# EMPLOYEE MANAGEMENT SYSTEM USING DOUBLY LINKED LIST

A PROJECT REPORT
SUBMITTED IN COMPLETE FULFILLMENT OF
THE REQUIREMENTS
FOR THE AWARD OF THE DEGREE
OF

BACHELOR OF TECHNOLOGY

IN

MATHEMATICS AND COMPUTING SUBMITTED BY:

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UNDER THE SUPERVISION OF

NEHA PUNETHA



## MATHEMATICS AND COMPUTING DELHI TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY

(FORMERLY DELHI COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING)

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### **CANDIDATE'S DECLERATION**

We, Prashant Dixit (2K20/MC/100) and Pratuesh Anand (2K20/MC/102) students of B. Tech. (Mathematics and Computing) hereby declare that the project Dissertation titled "Employee management system using doubly linked list" which is submitted by us to the Department of Applied Mathematics, Delhi Technological University, Delhi in partial fulfilment of the requirement for the award of the degree of Bachelor of Technology, is original and not copied from any source without proper citation. This work has not previously formed the basis for the award of any Degree, Diploma Associateship, Fellowship or other similar title or recognition.

Place: Delhi Prashant Dixit (2K20/MC/100)

Date:05-11-2021 Pratuesh Anand(2K20/MC/102)

## **CERTIFICATE**

I hereby certify that the project Dissertation titled "Employee management system using doubly linked list" which is submitted Prashant Dixit (2K20/MC/100) and Pratuesh Anand (2K20/MC/102), Delhi Technological University, Delhi in complete fulfilment of the requirement for the award of the degree of the Bachelor of Technology, is a record of the project work carried out by the students under my supervision. To the best of my knowledge this work has not been submitted in part or full for any Degree or Diploma to this University or elsewhere.

Place: Delhi Neha Punetha mam

Date: 05-11 -2021 CLASS TEACHER

## **ACKNOWLEDGEMENT**

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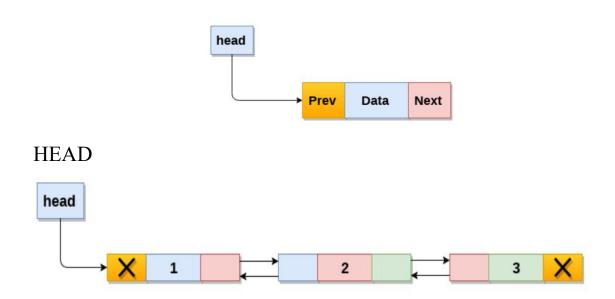
## **INTRODUCTION**

The objective of this project is to design and develop an Employee Management System which stores the data for all the employees working under a certain company/agency/enterprise. With the help of this system, the user would be able to access the details such as name, contact number, designation, department, salary etc. The program used in the project also allows the user to create a new record or delete an already existing record for an employee. The project allows us to understand the working and applications of doubly linked lists. Linked list is a data structure of linear type in which the data elements are not stored at contiguous memory locations, unlike arrays. Here, the data elements are linked using pointers. Doubly linked list is a type of linked list in which a node is linked to both the previous and the next node using pointers, due to which we are able to traverse or navigate the list in both forward and backward directions.

By designing the Employee Management System, this project demonstrates how the operations, such as creating or deleting a record, are performed in a doubly linked list. It also displays the use of modular programming in which there are structures, which are user-defined data type and a collection of two or more data members, used to store the data.

## **LITERATURE**

Doubly linked list is a complex type of linked list in which a node contains a pointer to the previous as well as the next node in the sequence. Therefore, in a doubly linked list, a node consists of three parts: node data, pointer to the next node in sequence (next pointer), pointer to the previous node (previous pointer). A sample node in a doubly linked list is shown in the figure.



We have given Seven options to the user, named as –

- 1. Create list of all employees.
- 2. Insert new employee from beginning.
- 3. Insert new employee from end.
- 4. Search the employee
- 5. Delete the employee from beginning.
- 6. Delete the employee from end.
- 7. Display all employees.

For storing the data of the employee, create a user define datatype which will store the information regarding Employee. Below is the declaration of the data type:

```
struct node {
struct node* prev;
int ssn;
long int phno;
float sal;
char name[20], dept[10], desg[20];
struct node* next;}
```

#### Building the Employee's table:

For building the employee table the idea is to use the above struct datatype which will use to store the information regarding the employee and every new employee's details will be added as a linked list node.

