return has been made under section 139, or in response to a notice under sub-section (1) of section 142, such return shall be processed in the following manner, namely:—
 - (a) the total income or loss shall be computed after making the following adjustments, namely:—
 - (i) any arithmetical error in the return; 4***
 - (ii) an incorrect claim, if such incorrect claim is apparent from any information in the return;
 - ⁵[(*iii*) disallowance of loss claimed, if return of the previous year for which set off of loss is claimed was furnished beyond the due date specified under sub-section (1) of section 139;
 - (iv) disallowance of expenditure indicated in the audit report but not taken into account in computing the total income in the return;
 - (v) disallowance of deduction claimed under sections 10AA, 80-IA, 80-IAB, 80-IB, 80-IC, 80-ID or section 80-IE, if the return is furnished beyond the due date specified under sub-section (1) of section 139; or
 - (vi) addition of income appearing in Form 26AS or Form 16A or Form 16 which has not been included in computing the total income in the return:

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^{1.} Subs by Act 25 of 2014, s. 51, for section 142A (w.e.f. 1-10-2014).

^{2.} Subs. by Act 4 of 1988, s. 48, for section 143 (w.e.f 1-4-1989).

^{3.} Subs. by Act 18 of 2008, s. 32, for sub-section (1) (w.e.f. 1-4-2008).

^{4.} The word "or" omitted by Act 28 of 2016, s. 68 (w.e.f. 1-4-2017).

^{5.} Ins. by s. 68, *ibid*. (w.e.f. 1-4-2017).

Provided that no such adjustments shall be made unless an intimation is given to the assessee of such adjustments either in writing or in electronic mode:

Provided further that the response received from the assessee, if any, shall be considered before making any adjustment, and in a case where no response is received within thirty days of the issue of such intimation, such adjustments shall be made;]

¹[Provided also that no adjustment shall be made under sub-clause (*vi*) in relation to a return furnished for the assessment year commencing on or after the 1st day of April, 2018;]

- (b) the tax ²[, interest and fee], if any, shall be computed on the basis of the total income computed under clause (a);
- (c) the sum payable by, or the amount of refund due to, the assessee shall be determined after adjustment of the tax ²[, interest and fee], if any, computed under clause (b) by any tax deducted at source, any tax collected at source, any advance tax paid, any relief allowable under an agreement under section 90 or section 90A, or any relief allowable under section 91, any rebate allowable under Part A of Chapter VIII, any tax paid on self-assessment and any amount paid otherwise by way of tax ³[, interest or fee];
- (d) an intimation shall be prepared or generated and sent to the assessee specifying the sum determined to be payable by, or the amount of refund due to, the assessee under clause (c); and
- (e) the amount of refund due to the assessee in pursuance of the determination under clause (c) shall be granted to the assessee:

Provided that an intimation shall also be sent to the assessee in a case where the loss declared in the return by the assessee is adjusted but no tax ³[, interest or fee] is payable by, or no refund is due to, him:

Provided further that no intimation under this sub-section shall be sent after the expiry of one year from the end of the financial year in which the return is made.

Explanation.—For the purposes of this sub-section,—

- (a) "an incorrect claim apparent from any information in the return" shall mean a claim, on the basis of an entry, in the return,—
 - (i) of an item, which is inconsistent with another entry of the same or some other item in such return;
 - (ii) in respect of which the information required to be furnished under this Act to substantiate such entry has not been so furnished; or
 - (iii) in respect of a deduction, where such deduction exceeds specified statutory limit which may have been expressed as monetary amount or percentage or ratio or fraction;
- (b) the acknowledgement of the return shall be deemed to be the intimation in a case where no sum is payable by, or refundable to, the assessee under clause (c), and where no adjustment has been made under clause (a).
- (1A) For the purposes of processing of returns under sub-section (1), the Board may make a scheme for centralised processing of returns with a view to expeditiously determining the tax payable by, or the refund due to, the assessee as required under the said sub-section.
- (1B) Save as otherwise expressly provided, for the purpose of giving effect to the scheme made under sub-section (1A), the Central Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette, direct that any of the provisions of this Act relating to processing of returns shall not apply or shall apply with such exceptions, modifications and adaptations as may be specified in that notification; so, however, that no direction shall be issued after ⁴[the 31st day of March, 2012].

