What you need to know about IE8 and Standards

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First, a little history...



1996 IE3 becomes the first browser to support CSS



1997

IE4 adds support for DHTML

(gentlemen, start your pop-ups)



1998 IE5 for Windows improves CSS support



1998 but gets the box model wrong



2000 IE5 for Mac introduces the DOCTYPE switch



2000 and the most accurate CSS engine to date



IE5.5 for Windows adds even yet still more CSS support



2000 but still has the box model wrong



IE6 adds more CSS 2001 support & the DOCTYPE switch



2003 IE6 begins to gather dust



IE6 is rolled into a 2004 corner, where it begins to smell



2005 It appears IE6 will never die; enter * html



IE7 materializes with much better standards support



2006 and breaks a bunch of sites



2008 IE8B1 debuts a completely new rendering engine

microsoft.com/windows/products/winfamily/ie/ie8/



2008 with a focus on being standards-compliant

microsoft.com/windows/products/winfamily/ie/ie8/



So here we are



What's been fixed?



hasLayout is history!!!

- IE8 has a completely new rendering engine built from the ground up with CSS2.1 as its guiding principle.
- the old layout strategy was responsible for numerous bugs:
 - content disappearing (and reappearing)
 - content only half-rendering
 - In floats or positioning causing odd stuff to happen
 - and much more...
- for more on hasLayout: http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/bb250481.aspx



```
<object data="/img/test.tif" type="image/tiff">
    <object data="/img/test.png" type="image/png">
        <object data="/img/test.jpg" type="image/jpeg">
            A photo of my cat.
        </object>
    </object>
</object>
```





```
<object data="/img/test.tif" type="image/tiff">
    <object data="/img/test.png" type="image/png">
        <object data="/img/test.jpg" type="image/jpeg">
            A photo of my cat.
        </object>
    </object>
</object>
```



test.tif



```
<object data="/img/test.tif" type="image/tiff">
  <object data="/img/test.png" type="image/png">
      <object data="/img/test.jpg" type="image/jpeg">
      A photo of my cat.
      </object>
    </object>
</object>
```



test.png



```
<object data="/img/test.tif" type="image/tiff">
  <object data="/img/test.png" type="image/png">
      <object data="/img/test.jpg" type="image/jpeg">
      A photo of my cat.
      </object>
    </object>
</object>
```



test.jpg



```
<object data="/img/test.tif" type="image/tiff">
  <object data="/img/test.png" type="image/png">
      <object data="/img/test.jpg" type="image/jpeg">
      A photo of my cat.
      </object>
    </object>
</object>
```

A photo of my cat.



```
button {
  background: #ccc;
  border: 1px solid #333;
  color: #333;
}
button:hover {
  background: #999;
}
```

my button



```
button {
  background: #ccc;
  border: 1px solid #333;
  color: #333;
}
button:hover {
  background: #999;
}
```

my button



```
input:focus {
  background: #fcfab0;
}
button:focus {
  background: #999;
}
```

```
Password log in
```



```
input:focus {
  background: #fcfab0;
}
button:focus {
  background: #999;
}
```

```
Email bob@foo.com

Password *********

log in
```



```
input:focus {
  background: #fcfab0;
}
input:active {
  background: #f00;
}
```

Email Password log in



```
input:focus {
  background: #fcfab0;
}
input:active {
  background: #f00;
}
```

```
Email Password log in
```



Support for more values:

```
ol {
   list-style-type: decimal-leading-zero;
}
```

01. item 1

02. item 2

03. item 3



Support for more values:

```
ol {
  list-style-type: lower-greek;
}
```

α. item 1

β. item 2

γ. item 3



Support for more values:

```
ol {
   list-style-type: lower-roman;
}
```

a. item 1

b. item 2

c. item 3



Support for more values:

```
ol {
   list-style-type: upper-roman;
}
```

A. item 1

B. item 2

C. item 3



list-style-type completed

Support for more values:

```
ol {
   list-style-type: armenian;
}
```

Ա. item 1

ቶ. item 2

ዓ. item 3



list-style-type completed

Support for more values:

```
ol {
   list-style-type: georgian;
}
```

ა. item 1

ბ. item 2

გ. item 3



background-position fixed

Fixed the bug where background positioning set in ems failed to use the font size of the element it was applied to as the baseline against which to calculate the distance

```
p {
  background: url(img.jpg) 10em 0 repeat-y;
  font-size: 2em;
}
```

```
Spec:
IE7-:
```



white-space completed

Support for additional values:

```
This is the test paragraph.
It has all kinds of odd tabs and spacing in the HTML source code.
```

```
p {
  background: #999;
  white-space: pre;
  width: 100px;
}
```

