

EE2101-Control Systems Ass-1, Problem 6

A PRASHANTH
EE19BTECH11003

September 9, 2020

1 Problem

2 Solution

- Solution for a.
- Solution for b.

3 Code

- Python

Problem

Use MATLAB and the Symbolic Math Toolbox to find the inverse Laplace transform of the following frequency functions :

$$a. \quad G(s) = \frac{(s+5)(s^2+3s+10)}{(s+3)(s+4)(s^2+2s+100)} \quad (1.1)$$

$$b. \quad G(s) = \frac{(s^3+4s^2+2s+6)}{(s+8)(s^2+8s+3)(s^2+5s+7)} \quad (1.2)$$

P.S. Here we are using Python instead of MATLAB

a. Solution

Firstly let us take function a. i.e.

$$G(s) = \frac{(s+5)(s^2+3s+10)}{(s+3)(s+4)(s^2+2s+100)} \quad (2.1)$$

Inverse Laplace transform of $G(s)$:

$$L^{-1} \left\{ \frac{(s+5)(s^2+3s+10)}{(s+3)(s+4)(s^2+2s+100)} \right\} \quad (2.2)$$

Now let us take partial fraction of

$$\frac{(s+5)(s^2+3s+10)}{(s+3)(s+4)(s^2+2s+100)} \quad \text{is} \quad (2.3)$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{s^3 + 8s^2 + 25s + 50}{(s+3)(s+4)(s^2+2s+100)} \quad (2.4)$$

Solution

Now create partial fraction template using the denominator,

$$(s + 3)(s + 4)(s^2 + 2s + 100) \quad (2.5)$$

i.e

$$\frac{s^3 + 8s^2 + 25s + 50}{(s + 3)(s + 4)(s^2 + 2s + 100)} = \frac{a_0}{s + 3} + \frac{a_1}{s + 4} + \frac{a_3s + a_2}{s^2 + 2s + 100}$$

Multiply equation by the denominator,

$$\Rightarrow \frac{(s^3 + 8s^2 + 25s + 50)(s + 3)(s + 4)(s^2 + 2s + 100)}{(s + 3)(s + 4)(s^2 + 2s + 100)} =$$

$$\frac{a_0(s+3)(s+4)(s^2+2s+100)}{s+3} + \frac{a_1(s+3)(s+4)(s^2+2s+100)}{s+4} + \frac{(a_3s+a_2)(s+3)(s+4)(s^2+2s+100)}{s^2+2s+100}$$

Solution

By simplifying above equation,

$$s^3 + 8s^2 + 25s + 50 = a_0 (s + 4) (s^2 + 2s + 100) \\ + a_1 (s + 3) (s^2 + 2s + 100) + (a_3s + a_2) (s + 3) (s + 4)$$

Solve the unknown parameters by plugging the real roots of the denominator -3, -4

For the root denominator -3: $a_0 = \frac{20}{103}$

For the root denominator -4: $a_1 = -\frac{7}{54}$

$$\therefore a_0 = \frac{20}{103}, a_1 = -\frac{7}{54}$$

Solution

Plug in the solutions to the known parameters,

$$s^3 + 8s^2 + 25s + 50 = \frac{20}{103} (s + 4) (s^2 + 2s + 100)$$

$$+ \left(-\frac{7}{54}\right) (s + 3) (s^2 + 2s + 100) + (a_3s + a_2) (s + 3) (s + 4)$$

Expand

$$s^3 + 8s^2 + 25s + 50 = a_3s^3 + \frac{359s^3}{5562} + a_2s^2 + 7a_3s^2 + \frac{2875s^2}{5562} + 7a_2s$$

$$+ 12a_3s + \frac{20107s}{2781} + 12a_2 - \frac{350}{9} + \frac{8000}{103}$$

Solution

Extract Variables from within fractions,

$$s^3 + 8s^2 + 25s + 50 = a_3s^3 + \frac{359}{5562}s^3 + a_2s^2 + 7a_3s^2 + \frac{2875}{5562}s^2 + 7a_2s$$

$$+ 12a_3s + \frac{20107}{2781}s + 12a_2 - \frac{350}{9} + \frac{8000}{103}$$

Group elements according to powers of s,

$$1 \cdot s^3 + 8s^2 + 25s + 50 = s^3 \left(a_3 + \frac{359}{5562} \right) + s^2 \left(a_2 + 7a_3 + \frac{2875}{5562} \right)$$

$$+ s \left(7a_2 + 12a_3 + \frac{20107}{2781} \right) + \left(12a_2 + \frac{8000}{103} - \frac{350}{9} \right)$$

Solution

Equate the coefficients of similar terms on both sides to create a list of equations

$$\begin{bmatrix} 12a_2 - \frac{350}{9} + \frac{8000}{103} = 50 \\ 7a_2 + 12a_3 + \frac{20107}{2781} = 25 \\ a_2 + 7a_3 + \frac{2875}{5562} = 8 \\ a_3 + \frac{359}{5562} = 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

