```
In [1]: import pandas as pd
   import numpy as np
   import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
   import seaborn as sns
   import statsmodels.formula.api as smf
   import statsmodels.api as sm
   from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
   from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
```

Question -->1) Salary_hike -> Build a prediction model for Salary_hike

Input Variable X = YearsExperience Output Variable Y= Salary

```
In [2]: Salary_Data = pd.read_csv('Salary_Data.csv')
Salary_Data
```

Out[2]:

	YearsExperience	Salary
0	1.1	39343.0
1	1.3	46205.0
2	1.5	37731.0
3	2.0	43525.0
4	2.2	39891.0
5	2.9	56642.0
6	3.0	60150.0
7	3.2	54445.0
8	3.2	64445.0
9	3.7	57189.0
10	3.9	63218.0
11	4.0	55794.0
12	4.0	56957.0
13	4.1	57081.0
14	4.5	61111.0
15	4.9	67938.0
16	5.1	66029.0
17	5.3	83088.0
18	5.9	81363.0
19	6.0	93940.0
20	6.8	91738.0
21	7.1	98273.0
22	7.9	101302.0
23	8.2	113812.0
24	8.7	109431.0
25	9.0	105582.0
26	9.5	116969.0
27	9.6	112635.0
28	10.3	122391.0
29	10.5	121872.0

In [6]: Salary_Data.describe()

Out[6]:

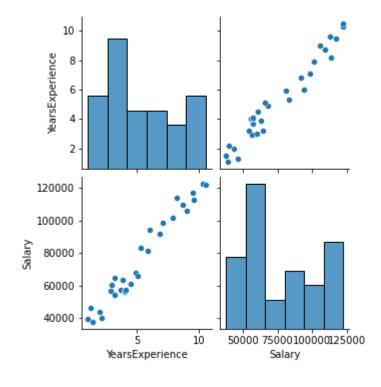
	YearsExperience	Salary
count	30.000000	30.000000
mean	5.313333	76003.000000
std	2.837888	27414.429785
min	1.100000	37731.000000
25%	3.200000	56720.750000
50%	4.700000	65237.000000
75%	7.700000	100544.750000
max	10.500000	122391.000000

In [7]: Salary_Data.shape

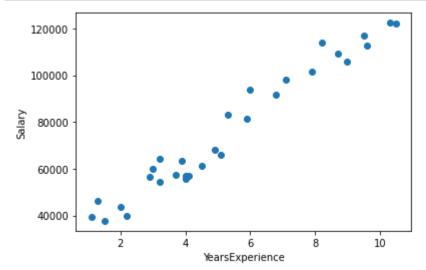
Out[7]: (30, 2)

In [8]: sns.pairplot(Salary_Data.iloc[:,0:2])

Out[8]: <seaborn.axisgrid.PairGrid at 0x267e9c8e0a0>



```
In [9]: plt.scatter(x = Salary_Data['YearsExperience'], y = Salary_Data['Salary'])
    plt.xlabel("YearsExperience")
    plt.ylabel("Salary")
    plt.show()
```



Model Creation using Statsmodel

```
In [11]: linear_model=smf.ols("YearsExperience~Salary",data=Salary_Data).fit()
linear_model.params
linear_model.summary()
```

Out[11]:

OLS Regression Results

Dep. Variable: R-squared: YearsExperience 0.957 Model: OLS Adj. R-squared: 0.955 Method: Least Squares F-statistic: 622.5 **Date:** Tue, 18 Jan 2022 Prob (F-statistic): 1.14e-20 Time: 13:47:20 Log-Likelihood: -26.168 No. Observations: 30 AIC: 56.34 **Df Residuals:** BIC: 28 59.14 Df Model: 1 **Covariance Type:** nonrobust std err [0.025 0.975] coef P>|t| Intercept -2.3832 0.327 -7.281 0.000 -3.054 -1.713 Salary 0.0001 4.06e-06 24.950 0.000 9.3e-05 0.000