^{1.} Ins. by Act 13 of 2018, s. 46 (w.e.f. 1-4-2018).

^{2.} Subs. by Act 7 of 2017, s. 58, for "and interest" (w.e.f. 1-4-2018).

^{3.} Subs. by s. 58, *ibid.*, for "or interest" (w.e.f. 1-4-2018).

^{4.} Subs. by Act 8 of 2011, s. 25, for "the 31st day March, 2011" (w.e.f. 1-4-2011).

- (1C) Every notification issued under sub-section (1B), along with the scheme made under sub-section (1A), shall, as soon as may be after the notification is issued, be laid before each House of Parliament.]
- $^{1}[(1D)]$ Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-section (1), the processing of a return shall not be necessary, where a notice has been issued to the assessee under sub-section (2):

Provided that the provisions of this sub-section shall not apply to any return furnished for the assessment year commencing on or after the 1st day of April, 2017.]

²[(2) Where a return has been furnished under section 139, or in response to a notice under sub-section (1) of section 142, the Assessing Officer or the prescribed income-tax authority, as the case may be, if, considers it necessary or expedient to ensure that the assessee has not understated the income or has not computed excessive loss or has not under-paid the tax in any manner, shall serve on the assessee a notice requiring him, on a date to be specified therein, either to attend the office of the Assessing Officer or to produce, or cause to be produced before the Assessing Officer any evidence on which the assessee may rely in support of the return:

Provided that no notice under this sub-section shall be served on the assessee after the expiry of six months from the end of the financial year in which the return is furnished.]

³[(3)] ⁴[On the day specified in the notice issued under] sub-section (2), or as soon afterwards as may be, after hearing such evidence as the assessee may produce and such other evidence as the Assessing Officer may require on specified points, and after taking into account all relevant material which he has gathered, the Assessing Officer shall, by an order in writing, make an assessment of the total income or loss of the assessee, and determine the sum payable by him or refund of any amount due to him on the basis of such assessment.]

⁵[Provided that in the case of a—

- (a) ⁶[research association] referred to in clause (21) of section 10;
- (b) news agency referred to in clause (22B) of section 10;
- (c) association or institution referred to in clause (23A) of section 10;
- (d) institution referred to in clause (23B) of section 10;
- (e) fund or institution referred to in sub-clause (iv) or trust or institution referred to in sub-clause (v) or any university or other educational institution referred to in sub-clause (vi) or any hospital or other medical institution referred to in sub-clause (via) of clause (23C) of section 10,

which is required to furnish the return of income under sub-section (4C) of section 139, no order making an assessment of the total income or loss of such ⁶[research association], news agency, association or institution or fund or trust or university or other educational institution or any hospital or other medical institution, shall be made by the Assessing Officer, without giving effect to the provisions of section 10, unless—

(i) the Assessing Officer has intimated the Central Government or the prescribed authority the contravention of the provisions of clause (21) or clause (22B) or clause (23A) or clause (23B) or sub-clause (iv) or sub-clause (v) or sub-clause (v) or sub-clause (v) of clause (v) of section 10, as the case may be, by such ⁶[research association], news agency, association or institution or fund or trust or university or other educational institution or any hospital or other medical institution, where in his view such contravention has taken place; and

^{1.} Subs. by Act 7 of 2017, s. 58, for sub-section (*ID*) (w.e.f. 1-4-2018).

^{2.} Subs. by Act 28 of 2016, s. 68, for sub-section (2) (w.e.f. 1-6-2016).

^{3.} Subs. by Act 20 of 2002, s. 60, for sub-section (3) (w.e.f. 1-6-2002).

^{4.} Subs. by Act 7 of 2017, s. 58, for certain words (w.e.f. 1-6-2016).

^{5.} Ins. by Act 20 of 2002, s. 60 (w.e.f. 1-4-2003).

^{6.} Subs. by Act 14 of 2010, s. 34, for "scientific research association" (w.e.f. 1-4-2011).

