Started on Monday, 30 June 2025, 2:01 PM

State Finished

Completed on Monday, 30 June 2025, 4:39 PM

Time taken 2 hours 38 mins

Overdue 38 mins 24 secs

Grade 100.00 out of 100.00

Question 1

Correct

Mark 20.00 out of 20.00

Write a python program to implement pattern matching on the given string using Brute Force algorithm.

For example:

Test	Input	Result
BF(a1,a2)	abcaaaabbbbcccabcbabdbcsbbbbbnnn ccabcba	12

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

Reset answer

```
1 v def BF(s1,s2):
 2
         m=len(s1)
 3
         n=len(s2)
 4 ▽
         for i in range(m-n+1):
 5
             while j<n and s1[i+j]==s2[j]:
 6
             j+=1
if j==n:
 7
 8 ,
 9
                return i
10
        return -1
11 v if __name__ == "__main__":
12 al=input()
         a2=input()
13
14
         b=BF(a1,a2)
15
        print(b)
```

	Test	Input	Expected	Got	
~	BF(a1,a2)	abcaaaabbbbcccabcbabdbcsbbbbbnnn ccabcba	12	12	~

Passed all tests! 🗸

Correct

```
Question 2
Correct
Mark 20.00 out of 20.00
```

Write a Python program for Bad Character Heuristic of Boyer Moore String Matching Algorithm

For example:

Input	Result				
ABAAAABCD ABC	Pattern occur at shift = 5				

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
Reset answer
```

```
1 NO_OF_CHARS = 256
2 v def badCharHeuristic(string, size):
       3
4
       for i in range(size):
5 ,
          badChar[ord(string[i])] = i
6
       return badChar
8 def search(txt, pat):
       m = len(pat)
n = len(txt)
9
10
       badChar = badCharHeuristic(pat, m)
11
       s = 0
12
       while(s <= n-m):</pre>
13
14
           j = m-1
15
           while j>=0 and pat[j] == txt[s+j]:
16
             j -= 1
           if j<0:
17
              print("Pattern occur at shift = {}".format(s))
18
19
              s += (m-badChar[ord(txt[s+m])] if s+m<n else 1)</pre>
20
              s += max(1, j-badChar[ord(txt[s+j])])
21
22 v def main():
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	ABAAAABCD ABC	Pattern occur at shift = 5	Pattern occur at shift = 5	~

Passed all tests! 🗸

Correct

```
Question 3
Correct
Mark 20,00 out of 20,00
```

Write a python program to find minimum steps to reach to specific cell in minimum moves by knight.

```
Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)
```

```
Reset answer
 1 v class cell:
  2
 3 1
        def __init__(self, x = 0, y = 0, dist = 0):
 4
            \overline{self.x} = x
 5
            self.y = y
           self.dist = dist
 6
 8 v def isInside(x, y, N):

9 if (x >= 1 and x <= N and

y >= 1 and y <= N):
10 v
11
            return True
12
        return False
    def minStepToReachTarget(knightpos,
13
14 🔻
                           targetpos, N):
        15
        dx = [2, 2, -2, -2, 1, 1, -1, -1]

dy = [1, -1, 1, -1, 2, -2, 2, -2]
16
17
18
19
        queue = []
        queue.append(cell(knightpos[0], knightpos[1], 0))
20
        21
 22
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	30	20	20	~

Passed all tests! 🗸

```
Question 4
Correct
Mark 20.00 out of 20.00
```

Write a python program to implement the quick sort using recursion on the given list of float values.

For example:

```
Input Result
      pivot: 9.7
6.3
      pivot: 5.8
      pivot: 4.6
1.2
4.6
      [1.2, 4.6, 5.8, 6.3, 9.7]
5.8
6
      pivot: 5.4
      pivot: 3.6
2.3
7.8
     pivot: 7.8
      [2.3, 3.6, 4.2, 5.4, 7.8, 9.5]
9.5
4.2
3.6
5.4
```

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1 v def partition(l, r, nums):
2
        pivot = nums[r]
        ptr = 1 - 1
3
4
        for i in range(1, r):
            if nums[i] <= pivot:</pre>
5 1
                ptr += 1
6
7
                nums[ptr], nums[i] = nums[i], nums[ptr]
8
        nums[ptr + 1], nums[r] = nums[r], nums[ptr + 1]
9
        return ptr + 1
10 🔻
    def quicksort(1, r, nums):
11
        if 1 < r:
12
            pi = partition(1, r, nums)
            print(f"pivot: {nums[pi]}")
quicksort(l, pi - 1, nums)
13
14
            quicksort(pi + 1, r, nums)
15
        return nums
16
17
18
    n = int(input())
19
   nums = []
20
21 🔻
    for _ in range(n):
22
        num = float(input())
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	5 6.3 1.2 4.6 5.8 9.7	pivot: 9.7 pivot: 5.8 pivot: 4.6 [1.2, 4.6, 5.8, 6.3, 9.7]	pivot: 9.7 pivot: 5.8 pivot: 4.6 [1.2, 4.6, 5.8, 6.3, 9.7]	~
~	6 2.3 7.8 9.5 4.2 3.6 5.4	pivot: 5.4 pivot: 3.6 pivot: 7.8 [2.3, 3.6, 4.2, 5.4, 7.8, 9.5]	pivot: 5.4 pivot: 3.6 pivot: 7.8 [2.3, 3.6, 4.2, 5.4, 7.8, 9.5]	~
*	4 3.2 6.4 8.7 1.5	pivot: 1.5 pivot: 3.2 pivot: 6.4 [1.5, 3.2, 6.4, 8.7]	pivot: 1.5 pivot: 3.2 pivot: 6.4 [1.5, 3.2, 6.4, 8.7]	~

Passed all tests! 🗸

Question **5**Correct
Mark 20.00 out of 20.00

Create a python program to implement Hamiltonian circuit problem using Backtracking.

For example:

Result

Solution Exists: Following is one Hamiltonian Cycle 0 1 2 4 3 0 $\,$

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
Reset answer
```

```
1 v class Graph():
       def __init__(self, vertices):
    self.graph = [[0 for column in range(vertices)]
 2 .
3
                               for row in range(vertices)]
4
           self.V = vertices
5
       def isSafe(self, v, pos, path):
    if self.graph[ path[pos-1] ][v] == 0:
 6
 7 ,
8
               return False
           for vertex in path:
9 ,
10 1
               if vertex == v:
11
                   return False
12
           return True
13
        def hamCycleUtil(self, path, pos):
14
           15
16
           if pos==self.V:
17
               return True
           for v in range(1,self.V):
18
19
               if self.isSafe(v,pos,path):
20
                   path[pos]=v
21
                    if self.hamCycleUtil(path,pos+1):
22
                       return True
```

		Expected	Got	
•	~	Solution Exists: Following is one Hamiltonian Cycle 0 1 2 4 3 0	Solution Exists: Following is one Hamiltonian Cycle 0 1 2 4 3 0	~

Passed all tests! 🗸

