Set Interface

- Sets store unique elements and does not allow duplicates
- Two common implementations HashSet and LinkedHashSet

1. HashSet

- Is a class which implements the set interface
- It allows null values and stores elements in unordered way.

Characteristics:

- Does not allow any order of elements
- Best suited for quick adding, removing and contains operations

HashSet (Java SE 21 & JDK 21)

```
package set;
import java.util.HashSet;

public class HashSetExample {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        //Creating hashSet
        HashSet<String> fruits=new HashSet<>)();

        //Adding elements to the hashset
        fruits.add("Apple");
        fruits.add("Banana");
        fruits.add("Kiwi");
        fruits.add("Orange");
        fruits.add(null);

        //displaying the hashset
        System.out.println("HashSet: "+ fruits);

        //Checking the element exist or not
        System.out.println("Does hashSet contains grapes? "+
fruits.contains("Grapes"));

        //Removing an element
        fruits.remove("Orange");
        System.out.println("After removal HashSet: "+ fruits);

        //To check the size of the set
```

```
System.out.println("Size of HashSet: "+
fruits.size());

    //To remove all elements from the set
    fruits.clear();
    System.out.println("Is HashSet empty?: "+
fruits.isEmpty());
  }
}
```

o/p:

HashSet: [null, Apple, Kiwi, Orange, Banana]

Does hashSet contains grapes? false

After removal HashSet: [null, Apple, Kiwi, Banana]

Size of HashSet: 4

Is HashSet empty?: true

LinkedHashSet

It is similar to HashSet but maintains the doubly linked list across all elements

Characteristics:

Maintains the insertion order

Slightly slower than hashSet because it maintains the order.

LinkedHashSet (Java SE 21 & JDK 21)

```
package set;
import java.util.LinkedHashSet;

public class LinkedHashSetExample {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        // Creating LinkedHashSet
        LinkedHashSet
    LinkedHashSet
//Adding elements to the linkedHashSet
```

```
cities.add("Pune");
  cities.add("Sambhajinagar");
  cities.add("Mumbai");
  cities.add("Nagpur");

  //Displaying the LHS
  System.out.println("LinkedHashSet : "+ cities );

  //To check LHS contains an element or not
  System.out.println("Does it contain Mumbai? : "+
cities.contains("Mumbai"));
  }
}
```

Employee Management System

Step1:

```
public class Employee {
    private int id;
    private String name;
    private String designation;
    private double salary;

    //Constructor
    public Employee(int id, String name, String designation,
    double salary) {
        this.id = id;
        this.name = name;
        this.designation = designation;
        this.salary = salary;
    }

    //Getters and setters

    public int getId() {
        return id;
    }

    public void setId(int id) {
        this.id = id;
    }

    public String getName() {
        return name;
    }
}
```

Step2:

```
public interface EmployeeManagement {
    void addEmployee(Employee employee);
    void viewAllEmployees();
    void updateEmployee(int empId);
    void deleteEmployee(int empId);
    Employee findEmployeeById(int empId);
}
```

Step3:

```
import java.util.ArrayList;
import java.util.List;
import java.util.Scanner;
public class EmployeeManagementImpl implements
```

```
EmployeeManagement{
    private List<Employee> employeeList = new ArrayList<>();
    @Override
    public void addEmployee(Employee employee) {
        employeeList.add(employee);
        System.out.println("Employee Added Successfully!!");
    @Override
        if (employeeList.isEmpty()) {
            System.out.println("No Employees Found!!!");
            System.out.println("List of employees: ");
            for (Employee employee: employeeList) {
                System.out.println(employee);
    @Override
    public void updateEmployee(int empId) {
        Employee employee = findEmployeeById(empId);
        if (employee != null) {
            Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
            System.out.println("Enter New Name: ");
            employee.setName(scanner.nextLine());
            System.out.println("Enter New Designation: ");
            employee.setDesignation(scanner.nextLine());
            System.out.println("Enter New Salary: ");
            employee.setSalary(scanner.nextDouble());
            System.out.println("Employee Updated
Successfully");
        } else {
            System.out.println("Employee not found!!!!");
    @Override
    public void deleteEmployee(int empId) {
            Employee employee=findEmployeeById(empId);
            if (employee != null) {
                employeeList.remove(employee);
                System.out.println("Employee Deleted
Successfully");
            } else {
```

```
System.out.println("Employee Not Found");
}

//finding employee by ID

@Override
public Employee findEmployeeById(int empId) {
    for (Employee employee: employeeList) {
        if (employee.getId() == empId) {
            return employee;
        }
    }
    return null;
}
```

Step4:

```
import java.util.Scanner;
public class EmployeeManagementSystem {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
        EmployeeManagementImpl management = new
EmployeeManagementImpl();
        boolean exit = false;
        System.out.println("Welcome!!!!!!!!");
        while(!exit){
            System.out.println("\n Menu: ");
            System.out.println("1. Add Employee ");
            System.out.println("2. View All Employee");
            System.out.println("3. Update Employee");
            System.out.println("4. Delete Employee");
            System.out.println("5. Exit");
            System.out.println("Enter your choice: ");
            int choice = scanner.nextInt();
            switch (choice) {
                    System.out.println("Enter Employee ID: ");
                    int id = scanner.nextInt();
                    scanner.nextLine(); //Consumes the new
                    System.out.println("Enter Employee Name:
");
                    String name = scanner.nextLine();
                    System.out.println("Enter Employee
                    String designation = scanner.nextLine();
```

```
System.out.println("Enter Employee Salary:
                    double salary = scanner.nextDouble();
                    Employee employee = new
Employee(id, name, designation, salary);
                    management.addEmployee(employee);
                    break;
                case 2:
                    management.viewAllEmployees();
                    break;
                case 3:
                    System.out.println("Enter Employee ID to
                    int updateId = scanner.nextInt();
                    management.updateEmployee(updateId);
                case 4:
                    System.out.println("Enter Employee ID to
delete: ");
                    int deleteId = scanner.nextInt();
                    management.deleteEmployee(deleteId);
                    break;
                case 5:
                    exit = true;
                    System.out.println("Visit Soon!!!");
                    break;
                default:
                    System.out.println("Invalid Choice!!!!");
```