

AI1110 Assignment 2

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ICSE 2019 12th Board Paper Substituting (3) and (4) in (2),
Question 15(a):

If \vec{a} and \vec{b} are perpendicular vectors,
 $|\vec{a} + \vec{b}| = 13$ and $|\vec{a}| = 5$, find the
value of $|\vec{b}|$.

Solution:

We know that

$$|\vec{a} + \vec{b}|^2 = |\vec{a}|^2 + |\vec{b}|^2 + 2\vec{a} \cdot \vec{b} \quad (1)$$

Given, \vec{a} and \vec{b} are perpendicular,
hence $\vec{a} \cdot \vec{b} = 0$, therefore substituting
in (1),

$$|\vec{a} + \vec{b}|^2 = |\vec{a}|^2 + |\vec{b}|^2 \quad (2)$$

Given,

$$|\vec{a} + \vec{b}| = 13 \quad (3)$$

$$|\vec{a}| = 5 \quad (4)$$

The output of the python code used
for verification of the answer:

$$13^2 = 5^2 + |\vec{b}|^2 \quad (5)$$

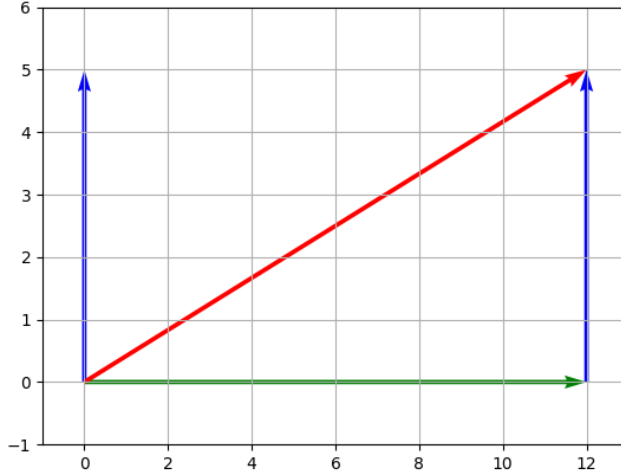
$$|\vec{b}|^2 = 13^2 - 5^2 \quad (6)$$

$$|\vec{b}|^2 = 169 - 25 \quad (7)$$

$$|\vec{b}|^2 = 144 \quad (8)$$

$$|\vec{b}| = \sqrt{144} \quad (9)$$

$$\therefore |\vec{b}| = 12 \quad (10)$$



In the figure, blue arrow with its tail at origin represents \vec{a} , which can also be displaced to have its tail at the coordinate (12,0) to complete the triangle.

The red arrow represents $\vec{a} + \vec{b}$ (by Triangle Law of Vector Addition) and green arrow represents \vec{b} . Vectors \vec{a} and \vec{b} are perpendicular, $|\vec{a}| = 5$ and $|\vec{a} + \vec{b}| = 13$, hence by the diagram, $|\vec{b}|$ should be 12 since by Baudhāyana Sulbasūtra, 5, 12, and 13 form a triplet which is quite famous ($5^2 + 12^2 = 13^2$)