L: 3	ET 572 Digital Systems	
T: 1 P: 3	Theory: 100 marks Sessional: 50 marks	
	Practical: 50 marks Time: 3 hours	

## **Number representation**

Signed magnitude, One's and two's complement numbers.

#### **Binary Arithmetic**

Addition, subtraction, multiplication and division. Fixed and floating point arithmetic.

#### **Boolean Algebra and switching circuits**

Boolean algebra, Boolean expressions, logic functions, SOP and POS, function minimization - Carnaugh map and algorithms. Logic gates. Design and analysis of combinational circuits, address generation, code converters, parity generator. Sequential circuits. Flip-flops, counters, registers, decoders, encoders, multiplexers.

#### Logic families

TTL, CMOS and ECL. RAM, ROM, E-PROM, EEPROM, PAL, PLD and PGA. Schmitt trigger and timing circuits.

#### Current trends in digital design

ASIC, FPGA and CPLD.

#### Books / References:

- M. Morris Mano Digital Design. Prentice Hall of India
- P. Malvino an D. K. Leach—Digital Principles and Applications. Tata-McGraw-Hill.
- M. Morris Mano Digital Logic and Computer Design. Prentice Hall of India.

# L: 3 CS 573 Formal Language and Automata Theory T: 1 Theory: 100 marks P: 0 Sessional: 50 marks Time: 3 hours

Alphabets, languages and grammars.

Finite automata: regular expressions and regular languages.

Context free languages: pushdown automata, DCFLs, LL(K), LALR grammars.

Context Sensitive Languages: Linear Bounded Automata.

Turing Machines: Recursively enumerable languages, operation on formal languages and their properties.

Decision query on languages.

Undecided problems.

# Books / References:

- 1. Introduction to Automata Theory, Languages & Computation J. E. Hopercroft and J. D. Ullman, Published by Narosa.
- 2. Introduction to Languages and The Theory of Computation J. C. Martin, McGraw Hill International Edition.

L: 3	CS 574 System Programming	
T: 1 P: 3	Theory: 100 marks Sessional: 50 marks Practical: 50 marks Time: 3 hours	

Overview: Definition and classification of system software.

Assemblers: Assembly language, Assembly process, Assembler data structures, Assembler macros and macroprocessors.

*Linkers and loaders:* Basic concepts, Static and Dynamic linking, shared libraries, loaders, overlays. Case study of UNIX linking system, Windows DLL, OLE, ActiveX.

Debugger: Types, features, case study: sdb/dbx.

Editors: Types, Structure, case study of vi, sed and wordstar.

Unix Utilities: Make, RCS, sed, grep, awk, etc.

Compiler Principles.

#### **Books:**

- 1. Dhandhere, System programming and operating systems, Tata McGraw Hill.
- 2. System Software, Beck,
- 3. Sumitabha Das, Unix System V.4 Concepts and Applications, TMH.
- 4. Linux Manuals.
- 5. Windows Manuals.

L: 3	CS 575 Software Engineering
T: 1 P: 3	Theory: 100 marks Sessional: 50 marks
	Practical: 50 marks Time: 3 hours

## Introduction

Life cycle models

# Function oriented software design

Structured analysis and structured design.

# **Object Oriented Design**

User interface design, GUI design primitives, Window management system and the X-Windows system.

## **Coding and Testing**

Coding standard and unit testing.

# Software requirements, analysis and specification

Informal and formal specification.

## **Project management**

Estimation, scheduling, risk management and configuration management.

## Software reliability and quality assurance

Reliability metrics and growth modeling, ISO-9000, SEI and CMM.

#### Software maintenance and CASE tools.

## <u>Text Books / References</u>:

- 1. An Integrated Approach to Software Engineering by Jalote. Narosa Publishing House
- 2. Software Engineering by R. S. Pressman, McGraw Hill
- 3. Software Engineering by R. Mall, PHI.

L: 3	CS 576 Principles of Programming Languages
T: 1 P: 3	Theory: 100 marks Sessional: 50 marks Practical: 50 marks Time: 3 hours

Introduction to various programming paradigms and their implementation issues.

# **Imperative Programming**

Block structure, scoping rules, parameter passing etc. in languages like C, PASCAL and FORTRAN.

## **Objective Oriented Programming**

Abstraction, hiding, objects, classes, inheritance etc. in languages like C<sup>+++</sup> and Modular JAVA.

## **Functional Programming**

Functions, Recursion, types, polymorphism, storage allocation in languages like LISP, ML Scheme.

## **Logic Programming**

Horn clauses, SLD resolution etc. in languages like PROLOG.

## **Introduction to Concurrent Programming**

Expressing parallelism, communication, synchronization etc. in languages like Ada, CSP and Linda.

Introduction to mathematical foundations and semantics of programming languages.

#### Books / References:

- 1. Programming Languages Concepts and Constructs, Ravi Sethi.
- 2. Programming Languages Design and Implementation, T. W. Pratt.
- 3. The Study of Programming Languages by Stansifer.

L: 3	HU 501 Economics and Principles of Management
T: 1 P: 0	Theory: 100+50 marks Sessional: 50 +25 marks Time: 3 hours

#### Part A. Economics

- 1. Economics: Meaning, nature and scope;
- 2. Consumer behaviour and demand analysis: Alternate theories on consumer behavior.
- 3. Producer behaviour: Production function. Production analysis and input demand. Cost Analysis. Estimation of cost functions. Managerial uses of cost functions.
- 4. Price and output determination: Price concepts; Pricing under different objectives; Profit and break even analyis, Differential pricing; Alternative market models; Market structure and Government intervention.
- 5. Investment analysis: time value of money. Cash flows and measures of investment worth; investment analysis.
- 6. Money, Why money matters, value of money- Quantity theory of Money; index numbers. Interest rate determination.
- 7. The financial system- The Central bank, Stock Exchange and the market for securities, Money market instruments.
- 8. International trade- theoties of international trade. The world Trading Environment-Multilateralism and Bilateralism.
- 9. Emerging Economic and Bussiness environment

#### Books:

- 1. Samuelson and Nordhaus: Economics. Irwin McGraw Hill
- 2. Gupta, G.S, Managerial Economics
- 3. H. Davis Managerial Economics
- 4. Sengupta, A.K and Agarwala M.K. Money Market Operations in India: Skylark Publications, New Delhi

#### Part B. Principles of Management

- 1. Management- concepts, status and functions. Role of management. Management skills. Effective versus successful managerial activities. Motivation- early and contemporary theories on motivation- implication of managers and applications.
- 2. Group behaviour and group dynamics: foundations of group behaviour, Defining and classifying groups; stages of group development; group interaction; External conditions; Group member resources; Group structure; Group processes; tasks and decision making.
- 3. Leadership- Leadership theories. Recent approach to leadership and contemporary issues in leadership.
- 4. Organaisational dynamics- Organaisational change and stress management. Human factors in induatry- fatigue and symptoms. Fatigue control.

- 5. Human resource policies and practices- Selection practices, Training and development programmes; Performance Evaluation; Union- Management interface; Managing diversity in organizations.
- 6. Investment analysis: Time value of money. Cash flows and measures of investment worth; Investment analysis.
- 7. Projects and Project evaluation. Economic and financial evaluation of projects. Economic and social cost benefit analysis.

## **Books**

- 1. Essentials of Management- J.L. Marcis
- 2. Organaisational behabiour. Concepts, Controversies and Applications- Stephen P. Robbins
- 3. Gupta, G.S, Managerial Economics