# **GLA** University, mathura



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# The Title of Project

Unicorn Flappy Bird Game

A Project Submitted in Partial Fulfillment of the Requirements for the Degree of **Bachelor In Technology** in **Computer science** 

by
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# **Acknowledgement:**

I wish to express my heartfelt gratitude to the all people who have played a crucial role in this project, without their active cooperation the preparation of this project could not have been completed within the specified time limit.

I am thankful to our Respected Project supervisor ,Miss Priya Agrawal , for motivating us to complete this project with complete focus and attention.

### Certification's :-









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### Introduction

Flappy bird game is developed in Python and It's a desktop application. The game was designed and built by **Dong Nguyen** a developer who lives in vietnam. Flappy bird is a side scroller game where the player controls a bird, attempting the flying between columns of green pipes. The bird will be flying until it collisions with a pipe or it fall on ground. It's a simple game of infinite level type. It's a challenging game for all.

# Why game as a project

Video games are not just any computer software which are made to benefit user's daily life, games are rather made for user's entertainment purpose, so more than anything we need to pay attention to what the user wants from the game, how to make it more entertaining, just making any game will not do, that is why it's more challenging because I always have to carefully consider if I'm making developing it correctly to entertain users.

I also have to invest a lot of time on the proper game designing to make it visually accepted. And to add that game requires a lot of scripts. The scripts are like pieces of a puzzle which you need to put all of them together to make it work. Thus I think game is a perfect project to prove myself as a CSE student.

## **Project Description**

### Story

We choose this game for our First ever mini project. Actually the game is entertaining for anybody and in leisure time we can spend our time nicely by playing game. The flappy bird game is implemented for only desktop.

**Figure 1** — is the start screen of flappy bird. The Welcome screen with msg 'get ready' is shown on the screen. The bird is also Displayed on the background.



Figure 1

**Figure 2** -shows the screen when the game is on. The 2 pillars are displayed on the screen, and so is the score, on top of the background or the pillar.(instead of title)

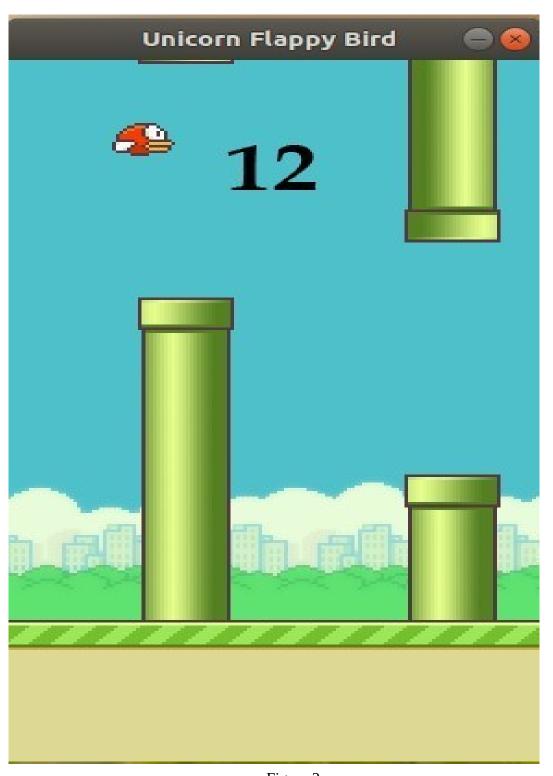


Figure 2

# Requirements

A requirement is a singular documented physical or functional need that a particular design, product or process aims to safety. It can be divided into functional requirements and non-functional requirements.

- ✔ Functional- 2D animation , objectives selection, moving wall, collision detection, moving background etc.
- ✓ Non-Functional We can keep the bird playing by pressing mouse, space bar, page up key and move it in the space of pipes.

#### 2D Animation

Animation is a complex subject in game programming. Animation is rapid display of sequence of images which creates an illusion of movement. Python games are expected to run on multiple operating systems with different hardware specifications.

## **Objective selection**

We create a bird object which is flying until any collision occured and the bird is flying in the wall objectives which are begin from the top and bottom of the screen.

### **Moving Wall**

The wall is moving on and it will come randomly in size and distances.the bird is flying in the middle of the wall.

#### **Collision Detection**

When the bird touches anywhere on the wall it cause a collision. Collision detection is one of the important task of the game .If the bird touch any wall(pipes) the game will end.