#### Deleting in the record:

Since, a doubly-linked list is used to store the data, therefore to delete the data at any index just link the next to the next of the deleted data and link the previous node of the next data of the deleted node to its previous data.

#### Searching in the record:

For searching in the record based on any parameter, the idea is to traverse the data and if at any index the value parameters match with the record stored, print all the information of that employee.

## **METHODOLOGY**

In this project, we are implementing an employee management system using a doubly linked list. This program displays a menu to the user and asks user to enter a choice from the following options:-

- 1.Create a list of n number of employees
- 2.Display from beginning
- 3.Insert data at the end
- 4.Delete data at the end
- 5.Insert data at the beginning
- 6.Delete data at the beginning
- 7. Search an employee by name
- 8.Delete an employee by name
- 9.Exit

```
******** MENU *******

please enter choice from the following options

1.Create a list of n number of employees

2.Display from beginning

3.Insert data at the end

4.Delete data at the end

5.Insert data at the beginning

6.Delete data at the beginning

7.Search an employee by name

8.Delete an employee by name

9.Exit

enter choice:
```

We have defined a structure named node with the following members:

```
// Structure declaration
struct node {
    struct node* prev;
    int age;
    long int phno;
    float sal;
    char name[20], dept[10], desg[20];
    struct node* next;
} * head, *temp, *tail, *temp2;
```

#### CREATING A NEW NODE IN THE LIST:

For creating a new node, we have defined a function named create() which will create a new node dynamically whenever required. A pointer named temp is used to point to dynamically allotted memory using malloc() function.

```
void create()
   int age;
   long int phno;
   float sal;
   char name[20], dept[10], desg[20];
   temp = (struct node*)malloc(sizeof(struct node));
   temp->prev = NULL;
   temp->next = NULL;
   printf("\nenter the age of the employee : ");
   scanf("%d",&age);
   printf("enter the name of the employee : ");
   scanf("%s",name);
   printf("enter the department of the employee:");
   scanf("%s",dept);
   printf("enter the designation of the employee : ");
   scanf("%s",desg);
   printf("enter the salary of the employee : ");
   scanf("%f",&sal);
   printf("enter the phone number of the employee : ");
   scanf("%ld", &phno);
   temp->age = age;
   strcpy(temp->name, name);
   strcpy(temp->dept, dept);
   strcpy(temp->desg, desg);
   temp->sal = sal;
   temp->phno = phno;
   count++;
```

#### DISPLAYING THE LIST FROM BEGINNING:

To display the list of employees from beginning, we have defined a function named Display\_beginning() in which we have created a pointer temp2 which will point to starting node only. After that, we iterate over the entire list and display the details of each node using print\_details() function. We continue this process until the temp2 pointer points to null, which implies the list has ended.

#### **INSERTING IN THE LIST:**

#### Insert at the end:

To perform insertion at the end of the list, we have defined a function named insert\_end() And this helps to create a new node in the list at the end.

```
// Function to insert node at the end
void insert_end()
{
    // If list is empty
    if (head == NULL) {
        create();
        head = temp;
        tail = head;
}

// Else create a new node

else {
        create();
        tail->next = temp;
        temp->prev = tail;
        tail = temp;
}
```

#### Insert at the beginning:

To perform insertion at the beginning of the list, we have defined a function named insert\_beginning()

And this helps to create a new node in the list at the beginning.

```
// Function to insert a node at the beginning of list
void Insert_beginning()
{
    // If DLL is empty
    if (head == NULL) {
        create();
        head = temp;
        tail = head;
    }

    // Else create a new node and

else {
        create();
        temp->next = head;
        head->prev = temp;
        head = temp;
}
```

#### **SEARCH:**

In this function we have given the choice to the users so that they can search the employee from the employee list by calling his/her name. The function search\_byname() then gives the information of the called employee. And if the function did not found the name entered by the user in the employee list, it shows the output as employee not found.

```
void search_byname()
{
    char str[20];
    printf("please enter the name of the employee you want to search\n");
    scanf("%s",str);

    temp2 = head;
    if (temp2 == NULL) {
        printf("\n list is empty\n");
        return;
    }

    while (temp2 != NULL) {

        if(strcmp(temp2->name,str)==0)
        printf("employee found\n");
        print_details(temp2);
        return;
    }
    temp2 = temp2->next;
}

printf("employee not found\n");
```

