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Roll No: 3 **Batch:** T1
Class: TY(CSE-AIML)

Experiment No: 2

Title: Conversion of ER Diagram to Table

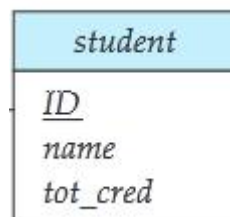
Objective: To identify the entities & their relationship and then convert these into corresponding records in the form of table.

Theory:

1. Tabular Representation of Strong Entity Sets

Let E be a strong entity set with descriptive attributes a_1, a_2, \dots, a_n . This entity set is represented by a table called E with n distinct columns, each of which corresponds to one of the attributes of E. Each row in this table corresponds to one entity of the entity set E.

- A strong entity set reduces to a schema with the same attributes
e.g. student (ID, name, tot_cred)



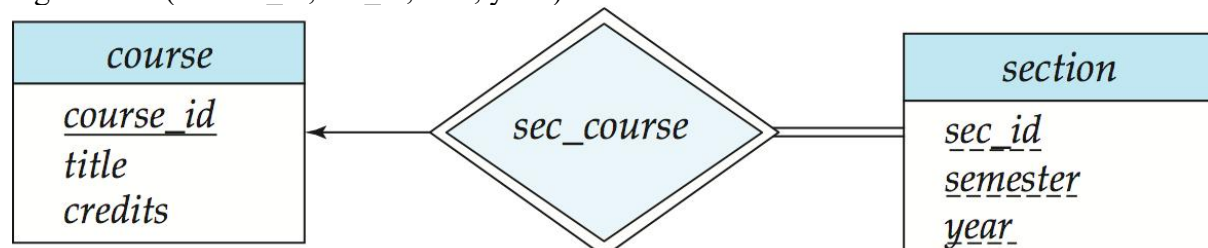
2. Tabular Representation of Weak Entity Sets

Let A be a weak entity set with attributes a_1, a_2, \dots, a_m . Let B be the strong entity set on which

A depends. Let the primary key of B consist of attributes b_1, b_2, \dots, b_n . The entity set A is represented by a table called A with one column for each attribute of the set:

$\{a_1, a_2, \dots, a_m\} \cup \{b_1, b_2, \dots, b_n\}$

- A weak entity set becomes a table that includes a column for the primary key of the identifying strong entity set
e.g. section (course_id, sec_id, sem, year)



3. Tabular Representation of Relationship Sets

Let R be a relationship set, let a_1, a_2, \dots, a_m be the set of attributes formed by the union of the

primary keys of each of the entity sets participating in R , and let the descriptive attributes (if any)

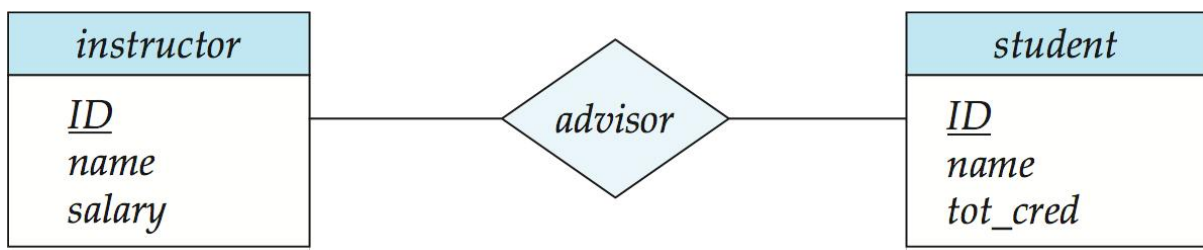
of R be b_1, b_2, \dots, b_n . This relationship set is represented by a table called R with one column

for each attribute of the set:

