

Customer Shopping Behavior Analysis

1. Project Overview

This project studies **customer shopping behavior** based on **3,900 purchase records** from different product categories.

The aim is to understand **spending habits, product preferences, customer types, and subscription trends** to help businesses make better marketing and sales decisions.

2. Dataset Summary

- **Rows:** 3,900
- **Columns:** 18
- **File Type:** CSV

Main Features:

- **Customer Details:** Age, Gender, Location, Subscription Status
 - **Purchase Info:** Item Purchased, Category, Amount, Season, Size, Color
 - **Shopping Behavior:** Discount Applied, Promo Code Used, Review Rating, Shipping Type, Previous Purchases
 - **Missing Data:** 37 missing values in the *Review Rating* column
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3. Data Cleaning & Analysis using Python

All data preparation was done in **Python (VS Code)** using **Pandas and NumPy**.

Steps:

1. **Loaded Data:** Imported the CSV file and checked structure using `.info()` and `.describe()`.

	Customer ID	Age	Gender	Item Purchased	Category	Purchase Amount (USD)	Location	Size	Color	Season	Review Rating	Subscription Status	Shipping Type	Discount Applied	Promo Code Used	Previous Purchases	Payment Method
0	1	55	Male	Blouse	Clothing	53	Kentucky	L	Gray	Winter	3.1	Yes	Express	Yes	Yes	14	Venmo
1	2	19	Male	Sweater	Clothing	64	Maine	L	Maroon	Winter	3.1	Yes	Express	Yes	Yes	2	Cash
2	3	50	Male	Jeans	Clothing	73	Massachusetts	S	Maroon	Spring	3.1	Yes	Free Shipping	Yes	Yes	23	Credit Card
3	4	21	Male	Sandals	Footwear	90	Rhode Island	M	Maroon	Spring	3.5	Yes	Next Day Air	Yes	Yes	49	PayPal
4	5	45	Male	Blouse	Clothing	49	Oregon	M	Turquoise	Spring	2.7	Yes	Free Shipping	Yes	Yes	31	PayPal

2. **Handled Missing Values:** Filled missing ratings with the median value for each product category.
3. **Renamed Columns:** Changed column names to lowercase with underscores for consistency.

4. **Feature Engineering:**
 - o Created an **age_group** column from customer ages.
 - o Calculated **purchase_frequency_days** based on previous purchases.
 5. **Removed Duplicates & Unused Columns:** Dropped the **promo_code_used** column as it was similar to **discount_applied**.
 6. **Database Connection:** Connected Python to **MySQL** and uploaded the cleaned data for SQL analysis.
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4. Data Analysis using SQL

SQL was used to answer key business questions:

1. **Revenue by Gender** – Compared total sales from male vs female customers.

gender	revenue
Male	157890
Female	75191

2. **High-Spending Discount Users** – Found customers who used discounts but still spent more than the average.

customer_id	purchase_amount
2	64
3	73
4	90
7	85
9	97
12	68
13	72
16	81
20	90
22	62
24	88
29	94

3. **Top 5 Rated Products** – Identified products with the best average review scores.

	item_purchased	Average Product Rating
▶	Gloves	3.8614285714285725
	Sandals	3.8443750000000003
	Boots	3.8187500000000005
	Hat	3.8012987012987005
	Skirt	3.784810126582278

4. **Shipping Type Comparison** – Checked average order value for Standard vs Express shipping.

	shipping_type	round(avg(purchase_amount),2)
▶	Express	60.48
	Standard	58.46

5. **Subscribers vs Non-Subscribers** – Compared average spending and total revenue.

subscription_status	total_customers	avg_spend	total_revenue
Yes	1053	59.49	62645
No	2847	59.87	170436

6. **Discount-Dependent Products** – Found products mostly bought with discounts.

item_purchased	discount_rate
Hat	50.00
Sneakers	49.66
Coat	49.07
Sweater	48.17
Pants	47.37

7. **Customer Segments** – Grouped customers as *New*, *Returning*, and *Loyal* based on purchase frequency.

customer_segment	Number of Customers
Loyal	3116
Returning	701
New	83

8. **Top Products by Category** – Listed the most popular items in each category.

item_rank	category	item_purchased	total_orders
1	Accessories	Jewelry	171
2	Accessories	Sunglasses	161
3	Accessories	Belt	161
1	Clothing	Blouse	171
2	Clothing	Pants	171
3	Clothing	Shirt	169
1	Footwear	Sandals	160
2	Footwear	Shoes	150
3	Footwear	Sneakers	145
1	Outerwear	Jacket	163
2	Outerwear	Coat	161

9. **Repeat Buyers & Subscriptions** – Checked if frequent buyers are more likely to subscribe.

