Name: - Prashant Suresh Shirgave

Roll No:-3 Batch:T1

Class: TY(CSE-AIML)

# **Experiment No. 2**

**Title :-** Design and implement the Fragmentation schema

**Aim :** To partition the relations into horizontal & vertical fragments.

# Theory:

## **Storing data in a distributed DBMS:**

#### 1. Fragmentation:

It consists of breaking a relation into smaller relations or fragments and storing the fragments possibly at different sites.

There are two types of fragmentation:

**a. Horizontal fragmentation:** Each fragment consists of a subset of rows of the original relation.

A fragment can be defined as a selection on the global relation r.

$$r_i = \sigma p_i(r)$$

Original relation (r) can be reconstructed by taking union of all fragments.

$$\mathbf{r} = \mathbf{r}_1 \cup \mathbf{r}_2 \cup \mathbf{r}_3 \cup \dots \cup \mathbf{r}_n$$

**b. Vertical Fragmentation:** Each fragment consists of a subset of columns of the original relation.

Each fragment r<sub>i</sub> of r is defined by

$$\mathbf{r}_i = \mathbf{\Pi} \mathbf{R}_i(\mathbf{r})$$

Original relation (r) can be reconstructed by taking natural join of all fragments.

$$r=r_1 \times r_2 \times r_3 \times \dots \times r_n$$

## **2.** Replication :

It means storing of several copies of a relation or relation fragments.

```
//Program for Horizontal Fragmentation (Client). import socket
```

```
# Configuration

SERVER_HOST = "127.0.0.1" # Use localhost for

testing SERVER_PORT = 1520 # Match this with

server.py
```

try:

```
# Send SQL Query
  query = input("Enter SQL query: ").strip()
  client_socket.sendall(query.encode())
  # Receive number of rows
  row_count =
  int(client_socket.recv(1024).decode().strip())
  print(f" ** Received {row_count} rows.")
  # Receive and print each
  row for in
  range(row_count):
    row_data = client_socket.recv(1024).decode().strip()
    print(" * ", row_data)
  print(" Data received successfully!")
except ConnectionRefusedError:
  print("+ Error: Could not connect to the server. Make sure the server is running.")
except Exception as e:
  print(f"+ Client error:
  {e}")
finally:
  # Cleanup
  if 'client_socket' in locals():
  client_socket.close() print("  Client closed.")
 OUTPUT:
C:\Users\saqla\OneDrive\Desktop\adbs> & C:/Python312/python.exe
c:/Users/saqla/OneDrive/Desktop/adbs/client.py
Connected to server at 127.0.0.1:1520
Enter SQL query: select * from employeekop where ecity='Mumbai';
t Received 4 rows.
1,Rajesh
Kumar,60000, Mumbai
2, Anita Sharma, 75000, Mumbai
3, Vikram Rao, 50000, Mumbai
5, Priya Iyer, 70000, Mumbai
1
_
 4
 Data received successfully!
```

Client closed.

```
//Program for Horizontal Fragmentation (Server).
import socket
import pymysql
# Configuration
HOST = "127.0.0.1" # Use "0.0.0.0" if accepting connections from other
machines PORT = 1520 # Change if needed
def handle client(client socket):
  """Function to handle client connection and process SQL
  queries.""" try:
    # Connect to MySQL
    conn =
    pymysql.connect(
      host="localhost",
      user="root",
      password="12345", # Update if necessary
      database="employee",
      port=3306,
      autocommit=True
    )
    cursor = conn.cursor()
    print(" Connected to MySQL successfully!")
    # Receive SQL Query from Client
    query = client_socket.recv(1024).decode().strip()
    print(f"  Received Query: {query}")
    try:
       cursor.execute(query
      ) rows =
       cursor.fetchall()
      # Send row count
      row count =
       len(rows)
       client_socket.sendall(f"{row_count}\n".encode())
      # Send each row as a comma-separated
       string for row in rows:
         formatted_data = ",".join(str(i) for i in row) + "\n"
         client\_socket.sendall(formatted\_data.encode())
      print(" Data sent
    successfully!") except
    pymysql.MySQLError as db_error:
       print(f"+ Database error: {db_error}")
       client socket.sendall(f"ERROR:
       {db_error}\n".encode())
```

```
finally:
       cursor.close()
       conn.close()
  except Exception as e:
    print(f"+ Server error:
    {e}")
    client_socket.sendall(f"ERROR: {e}\n".encode())
  finally:
    client_socket.close()
    print(" Client disconnected.")
# Start the server
def
start_server():
  """Function to initialize the server and accept multiple clients."""
  server_socket = socket.socket(socket.AF_INET,
  socket.SOCK_STREAM)
  server_socket.setsockopt(socket.SOL_SOCKET, socket.SO_REUSEADDR, 1) #
Allow reusing the port
  try:
    server_socket.bind((HOST, PORT))
    server_socket.listen(5) # Allow up to 5 clients in the queue
    print Server is running on {HOST}:{PORT}, waiting for clients...")
    while True:
       client_socket, client_address =
       server_socket.accept() print(f" Connection
       established with {client_address}")
      handle_client(client_socket)
  except KeyboardInterrupt:
    print("\n● Server shutting down due to manual interruption.")
  except Exception as e:
    print(f"+ Critical Server Error: {e}")
  finally:
    server_socket.close()
    print(" Server
    closed.")
if __name__ == "__main__
  ": start_server()
```