By solving above equation,

$$\therefore a_2 = \frac{2600}{2781}, a_3 = \frac{5203}{5562}$$

Solution

Plug the solutions to the partial fraction parameters to obtain the final result

$$\therefore a_0 = \frac{20}{103}, a_1 = -\frac{7}{54}, a_2 = \frac{2600}{2781}, a_3 = \frac{5203}{5562}$$

i.e.

$$\frac{\frac{20}{103}}{s+3} + \frac{\left(-\frac{7}{54}\right)}{s+4} + \frac{\frac{5203}{5562}s + \frac{2600}{2781}}{s^2 + 2s + 100}$$

Simplify above eqn.

$$\frac{20}{103(s+3)} - \frac{7}{54(s+4)} + \frac{5203s + 5200}{5562(s^2 + 2s + 100)}$$

Solution

\therefore the partial fractions of $G(s)$ are

$$L^{-1} \left\{ \frac{20}{103(s+3)} - \frac{7}{54(s+4)} + \frac{5203s+5200}{5562(s^2+2s+100)} \right\}$$

After expanding

$$= L^{-1} \left\{ \frac{20}{103(s+3)} - \frac{7}{54(s+4)} + \frac{5203}{5562} \cdot \frac{s+1}{(s+1)^2+99} - \frac{1}{1854} \cdot \frac{1}{(s+1)^2+99} \right\}$$

Solution

By using linearity property of Inverse Laplace Transform:

For functions $f(s)$, $g(s)$ and constants a , b :

$$L^{-1}\{a \cdot f(s) + b \cdot g(s)\} = a \cdot L^{-1}\{f(s)\} + b \cdot L^{-1}\{g(s)\}$$

$$\begin{aligned} &= L^{-1}\left\{\frac{20}{103(s+3)}\right\} - L^{-1}\left\{\frac{7}{54(s+4)}\right\} + \frac{5203}{5562} L^{-1}\left\{\frac{s+1}{(s+1)^2 + 99}\right\} \\ &\quad - \frac{1}{1854} L^{-1}\left\{\frac{1}{(s+1)^2 + 99}\right\} \\ &= \frac{20}{103} e^{-3t} - \frac{7}{54} e^{-4t} + \frac{5203}{5562} e^{-t} \cos(3\sqrt{11}t) \\ &\quad - \frac{1}{1854} e^{-t} \frac{1}{3\sqrt{11}} \sin(3\sqrt{11}t) \end{aligned}$$

Solution

$$= \frac{20}{103}e^{-3t} - \frac{7}{54}e^{-4t} + \frac{5203}{5562}e^{-t} \cos(3\sqrt{11}t) - \frac{1}{5562\sqrt{11}}e^{-t} \sin(3\sqrt{11}t)$$

∴ Inverse Laplace Transform of

$$\frac{(s+5)(s^2+3s+10)}{(s+3)(s+4)(s^2+2s+100)} :$$

$$= \frac{20}{103}e^{-3t} - \frac{7}{54}e^{-4t} + \frac{5203}{5562}e^{-t} \cos(3\sqrt{11}t) - \frac{1}{5562\sqrt{11}}e^{-t} \sin(3\sqrt{11}t)$$

b. Solution

Now let us take function b. i.e.

$$G(s) = \frac{(s^3 + 4s^2 + 2s + 6)}{(s + 8)(s^2 + 8s + 3)(s^2 + 5s + 7)} \quad (2.6)$$

Inverse Laplace transform of given equation is:

$$L^{-1} \left\{ \frac{s^3 + 4s^2 + 2s + 6}{(s + 8)(s^2 + 8s + 3)(s^2 + 5s + 7)} \right\} \quad (2.7)$$

Now by taking the partial fractions of above eqn, it is

$$= L^{-1} \left\{ -\frac{266}{93(s + 8)} + \frac{1199s + 534}{417(s^2 + 8s + 3)} + \frac{-65s - 1014}{4309(s^2 + 5s + 7)} \right\}$$

Solution

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= L^{-1} \left\{ -\frac{266}{93(s+8)} + \frac{1199}{417} \cdot \frac{s+4}{(s+4)^2 - 13} - \frac{4262}{417} \cdot \frac{1}{(s+4)^2 - 13} \right. \\
 &\quad \left. + \frac{-65s - 1014}{4309(s^2 + 5s + 7)} \right\} \\
 &= L^{-1} \left\{ -\frac{266}{93(s+8)} + \frac{1199}{417} \cdot \frac{s+4}{(s+4)^2 - 13} - \frac{4262}{417} \cdot \frac{1}{(s+4)^2 - 13} - \right. \\
 &\quad \left. \frac{65}{4309} \cdot \frac{s + \frac{5}{2}}{(s + \frac{5}{2})^2 + \frac{3}{4}} - \frac{1703}{8618} \cdot \frac{1}{(s + \frac{5}{2})^2 + \frac{3}{4}} \right\}
 \end{aligned}$$

Using the linearity property of Inverse Laplace Transform:

For functions $f(s)$, $g(s)$ and constants a , b :

$$L^{-1} \{a \cdot f(s) + b \cdot g(s)\} = a \cdot L^{-1} \{f(s)\} + b \cdot L^{-1} \{g(s)\}$$