This is the test paragraph.
It has all kinds of odd tabs and s
HTML source code.



white-space completed

Support for additional values:

```
This is the test paragraph.
It has all kinds of odd tabs and spacing in the HTML source code.
```

```
p {
  background: #999;
  white-space: pre-wrap;
  width: 100px;
}
```

This is the test paragraph.

It has all kinds of odd tabs and spacing in the HTML source code.



white-space completed

Support for additional values:

```
This is the test paragraph.
It has all kinds of odd tabs and spacing in the HTML source code.
```

```
p {
  background: #999;
  white-space: pre-line;
  width: 100px;
}
```

This is the test paragraph. It has all kinds of odd tabs and spacing in the HTML source code.



word-spacing with ems*

Corrected the error where if an element did not "have layout", font-size used to compute the value of word-spacing is not the one specified on the box itself (as it shoud be), but the one on the parent

```
p {
  word-spacing: 1em;
  font-size: 2em;
}
```

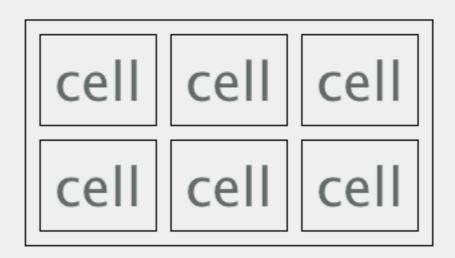
Spec: This is the test paragraph.

IE7-: This is the test paragraph.



- Various border-collapse fixes
- Added support for border-spacing:

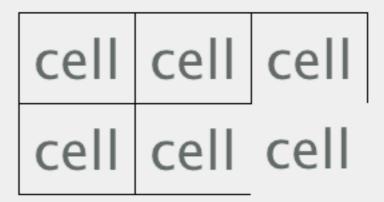
```
table {
  border: 1px solid #000;
  border-spacing: 10px;
}
td {
  border: 1px solid #000;
  padding: 10px;
}
```





• Added support for border-style: hidden:

```
table {
  border: 1px solid #000;
  border-collapse: collapse;
}
td {
  border: 1px solid #000;
  padding: 10px;
}
tr + tr td + td + td {
  border-style: hidden;
}
```





• Added support for caption-side:

```
table {
  border: 1px solid #000;
  border-collapse: collapse;
  caption-side: bottom;
}
td {
  border: 1px solid #000;
  padding: 10px;
caption {
  font-size: .6em;
  line-height: 2em;
```

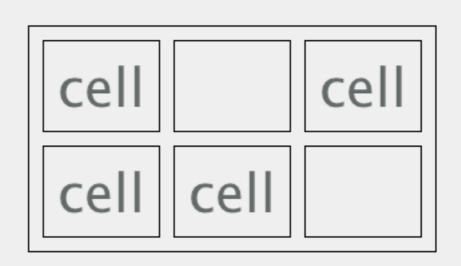
| cell | cell | cell |
|------|------|------|
| cell | cell | cell |

This is a caption



Added support for empty-cells*

```
table {
  border: 1px solid #000;
  border-spacing: 10px;
  empty-cells: show;
}
td {
  border: 1px solid #000;
  padding: 10px;
}
```

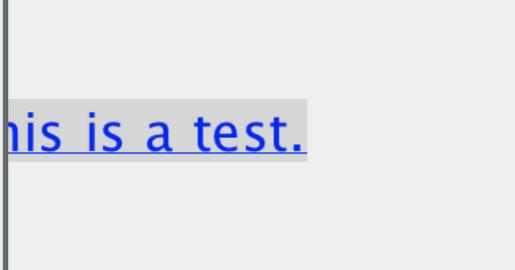




Positioning offsets*

Corrected the recalculation errors when using ems to offset an absolutely-positioned element:

```
p a {
  position: absolute;
  left: -999em;
}
p a:hover {
  left: 0;
}
```