#### PERFORMING DELETION IN THE LIST:

#### **DELETE FROM BEGINNING:**

In this function we have given the choice to the users so that they can delete the information of the employee from the employee list from the beginning of the list. If user called this function, it first shows the information of the employee and then deletes it.

```
// Function to delete the node from beginning
int delete_begin()
{
    struct node* temp;
    temp = head;
    if (temp == NULL) {
   printf("list is empty\n");
        return 0;
    if (temp->next == NULL) {
        print details(temp);
        free(temp);
        head = NULL;
    else {
        head = head->next;
        head->prev = NULL;
        print_details(temp);
        free(temp);
    count--;
    return 0;
```

#### **DELETE FROM END:**

In this function we have given the choice to the users so that they can delete the information of the employee from the employee list from the end of the list. If user called this function, it first shows the information of the employee and then deletes it.

```
/ Function to delete the node from end
int delete end()
   printf("details of the deleted employee are:-\n");
   struct node* temp;
   temp = head;
    if (temp == NULL) {
       printf("list is empty\n");
    if (temp->next == NULL) {
       print_details(temp);
       free(temp);
       head = NULL;
   else {
       temp = tail;
       temp2 = tail->prev;
       temp2->next = NULL;
       print details(temp);
       free(temp);
       tail = temp2;
   count--;
    return 0:
```

#### **DELETE BY NAME:**

In this function we have given the choice to the users so that they can delete the information of the employee from the employee list by entering the name of the employee. If user called this function, it first ask the name of the employee which is to be deleted then after entering the name it shows the output as employee found and then it show the information of the employee and then deletes it from the list.

#### **RESULT**

#### CREATING THE LIST

```
please enter choice from the following options
1.Create a list of n number of employees
Display from beginning
3.Insert data at the end
4.Delete data at the end
5. Insert data at the beginning
6.Delete data at the beginning
7. Search an employee by name
8.Delete an employee by name
9.Exit
enter choice: 1
enter number of employees:3
enter the details for employee 1
enter the age of the employee: 18
enter the name of the employee : PRASHANT
enter the department of the employee: CHEMISTRY
enter the designation of the employee: HEAD
enter the salary of the employee: 45000
enter the phone number of the employee: 9899768922
enter the details for employee 2
enter the age of the employee: 18
enter the name of the employee: PRATUESH
enter the department of the employee:PHYSICS
enter the designation of the employee : HEAD
enter the salary of the employee: 450000
enter the phone number of the employee: 8765678900
enter the details for employee 3
enter the age of the employee: 18
enter the name of the employee: RAHUL
enter the department of the employee:MATHS
enter the designation of the employee : HEAD
enter the salary of the employee: 45000
enter the phone number of the employee: 6756998702
```

#### INSERTING AT END

## enter choice: 3

enter the age of the employee: 22
enter the name of the employee: SHYAM
enter the department of the employee: COMPUTER
enter the designation of the employee: HEAD
enter the salary of the employee: 450000
enter the phone number of the employee: 9878654311

#### SEARCHING BY NAME

enter choice: 7
please enter the name of the employee you want to search
RAHUL
employee found
the age of the employee is: 18
the name of the employee is: RAHUL
the department of the employee is: MATHS
the designation of the employee is: HEAD
the salary of the employee is: 45000.0000000
the phone number of the employee is: 2147483647

#### DELETING BY NAME

enter choice: 8

please enter the name of the employee you want to delete PRATUESH employee is successfully deleted!

#### DISPLAYING THE FINAL LIST

```
enter choice: 2
Displaying all the employees from beginning:
the details of employee 1 are as follows:-
the age of the employee is: 18
the name of the employee is: RAHUL
the department of the employee is: MATHS
the designation of the employee is: HEAD
the salary of the employee is: 45000.000000
the phone number of the employee is: 2147483647
the details of employee 2 are as follows:-
the age of the employee is: 22
the name of the employee is: SHYAM
the department of the employee is: COMPUTER
the designation of the employee is: HEAD
the salary of the employee is: 450000.000000
the phone number of the employee is: 2147483647
number of employees=2
```

## **CONCLUSION**

The project Employee management System is successfully designed by using the doubly-linked list data structure. The management system created in the project allows the user to display each detail of all the employees. The program also allows the user to create and delete an employee record. The advantages of doubly linked list over linked list can be shown from the program where the navigation in both the directions in a list is possible (unlike single linked list). The program follows modular approach where different functions are defined for performing the specific tasks and hence, the program is user friendly as the flow of control of the program is easy to understand.

## **REFERENCES**

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