Solution

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= -L^{-1} \left\{ \frac{266}{93(s+8)} \right\} + \frac{1199}{417} L^{-1} \left\{ \frac{s+4}{(s+4)^2 - 13} \right\} \\
 &- \frac{4262}{417} L^{-1} \left\{ \frac{1}{(s+4)^2 - 13} \right\} - \frac{65}{4309} L^{-1} \left\{ \frac{s + \frac{5}{2}}{(s + \frac{5}{2})^2 + \frac{3}{4}} \right\} \\
 &\quad - \frac{1703}{8618} L^{-1} \left\{ \frac{1}{(s + \frac{5}{2})^2 + \frac{3}{4}} \right\} \\
 &= -\frac{266}{93} e^{-8t} + \frac{1199}{417} e^{-4t} \cosh(\sqrt{13}t) - \frac{4262}{417} e^{-4t} \frac{1}{\sqrt{13}} \sinh(\sqrt{13}t) \\
 &\quad - \frac{65}{4309} e^{-\frac{5t}{2}} \cos\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}t}{2}\right) - \frac{1703}{8618} \cdot \frac{2}{\sqrt{3}} e^{-\frac{5t}{2}} \sin\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}t}{2}\right)
 \end{aligned}$$

Solution

$$= -\frac{266}{93}e^{-8t} + \frac{1199}{417}e^{-4t} \cosh(\sqrt{13}t) - \frac{4262}{417\sqrt{13}}e^{-4t} \sinh(\sqrt{13}t) \\ - \frac{65}{4309}e^{-\frac{5t}{2}} \cos\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}t}{2}\right) - \frac{1703e^{-\frac{5t}{2}} \sin\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}t}{2}\right)}{4309\sqrt{3}}$$

∴ Inverse Laplace Transform of :

$$\frac{(s^3 + 4s^2 + 2s + 6)}{(s + 8)(s^2 + 8s + 3)(s^2 + 5s + 7)} \text{ is} \\ = -\frac{266}{93}e^{-8t} + \frac{1199}{417}e^{-4t} \cosh(\sqrt{13}t) - \frac{4262}{417\sqrt{13}}e^{-4t} \sinh(\sqrt{13}t) \\ - \frac{65}{4309}e^{-\frac{5t}{2}} \cos\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}t}{2}\right) - \frac{1703e^{-\frac{5t}{2}} \sin\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}t}{2}\right)}{4309\sqrt{3}}$$

Python Code for Function a.

```
from sympy.integrals.transforms import inverse_laplace_transform
from sympy import exp, Symbol
from sympy.abc import s, t
from sympy import pprint
a = Symbol('a', positive=True)
x = inverse_laplace_transform(((s + 5) * (s ** 2 + 3 * s + 10)) / ((s +
    3) * (s + 4) * (s ** 2 + 2 * s + 100)), s, t)
pprint(x)
```

Terminal a :

```
Terminal
File Edit View Search Terminal Help
( - √11·e3·t · sin(3·√11·t) + 57233·e3·t · cos(3·√11·t) + 11880·et - 7931 ) · e-4·t · θ(t)
-----
61182
-----
(program exited with code: 0)
Press return to continue
█
```

Python Code for Function b.

```
import numpy as np
import sympy as sp
from sympy.integrals import inverse_laplace_transform

s = sp.symbols('s')
t = sp.symbols('t', positive = True)
tf = (-266) / (93 * (s + 8))

from sympy.integrals.transforms import inverse_laplace_transform
from sympy import exp, Symbol
from sympy.abc import s, t
from sympy import pprint
a = Symbol('a', positive=True)
x1 = inverse_laplace_transform(tf, s, t)
```

Python Code for Function b.

```
s = sp.symbols('s')
t = sp.symbols('t', positive = True)
tf = (1199 * s + 534) / (417 * (s ** 2 + 8 * s + 3))

from sympy.integrals.transforms import inverse_laplace_transform
from sympy import exp, Symbol
from sympy.abc import s, t
from sympy import pprint
a = Symbol('a', positive=True)
x2 = inverse_laplace_transform(tf,s,t)
```

Python Code for Function b.

```
s = sp.symbols('s')
t = sp.symbols('t', positive = True)
tf = (-65 * s - 1014) / (4309 * (s ** 2 + 5 * s + 7))

from sympy.integrals.transforms import inverse_laplace_transform
from sympy import exp, Symbol
from sympy.abc import s, t
from sympy import pprint
a = Symbol('a', positive=True)
x3 = inverse_laplace_transform(tf,s,t)

pprint(x1 + x2 + x3)
```

Terminal b :

```

Terminal
File Edit View Search Terminal Help

-5·t
13·(131·√3·sin(√3·t/2) + 15·cos(√3·t/2))·e2·θ(t)
-
12927
+
√13·(-4262·e√13·t + 1199·√13·e√13·t)
+
4262·e-√13·t + 1199·√13·e-√13·t·e-4·t·θ(t)
10842
-
266·e-8·t·θ(t)
93

-----
(program exited with code: 0)
Press return to continue

```