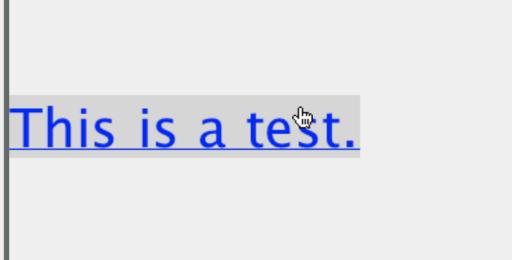




Positioning offsets*

Corrected the recalculation errors when using ems to offset an absolutely-positioned element:

```
p a {
  position: absolute;
  left: -999em;
}
p a:hover {
  left: 0;
}
```





Complete display support*

- table, inline-table, table-row, table-row-group, table-column, table-column-group, table-cell, table-caption
- run-in:

```
p {
   display: run-in;
}
p + p {
   display: block;
}
```

This is a run-in paragraph. This is a normal paragraph.

This is a normal paragraph.

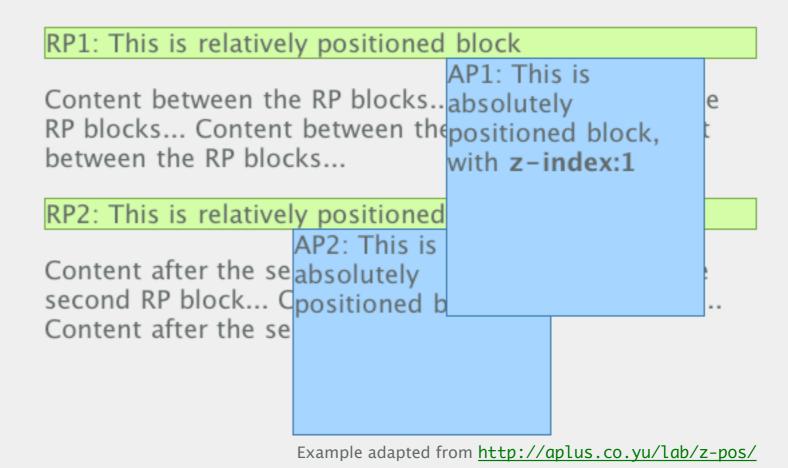
^{*} IE8b1 does not support this, but it is planned for the final release



Mended z-index

IE's support for z-index incorrectly established a positioning context even in the presence of the "auto" value.

```
div {
  background: #cf9;
  border: 1px solid #693;
  position: relative;
div p {
  background: #9cf;
  border: 1px solid #369;
  position: absolute;
  right: 2em;
  width: 10em;
  height: 10em;
  z-index: 1;
p + div p {
  right: 8em;
  height: 8em;
  z-index: auto;
```





Fixed inheritance

IE wouldn't inherit a value for a non-inheritable property, even in the presence of the "inherit" keyword

```
div {
  background: #cf9;
  border: 1px solid #693;
  position: relative;
div p {
  border: inherit;
          Spec:
                   This is some content.
          IE7-:
                  This is some content.
```



Get what you ask for

```
<form name="foo">First</form>
<div id="foo">Second</div>
```

Running

```
var el = document.getElementById( 'foo' );
    el.style.display = 'none';
```

Used to result in the form being hidden instead of the div.

WEBVISIONS - 23 MAY 2008



style is available via DOM...

<div id="foo" style="border: 1px solid">Text here.</div>

Running

```
var el = document.getElementById( 'foo' );
   alert( el.attributes['style'].value );
   alert( el.getAttributeNode('style').value );
```

Both used to return null, now they return

```
BORDER-RIGHT: 1px solid; BORDER-TOP: 1px solid; BORDER-LEFT: 1px solid; BORDER-BOTTOM: 1px solid
```

Note 1: CSS shorthand is expanded and properties are ALL CAPS.

Note 2: the attributes array doesn't have a length in IE8b1.



...almost*

<div id="foo" style="border: 1px solid">Text here.</div>

Running

```
var el = document.getElementById( 'foo' );
alert( el.hasAttribute('style') );
```

Returns false when it obviously shouldn't.