## Moving background

The picture used as a background image is moving on analogously. We used two same images which are coming one after another regulary.

## **Score counting**

Score counting is the interesting for user. By the score the player knows his/her performance. If the bird cross the pipe without the collision or not fall in ground his/her score incremented by 1.

#### **Tools**

- **Language:** Python
- ➤ **IDE:** An IDE (Integrated Development Environment) contains s coe editor, a compiler or interpreter, and a debugger, accessed through a single graphical user interchange (GUI). Our IDE is **VS Code** (Visual Studio Code).

# Why we are using VS code instead of any other IDE's

At its heart, Visual Studio Code features a lightning fast source code editor, perfect for day-to-day use. With support for hundreds of languages, VS Code helps us to be instantly productive with syntax highlighting, bracket-matching, auto-indentation, box-selection, snippets, and more. Intuitive keyboard shortcuts, easy customization and community-contributed keyboard shortcut mappings let you navigate your code with ease.

For serious coding, we'll often benefit from tools with more code understanding than just blocks of text. Visual Studio Code includes built-in support for IntelliSense code completion, rich semantic code understanding and navigation, and code refactoring.

And when the coding gets tough, the tough get debugging. Debugging is often the one feature that developers miss most in a leaner coding experience, so we made it happen. Visual Studio Code includes an interactive debugger, so we can step through source code, inspect variables, view call stacks, and execute commands in the console.

VS Code also integrates with build and scripting tools to perform common tasks making everyday workflows faster. VS Code has support for Git so we can work with source control without leaving the editor including viewing pending changes diffs.

### **Information**

→ **Figure A** shows welcome images on the screen and checks whether the user wants to play further more or want to quit the game.

```
main.py > ...
    def welcomeScreen():
        playerx = int(SCREENWIDTH/5)
        playery = int((SCREENHEIGHT - GAME SPRITES['player'].get height())/2)
        messagex = int((SCREENWIDTH - GAME SPRITES['message'].get width())/2)
        messagey = int(SCREENHEIGHT*0.13)
        basex = 0
             for event in pygame.event.get():
                  if event.type == QUIT or (event.type==KEYDOWN and event.key == K ESCAPE):
                      pygame.quit()
                      sys.exit()
                  elif event.type==KEYDOWN and (event.key==K_SPACE or event.key == K_UP):
                       SCREEN.blit(GAME_SPRITES['background'], (0, 0))
                      SCREEN.blit(GAME_SPRITES['player'], (playerx, playery))
SCREEN.blit(GAME_SPRITES['message'], (messagex,messagey ))
SCREEN.blit(GAME_SPRITES['base'], (basex, GROUNDY))
                       pygame.display.update()
                       FPSCLOCK.tick(FPS)
```

Figure A

→ **Figure B** shows the working of the sound handling in our code.

```
# Game sounds
GAME_SOUNDS['die'] = pygame.mixer.Sound('gallery/audio/die.wav')
GAME_SOUNDS['hit'] = pygame.mixer.Sound('gallery/audio/hit.wav')
GAME_SOUNDS['point'] = pygame.mixer.Sound('gallery/audio/point.wav')
GAME_SOUNDS['swoosh'] = pygame.mixer.Sound('gallery/audio/swoosh.wav')
GAME_SOUNDS['wing'] = pygame.mixer.Sound('gallery/audio/wing.wav')
```

Figure B

→ **Figure C** generates positions of two pipes( one bottom straight and one top rotated) for blitting on the screen.

Figure C

**→ Figure D** we declares the global variables for the game.

```
# Global Variables for the game
FPS = 32
SCREENWIDTH = 289
SCREENHEIGHT = 511
SCREEN = pygame.display.set_mode((SCREENWIDTH, SCREENHEIGHT))
GROUNDY = SCREENHEIGHT * 0.8
GAME_SPRITES = {}
GAME_SOUNDS = {}
PLAYER = 'gallery/sprites/bird.png'
BACKGROUND = 'gallery/sprites/background.png'
PIPE = 'gallery/sprites/pipe.png'
```

Figure D

**→ Figure E** shows all the pygame imports needed to run the game.

```
import random # For generating random numbers
import sys # We will use sys.exit to exit the program
import pygame
from pygame.locals import * # Basic pygame imports
```

#### **Future Direction**

We will add more features to the game and will change the bird and background scenery according to the user's choice and also trying to make it a multiplayer game. The status and the history will be saved and we show a graph where user can see his total performance whether it inreasing or decreasing.