(ii) the approval granted to such ¹[research association] or other association ²[or fund or trust] or institution or university or other educational institution or hospital or other medical institution has been withdrawn or notification issued in respect of such news agency or fund or trust or institution has been rescinded:]

³[Provided further that where the Assessing Officer is satisfied that the activities of the university, college or other institution referred to in clause (*ii*) and clause (*iii*) of sub-section (*I*) of section 35 are not being carried out in accordance with all or any of the conditions subject to which such university, college or other institution was approved, he may, after giving a reasonable opportunity of showing cause against the proposed withdrawal to the concerned university, college or other institution, recommend to the Central Government to withdraw the approval and that Government may by order, withdraw the approval and forward a copy of the order to the concerned university, college or other institution and the Assessing Officer:]

⁴[Provided also that notwithstanding anything contained in the first and the second provisos, no effect shall be given by the Assessing Officer to the provisions of clause (23C) of section 10 in the case of a trust or institution for a previous year, if the provisions of the first proviso to clause (15) of section 2 become applicable in the case of such person in such previous year, whether or not the approval granted to such trust or institution or notification issued in respect of such trust or institution has been withdrawn or rescinded.]

- ⁵[(3A) The Central Government may make a scheme, by notification in the Official Gazette, for the purposes of making assessment of total income or loss of the assessee under sub-section (3) so as to impart greater efficiency, transparency and accountability by—
 - (a) eliminating the interface between the Assessing Officer and the assessee in the course of proceedings to the extent technologically feasible;
 - (b) optimising utilisation of the resources through economies of scale and functional specialisation;
 - (c) introducing a team-based assessment with dynamic jurisdiction.
- (3B) The Central Government may, for the purpose of giving effect to the scheme made under subsection (3A), by notification in the Official Gazette, direct that any of the provisions of this Act relating to assessment of total income or loss shall not apply or shall apply with such exceptions, modifications and adaptations as may be specified in the notification: Provided that no direction shall be issued after the 31st day of March, 2020.
- (3C) Every notification issued under sub-section (3A) and sub-section (3B) shall, as soon as may be after the notification is issued, be laid before each House of Parliament.]
 - ⁶[(4) Where a regular assessment under sub-section (3) of this section or section 144 is made,—
 - (a) any tax or interest paid by the assessee under sub-section (1) shall be deemed to have been paid towards such regular assessment;
 - (b) if no refund is due on regular assessment or the amount refunded under sub-section (1) exceeds the amount refundable on regular assessment, the whole or the excess amount so refunded shall be deemed to be tax payable by the assessee and the provisions of this Act shall apply accordingly.

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^{1.} Subs. by Act 14 of 2010, s. 34, for "scientific research association" (w.e.f. 1-4-2011).

^{2.} Ins. by Act 22 of 2007, s. 47 (w.e.f. 1-6-2007).

^{3.} Ins. by Act 29 of 2006, s. 13 (w.e.f. 1-4-2006).

^{4.} Ins. by Act 23 of 2012 s. 61 (w.e.f. 1-4-2009).

^{5.} Ins. by Act 13 of 2018, s. 46 (w.e.f. 1-4-2018).

^{6.} Ins. by Act 36 of 1989, s. 16 (w.e.f. 1-4-1989).

^{7.} Sub-section (5) omitted by Act 27 of 1999, s. 64 (w.e.f. 1-6-1999).

^{8.} The Explanation omitted by s. 64, ibid (w.e.f. 1-6-1999).

144. Best judgment assessment.—[(1)] If any person—

- (a) fails to make the return required ²[under sub-section (1) of section 139] and has not made a return or a revised return under sub-section (4) or sub-section (5) of that section, or
- (b) fails to comply with all the terms of a notice issued under sub-section (1) of section 142 3 [or fails to comply with a direction issued under sub-section (2A) of that section], or
- (c) having made a return, fails to comply with all the terms of a notice issued under sub-section (2) of section 143,

the ⁴[Assessing Officer], after taking into account all relevant material which the ⁴[Assessing Officer] has gathered, ⁵[shall, after giving the assessee an opportunity of being heard, make the assessment] of the total income or loss to the best of his judgment and determine the sum payable by the assesse ⁶*** on the basis of such assessment:

⁷[Provided that such opportunity shall be given by the Assessing Officer by serving a notice calling upon the assessee to show cause, on a date and time to be specified in the notice, why the assessment should not be completed to the best of his judgment:

Provided further that it shall not be necessary to give such opportunity in a case where a notice under sub-section (1) of section 142 has been issued prior to the making of an assessment under this section.]

