Experiment 7

Aim: To implement Travelling salesman problem using Hill climbing algorithm

Code:

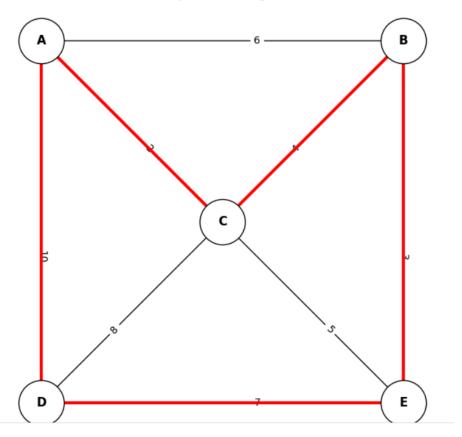
```
import heapq
import networkx as nx
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
# Function to calculate total distance of a path
def total distance(path, graph):
   distance = 0
   for i in range(len(path) - 1):
        if graph.has_edge(path[i], path[i+1]): # Ensure valid edge exists
            distance += graph[path[i]][path[i+1]]['weight']
        else:
            return float('inf') # Penalize invalid paths
    # Ensure returning to the start node
   if graph.has edge(path[-1], path[0]):
        distance += graph[path[-1]][path[0]]['weight']
   else:
        return float('inf') # Penalize invalid paths
   return distance
# Hill Climbing algorithm for TSP
def hill_climb(graph, max_restarts=10):
   best path = None
   best distance = float('inf')
   for in range (max restarts): # Restart search if stuck in a local
minimum
       path = list(graph.nodes)
       random.shuffle(path)
       current path = path[:]
        current distance = total distance(current path, graph)
       while True:
            neighbors = []
            for i in range(len(current_path) - 1):
```

```
for j in range(i + 1, len(current path)):
                    new path = current path[:]
                    new_path[i], new_path[j] = new path[j], new path[i]
                    neighbors.append(new path)
            next path = min(neighbors, key=lambda p: total distance(p,
graph))
            next distance = total distance(next path, graph)
            if next distance < current distance:</pre>
                current path = next path
                current distance = next distance
            else:
                break # Local minimum reached
        if current distance < best distance:</pre>
            best path = current path
            best distance = current distance
    return best path + [best path[0]], best distance
best path, best distance = hill climb(G)
print(f"Best path found: {best path}")
print(f"Total distance: {best distance}")
plt.figure(figsize=(6, 6))
nx.draw(G, pos, with labels=True, node size=2000, node color="white",
edge color="black",
        font size=12, font weight="bold", edgecolors="black", arrows=True)
# Draw edge weights above edges
edge labels = {(u, v): w for u, v, w in edges}
nx.draw networkx edge labels(G, pos, edge labels=edge labels,
font_size=10, label_pos=0.6)
# Highlight the best path found by Hill Climbing
path edges = list(zip(best path, best path[1:])) # Get path edges
nx.draw networkx edges(G, pos, edgelist=path edges, width=3,
edge color="red", arrows=True, arrowstyle="->") # Highlight path
```

```
# Show plot
plt.title("TSP Path Found by Hill Climbing")
plt.show()
```

Output

TSP Path Found by Hill Climbing (Local Minimum)



Best path found: ['D', 'A', 'C', 'B', 'E', 'D']

Total distance: 26