Project Report: Steganography Tool for Image/File Hiding

Objective

To develop a graphical user interface (GUI) tool that hides and extracts text or files inside images using steganography techniques, particularly Least Significant Bit (LSB) manipulation.

Tools and Technologies Used

- Programming Language: Python
- Libraries Used:
 - tkinter for GUI
 - PIL (Pillow) for image processing
 - **OS**, **time** for file handling and timestamps

Features and Functionalities

- Text/File Embedding: Supports embedding text or files (image, video, document) into cover images.
- Password Protection: Encrypts hidden data using XOR encryption and locks out after 3 wrong password attempts.
- Drag-and-Drop GUI: User-friendly buttons with icons and tooltips.
- Image Format Support: Compatible with PNG and BMP formats.
- Image Generation: Create blank carrier images with custom dimensions.

• Guide

Convert Message to Binary: Text or file content is converted to binary. Files include header info like extension and size.

Upload Image and Message/File: Users can upload a cover image and either type a message or choose a file.

Embed Using LSB: The binary data is embedded into the least significant 3 bits of RGB pixels.

Extraction and Decryption: Data is extracted from modified images and decrypted using the correct password.

Drag-and-Drop GUI: Clean interface with icons for 'Add', 'Encode', 'Decode', 'Generate', and 'Help'.

File Output: Extracted files are saved with the original extension.