⁸[(2) The provisions of this section as they stood immediately before their amendment by the Direct Tax Laws (Amendment) Act, 1987 (4 of 1988), shall apply to and in relation to any assessment for the assessment year commencing on the 1st day of April, 1988, or any earlier assessment year and references in this section to the other provisions of this Act shall be construed as references to those provisions as for the time being in force and applicable to the relevant assessment year.]

⁹[144A. Power of ¹⁰[Joint Commissioner] to issue directions in certain cases.—¹¹*** A ¹⁰[Joint Commissioner] may, on his own motion or on a reference being made to him by the ⁴[Assessing Officer] or on the application of an assessee, call for and examine the record of any proceeding in which an assessment is pending and, if he considers that, having regard to the nature of the case or the amount involved or for any other reason, it is necessary or expedient so to do, he may issue such directions as he thinks fit for the guidance of the ⁴[Assessing Officer] to enable him to complete the assessment and such directions shall be binding on the ⁴[Assessing Officer]:

Provided that no directions which are prejudicial to the assessee shall be issued before an opportunity is given to the assessee to be heard.

Explanation.—For the purposes of this ¹²[section] no direction as to the lines on which an investigation connected with the assessment should be made, shall be deemed to be a direction prejudicial to the assessee.

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8. Ins. by Act 36 of 1989, s. 17 (w.e.f. 1-4-1989).

^{1.} Section 144 renumbered as sub-section (1) thereof by Act 36 of 1989, s. 17 (w.e.f. 1-4-1989).

^{2.} Subs. by Act 4 of 1988, s. 49, for "by any notice given under sub-section (2) of section 139" (w.e.f. 1-4-1989).

^{3.} Ins. by Act 41 of 1975, s. 44 (w.e.f. 1-4-1976).

^{4.} Subs. by Act 4 of 1988, s. 2, for "Income-tax Officer" (w.e.f. 1-4-1988).

^{5.} Subs. by s. 49, *ibid.*, for "shall make the assessment" (w.e.f. 1-4-1989).

^{6.} The words "or refundable to the assess" omitted by s. 49, ibid. (w.e.f. 1-4-1989).

^{7.} Ins. by s. 49, *ibid.*, (w.e.f. 1-4-1989).

^{9.} Ins. by Act 41 of 1975, s. 45 (w.e.f. 1-4-1976).

^{10.} Subs. by Act 21 of 1998, s. 3, for "Deputy Commissioner" (w.e.f.1-10-1998). Earlier the quoted words were substituted by Act 4 of 1988, s. 2, for "Inspecting Assistant Commissioner" (w.e.f. 1-4-1988).

^{11.} The brackets and figures "(1)" omitted by Act 4 of 1988, s. 126 (w.e.f. 1-4-1989).

^{12.} Subs. by Act 3 of 1989, s. 22, for "sub-section" (w.e.f. 1-4-1989).

^{13.} Sub-section (2) omitted by Act 4 of 1988, s. 50 (w.e.f. 1-4-1989).

