## Full Tableau Steps for Data Visualization Lab Exam (22CSL472)

**Dataset Used:** Sample Superstore

## **Q1. Segment-wise Sales Analysis**

### **Question:**

- Which segment has the highest sales across all years?
- In which year and category were the home office sales greater than corporate sales?

#### Steps:

- 1. Open Tableau and connect to the Sample Superstore Excel file.
- 2. Go to Sheet 1.
- 3. Drag Order Date to the Columns shelf. Click on the drop-down arrow and select Year.
- 4. Drag **Segment** to the **Rows** shelf.
- 5. Drag **Sales** to the **Rows** shelf beside Segment.
- 6. Now you will see a line chart. Click the **Show Me** panel and select **Bar Chart** if it is not selected automatically.
- 7. To analyze the comparison between **Home Office** and **Corporate**:
- 8. Drag **Segment** to the **Filters** shelf → Choose **Home Office** and **Corporate**.
- 9. Drag Category to Color under the Marks card.
- 10. You can duplicate the sheet and do the same with only **Home Office** filtered, then compare.

### **Q2. State-wise Profit and Product Returns**

#### Steps:

- 1. Open a new sheet.
- 2. Drag State to Rows.
- 3. Drag Profit to Columns.
- 4. To see the number of products returned (if return info is not directly available):
- 5. If there is a return flag, drag it to **Color** or **Filter**.
- 6. Otherwise, blend the data with a separate returns dataset (if provided).
- 7. You can create a calculated field to analyze net profit or return impact.

## **Q3. Profit Ratio and Vendor Insights**

- 1. Create a new sheet.
- 2. Drag **Sub-Category** to **Rows**.

- 3. Drag Profit and Sales to Columns.
- 4. Create a new calculated field:
- 5. Go to Analysis > Create Calculated Field
- 6. Name it | Profit Ratio |, and use the formula: | SUM([Profit])/SUM([Sales])
- 7. Click OK.
- 8. Drag **Profit Ratio** to **Label** on the Marks card.
- 9. To focus on Laptops and Tablets:
- 10. Drag **Sub-Category** to **Filter** and choose Laptops and Tablets.

## Q4. Profit Ratio for Binders in East Region (4 Years Back)

#### Steps:

- 1. Open a new sheet.
- 2. Drag **Order Date** to **Filters**  $\rightarrow$  Select **Years**  $\rightarrow$  Choose the year that is 4 years ago.
- 3. Drag **Region** to **Filters** → Select **East**.
- 4. Drag **Category** and **Sub-Category** to **Rows**.
- 5. Drag Sales and Profit to Label.
- 6. Create a calculated field for Profit Ratio as before and add to Label.
- 7. Use **Filter** to show only **Binders** under sub-category.

# **Q5. Highest Number of Returned Products by Customers**

#### Steps:

- 1. Create a new sheet.
- 2. Drag Customer Name to Rows.
- 3. Drag Product Name or Returned Items (if available) to Columns or Label.
- 4. Use **COUNTD(Order ID)** to count number of distinct orders.
- 5. Use Filter to show customers who returned more than 50% of their products.
- 6. Sort by descending order.

#### Q6. Combined Sales for Top 2 and Bottom 2 Paper Products

- 1. Create a new sheet.
- 2. Drag Category to Filter → Select only Paper.
- 3. Drag Sub-Category to Rows.
- 4. Drag Sales to Columns.
- 5. Sort descending.
- 6. Note down the top 2 and bottom 2 sub-categories.
- 7. Create a new sheet and filter only those 4 sub-categories.