### **Project Deliverables**

- ◆ Powerpoint microsoft open XML.
- ◆ Project report
- ◆ Source code
- ◆ PDF

## **Summary**

We choice the project to gain the proper knowledge to make desktop application. It increased our knowledge for Object Oriented Language (Python). Getting experience with python GUI. The important issues is, it's a game application and it will be recreation for all.

#### Source code

```
import random
import sys
import pygame
from pygame.locals import *
FPS = 32
SCREENWIDTH = 289
SCREENHEIGHT = 511
SCREEN = pygame.display.set_mode((SCREENWIDTH, SCREENHEIGHT))
GROUNDY = SCREENHEIGHT * 0.8
GAME_SPRITES = {}
GAME_SOUNDS = {}
PLAYER = 'gallery/sprites/bird.png'
BACKGROUND = 'gallery/sprites/background.png'
PIPE = 'gallery/sprites/pipe.png'
def welcomeScreen():
  playerx = int(SCREENWIDTH/5)
  playery = int((SCREENHEIGHT - GAME_SPRITES['player'].get_height())/2)
  messagex = int((SCREENWIDTH - GAME_SPRITES['message'].get_width())/2)
  messagey = int(SCREENHEIGHT*0.13)
  basex = 0
  while True:
    for event in pygame.event.get():
```

```
if event.type == QUIT or (event.type==KEYDOWN and event.key ==
K ESCAPE):
        pygame.quit()
        sys.exit()
          elif event.type==KEYDOWN and (event.key==K SPACE or event.key ==
K UP):
        return
      else:
        SCREEN.blit(GAME SPRITES['background'], (0, 0))
        SCREEN.blit(GAME_SPRITES['player'], (playerx, playery))
        SCREEN.blit(GAME SPRITES['message'], (messagex,messagey ))
        SCREEN.blit(GAME_SPRITES['base'], (basex, GROUNDY))
        pygame.display.update()
        FPSCLOCK.tick(FPS)
def mainGame():
  score = 0
  playerx
  int(SCREENWIDTH/5) playery
  = int(SCREENWIDTH/2) basex
  = 0
  newPipe1 = getRandomPipe()
  newPipe2 = getRandomPipe()
  upperPipes = [
    {'x': SCREENWIDTH+200, 'y':newPipe1[0]['y']},
    {'x': SCREENWIDTH+200+(SCREENWIDTH/2), 'y':newPipe2[0]['y']},
  lowerPipes = [
    {'x': SCREENWIDTH+200, 'y':newPipe1[1]['y']},
    {'x': SCREENWIDTH+200+(SCREENWIDTH/2), 'y':newPipe2[1]['y']},
  1
  pipeVelX = -4
  playerVelY = -9
  playerMaxVelY = 10
  playerMinVelY = -8
  playerAccY = 1
```

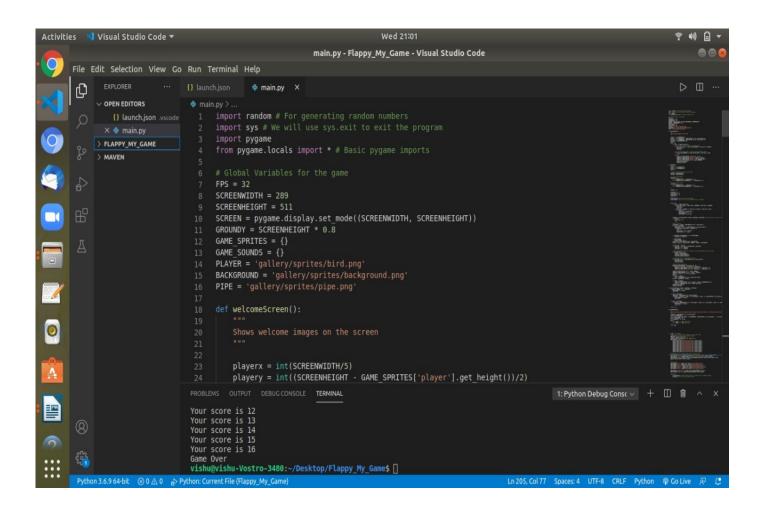
```
playerFlapAccv = -8
  playerFlapped = False
  while True:
    for event in pygame.event.get():
           if event.type == QUIT or (event.type == KEYDOWN and event.key ==
K_ESCAPE):
         pygame.quit()
         sys.exit()
         if event.type == KEYDOWN and (event.key == K_SPACE or event.key ==
K_UP):
         if playery > 0:
           playerVelY = playerFlapAccv
           playerFlapped = True
           GAME_SOUNDS['wing'].play()
    crashTest = isCollide(playerx, playery, upperPipes, lowerPipes) # This function will
return true if the player is crashed
    if crashTest:
       return
    playerMidPos = playerx + GAME_SPRITES['player'].get_width()/2
    for pipe in upperPipes:
       pipeMidPos = pipe['x'] + GAME SPRITES['pipe'][0].get_width()/2
       if pipeMidPos<= playerMidPos < pipeMidPos +4:
         score +=1
         print(f"Your score is {score}")
         GAME_SOUNDS['point'].play()
    if playerVelY <playerMaxVelY and not playerFlapped:
       playerVelY += playerAccY
    if playerFlapped:
       playerFlapped = False
    playerHeight = GAME_SPRITES['player'].get_height()
    playery = playery + min(playerVelY, GROUNDY - playery - playerHeight)
```