- [**144B. Reference to Deputy Commissioner in certain cases**].—Omitted by the Direct Tax Laws (Amendment) Act, 1987 (4 of 1988), s. 51 (w.e.f. 1-4-1989).]]
- ¹[144BA. Reference to ²[Principal Commissioner or Commissioner] in certain cases.—(1) If, the Assessing Officer, at any stage of the assessment or reassessment proceedings before him having regard to the material and evidence available, considers that it is necessary to declare an arrangement as an impermissible avoidance arrangement and to determine the consequence of such an arrangement within the meaning of Chapter X-A, then, he may make a reference to the ²[Principal Commissioner or Commissioner] in this regard.
- (2) The ²[Principal Commissioner or Commissioner] shall, on receipt of a reference under sub-section (1), if he is of the opinion that the provisions of Chapter X-A are required to be invoked, issue a notice to the assessee, setting out the reasons and basis of such opinion, for submitting objections, if any, and providing an opportunity of being heard to the assessee within such period, not exceeding sixty days, as may be specified in the notice.
- (3) If the assessee does not furnish any objection to the notice within the time specified in the notice issued under sub-section (2), the ²[Principal Commissioner or Commissioner] shall issue such directions as he deems fit in respect of declaration of the arrangement to be an impermissible avoidance arrangement.
- (4) In case the assessee objects to the proposed action, and the ²[Principal Commissioner or Commissioner] after hearing the assessee in the matter is not satisfied by the explanation of the assessee, then, he shall make a reference in the matter to the Approving Panel for the purpose of declaration of the arrangement as an impermissible avoidance arrangement.
- (5) If the ²[Principal Commissioner or Commissioner] is satisfied, after having heard the assessee that the provisions of Chapter X-A are not to be invoked, he shall by an order in writing, communicate the same to the Assessing Officer with a copy to the assessee.
- (6) The Approving Panel, on receipt of a reference from the ²[Principal Commissioner or Commissioner] under sub-section (4), shall issue such directions, as it deems fit, in respect of the declaration of the arrangement as an impermissible avoidance arrangement in accordance with the provisions of Chapter X-A including specifying of the previous year or years to which such declaration of an arrangement as an impermissible avoidance arrangement shall apply.
- (7) No direction under sub-section (6) shall be issued unless an opportunity of being heard is given to the assessee and the Assessing Officer on such directions which are prejudicial to the interest of the assessee or the interests of the revenue, as the case may be.
 - (8) The Approving Panel may, before issuing any direction under sub-section (6),—
 - (*i*) if it is of the opinion that any further inquiry in the matter is necessary, direct the ²[Principal Commissioner or Commissioner] to make such inquiry or cause the inquiry to be made by any other income-tax authority and furnish a report containing the result of such inquiry to it; or
 - (ii) call for and examine such records relating to the matter as it deems fit; or
 - (iii) require the assessee to furnish such documents and evidence as it may direct.
- (9) If the members of the Approving Panel differ in opinion on any point, such point shall be decided according to the opinion of the majority of the members.
- (10) The Assessing Officer, on receipt of directions of the 2 [Principal Commissioner or Commissioner] under sub-section (3) or of the Approving Panel under sub-section (6), shall proceed to complete the proceedings referred to in sub-section (1) in accordance with such directions and the provisions of Chapter X-A.

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^{1.} Ins. by Act 17 of 2013, s. 39 (w.e.f. 1-4-2016). Earlier s. 144BA omitted by Act 17 of 2013, s. 38 (w.e.f. 1-4-2014) which was inserted by Act 23 of 2012, s. 62 (w.e.f. 1-4-2014).

^{2.} Subs. by Act 25 of 2014, s. 4, for "Commissioner" (w.e.f. 1-6-2013).

- (11) If any direction issued under sub-section (6) specifies that declaration of the arrangement as impermissible avoidance arrangement is applicable for any previous year other than the previous year to which the proceedings referred to in sub-section (1) pertains, then, the Assessing Officer while completing any assessment or reassessment proceedings of the assessment year relevant to such other previous year shall do so in accordance with such directions and the provisions of Chapter XA and it shall not be necessary for him to seek fresh direction on the issue for the relevant assessment year.
- (12) No order of assessment or reassessment shall be passed by the Assessing Officer without the prior approval of the ¹[Principal Commissioner or Commissioner], if any tax consequences have been determined in the order under the provisions of Chapter X-A.
- (13) The Approving Panel shall issue directions under sub-section (6) within a period of six months from the end of the month in which the reference under sub-section (4) was received.
 - (14) The directions issued by the Approving Panel under sub-section (6) shall be binding on—
 - (i) theassessee; and
 - (ii) the ¹[Principal Commissioner or Commissioner] and the income-tax authorities subordinate to him.

and notwithstanding anything contained in any other provision of the Act, no appeal under the Act shall lie against such directions.