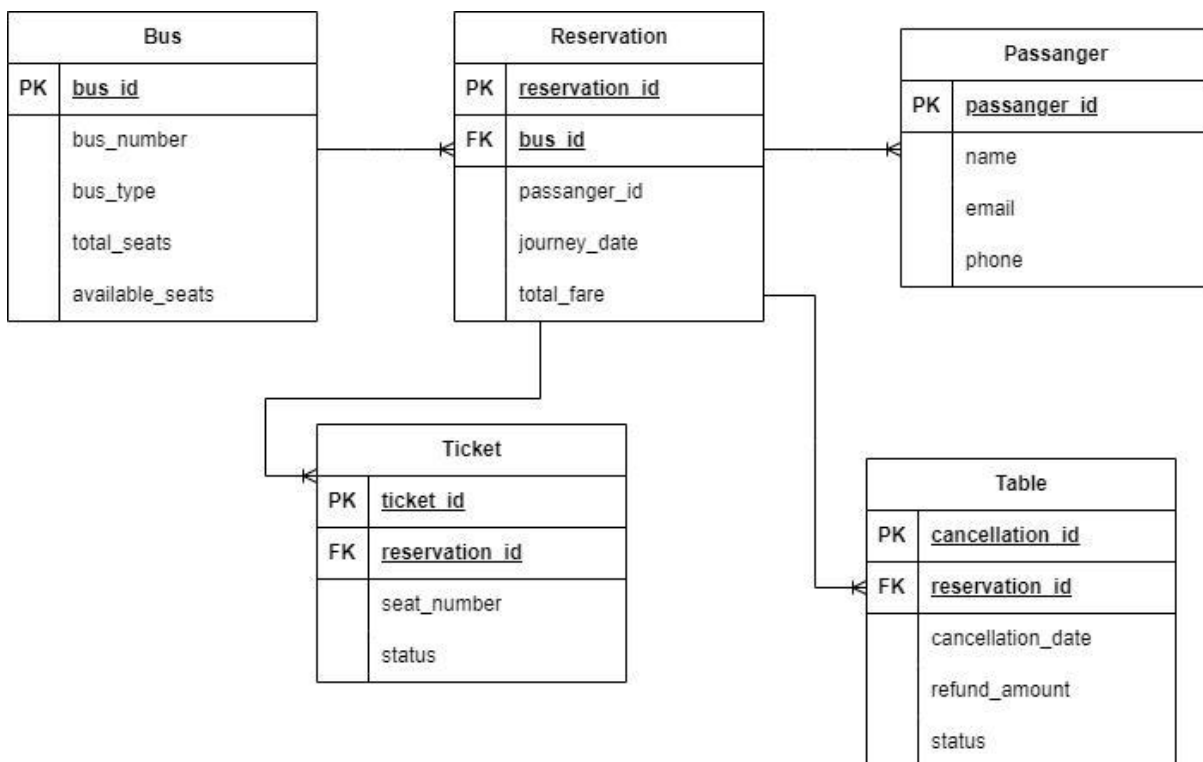
$\{a_1, a_2, \dots, a_m\} \cup \{b_1, b_2, \dots, b_n\}$

• **Example:** schema for relationship set *advisor*

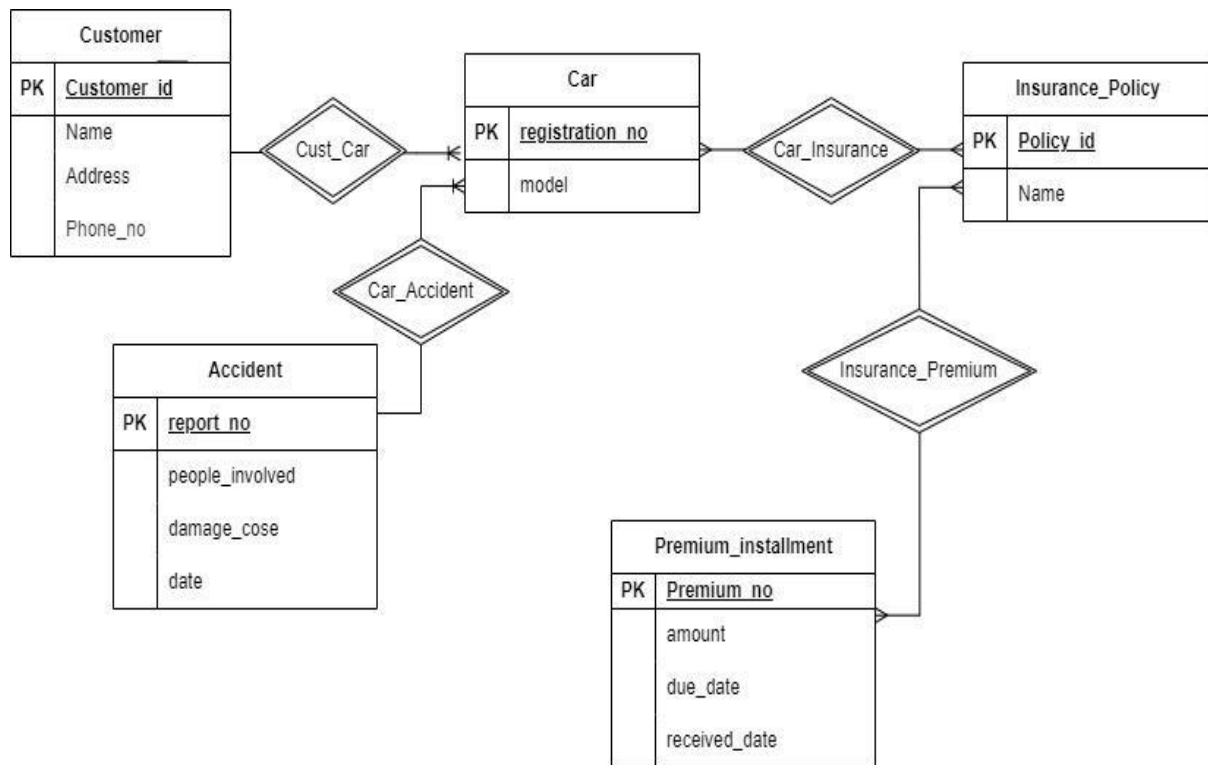
e.g. *advisor* = (*s_id*, *i_id*)



1. Tabular representation of an ER diagram for Online Bus ticket reservation.



2. Tabular representation an E-R diagram for a car-insurance company whose customers own one or more cars each. Each car has associated with it zero to any number of recorded accidents.



3. Tabular Representation of an E-R diagram for a hospital with a set of patients and a set of medical doctors. Associate with each patient a log of the various tests and examinations conducted.