 Omnibus:
 3.544
 Durbin-Watson:
 1.587

 Prob(Omnibus):
 0.170
 Jarque-Bera (JB):
 2.094

 Skew:
 -0.412
 Prob(JB):
 0.351

 Kurtosis:
 2.003
 Cond. No.
 2.41e+05

Notes:

- [1] Standard Errors assume that the covariance matrix of the errors is correctly specified.
- [2] The condition number is large, 2.41e+05. This might indicate that there are strong multicollinearity or other numerical problems.

```
In [13]: linear_model.conf_int(0.05)
```

Out[13]:

```
        Intercept
        -3.053603
        -1.712718

        Salary
        0.000093
        0.000110
```

```
In [14]: prediction=linear_model.predict(Salary_Data.iloc[:,1])
print(prediction)
```

```
0
       1.600934
1
       2.295819
2
       1.437694
3
       2.024427
4
       1.656428
5
       3.352729
6
       3.707969
7
       3.130248
8
       4.142905
9
       3.408121
10
       4.018652
11
       3.266856
12
       3.384628
13
       3.397185
14
       3.805285
15
       4.496626
16
       4.303310
17
       6.030801
18
       5.856117
19
       7.129735
20
       6.906748
21
       7.568520
22
       7.875253
23
       9.142087
24
       8.698442
25
       8.308670
26
       9.461782
27
       9.022897
28
      10.010845
29
       9.958288
dtype: float64
```

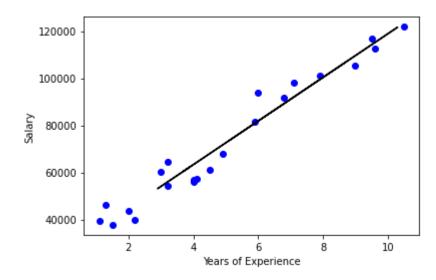
```
In [15]: #Splitting 3/4 of the data for training and 1/4 for testing
         x=np.array([Salary_Data["YearsExperience"]]).reshape(-1,1)#X value input - Years
         y = np.array([Salary_Data["Salary"]]).reshape(-1,1)# Y value output - Salary Hike
         x_train,x_test,y_train,y_test=train_test_split(x,y,test_size=0.25)
         x_train
Out[15]: array([[ 4.1],
                 [9.5],
                 [ 6. ],
                 [4.5],
                 [ 1.3],
                 [5.9],
                 [ 3.2],
                 [10.5],
                 [ 9.6],
                 [ 4. ],
                 [1.5],
                 [ 3. ],
                 [ 6.8],
                 [ 9. ],
                 [7.9],
                 [2.2],
                 [4.9],
                 [7.1],
                 [ 4. ],
                 [1.1],
                 [ 2. ],
                 [ 3.2]])
In [16]: y_train
Out[16]: array([[ 57081.],
                 [116969.],
                 [ 93940.],
                 [ 61111.],
                 [ 46205.],
                 [ 81363.],
                 [ 64445.],
                 [121872.],
                 [112635.],
                 [ 56957.],
                 [ 37731.],
                 [ 60150.],
                 [ 91738.],
                 [105582.],
                 [101302.],
                 [ 39891.],
                 [ 67938.],
                 [ 98273.],
                 [ 55794.],
                 [ 39343.],
                 [ 43525.],
                 [ 54445.]])
```

```
In [17]: model=LinearRegression().fit(x_train,y_train)
         model.score(x_test,y_test)*100 # Evaluate the model
         x_test
Out[17]: array([[ 5.1],
                 [ 8.2],
                 [10.3],
                 [5.3],
                 [ 3.7],
                 [ 3.9],
                 [2.9],
                 [ 8.7]])
In [18]: |y_test
Out[18]: array([[ 66029.],
                 [113812.],
                 [122391.],
                 [ 83088.],
                 [ 57189.],
                 [ 63218.],
                 [ 56642.],
                 [109431.]])
In [19]: y_pred= model.predict(x_test)#Predict the model
         print(y_pred)
         [[ 73483.15358835]
           [102207.68106116]
           [121666.23192984]
           [ 75336.34890918]
           [ 60510.78634257]
           [ 62363.98166339]
           [ 53098.00505926]
           [106840.66936323]]
```