- (15) The Central Government shall, for the purposes of this section, constitute one or more Approving Panels as may be necessary and each panel shall consist of three members including a Chairperson.
- (16) The Chairperson of the Approving Panel shall be a person who is or has been a judge of a High Court, and—
 - (i) one member shall be a member of Indian Revenue Service not below the rank of 2 [Principal Chief Commissioner or Chief Commissioner] of Income-tax; and
 - (ii) one member shall be an academic or scholar having special knowledge of matters, such as direct taxes, business accounts and international trade practices.
- (17) The term of the Approving Panel shall ordinarily be for one year and may be extended from time to time up to a period of three years.
- (18) The Chairperson and members of the Approving Panel shall meet, as and when required, to consider the references made to the panel and shall be paid such remuneration as may be prescribed.
- (19) In addition to the powers conferred on the Approving Panel under this section, it shall have the powers which are vested in the Authority for Advance Rulings under section 245U.
- (20) The Board shall provide to the Approving Panel such officials as may be necessary for the efficient exercise of powers and discharge of functions of the Approving Panel under the Act.
- (21) The Board may make rules for the purposes of the constitution and efficient functioning of the Approving Panel and expeditious disposal of the references received under sub-section (4).

Explanation.—In computing the period referred to in sub-section (13), the following shall be excluded—

(*i*) the period commencing from the date on which the first direction is issued by the Approving Panel to the ¹[Principal Commissioner or Commissioner] for getting the inquiries conducted through the authority competent under an agreement referred to in section 90 or section 90A and ending with the date on which the information so requested is last received by the Approving Panel or one year, whichever is less;

^{1.} Subs. by Act 25 of 2014, s. 4, for "Commissioner" (w.e.f. 1-6-2013).

^{2.} Subs. by s. 4, *ibid.*, for "Chief Commissioner" (w.e.f. 1-6-2013).

(ii) the period during which the proceeding of the Approving Panel is stayed by an order or injunction of any court:

Provided that where immediately after the exclusion of the aforesaid time or period, the period available to the Approving Panel for issue of directions is less than sixty days, such remaining period shall be extended to sixty days and the aforesaid period of six months shall be deemed to have been extended accordingly.]

- ¹[144C. Reference to dispute resolution panel.—(1) The Assessing Officer shall, notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in this Act, in the first instance, forward a draft of the proposed order of assessment (hereafter in this section referred to as the draft order) to the eligible assessee if he proposes to make, on or after the 1st day of October, 2009, any variation in the income or loss returned which is prejudicial to the interest of such assessee.
- (2) On receipt of the draft order, the eligible assessee shall, within thirty days of the receipt by him of the draft order,—
 - (a) file his acceptance of the variations to the Assessing Officer; or
 - (b) file his objections, if any, to such variation with,—
 - (i) the Dispute Resolution Panel; and
 - (ii) the Assessing Officer.
 - (3) The Assessing Officer shall complete the assessment on the basis of the draft order, if—
 - (a) theassessee intimates to the Assessing Officer the acceptance of the variation; or
 - (b) no objections are received within the period specified in sub-section (2).
- (4) The Assessing Officer shall, notwithstanding anything contained ²[in section 153 orsection 153B], pass the assessment order under sub-section (3) within one month from the end of the month in which,—
 - (a) the acceptance is received; or
 - (b) the period of filing of objections under sub-section (2) expires.
- (5) The Dispute Resolution Panel shall, in a case where any objection is received under sub-section (2), issue such directions, as it thinks fit, for the guidance of the Assessing Officer to enable him to complete the assessment.
- (6) The Dispute Resolution Panel shall issue the directions referred to in sub-section (5), after considering the following, namely:—
 - (a) draft order;
 - (b) objections filed by the assessee;
 - (c) evidence furnished by the assessee;
 - (d) report, if any, of the Assessing Officer, Valuation Officer or Transfer Pricing Officer or any other authority;
 - (e) records relating to the draft order;
 - (f) evidence collected by, or caused to be collected by, it; and
 - (g) result of any enquiry made by, or caused to be made by, it.

^{1.} Ins. by Act 33 of 2009, s. 56 (w.r.e.f. 1-4-2009).

^{2.} Subs. by Act 23 of 2012, s. 63, for "in section 153" (w.r.e.f. 1-10-2009).