## **OUTPUT:**

PS C:\Users\saqla\OneDrive\Desktop\adbs> & C:/Python312/python.exe c:/Users/saqla/OneDrive/Desktop/adbs/server.py

Server is running on 127.0.0.1:1520, waiting for clients...

- Connection established with ('127.0.0.1', 55714)
- Connected to MySQL successfully!

print(" Data received successfully!")

client socket.close()

tReceived Query: select \* from employeekop where ecity='Mumbai';

- Data sent successfully!
- Client disconnected.

```
//Program for Vertical Fragmentation(Client).
import socket
import struct
# Server details
HOST =
"127.0.0.1"
PORT = 1520
# Connect to server
client_socket = socket.socket(socket.AF_INET, socket.SOCK_STREAM)
client socket.connect((HOST, PORT))
print(f" Connected to server at {HOST}:{PORT}")
# Ask user for SQL query
query = input(" Enter the SQL query to
perform: ") client_socket.send(query.encode())
print("  Query sent to server!")
# Receive number of rows
count = struct.unpack('i', client_socket.recv(4))[0]
print(f" ** Rows received: {count}")
# Receive and print data
print("\n # Query
Results:") for _ in
range(count):
  # Receive ID
  eid = struct.unpack('i', client_socket.recv(4))[0]
  # Receive Name Length
  name_length = struct.unpack('i', client_socket.recv(4))[0]
  # Receive Name (Based on received length)
  ename = client_socket.recv(name_length).decode()
  print(f"{eid}\t{ename}")
```

```
print(" Disconnected from server.")
 OUPUT:
PS C:\Users\saqla\OneDrive\Desktop\adbs> & C:/Python312/python.exe
c:/Users/saqla/OneDrive/Desktop/adbs/client1.py
Connected to server at 127.0.0.1:1520
Enter the SQL query to perform: select eid, ename from employee;
t Query sent to server!
*Rows received: 6
#Query Results:
101
      Shweta
102 Arjun
103
     Shlok
104
     Riya
     Ahana
105
     Tara
106
 Data received successfully!
Disconnected from server.
//Program for Vertical Fragmentation(Server).
import socket
import mysql.connector
import struct
#Database
connection try:
  conn = mysql.connector.connect(
    host="localhost",
    user="root",
    password="12345",
    database="employee"
  )
  cursor = conn.cursor()
  print(" Connected to MySQL
successfully!") except mysql.connector.Error
as err:
  print(f"Error: {err}")
  exit(1)
# Setting up the server
server_socket = socket.socket(socket.AF_INET, socket.SOCK_STREAM)
server_socket.bind(("127.0.0.1", 1520))
server_socket.listen(1)
Server is running on 127.0.0.1:1520, waiting for clients...")
```

```
client_socket, addr = server_socket.accept()
print(f" Connection established {addr}")
```

```
try:
  # Receiving query from client
  query =
  client_socket.recv(1024).decode()
  print(f" ** Received Query: {query}")
  # Execute the query
  cursor.execute(query)
  results =
  cursor.fetchall()
  # Sending number of
  rows count = len(results)
  client_socket.send(struct.pack('i', count))
  # Sending data row by
  row for row in results:
    eid = row[0]
    ename = row[1].encode() # Convert string to bytes
    name_length = len(ename) # Send ID and Name
    Length client_socket.send(struct.pack('i', eid)) #
    Send integer ID
    client_socket.send(struct.pack('i', name_length)) # Send name length
    client_socket.send(ename) # Send name bytes
  print(" Data sent successfully!")
except Exception as e:
  print("Error:",
e) finally:
  client_socket.close()
  print(" Client
  disconnected.")
  server_socket.close()
  cursor.close()
  conn.close()
 OUTPUT:
PS C:\Users\saqla\OneDrive\Desktop\adbs> & C:/Python312/python.exe
c:/Users/sagla/OneDrive/Desktop/adbs/server1.py
Connected to MySQL successfully!
Server is running on 127.0.0.1:1520, waiting for clients...
Connection established with ('127.0.0.1', 3857)
tReceived Query: select eid, ename from employee;
Data sent successfully!

    Client disconnected.
```

**Conclusion:**- As per requirement, it is possible to fragment the relation in distributed database systems using horizontal & vertical fragmentation .