Visualization for the predicted model

```
In [20]: plt.scatter(x_train,y_train,color='b')
    plt.plot(x_test,y_pred,color='k')
    plt.xlabel("Years of Experience")
    plt.ylabel("Salary")
```

Out[20]: Text(0, 0.5, 'Salary')



Question --> 2) Delivery_time -> Predict delivery time using sorting time

```
In [48]: Delivery_Time_Df = pd.read_csv('delivery_time.csv')
         Delivery_Time_Df
```

Out[48]:			
		Delivery_Time	Sorting_Time
	0	21.00	10
	1	13.50	4
	2	19.75	6
	3	24.00	9
	4	29.00	10
	5	15.35	6
	6	19.00	7
	7	9.50	3
	8	17.90	10
	9	18.75	9
	10	19.83	8
	11	10.75	4
	12	16.68	7
	13	11.50	3
	14	12.03	3
	15	14.88	4
	16	13.75	6
	17	18.11	7
	18	8.00	2
	19	17.83	7
	20	21.50	5

```
In [49]: Delivery_Time_Df.shape
```

Out[49]: (21, 2)

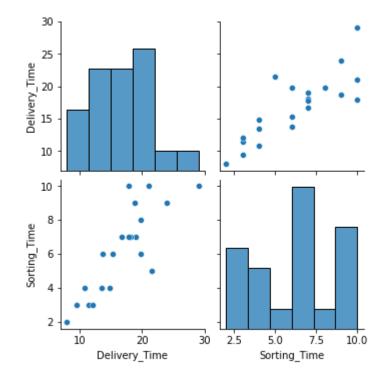
In [50]: Delivery_Time_Df.describe()

Out[50]:

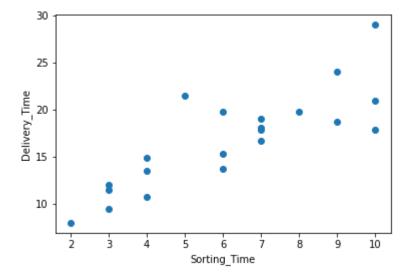
	Delivery_Time	Sorting_Time
count	21.000000	21.000000
mean	16.790952	6.190476
std	5.074901	2.542028
min	8.000000	2.000000
25%	13.500000	4.000000
50%	17.830000	6.000000
75%	19.750000	8.000000
max	29.000000	10.000000

In [51]: sns.pairplot(Delivery_Time_Df.iloc[:,0:2])

Out[51]: <seaborn.axisgrid.PairGrid at 0x267ea615eb0>



```
In [52]: plt.scatter(x = Delivery_Time_Df['Sorting_Time'], y = Delivery_Time_Df['Delivery_
plt.xlabel("Sorting_Time")
    plt.ylabel("Delivery_Time")
    plt.show()
```



```
In [54]: linear_model=smf.ols("Sorting_Time~Delivery_Time",data=Delivery_Time_Df).fit()
linear_model.params
linear_model.summary()
```

Out[54]:

OLS Regression Results

Dep. Variable:	Sorting_Time	R-squared:	0.682
Model:	OLS	Adj. R-squared:	0.666
Method:	Least Squares	F-statistic:	40.80
Date:	Tue, 18 Jan 2022	Prob (F-statistic):	3.98e-06
Time:	14:01:41	Log-Likelihood:	-36.839
No. Observations:	21	AIC:	77.68
Df Residuals:	19	BIC:	79.77
Df Model:	1		
Covariance Type:	nonrobust		

 coef
 std err
 t
 P>|t|
 [0.025
 0.975]