- (7) The Dispute Resolution Panel may, before issuing any directions referred to in sub-section (5),—
 - (a) make such further enquiry, as it thinks fit; or
- (b) cause any further enquiry to be made by any income-tax authority and report the result of the same to it.
- (8) The Dispute Resolution Panel may confirm, reduce or enhance the variations proposed in the draft order so, however, that it shall not set aside any proposed variation or issue any direction under subsection (5) for further enquiry and passing of the assessment order.
- ¹[Explanation.—For the removal of doubts, it is hereby declared that the power of the Dispute Resolution Panel to enhance the variation shall include and shall be deemed always to have included the power to consider any matter arising out of the assessment proceedings relating to the draft order, notwithstanding that such matter was raised or not by the eligible assessee.]
- (9) If the members of the Dispute Resolution Panel differ in opinion on any point, the point shall be decided according to the opinion of the majority of the members.
- (10) Every direction issued by the Dispute Resolution Panel shall be binding on the Assessing Officer.
- (11) No direction under sub-section (5) shall be issued unless an opportunity of being heard is given to the assessee and the Assessing Officer on such directions which are prejudicial to the interest of the assessee or the interest of the revenue, respectively.
- (12) No direction under sub-section (5) shall be issued after nine months from the end of the month in which the draft order is forwarded to the eligible assessee.
- (13) Upon receipt of the directions issued under sub-section (5), the Assessing Officer shall, in conformity with the directions, complete, notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained ²[insection 153 or section 153B], the assessment without providing any further opportunity of being heard to the assessee, within one month from the end of the month in which such direction is received.
- (14) The Board may make rules for the purposes of the efficient functioning of the Dispute Resolution Panel and expeditious disposal of the objections filed under sub-section (2) by the eligible assessee.
- ³[(14A)The provisions of this section shall not apply to any assessment or reassessment order passed by the Assessing Officer with the prior approval of the ⁴[Principal Commissioner or Commissioner] as provided in sub-section (12) of section 144BA.]
 - (15) For the purposes of this section,—
 - (a) "Dispute Resolution Panel" means a collegium comprising of three ⁴[Principal Commissioner or Commissioners] of Income-tax constituted by the Board for this purpose;
 - (b) "eligible assessee" means,—
 - (i) any person in whose case the variation referred to in sub-section (1) arises as a consequence of the order of the Transfer Pricing Officer passed under sub-section (3) of section 92CA; and
 - (ii) any foreign company.]

^{1.} Ins. by Act 23 of 2012, s. 63 (w.r.e.f. 1-4-2009).

^{2.} Subs. by s. 63, *ibid.*, for "in section 153" (w.e.f. 1-10-2009).

^{3.} Ins. by Act 17 of 2013, s. 40 (w.e.f. 1-4-2016). Earlier sub-section (*14A*) omitted by Act 17 of 2013, s. 40 (w.e.f. 1-4-2013) which was inserted by Act 23 of 2012, s. 63 (w.e.f. 1-4-2013).

^{4.} Subs. by Act 25 of 2014, s. 4, for "Commissioner" (w.r.e.f. 1-6-2013).

¹[145. Method of accounting.—(1) Income chargeable under the head "Profits and gains of business or profession" or "Income from other sources" shall, subject to the provisions of sub-section (2), be computed in accordance with either cash or mercantile system of accounting regularly employed by the assessee.

- (2) The Central Government may notify in the Official Gazette from time to time ²[income computation and disclosure standards] to be followed by any class of assessees or in respect of any class of income.
- (3) Where the Assessing Officer is not satisfied about the correctness or completeness of the accounts of the assessee, or where the method of accounting provided in sub-section (1) ³[has not been regularly followed by the assessee, or income has not been computed in accordance with the standards notified under sub-section (2)], the Assessing Officer may make an assessment in the manner provided in section 144.]