• Code:

```
import tkinter as tk
from tkinter import messagebox, ttk, filedialog, simpledialog
from PIL import Image, ImageTk
import os
import time

class ToolTip:
    def __init__(self, widget, text):
        self.widget = widget
        self.text = text
        self.tip_window = None
        widget.bind("<Enter>", self.show)
        widget.bind("<Leave>", self.hide)
```

```
def show(self, event=None):
    if self.tip_window or not self.text:
      return
    x, y, _, _ = self.widget.bbox("insert")
    x += self.widget.winfo_rootx() + 30
    y += self.widget.winfo_rooty() + 20
    self.tip_window = tw = tk.Toplevel(self.widget)
    tw.wm_overrideredirect(True)
    tw.geometry(f''+\{x\}+\{y\}'')
    label = tk.Label(tw, text=self.text, justify='left',
             background="#ffffe0", relief='solid',
borderwidth=1.
             font=("Segoe UI", 9))
    label.pack(ipadx=4)
  def hide(self, event=None):
    if self.tip_window:
      self.tip_window.destroy()
      self.tip_window = None
class StegoTool:
  def __init__(self, window):
    self.window = window
    self.window.title("StegoTool")
    self.window.geometry("700x600")
    self.window.resizable(False, False)
    self.selected mode = None
    self.selected_file_path = None
    self.failed_attempts = 0
```

```
self.lockout level = 0
   self.lockout until = 0
   self.MAX WIDTH = 10000
   self.MAX_HEIGHT = 10000
   self.setup_ui()
 def setup_ui(self):
   toolbar = tk.Frame(self.window, bd=1, relief=tk.RAISED)
   toolbar.pack(side=tk.TOP, fill=tk.X)
   buttons = {
      "Add": ("+", "Add", "Add text or file to hide"),
      "Encode": (" a ", "Encode", "Encode hidden data"),
      "Decode": (" a", "Decode", "Decode hidden data"),
      "Generate": ("♥", "Generate", "Generate new image"),
      "Help": ("?", "Help", "Show help or info")
   }
   for name, (emoji, label, tooltip) in buttons.items():
      frame = tk.Frame(toolbar)
      btn = tk.Button(frame, text=emoji, font=("Segoe UI
Emoji", 20), width=3,
             command=lambda n=name:
self.button_action(n))
      btn.pack()
      lbl = tk.Label(frame, text=label, font=("Segoe UI", 9))
      lbl.pack()
      frame.pack(side=tk.LEFT, padx=5, pady=2)
```

```
ToolTip(btn, tooltip)
   self.text_entry = tk.Text(self.window, height=5,
width=80
   self.tree = ttk.Treeview(self.window, columns=("name",
"size", "date"), show="headings")
   self.tree.heading("name", text="File Name")
   self.tree.heading("size", text="Size")
   self.tree.heading("date", text="Date Modified")
   self.tree.column("name", width=300)
   self.tree.column("size", width=100, anchor="center")
   self.tree.column("date", width=150, anchor="center")
   self.tree.pack(fill=tk.BOTH, expand=True, padx=10,
pady=10)
 def button_action(self, name):
   if name == "Add":
      self.show add menu()
   elif name == "Encode":
      self.encode()
   elif name == "Decode":
      self.decode()
   elif name == "Generate":
      self.generate_large_image()
   elif name == "Help":
      self.show_help()
 def show_add_menu(self):
   menu = tk.Menu(self.window, tearoff=0)
```

```
menu.add_command(label="Add Text",
command=lambda: self.set mode("Text"))
   menu.add_command(label="Add Image",
command=lambda: self.set_mode("Image"))
   menu.add_command(label="Add Video",
command=lambda: self.set_mode("Video"))
   menu.add_command(label="Add Document",
command=lambda: self.set_mode("Document"))
   add_button =
self.window.nametowidget(".!frame.!frame.!button")
   x = add_button.winfo_rootx()
   y = add_button.winfo_rooty() +
add_button.winfo_height()
   menu.tk_popup(x, y)
 def set_mode(self, mode):
   self.selected mode = mode
   if mode == "Text":
     self.text_entry.pack(pady=10, padx=10)
     self.selected_file_path = None
     for item in self.tree.get_children():
       self.tree.delete(item)
   else:
     self.text_entry.pack_forget()
     self.choose_file()
 def choose_file(self):
   self.selected_file_path =
filedialog.askopenfilename(filetypes=[("All Files", "*.*")])
```

```
if self.selected_file_path:
      for item in self.tree.get children():
        self.tree.delete(item)
      filename = os.path.basename(self.selected_file_path)
      size = os.path.getsize(self.selected_file_path)
      date = time.strftime('%Y-%m-%d',
time.localtime(os.path.getmtime(self.selected_file_path)))
      self.tree.insert("", tk.END, values=(filename,
f"{size/1024:.1f} KB", date))
  def handle_failed_attempts(self):
    """Handle escalating lockout periods after failed
attempts"""
    self.lockout level += 1
    lockout_durations = [30, 120, 300, 600, 1800, 3600] #
30s, 2m, 5m, 10m, 30m, 1h
    duration = lockout_durations[min(self.lockout_level-1,
len(lockout_durations)-1)]
    self.lockout_until = time.time() + duration
    time_unit = "seconds" if duration < 60 else "minutes"
    display_duration = duration if duration < 60 else
duration//60
    messagebox.showerror("Locked Out",
              f"Too many failed attempts. Please try again in
{display_duration} {time_unit}.")
    self.failed_attempts = 0
  def decode_binary_from_image(self, image_path):
```

```
progress = tk.Toplevel(self.window)
    progress.title("Decoding... Please wait")
    tk.Label(progress, text="Decoding in
progress...").pack(padx=20, pady=10)
    progress_bar = ttk.Progressbar(progress,
mode='determinate', length=300)
    progress_bar.pack(padx=20, pady=10)
    progress.update()
    try:
      with Image.open(image_path) as img:
        if img.mode != 'RGB':
          img = img.convert('RGB')
        pixels = list(img.getdata())
        total_pixels = len(pixels)
      bits = []
      for i in range(8):
        r, g, b = pixels[i]
        bits.extend([(r & 7), (g & 7), (b & 7)])
      bits_str = ''.join(f'\{x:03b\}') for x in bits)
      ext_bin = bits_str[:40]
      size\_bin = bits\_str[40:72]
      size = int(size_bin, 2)
      total_bits_needed = 72 + (size * 8)
      batch size = 10000
      processed_pixels = 8
```

```
while processed_pixels < total_pixels and len(bits)*3 <
total bits needed:
        end_idx = min(processed_pixels + batch_size,
total_pixels)
        for i in range(processed_pixels, end_idx):
          r, g, b = pixels[i]
          bits.extend([(r & 7), (g & 7), (b & 7)])
          if len(bits)*3 >= total_bits_needed:
            break
        processed_pixels = end_idx
        if processed_pixels % 50000 == 0:
          progress_bar['value'] = (processed_pixels /
total_pixels) * 100
          progress.update()
          self.window.update()
        if len(bits)*3 >= total_bits_needed:
          break
      return ".join(f'\{x:03b\}' for x in
bits)[:total_bits_needed]
    except Exception as e:
      messagebox.showerror("Decoding Error", f"Error
during decoding: {str(e)}")
      return ""
    finally:
      progress.destroy()
```

```
def xor_encrypt(self, data_bytes, password):
    key = password.encode()
    return bytes(b ^ key[i % len(key)] for i, b in
enumerate(data_bytes))
  def xor_decrypt(self, data_bytes, password):
    return self.xor_encrypt(data_bytes, password)
  def file_to_binary(self, path, password=None):
    with open(path, 'rb') as file:
      content = file.read()
    if password:
      content = self.xor_encrypt(content, password)
    ext = os.path.splitext(path)[1]
    ext_bin = ".join(f'(ord(c):08b)') for c in ext.ljust(5))
    size_bin = f'{len(content):032b}'
    data_bin = ".join(f'{byte:08b}' for byte in content)
    return ext_bin + size_bin + data_bin
  def binary_to_file(self, bin_data, output_dir,
password=None):
    ext_bin = bin_data[:40]
    size_bin = bin_data[40:72]
    ext = ".join(chr(int(ext_bin[i:i+8], 2)) for i in range(0,
40, 8)).strip()
    size = int(size_bin, 2)
    file bin = bin data[72:72 + (size * 8)]
    file_bytes = bytes(int(file_bin[i:i+8], 2) for i in range(0,
len(file_bin), 8))
```

```
if password:
      file_bytes = self.xor_decrypt(file_bytes, password)
    default_name = f"extracted_file{ext}"
    out_path = filedialog.asksaveasfilename(
      initialfile=default_name,
      defaultextension=ext,
      filetypes=[("All Files", "*.*")]
    if out_path:
      with open(out_path, 'wb') as f:
        f.write(file_bytes)
      messagebox.showinfo("Done", f"File saved as
{out_path}")
 def encode_binary_to_image(self, image_path, binary_data,
save_path):
    img = Image.open(image_path)
    if img.mode != 'RGB':
      img = img.convert('RGB')
    pixels = list(img.getdata())
    data_len = len(binary_data)
    max_capacity = len(pixels) * 9
    if data_len > max_capacity:
      raise Exception(f"Data too large to embed.\nMax:
{max_capacity} bits\nData: {data_len} bits")
    new_pixels = []
    idx = 0
```

```
for r, g, b in pixels:
      if idx + 9 \le data len:
        r = (r \& \sim 7) \mid int(binary_data[idx:idx+3], 2)
        g = (g \& \sim 7) \mid int(binary_data[idx+3:idx+6], 2)
        b = (b \& \sim 7) \mid int(binary_data[idx+6:idx+9], 2)
        idx += 9
      new_pixels.append((r, g, b))
    img.putdata(new_pixels)
    img.save(save_path)
 def encode(self):
    if not self.selected mode:
      messagebox.showwarning("Warning", "Please select
what to encode first (click Add)")
      return
    image_path =
filedialog.askopenfilename(filetypes=[("Image Files",
"*.png;*.bmp")])
    if not image_path:
      return
    use_pwd = messagebox.askyesno("Password", "Do you
want to set a password?")
    password = None
    if use_pwd:
      pwd = simpledialog.askstring("Password", "Enter
password:", show="*")
```

```
confirm = simpledialog.askstring("Confirm
Password", "Confirm password:", show="*")
      if pwd != confirm:
        messagebox.showerror("Error", "Passwords do not
match.")
        return
      password = pwd
    try:
      if self.selected_mode == "Text":
        message = self.text_entry.get("1.0", tk.END).strip()
        if not message:
          messagebox.showerror("Error", "Enter a
message.")
          return
        msg_bytes = message.encode()
        if password:
          msg_bytes = self.xor_encrypt(msg_bytes,
password)
        data_bin = ".join(f'{byte:08b}' for byte in msg_bytes)
+ '1111111111111110'
      else:
        if not self.selected_file_path:
          messagebox.showerror("Error", "Select a file to
hide.")
          return
        data_bin = self.file_to_binary(self.selected_file_path,
password)
```

```
save_path =
filedialog.asksaveasfilename(defaultextension=".png",
filetypes=[("PNG files", "*.png")])
      if not save_path:
        return
      self.encode_binary_to_image(image_path, data_bin,
save_path)
      messagebox.showinfo("Success", f"Data embedded
and saved to:\n{save_path}")
    except Exception as e:
      messagebox.showerror("Error", str(e))
 def decode(self):
    current_time = time.time()
    if hasattr(self, 'lockout_until') and current_time <</pre>
self.lockout_until:
      remaining = int(self.lockout_until - current_time)
      time_unit = "seconds" if remaining < 60 else "minutes"
      display_time = remaining if remaining < 60 else
remaining//60
      messagebox.showwarning("Locked Out",
                f"Too many failed attempts. Please try again
in {display_time} {time_unit}.")
      return
    image_path =
filedialog.askopenfilename(filetypes=[("Image Files",
"*.png;*.bmp")])
    if not image_path:
```

```
return
```

```
try:
      data_bits =
self.decode_binary_from_image(image_path)
      if not data_bits:
        return
      if self.selected mode == "Text":
        chars = []
        for i in range(0, len(data_bits), 8):
          byte = data_bits[i:i+8]
          if byte == '11111110':
            break
          chars.append(int(byte, 2))
        encrypted_bytes = bytes(chars)
        for attempt in range(1, 4):
          password = simpledialog.askstring("Password",
                           f"Enter password (Attempt
{attempt}/3):",
                           show="*")
          if not password:
            return
          try:
            decrypted = self.xor_decrypt(encrypted_bytes,
password).decode(errors='strict')
            self.failed_attempts = 0
            self.lockout level = 0
```

