

# Co-ordinate Geometry Practice

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## 30 Minutes – (Don't skip any questions)

- 1) In XY co-ordinate system if  $(a, b)$  and  $(a + 3, b + k)$  are two points on line defined by the equation  $x = 3y - 7$ , then  $k =$ ?  
A.  $a$                       B.  $3$                       C.  $7/3$                       D.  $1$                       E.  $1/3$
- 2) If points  $(0, -3)$ ,  $(6, 0)$  and  $(k, 10)$  all lie on the same line, what is the value of  $k$ ?  
A.  $2$                       B.  $8$                       C.  $14$                       D.  $22$                       E.  $26$
- 3) Three vertices of a square are at  $(-1, -1)$ ,  $(-2, 3)$  and  $(3, 0)$ . What are the coordinates of the 4<sup>th</sup> vertex?  
A.  $(1, 3)$                       B.  $(1, 4)$                       C.  $(2, 5)$                       D.  $(2, 4)$                       E.  $(3, 4)$
- 4) The points  $A(0, 6)$ ,  $B(-5, 3)$  and  $C(3, 1)$  are the vertices of a triangle which is  
A. *Equilateral triangle*  
B. *Right angled triangle*  
C. *Right angled Isosceles triangle*  
D. *Isosceles triangle*  
E. *None of these*
- 5) What point on X-axis is equidistant from the points  $A(7, 6)$  and  $B(-3, 4)$  ?  
A.  $(0, 4)$                       B.  $(-4, 0)$                       C.  $(3, 0)$                       D.  $(-3, 0)$                       E.  $(0, 0)$
- 6) Which of the following is the best approximation of the perimeter of a triangle with vertices at  $(1, 4)$ ,  $(1, 1)$  and  $(3, 2)$ ?  
A.  $5$                       B.  $6$                       C.  $6.5$                       D.  $7$                       E.  $8$
- 7) The three lines  $y = x + 2$ ,  $y = -2x + 20$ , and  $y = 4$  form the boundary of a triangle in the xy-plane. What is the area of this triangle?  
A.  $9$                       B.  $10$                       C.  $12$                       D.  $6\sqrt{2}$                       E.  $5\sqrt{3}$

- 8) In the rectangular coordinate plane, point A has coordinates  $(-4, 0)$ , point B has coordinates  $(0, 4)$ , point C has coordinates  $(4, 0)$ , and point D has coordinates  $(0, -4)$ . What is the area of quadrilateral ABCD?
- A. 8                      B. 16                      C. 24                      D. 32                      E. 64
- 9) The line  $2x + 3y = 6$  meets x-axis at the point
- A.  $(0, 3)$                       B.  $(0, -3)$                       C.  $(6, 0)$                       D.  $(-3, 0)$                       E.  $(3, 0)$
- 10) The value of  $\beta$  so that the lines  $x + 2y - 9 = 0$  and  $\beta x + 4y + 5 = 0$  are parallel is:
- A. 2                      B. -1                      C. 1                      D. 0                      E. -2
- 11) The intercepts made by the line  $3x - 2y - 6 = 0$  with x-axis and y-axis respectively are:
- A. 3 and 2                      B. 2 and 3                      C. 2 and -3                      D. -2 and 3                      E. -2 and -3
- 12) The lines whose equations are  $3x - 7y + 9 = 0$  and  $9x - 21y + 27 = 0$  are:
- A. *Parallel*  
B. *Perpendicular*  
C. *Coincident*  
D. *Intersecting*  
E. *None of these*
- 13) The equation of the line parallel to y-axis and passing through  $(3, -7)$  is:
- A.  $y = -7$                       B.  $x = 3$                       C.  $y = 3x$                       D.  $y = -7x$                       E. *None*
- 14) Isosceles triangle ABC has an area of 4 sq. units and lies in the 1st quadrant. If the co-ordinates of A and C are  $(2, 0)$  and  $(4, 0)$  respectively, and  $AB = BC$ , then the co-ordinates of the vertex B are:
- A.  $(3, 2)$                       B.  $(3, 4)$                       C.  $(4, 4)$                       D.  $(4, 3)$                       E.  $(0, 3)$
- 15) Point A  $(2, 1)$  is the center of the given circle and B  $(2, 6)$  lies on the circle. Point C lies on the circle in the 2<sup>nd</sup> quadrant. What are the co-ordinates of C?
- A.  $(1, -4)$                       B.  $(-5, 1)$                       C.  $(-4, 1)$                       D.  $(-3, 1)$                       E.  $(-2, 1)$
- 16) 2 points A  $(0, 5a)$  and B  $(3a, 0)$  lie on the line L. Find the slope of line L.
- A. 0                      B.  $3/5$                       C.  $-5/3$                       D.  $5/3$                       E.  $-3/5$