⁴[145A. Method of accounting in certain cases.—For the purpose of determining the income chargeable under the head "Profits and gains of business or profession",—

- (i) the valuation of inventory shall be made at lower of actual cost or net realisable value computed in accordance with the income computation and disclosure standards notified under sub-section (2) of section 145;
- (ii) the valuation of purchase and sale of goods or services and of inventory shall be adjusted to include the amount of any tax, duty, cess or fee (by whatever name called) actually paid or incurred by the assessee to bring the goods or services to the place of its location and condition as on the date of valuation;
- (*iii*) the inventory being securities not listed on a recognised stock exchange, or listed but not quoted on a recognised stock exchange with regularity from time to time, shall be valued at actual cost initially recognised in accordance with the income computation and disclosure standards notified under sub-section (2) of section 145;
- (*iv*) the inventory being securities other than those referred to in clause (*iii*), shall be valued at lower of actual cost or net realisable value in accordance with the income computation and disclosure standards notified under sub-section (2) of section 145:

Provided that the inventory being securities held by a scheduled bank or public financial institution shall be valued in accordance with the income computation and disclosure standards notified under sub-section (2) of section 145 after taking into account the extant guidelines issued by the Reserve Bank of India in this regard:

Provided further that the comparison of actual cost and net realisable value of securities shall be made category-wise.

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^{1.} Subs. by Act 22 of 1995, s. 31, for section 145 (w.e.f. 1-4-1997).

^{2.} Subs. by Act 25 of 2014, s. 52, for "accounting standards" (w.e.f. 1-4-2015).

^{3.} Subs. by s. 52, *ibid.*, for "or accounting standards as notified under sub-section (2), have not been regularly followed by the assessee" (w.e.f. 1-4-2015).

^{4.} Subs. by Act 13 of 2018, s. 47, for section 145A (w.r.e.f. 1-4-2017). Earlier it was substituted by Act 33 of 2009, s. 57, (w.e.f. 1-4-2010).

Explanation 1.—For the purposes of this section, any tax, duty, cess or fee (by whatever name called) under any law for the time being in force, shall include all such payment notwithstanding any right arising as a consequence to such payment.

Explanation 2.—For the purposes of this section,—

- (a) "public financial institution" shall have the meaning assigned to it in clause (72) of section 2 of the Companies Act, 2013 (18 of 2013);
- (b) "recognised stock exchange" shall have the meaning assigned to it in clause (ii) of Explanation 1 to clause (5) of section 43;
- (c) "scheduled bank" shall have the meaning assigned to it in clause (ii) of the Explanation to clause (viia) of sub-section (1) of section 36.
- **145B.** Taxability of certain income.—(1) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in section 145, the interest received by an assessee on any compensation or on enhanced compensation, as the case may be, shall be deemed to be the income of the previous year in which it is received.
- (2) Any claim for escalation of price in a contract or export incentives shall be deemed to be the income of the previous year in which reasonable certainty of its realisation is achieved.
- (3) The income referred to in sub-clause (xviii) of clause (24) of section 2 shall be deemed to be the income of the previous year in which it is received, if not charged to income-tax in any earlier previous year.]
- **146.** [Reopening of assessment at the instance of the assessee.] Omitted by the Direct Tax Laws (Amendment) Act, 1988 (4 of 1988), s.53 (w.e.f. 1-4-1989).
- ¹[147. Income escaping assessment.—If the ²[Assessing Officer] ³[has reason to believe] that any income chargeable to tax has escaped assessment for any assessment year, he may, subject to the provisions of sections 148 to 153, assess or reassess such income and also any other income chargeable to tax which has escaped assessment and which comes to his notice subsequently in the course of the proceedings under this section, or recompute the loss or the depreciation allowance or any other allowance, as the case may be, for the assessment year concerned (hereafter in this section and in sections 148 to 153 referred to as the relevant assessment year):

Provided that where an assessment under sub-section (3) of section 143 or this section has been made for the relevant assessment year, no action shall be taken under this section after the expiry of four years from the end of the relevant assessment year, unless any income chargeable to tax has escaped assessment for such assessment year by reason of the failure on the part of the assessee to make a return under section 139 or in response to a notice issued undersub-section (1) of section 142 or section 148 or to disclose fully and truly all material facts necessary for his assessment, for that assessment year:

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^{1.} Subs. by Act 4 of 1988, s. 54, for sections 147 and 148 (w.e.f. 1-4-1989).

^{2.} Subs. by s. 2, ibid., for "Income-tax Officer" (w.e.f. 1-4-1988).

^{3.} Subs. by Act 3 of 1989, s. 23, for ", for reasons to be recorded by him in writing, is of the opinion" (w.e.f. 1-4-1989).