SpringBoot Actuators

The Problem?

How can we monitor and manage our application?

How can I check the health of the application?

Solution: SB Actuators

- Exposes endpoints to monitor and manage the application.
- REST endpoints are automatically added to our application
- No need to write any additional code
- Add the dependency to pom. xml

• All the endpoints will be added prefixed with: /actuator

/actuator/health -> To get the health information about our application.

localhost:8080/actuator/health

• The /info endpoint can provide information about application.

To expose the info endpoint we need to make changes in application. properties

```
management.endpoints.web.exposure.include=info
management.endpoints.web.exposure.include=* (To expose all
endpoints)
```

/actuator/threaddump

- List all the threads running in our application /actuator/mappings
 - List all the request mappings for our application

What about Security?

We can override the default username and password

spring.security.user.name=Prasad
spring.security.user.password=1234

Running springboot application without IDE

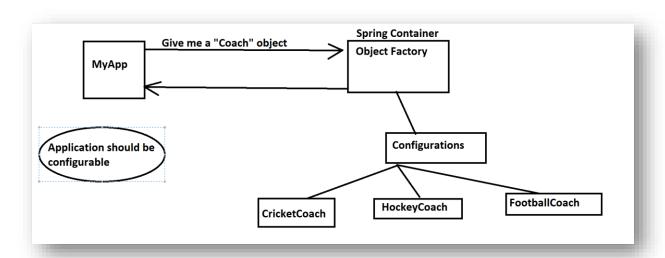
1st Step: mvnw package command

2nd Step: java - jar <name of our project's JAR file>

Inversion of Control

The approach of outsourcing the construction and management of objects.



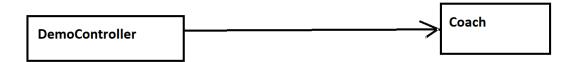


- 1. Spring Container
- Primary Purpose
 - i. Create and manage (Inversion of Control)
- ii. Inject the object dependency (dependency injection)

Spring Dependency Injection

- The dependency inversion principle - the client delegates to another object - the responsibility of providing its dependencies.

Example:



- Coach will provide daily workouts
- The democontroller wants to use the coach
 - 1. New Helper: Coach
 - 2. This is dependency
- Need to inject this dependency into the controller

Injection types

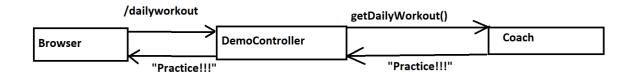
- There are many types of injection in spring
- Will take only two
 - 1. Constructor Injection
 - 2. Setter Injection

When to use one?

- Constructor Injection
 -will use it when we have all the required dependencies
- Setter Injection
 - Will use it when we have some optional dependencies.

What is Spring Autowiring?

- For DI, spring uses autowiring
- Autowiring example
 Injecting a coach interface
 - 1. Spring will scan for @Component or a class which is annotated with @Component
 - 2. Will ask does any one implements coach interface??
 - 3. If so, lets inject them. For Ex. cricketCoach



Step1. Define the dependency interface and class (interface coach, cricketCoach implements coach)
Step2. Create DemoController

 ${\it Step 3. Create \ a \ constructor \ in \ DemoController \ class} \\ {\it for \ injections}$