 Intercept
 -0.7567
 1.134
 -0.667
 0.513
 -3.130
 1.617

 Delivery_Time
 0.4137
 0.065
 6.387
 0.000
 0.278
 0.549

 Omnibus:
 1.409
 Durbin-Watson:
 1.346

 Prob(Omnibus):
 0.494
 Jarque-Bera (JB):
 0.371

 Skew:
 0.255
 Prob(JB):
 0.831

 Kurtosis:
 3.405
 Cond. No.
 62.1

Notes:

[1] Standard Errors assume that the covariance matrix of the errors is correctly specified.

In [55]: linear_model.conf_int(0.05)

Out[55]:

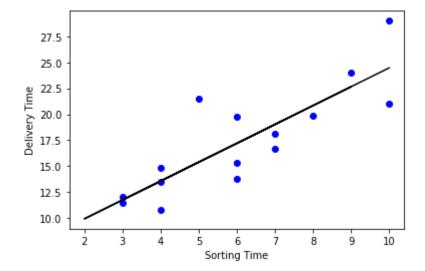
	0	1
Intercept	-3.130058	1.616712
Delivery_Time	0.278169	0.549318

```
In [56]: | prediction =linear_model.predict(Delivery_Time_Df.iloc[:,0])
         print(prediction)
         0
                7.931943
         1
                4.828866
         2
                7.414763
         3
                9.173174
         4
               11.241892
         5
                5.594291
         6
                7.104456
         7
                3.173891
         8
                6.649338
         9
                7.001020
         10
                7.447863
         11
                3.691071
         12
                6.144570
         13
                4.001378
         14
                4.220662
         15
                5.399832
         16
                4.932302
         17
                6.736224
         18
                2.553276
         19
                6.620376
         20
                8.138815
         dtype: float64
In [57]: x=np.array([Delivery_Time_Df["Sorting_Time"]]).reshape(-1,1)
         y=np.array([Delivery_Time_Df["Delivery_Time"]]).reshape(-1,1)
         x_train,x_test,y_train,y_test=train_test_split(x,y,test_size=0.25)
         x_train
Out[57]: array([[ 7],
                 [7],
                [3],
                 [4],
                 [5],
                 [3],
                 [4],
                 [6],
                 [10],
                 [8],
                 [4],
                 [6],
                 [10],
                 [ 9],
                 [ 6]], dtype=int64)
```

```
In [58]: y_train
Out[58]: array([[16.68],
               [18.11],
               [12.03],
               [10.75],
               [21.5],
               [11.5],
               [14.88],
               [19.75],
               [21.],
               [19.83],
               [13.5],
               [15.35],
               [29.],
               [24.],
               [13.75]])
In [59]: |model=LinearRegression().fit(x_train,y_train)
        model.score(x_test,y_test)*100
Out[59]: 45.42300769005917
In [60]: |print('-----X Test------ \n',x_test)
        print('\n-----\n',y_test)
         -----X Test-----
          [[10]
          [ 2]
          [ 9]
          [ 7]
          [ 3]
          [ 7]]
         -----Y Test -----
          [[17.9]
          [ 8. ]
          [18.75]
          [19. ]
          [ 9.5 ]
          [17.83]]
In [61]: y_pred=model.predict(x_test)
        print(y_pred)
         [[24.46646655]
          [ 9.93308748]
          [22.64979417]
          [19.0164494]
          [11.74975986]
          [19.0164494]]
```

```
In [62]: plt.scatter(x_train,y_train,color='b')
    plt.plot(x_test,y_pred,color='k')
    plt.xlabel("Sorting Time")
    plt.ylabel("Delivery Time")
    plt.show
```

Out[62]: <function matplotlib.pyplot.show(close=None, block=None)>



```
In [ ]:
```