### Operators:

```
1. Arithmetic Operators: +,-,*,/
 Ex. To get annual salary of employees.
 SELECT ename, sal*12 AS AnnualSalary
 From emp;
 mysql> SELECT ename, sal*12 AS AnnualSalary
   -> From emp;
 +----+
  | ename | AnnualSalary |
  +----+
  | SMITH | 9600.00 |
  | ALLEN | 19200.00 |
  | WARD | 15000.00 |
  | JONES | 35700.00 |
  | MARTIN | 15000.00 |
  | BLAKE | 34200.00 |
  | CLARK | 29400.00 |
  | SCOTT | 36000.00 |
  | KING | 60000.00 |
  | TURNER | 18000.00 |
  | ADAMS | 13200.00 |
  | JAMES | 11400.00 |
  | FORD | 36000.00 |
  | MILLER | 15600.00 |
```

+----+
14 rows in set (0.00 sec)

Relational Operator: =, !=, >, <

Ex. To get employees list whose salary is greater than 2000.

```
Select *
From emp
Where sal > 2000;
mysql> Select *
 -> From emp
 -> Where sal > 2000;
--+---+
| EMPNO | ENAME | JOB | MGR | HIREDATE
| SAL | COMM | DEPTNO |
--+----+
| 7566 | JONES | MANAGER | 7839 | 1981-04-02
| 2975.00 | NULL | 20 |
| 7698 | BLAKE | MANAGER | 7839 | 1981-05-01
| 2850.00 | NULL | 30 |
```

Logical Operators: AND , OR , NOT

**SELECT** \*

From emp

Where age > 25 AND sal > 2000;

#### WHERE Clause:

Filters records based on the condition.

### Example:

- 1. Retrieve employees whose job title is 'Manager'.
  - → Select ename, job
  - → From emp

```
→ Where job = 'Manager';
```

```
mysql> Select ename, job From emp Where job =
'Manager';
+----+
| ename | job |
+----+
| JONES | MANAGER |
| BLAKE | MANAGER |
| CLARK | MANAGER |
+----+
```

Select employee names, job titles and salary for those who are working in dept no 30.

```
Select ename, job, sal
From emp
Where deptno = 30;
```

mysql> Select ename, job, sal -> From emp

-> Where deptno = 30;

```
+----+
| ename | job | sal |
+----+
| ALLEN | SALESMAN | 1600.00 |
| WARD | SALESMAN | 1250.00 |
| MARTIN | SALESMAN | 1250.00 |
| BLAKE | MANAGER | 2850.00 |
| TURNER | SALESMAN | 1500.00 |
| JAMES | CLERK | 950.00 |
```

## Between......And Operator:

- This operator is use to filter records based on given range of values.
- It includes both the start and the end values of the range.

#### **SYNTAX:**

SELECT column\_name(s)

From table name

Where column\_name BETWEEN value1 AND value2;

#### Note:

Works with numeric, text and date values.

# 1.Example

Selecting employees hired between two dates.

Select ename, hiredate

From emp

Where hiredate between '1981-04-01' and '1981-05-01';

# 2.Example:

Finding products priced between 10 and 50.

Table: product

Columns: Price, product\_name

Select product\_name, price

From product

Where price between 10 and 50;

Ex. Retrieving students with grades between 80 to 90.