# <u>Dashboard</u> / <u>My courses</u> / <u>PSPP/PUP</u> / <u>Functions: Built-in functions, User-defined functions, Recursive functions</u> / <u>Week9 Coding</u>

Started on	Friday, 24 May 2024, 9:32 AM
State	Finished
Completed on	Friday, 24 May 2024, 3:01 PM
Time taken	5 hours 28 mins
Marks	5.00/5.00
Grade	100 00 out of 100 00

```
Question 1
Correct
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00
```

Write a code to check whether product of digits at even places is divisible by sum of digits at odd place of a positive integer.

Input Format:

Take an input integer from stdin.

**Output Format:** 

Print TRUE or FALSE.

Example Input:

1256

Output:

TRUE

Example Input:

1595

Output:

**FALSE** 

## For example:

Test	Result	
<pre>print(productDigits(1256))</pre>	True	
<pre>print(productDigits(1595))</pre>	False	

**Answer:** (penalty regime: 0 %)

Reset answer

```
from math import log10
 2 ▼ def productDigits(n):
 3
        digit\_count = int(log10(n))+1
 4
         total = 0
 5
        prod = 1
 6 .
        while n > 0:
            if digit_count % 2 == 0 :
 7 🔻
                prod *= n % 10
 8
 9,
            else:
10
                total += n % 10
11
            n = n // 10
12
13
            digit_count -= 1
14
15
         if prod % total == 0:
16
            return True
17
         else:
18
            return False
    n = 1256
19
20
21
```

	Test	Expected	Got	
<b>~</b>	<pre>print(productDigits(1256))</pre>	True	True	~
~	<pre>print(productDigits(1595))</pre>	False	False	~

Passed all tests! 🗸

Correct

 ${\it Question}~2$ 

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

An abundant number is a number for which the sum of its proper divisors is greater than

the number itself. Proper divisors of the number are those that are strictly lesser than the number.

Input Format:

Take input an integer from stdin

**Output Format:** 

Return Yes if given number is Abundant. Otherwise, print No

Example input:

12

Output:

Yes

Explanation

The proper divisors of 12 are: 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, whose sum is 1 + 2 + 3 + 4 + 6 = 16. Since sum of proper divisors is greater than the given number, 12 is an abundant number.

Example input:

13

Output:

No

Explanation

The proper divisors of 13 is: 1, whose sum is 1. Since sum of proper divisors is not greater than the given number, 13 is not an abundant number.

## For example:

Test	Result	
print(abundant(12))	Yes	
print(abundant(13))	No	

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
Reset answer
```

```
1  def abundant(n):
2    A = sum(i for i in range(1,n) if n % i == 0)
3    return "Yes" if A > n else "No"
4
```

	Test	Expected	Got	
~	print(abundant(12))	Yes	Yes	~
~	print(abundant(13))	No	No	~

Passed all tests! 🗸

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

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Question  $\bf 3$ 

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

A number is considered to be ugly if its only prime factors are 2, 3 or 5.

[1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 9, 10, 12, 15, ...] is the sequence of ugly numbers.

Task:

complete the function which takes a number n as input and checks if it's an ugly number.

return ugly if it is ugly, else return not ugly

Hint:

An ugly number U can be expressed as:  $U = 2^a * 3^b * 5^c$ , where a, b and c are nonnegative integers.

## For example:

Test	Result	
<pre>print(checkUgly(6))</pre>	ugly	
<pre>print(checkUgly(21))</pre>	not ugly	

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

Reset answer

```
1 ▼ def checkUgly(n):
2 •
        if n <= 0:
            return "not ugly"
3
        while n % 2 == 0:
4
5
            n //= 2
        while n % 3 == 0:
6 ▼
 7
            n //= 3
8
        while n % 5 == 0:
9
            n //= 5
        return "ugly" if n == 1 else "not ugly"
10
11
```

	Test	Expected	Got	
~	<pre>print(checkUgly(6))</pre>	ugly	ugly	~
~	print(checkUgly(21))	not ugly	not ugly	<b>~</b>

Passed all tests! <

Correct

```
Question 4
Correct
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00
```

Given a number with maximum of 100 digits as input, find the difference between the sum of odd and even position digits.

Input Format:

Take a number in the form of String from stdin.

**Output Format:** 

Print the difference between sum of even and odd digits

Example input:

1453

Output:

1

Explanation:

Here, sum of even digits is 4 + 3 = 7

sum of odd digits is 1 + 5 = 6.

Difference is 1.

Note that we are always taking absolute difference

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
Reset answer
```

Test		Expected	Got		
<b>~</b>	<pre>print(differenceSum(1453))</pre>	1	1	~	

Passed all tests! 🗸

Correct

Question **5** 

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

An automorphic number is a number whose square ends with the number itself.

For example, 5 is an automorphic number because 5\*5 = 25. The last digit is 5 which same as the given number.

If the number is not valid, it should display "Invalid input".

If it is an automorphic number display "Automorphic" else display "Not Automorphic".

Input Format:

Take a Integer from Stdin Output Format: Print Automorphic if given number is Automorphic number, otherwise Not Automorphic Example input: 5 Output: Automorphic Example input: 25 Output: Automorphic Example input: 7 Output: Not Automorphic

## For example:

Test		Result	
	<pre>print(automorphic(5))</pre>	Automorphic	

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
Reset answer
```

	Test	Expected	Got		
~	<pre>print(automorphic(5))</pre>	Automorphic	Automorphic	~	
~	<pre>print(automorphic(7))</pre>	Not Automorphic	Not Automorphic	~	

Passed all tests! <

Correct

■ Week9\_MCQ

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