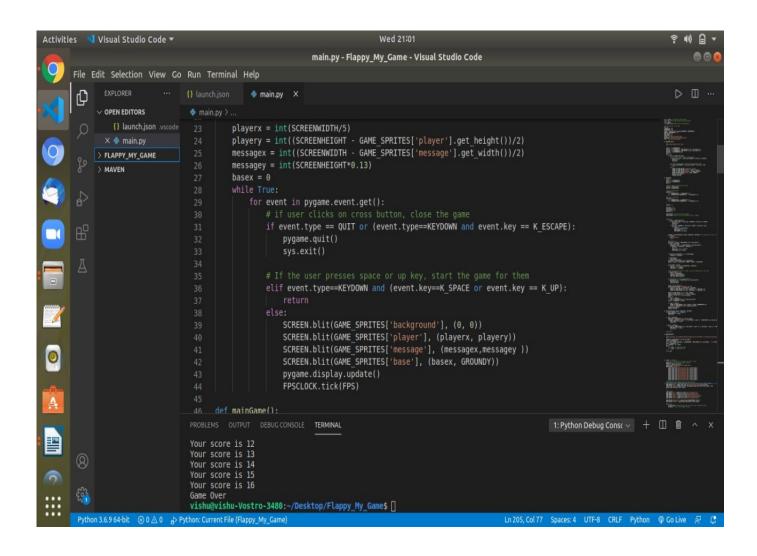
```
for upperPipe , lowerPipe in zip(upperPipes, lowerPipes):
      upperPipe['x'] += pipeVelX
      lowerPipe['x'] += pipeVelX
    if 0<upperPipes[0]['x']<5:
      newpipe = getRandomPipe()
      upperPipes.append(newpipe[0])
      lowerPipes.append(newpipe[1])
    if upperPipes[0]['x'] < -GAME_SPRITES['pipe'][0].get_width():
      upperPipes.pop(0)
      lowerPipes.pop(0)
    SCREEN.blit(GAME_SPRITES['background'], (0, 0))
    for upperPipe, lowerPipe in zip(upperPipes, lowerPipes):
      SCREEN.blit(GAME_SPRITES['pipe'][0], (upperPipe['x'], upperPipe['y']))
      SCREEN.blit(GAME_SPRITES['pipe'][1], (lowerPipe['x'], lowerPipe['y']))
    SCREEN.blit(GAME_SPRITES['base'], (basex, GROUNDY))
    SCREEN.blit(GAME SPRITES['player'], (playerx, playery))
    myDigits = [int(x) for x in list(str(score))]
    width = 0
    for digit in myDigits:
      width += GAME SPRITES['numbers'][digit].get width()
    Xoffset = (SCREENWIDTH - width)/2
    for digit in myDigits:
                         SCREEN.blit(GAME_SPRITES['numbers'][digit], (Xoffset,
SCREENHEIGHT*0.12))
      Xoffset += GAME_SPRITES['numbers'][digit].get_width()
    pygame.display.update()
    FPSCLOCK.tick(FPS)
def isCollide(playerx, playery, upperPipes, lowerPipes):
  if playery> GROUNDY - 25 or playery<0:
    GAME_SOUNDS['hit'].play()
    return True
```

