

Object Oriented Programming with Java

Sandeep Kulange



Enum In C/C++ Programming language.

- According ANSI C standard, if we want to assign name to the integer constant then we should use enum.
- Enum helps developer to improve readability of source code.
- enum is keyword in C. Let us consider syntax of enum:

```
enum Identifier
{
    //enumerator-list
};
enum Color
{
    RED, GREEN, BLUE
    //RED = 0, GREEN = 1, BLUE = 2
};
```



Enum In C/C++ Programming language.

By default, the first enumeration-constant is associated with the value
 The next enumeration-constant in the list is associated with the value of (constant-expression + 1), unless you explicitly associate it with another value.

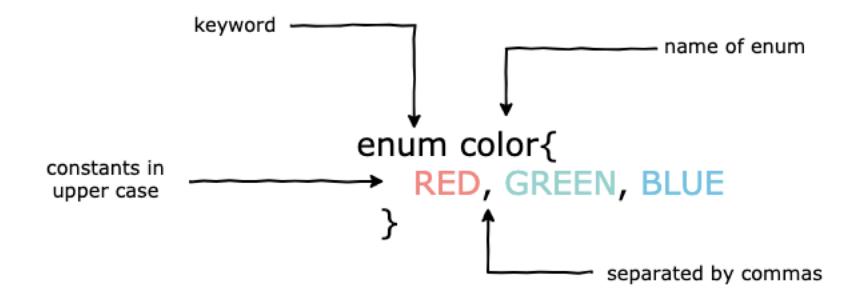
```
enum Channel
{
    FOX = 11,
    CNN = 25,
    ESPN = 15,
    HBO = 22,
    MAX = 30,
    NBC = 32
};
enum Suit { Diamonds = 1, Hearts, Clubs, Spades };
```

constant-expression must have int type and can be negative.



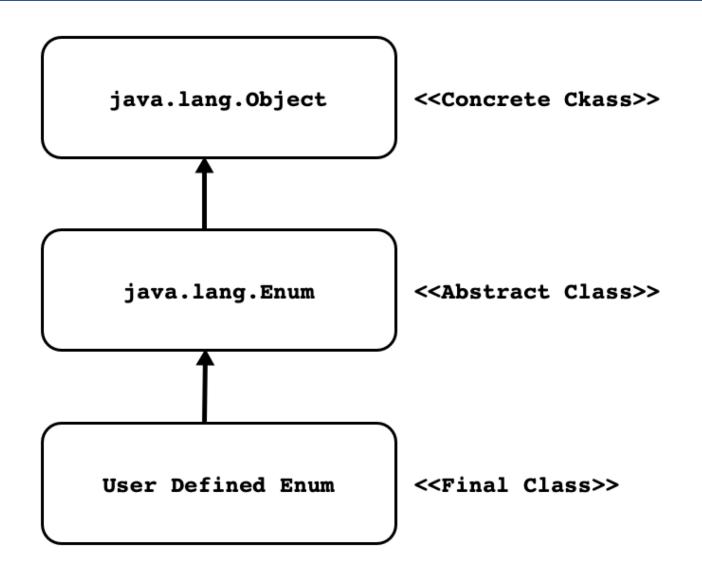
Enum In Java Programming language.

- An enum is a special class that represents a group of constants.
- Enum keyword is used to create an enum. The constants declared inside are separated by a comma and should be in upper case.





Enum Class Hierarchy





Enum API

• Enum class is introduced in JDK 1.5.

- Following are the methods declared in java.lang.Enum class:
 - 1. public final String name()
 - 2. public final int ordinal()
 - 3. public final Class<E> getDeclaringClass()
- Sole constructor:
 - o Programmers cannot invoke this constructor. It is for use by code emitted by the compiler in response to enum type declarations.



Enum for the compiler

Java Source Code

Compiled Code

```
final class Color extends Enum<Color> {
    public static final Color RED;

    public static final Color GREEN;
}

class Program{
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Color color = Color.GREEN;
    }

public static Color[] values();
}

public static Color valueOf(String name);
}
```



Properties of enum

- 1. Similar to a class, an enum can have objects and methods. The only difference is that enum constants are public, static and final by default. Since it is final, we can't extend enums
- 2. It cannot extend other classes since it already extends the java.lang.Enum class.
- 3. It can implement interfaces.
- 4. The enum objects cannot be created explicitly and hence the enum constructor cannot be invoked directly.
- 5. It can only contain concrete methods and no abstract methods.



Application of enum

- 1. enum is used for values that are not going to change e.g. names of days, colors in a rainbow, number of cards in a deck etc.
- 2. enum is commonly used in switch statements and below is an example of it:

```
class Program {
    enum color {
        RED, GREEN, BLUE
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        color x = color.GREEN; // storing value
        switch(x) {
        case RED:
            System.out.println("x has RED color");
            break:
        case GREEN:
            System.out.println("x has GREEN color");
            break:
        case BLUE:
            System.out.println("x has BLUE color");
            break:
```





Thank You.

[sandeepkulange@sunbeaminfo.com]