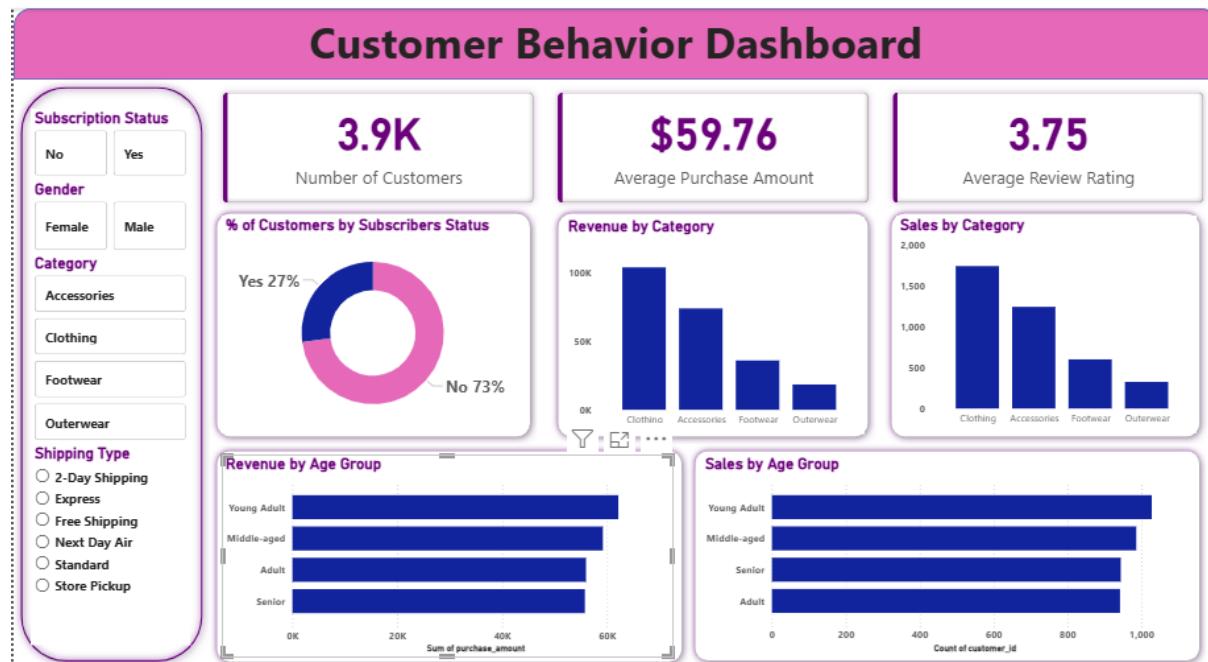
subscription_status	repeat_buyers
Yes	958
No	2518

10. **Revenue by Age Group** – Calculated contribution from each age group.

age_group	total_revenue
Young Adult	62143
Middle-aged	59197
Adult	55978
Senior	55763

5. Power BI Dashboard

An interactive Power BI dashboard was created to visualize insights clearly.



It includes:

- Total Sales and Revenue
- Top Customers and Categories
- Revenue by Age, Gender, and Region
- Discount Impact and Subscription Trends

6. Business Insights & Recommendations

1. **Increase Subscriptions** – Offer special discounts or early access to subscribers.
2. **Loyalty Program** – Reward repeat buyers to improve retention.
3. **Balance Discounts** – Use smart discounts to boost sales without reducing profit.
4. **Highlight Best Products** – Promote high-rated and fast-selling products.
5. **Target Marketing** – Focus on top-spending age groups and Express shipping users.

7. Tools Used

- **Python:** Pandas, NumPy, Matplotlib, Seaborn
 - **Database:** MySQL
 - **Visualization:** Power BI
 - **Environment:** VS Code
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This project shows end-to-end data analytics skills — from cleaning and analysis in Python, querying with SQL, to presenting insights visually in Power BI.