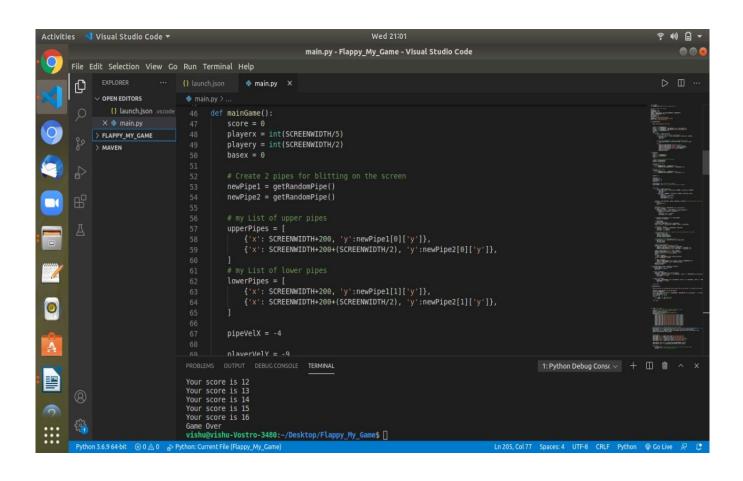
```
for pipe in upperPipes:
    pipeHeight = GAME_SPRITES['pipe'][0].get_height()
             if(playery < pipeHeight + pipe['y'] and abs(playerx - pipe['x']) <
GAME_SPRITES['pipe'][0].get_width()):
       GAME_SOUNDS['hit'].play()
       return True
  for pipe in lowerPipes:
     if (playery + GAME_SPRITES['player'].get_height() > pipe['y']) and abs(playerx -
pipe['x']) < GAME SPRITES['pipe'][0].get width():</pre>
       GAME SOUNDS['hit'].play()
       return True
  return False
def getRandomPipe():
  Generate positions of two pipes(one bottom straight and one top rotated ) for blitting
on the screen
  pipeHeight = GAME_SPRITES['pipe'][0].get_height()
  offset = SCREENHEIGHT/3
                      offset
            v2
                  =
                              +
                                   random.randrange(0,
                                                          int(SCREENHEIGHT
GAME SPRITES['base'].get_height() - 1.2 *offset))
  pipeX = SCREENWIDTH + 10
  y1 = pipeHeight - y2 + offset
  pipe = [
    {'x': pipeX, 'y': -y1}, #upper Pipe
    {'x': pipeX, 'y': y2} #lower Pipe
  return pipe
if _name_ == "_main_":
  # This will be the main point from where our game will start
  pygame.init() # Initialize all pygame's modules
  FPSCLOCK = pygame.time.Clock()
  pygame.display.set_caption('Flappy Bird by GLAian')
  GAME_SPRITES['numbers'] = (
```