8. Show combined sales as a bar or pie chart.

### Q7. Orders and Customers in Bin 4

#### Steps:

- 1. Go to a new sheet.
- 2. Create a histogram:
- 3. Drag **Customer Name** to **Rows**.
- 4. Drag **Number of Orders** (create a calculated field: COUNTD(Order ID)) to Columns.
- 5. Drag this field into the **Rows** shelf again.
- 6. Create bins by right-clicking on the calculated field  $\rightarrow$  Create  $\rightarrow$  Bins  $\rightarrow$  Set bin size as desired.
- 7. Drag Bins to Columns.
- 8. Enable **Labels** to see number of orders in Bin 4.
- 9. To see the customer generating highest profit:
- 10. Drag Customer Name to Rows.
- 11. Drag Profit to Columns.
- 12. Sort descending and enable Label to see values.

## **Q8. Time-based Product Breakdown**

### Steps:

- 1. Create a new sheet.
- 2. Drag **Order Date** to **Columns** → Right-click and choose **Year**.
- 3. Drag **Product Name** to Rows.
- 4. Drag **Sales** and **Profit** to Columns.
- 5. Drag **Region** and **State** to Filters.
- 6. Use **Color** or **Size** to show differences in values.
- 7. To find state with only one product:
- 8. Drag **State** and **Product Name** to Rows.
- 9. Use COUNTD(Product Name) and filter where it equals 1.

### **Q9. State-wise Contribution of Sales**

- 1. Create a pie chart view:
- 2. Drag **State** to **Rows**.
- 3. Drag **Sales** to **Angle** in the Marks card.
- 4. Drag Sales again to Label.
- 5. Sort by highest percentage contribution.
- 6. To find New York's profit ratio:

- 7. Filter **State** to New York.
- 8. Drag **Profit** and **Sales** to view.
- 9. Create calculated field: Profit Ratio = SUM(Profit)/SUM(Sales).
- 10. Show as Label or Tooltip.

## **Q10. Sales Goal Analysis**

#### Steps:

- 1. Create a calculated field: Customer Count = COUNTD(Customer Name)
- 2. Drag **State** to Rows.
- 3. Drag Customer Count to Columns.
- 4. Create a parameter or calculation to simulate 100 customers in states with fewer than 100.
- 5. Create a bullet chart:
- 6. Drag **Sales** to Columns.
- 7. Create field Goal Sales = Sales \* 1.2 (for 20% increase).
- 8. Drag Goal Sales to Columns.
- 9. Change Marks type to **Gantt Bar** for actual and **Line** for goal.
- 10. Filter to only show states with customer count < 100 and  $\geq$  100 separately.

## Q11. Bottom Two Products and Profit Ratio for Supplies

### Steps:

- 1. Drag **Product Name** to Rows.
- 2. Drag **Sales** to Columns.
- 3. Sort ascending to find bottom two.
- 4. Create filter to show only bottom 2 products.
- 5. For Supplies:
- 6. Filter Category to Supplies.
- 7. Drag Sales and Profit to view.
- 8. Create Profit Ratio = SUM(Profit)/SUM(Sales) and drag to Label.

## Q12. Bin 4 Orders and Customer Profit Analysis

- 1. Similar to Q7, create bin for number of orders.
- 2. Create calculated field for order count.
- 3. Create bins for that field and filter for Bin 4.
- 4. To find highest profit customer:
- 5. Drag Customer Name to Rows.
- 6. Drag **Profit** to Columns.

# **Q13. Formatting Subcategory Views**

### Steps:

- 1. Create or use existing view with **Sub-Category** and **Sales**.
- 2. Go to Worksheet > Show Caption.
- 3. Add **Title** and **Caption** using Worksheet menus.
- 4. Use **Text Box** for custom annotations.
- 5. Drag **Profit Ratio** to Label and format.
- 6. Use **Color** to shade bars based on Profit Ratio.

# Q14. Region-wise and Subcategory Profit Analysis

- 1. Drag **Region** to Rows.
- 2. Drag **Profit** to Columns.
- 3. Filter Region = Central  $\rightarrow$  Check profit value.
- 4. Drag **Sub-Category** to Rows and filter Region = South.
- 5. Sort ascending to find lowest-performing subcategory.
- 6. Use **Color** to highlight poor-performing subcategories.