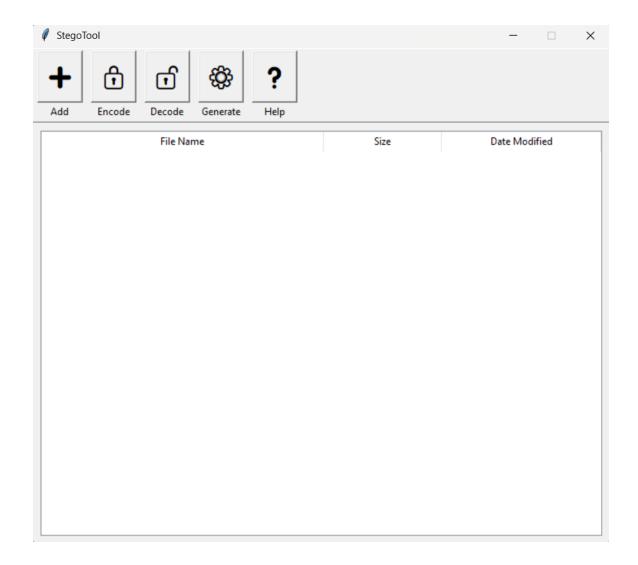
```
self.text_entry.delete("1.0", tk.END)
            self.text_entry.insert(tk.END, decrypted)
            messagebox.showinfo("Success", "Message
extracted successfully.")
            return
          except:
            self.failed_attempts += 1
            if self.failed_attempts >= 3:
              self.handle_failed_attempts()
              return
            messagebox.showerror("Incorrect",
                      f"Incorrect password. {3-
self.failed_attempts attempts remaining.")
      else:
        for attempt in range(1, 4):
          password = simpledialog.askstring("Password",
                           f"Enter password (Attempt
{attempt}/3):",
                           show="*")
          if not password:
            return
          try:
            test_bits = data_bits[:100]
            test_bytes = bytes(int(data_bits[i:i+8], 2) for i in
range(72, 172, 8))
            if password:
              test_bytes = self.xor_decrypt(test_bytes,
password)
```

```
self.failed attempts = 0
            self.lockout level = 0
            self.binary_to_file(data_bits,
os.path.dirname(image_path), password)
            return
          except:
            self.failed_attempts += 1
            if self.failed_attempts >= 3:
              self.handle_failed_attempts()
              return
            messagebox.showerror("Incorrect",
                      f"Incorrect password. {3-
self.failed_attempts attempts remaining.")
    except Exception as e:
      messagebox.showerror("Error", str(e))
  def generate_large_image(self):
    try:
      width = simpledialog.askinteger("Image Width",
f"Enter image width (max {self.MAX_WIDTH}):",
                     minvalue=1000,
maxvalue=self.MAX_WIDTH)
      height = simpledialog.askinteger("Image Height",
f"Enter image height (max {self.MAX_HEIGHT}):",
                      minvalue=1000,
maxvalue=self.MAX HEIGHT)
      if not width or not height:
        return
```