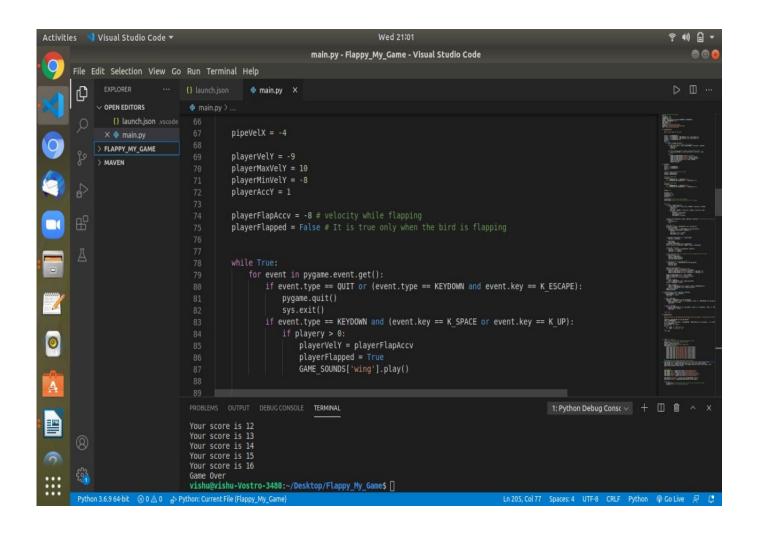
```
pygame.image.load('gallery/sprites/0.png').convert_alpha(),
    pygame.image.load('gallery/sprites/1.png').convert_alpha(),
    pygame.image.load('gallery/sprites/2.png').convert_alpha(),
    pygame.image.load('gallery/sprites/3.png').convert_alpha(),
    pygame.image.load('gallery/sprites/4.png').convert_alpha(),
    pygame.image.load('gallery/sprites/5.png').convert_alpha(),
    pygame.image.load('gallery/sprites/6.png').convert_alpha(),
    pygame.image.load('gallery/sprites/7.png').convert_alpha(),
    pygame.image.load('gallery/sprites/8.png').convert_alpha(),
    pygame.image.load('gallery/sprites/9.png').convert_alpha(),
  )
                                                       GAME_SPRITES['message']
=pygame.image.load('gallery/sprites/message.png').convert_alpha()
                                                           GAME_SPRITES['base']
=pygame.image.load('gallery/sprites/base.png').convert_alpha()
                                                           GAME_SPRITES['pipe']
=(pygame.transform.rotate(pygame.image.load(PIPE).convert_alpha(), 180),
  pygame.image.load(PIPE).convert_alpha()
  # Game sounds
  GAME_SOUNDS['die'] = pygame.mixer.Sound('gallery/audio/die.wav')
  GAME_SOUNDS['hit'] = pygame.mixer.Sound('gallery/audio/hit.wav')
  GAME_SOUNDS['point'] = pygame.mixer.Sound('gallery/audio/point.wav')
  GAME_SOUNDS['swoosh'] = pygame.mixer.Sound('gallery/audio/swoosh.wav')
  GAME_SOUNDS['wing'] = pygame.mixer.Sound('gallery/audio/wing.wav')
  GAME_SPRITES['background'] = pygame.image.load(BACKGROUND).convert()
  GAME SPRITES['player'] = pygame.image.load(PLAYER).convert_alpha()
  while True:
  welcome Screen() # Shows welcome screen to the user until he presses a button
  mainGame() #This is the main game function
```