^{*} This has been submitted as a bug.



Setting style works too

Running

```
var el = document.getElementById( 'foo' );
el.setAttribute( 'style', 'color: #f00;' );
```

Just remember that it overwrites the whole attribute.

Note: IE does not support setting event handlers this way:

```
el.setAttribute( 'onclick', 'alert(\'hello\')' );
```

But that's not a huge loss as there are better ways to write event handlers.



Find by name now

```
<input type="text" name="foo" value="text" />
```

Running

```
var el = document.getElementsByName( 'foo' )[0];
    el.style.border = '1px solid #f00';
```

Note: IE's implementation currently ignores custom elements.



Alright, so what's new?



legend is styleable!!!

The element can now be positioned

```
fieldset {
  position: relative;
  padding: 0 0 0 120px;
}
legend {
  font-weight: bold;
  width: 100px;
  text-align: right;
  position: absolute;
  top: 0;
  left: 0;
}
```

| Log In | Email | |
|--------|----------|--|
| | | |
| | Password | |
| | | |



legend is styleable!!!

And it can wrap!!!

```
legend {
  width: 100px;
}
```

This is some really really long text



: lang is supported

Take the following example:



: lang is supported

Apply a little CSS:

```
:lang(lol) {
  font-style: italic;
}
```

And end up with

Whiny dude: Here's your hamburger.

Anyway, as I was saying about how bad my life is...

Other dude: Yum, burger. kthxbye. *leaves*

Whiny dude: I have no friends.



Generated content, baby!

That's right. In fact, we just used some:

```
.conversation dt:after {
  content: ': ';
}
```



Generated content, baby!

You can also do images*:

```
#content p:first-child:after {
   content: url(fancy-break.png);
   display: block;
   margin-top: .5em;
   text-align: center;
   width: auto;
}
```

This is the first paragraph and you can see the nifty line below it.



This is the second paragraph, it has no line.

* IE8b1 does not support this, but it is planned for the final release



Support for attr()

Can be fun to use with your generated content:

```
abbr[title]:after {
  content: " (" attr(title) ")";
}
```

Yum, burger. kthxby (Ok, thank you, goodbye).

Could also be useful in debugging:

```
[id]:hover:after {
  color: #f00;
  content: " [id=" attr(id) "]";
}
```



CSS can count now*

Using counters, you can do all sorts of interesting stuff.

```
1 Heading
body {
 counter-reset: section;
                                                              1.1 Subhead
h1:before {
 content: counter(section) " ";
                                                             1.1.1 Sub-subhead
 counter-increment: section;
                                                             1.1.2 Sub-subhead
h2:before {
 content: counter(section) "." counter(subsection) " ";
                                                             1.1.3 Sub-subhead
 counter-increment: subsection;
                                                              1.2 Subhead
h1 + h2 {
 counter-reset: subsection;
                                                             1.2.1 Sub-subhead
h3:before {
                                                             1.2.2 Sub-subhead
 content: counter(section) "." counter(subsection) ←
"." counter(subsubsection) " ";
                                                              1.3 Subhead
 counter-increment: subsubsection;
                                                                2 Heading
h2 + h3 {
 counter-reset: subsubsection;
```



You can control quotes*

The quotes property provides access to which quotes are generated into the document.

Douglas Adams famously said <q>Flying is learning how to throw yourself at the ground and miss.

Applying some styles:

```
:lang(en) {
  quotes: "\201C" "\201D" "\2018" "\2019";
}
```

Douglas Adams famously said "Flying is learning how to throw yourself at the ground and miss."



Control page breaks*

• With widows and orphans:

```
@media print {
   p {
      widows: 3; /* at least 3 lines @ top of page */
      orphans: 3; /* at least 3 lines @ bottom of page */
   }
}
```

• With page-break-inside:

```
@media print {
   pre {
     page-break-inside: avoid;
   }
}
```



Control outlining

Outlines are like borders except they take up no space.

```
input:focus {
  outline: 1px dotted #f00;
}
```



Could also be written as

```
input:focus {
  outline-color: #f00;
  outline-style: dotted;
  outline-width: 1px;
}
```



Choose your box model

A little CSS3 action lets you choose between the content (W3C) or border (IE) box model.

```
div {
  background: #c63;
  border: 10px solid #f00;
  margin: 10px;
  padding: 20px;
  width: 300px;
}
div.border-box {
  -ms-box-sizing: border-box;
}
```

This is some content in the content box.