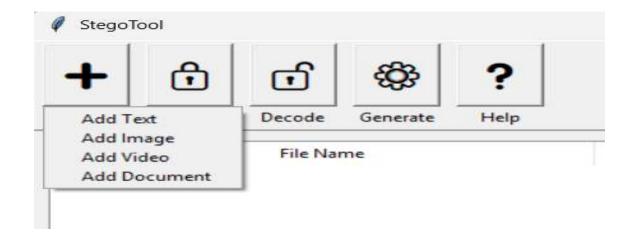
```
img = Image.new('RGB', (width, height), color='white')
      save path =
filedialog.asksaveasfilename(defaultextension=".png",
filetypes=[("PNG Files", "*.png")])
      if save_path:
        img.save(save_path)
        messagebox.showinfo("Done", f"Blank image
created:\n{save_path}")
    except Exception as e:
      messagebox.showerror("Error", str(e))
 def show_help(self):
    help_text = """StegoTool Help:
1. Click 'Add' to select what to hide:
 - Text: Type your secret message
 - File: Select an image, video, or document
2. Click 'Encode' to hide the data in an image
3. Click 'Decode' to extract hidden data
4. 'Generate' creates blank images for hiding data
Security Features:
- Password protection for encoded data
- Escalating lockout periods after failed attempts
- 3 attempts before temporary lockout
    messagebox.showinfo("Help", help_text)
if __name__ == "__main__":
```

```
window = tk.Tk()
app = StegoTool(window)
window.mainloop()
```