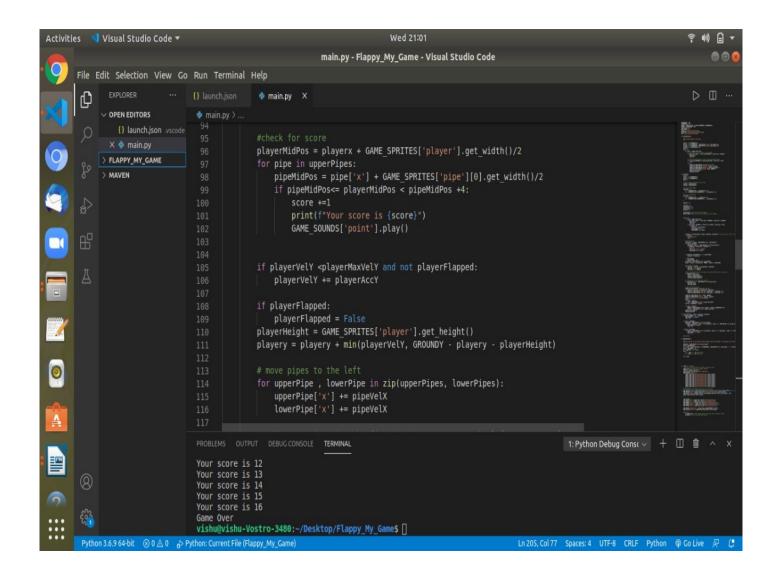
### **Some Screenshots**

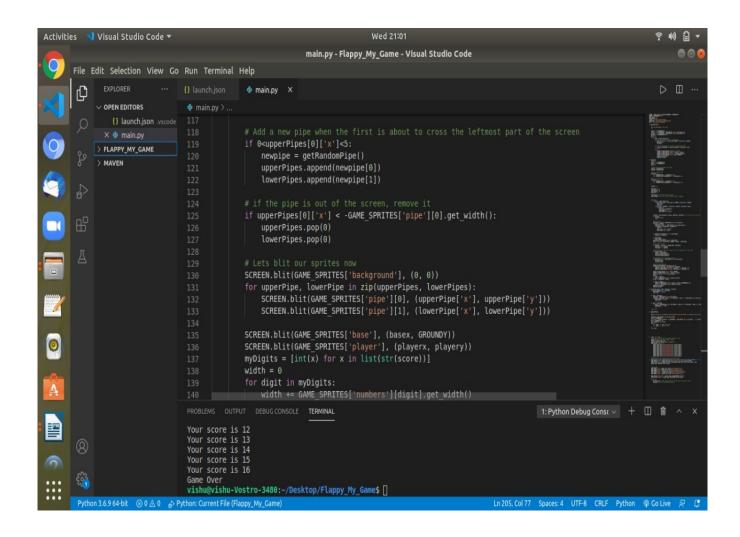


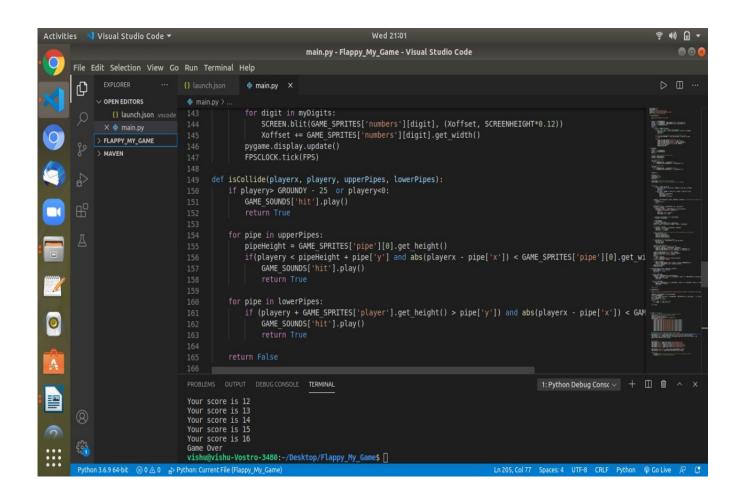


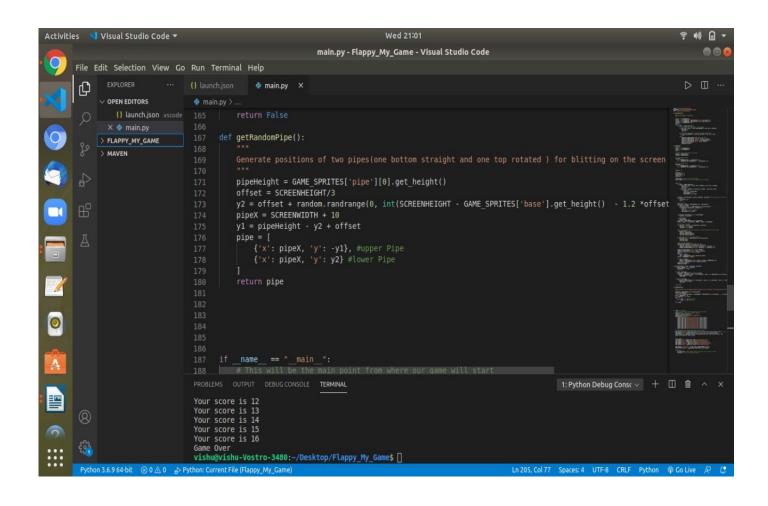


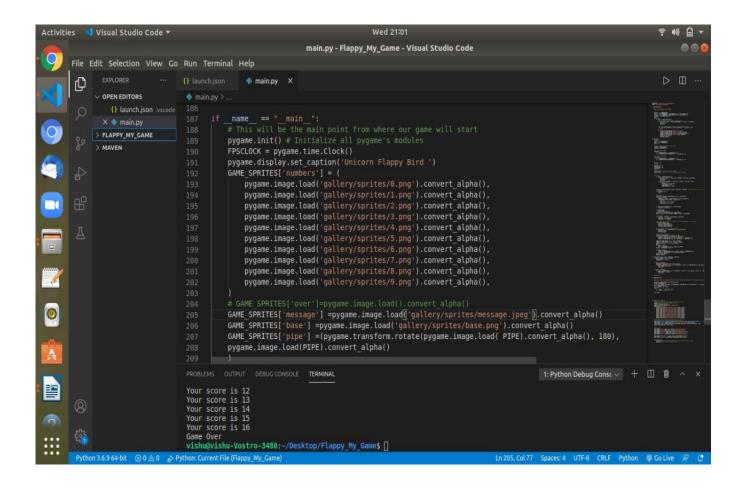












# References

- x https://www.pygame.org/newsx https://inventwithpython.com/pygame/