

# REAL TIME OPERATING SYSTEM PROGRAMMING-II: Windows CE, OSEK and Real time Linux

## Lesson-9: WCE Serial Communication, Network, device-to-device socket and Communication Functions

# 1. Windows CE Serial Communication functions

# Create File

- CreateFile— Creates the port for communication. Returns a Handle for serial COM1 port.
- The arguments: TEXT (“COM1”), GENERIC\_READ | GENERIC\_WRITE, 0, NULL, OPEN\_EXISTING, 0, and NULL

## Read File

- **Read File**— reads from the port for communication. Returns an integer
- Arguments: Handle returned on creation, pointer to character, pointer to 8-bit number of bytes read, NULL

# Write file

- WriteFile Write file to the port for communication

# Transmit Communication Char

- TransmitCommChar — Send character into queue for port transmission
- Returns a boolean for successful or unsuccessful transmission .
- The arguments: Handle returned on creation and character for transmission

# Set Communication Mask

- **SetCommMask**— To set communication mask.
- Arguments: Handle returned on creation and 32-bit for event mask to specify clear to send, break, data set ready, error, receive line signal detect, character received, a receive event flag received, transmit buffer empty

# Set Communication State

- SetCommState to set communication state.
- Arguments: Handle for file and long pointer to device control block (DCB)
- DCB defines 32-bits for DCB length, baud rate, binary flag, parity flag, and 24 other flags



# Get Communication Mask

- GetCommState to get communication state.
- Arguments: Handle returned on creation and long pointer for 32-bit event mask

# Wait Communication Event

- **WaitCommEvent** — To wait for event.
- Arguments: Handle for file, long pointer for 32-bit event mask and NULL (for long pointer for overlap)

## 2. WNet API Network Connection functions

# Network Connection functions

- WNetAdd-Connection— Maps the network (remote) resource.
- Returns a 32 bit code for no error or error.
- Arguments: Handle, three long pointers for *network resource* and string for password and user names and one 32-bit value for the flags.
- The *network resource*— a structure, which contains long pointers for remote name and local name

## Network Connection functions

- WNetConnection-Dialog to dialog on disconnection.
- Arguments: Handle and 32-bit for resource type. Resource type may be printer or disk or any other available
- WNetDisconnectDialog

# Network Connection functions

- WNetCancel-Connection
- Disconnects the network (remote) connection added earlier.
- Returns a 32-bit code for no error or error.
- Arguments: used are one long pointer for name (local or remote), 32-bit value for the flags, boolean to specify forced disconnection when files or devices are open and not closed

# Network Connection functions

- WNetGet-Connection
- WNetGetUser
- WNetGetUniversalName
- SetCommState .

### 3. Winsock APIs for sockets programming



# Winsock APIs

- SOCKET socket
- bind
- accept
- connect
- listen
- send
- recv
- shutdown
- closesocket

# Summary

## We learnt

- Windows Serial communication
- Network functions
- WinSock APIs

End of Lesson-9 of chapter 10 on  
WCE Serial Communication, Network,  
device-to-device socket and  
Communication Functions