This is some content in the border box.



Track page updates

IE8 introduces a **proprietary** new event called hashchange that can be used to key into changes to the hash portion (fragment) of a URL

Could be very useful for tracking changes in Ajax widgets.

```
window.onhashchange = function(){
  alert( window.location.hash );
}
```

(use your own event listener adding script here)



Support for data: URIs

A means of including small data items inline as though they were an external source.

So, instead of writing

```
#nav a {
  background: url(arrow.png) center right no-repeat;
}
```

you could write

```
#nav a {
   background: url(data:image/png;base64,iVBORw0KGgoAAAANSUhEUgAAABQAAAAUCAYAAACN ←
   iR0NAAAAGXRFWHRTb2Z0d2FyZQBBZG9iZSBJbWFnZVJlYWR5ccllPAAAALFJREFUeNpi/P//PwM1ARMD ←
   lQELjBEWFkay5lWrVtHehegG5gBxNRBzUstAHiBuAeKrQBxIzUhRBOJ1QHwAiA2oGcv2QHwGiKcBsRC1 ←
   kg0zEGcC8T0gLoLyqZIO+YG4F4gvAbEHNRM2G7Vc+BGIi4FYG4h3EMwpBMBcIC4D4ndEZz0c4CAQFwDx ←
   BUqTzSMgjgBiB1IMwbCL0BcA8R9QPydotIGCqYMuvKQcdCX2AABBgADYx7aDLgnbAAAAABJRU5ErkJgg ←
   g==) center right no-repeat;
}
```



Support for data: URIs

Pros:

- no additional HTTP traffic
- frees up a browser's limited number of download connections for other content
- page requires fewer cache entries
- can be used to embed content when it is not allowed or impractical to reference external files
- reduces the overhead of HTTPS requests
- possible to manage a multimedia page as a single file



Support for data: URIs

Cons:

- maintenance nightmare
- page does not benefit from the browser's cache when assets are re-used
- some browsers limit URI lengths
- data is included as a simple stream and many browsers may not support using containers to provide greater complexity such as metadata, data compression, or content negotiation
- ▶ encoded data could be 33-200% larger than the binary file



Will IE8 break sites?



Only if you let it;-)



Issue #1: DOCTYPE ≠ contract

- The DOCTYPE switch was a great idea for the time
 - only standardistas were validating, so it made sense
 - It was an easy way to keep old content from breaking while simultaneously allowing standards-support to increase
- Content tools kinda ruined its usefulness
 - In their efforts to support standards, Dreamweaver, et all began adding DOCTYPEs by default
 - users didn't opt into the DOCTYPE switch's contract



Issue #2: IE stagnated

- When the IE team stopped improving on IE's standards support in 2001 (after the launch of IE6), many developers
 - didn't know better and began using it as the standard against which they built websites,
 - assumed its rendering to be accurate,
 - weren't aware of how to best manage its "idiosyncrasies" vis a vis the browsers that conformed to the W3C standards.
- And, unfortunately, those developers who did understand IE's inadequacies used unsustainable hacks to get IE to play nicely



When IE7 came along...

- …it was a huge improvement in terms of standards support and bug fixes
- ...many sites broke because either
 - they weren't built with standards in mind and the sites' developers weren't aware they had been opted into wanting the most accurate standards-based layouts by their software, or
 - developers had used unsustainable hacks (rather than Conditional Comments) to bend IE to their will.



Who wants a repeat?



(not me)



Enter version targeting

IE team wanted to offer a means of explicitly stating what version of a given browser your site is known to work on and approached WaSP's Microsoft Task Force for help with that.

Together, we came up a solution that was implementable in either of two ways:

<meta http-equiv="X-UA-Compatible" content="IE=7" />

or an HTTP header

X-UA-Compatible: IE=7

This instruction tells IE8 to present the page as though the browser was IE7.

It is **optional**, but can provide a means of migrating your site to supporting future IE versions on your own timetable.



Questions?

What you need to know about IE8 and Standards

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