• Screenshots:



• Add button to add type of file:



To add text:



- Encoding the message:
 - > Click on the encode icon and select your image file



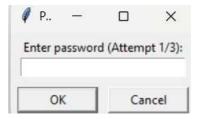
➤ Add password if you want and save the image

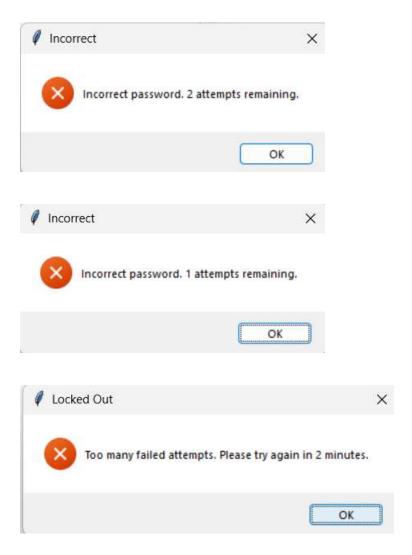


- > Message is been encoded.
- To decode click on decode icon and enter the password message will be decoded.

• Security Mechanisms

- XOR Encryption: Optional password-based encryption before embedding.
- Lockout Logic:
 - ➤ After 3 incorrect password attempts, user is temporarily locked out.
 - ➤ Lockout time increases with each failure (30s → 1h).





Conclusion

This tool provides a simple yet effective method of hiding sensitive data in images. It serves as an educational example of how steganography can be implemented using LSB and Python, with added usability and security features.