

20/9/20

## CSI 1001 Principles of Data Base Systems

Set-1

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R (A, B, C, D)

2) a)

FD<sub>1</sub>: {A → B, B → C, A → C}FD<sub>2</sub>: {A → B, B → C, A → D}CK1

{A, B, C, D}⁺ ⇒ {A, B, C, D}

AD ⇒ Super key and candidate key

CK2

A, B, C, D⁺ ⇒ {A, B, C, D}

A ⇒ Super key and candidate key

In both FD<sub>1</sub> and FD<sub>2</sub> A is the candidate key.

So definitely FD<sub>1</sub> and FD<sub>2</sub> is a lossy join  
dependency preserving

- 2) b) Produced (Producer Name, Title)  
 Program (Theatre name, title, time)  
 Liked (Viewer, title)  
 See (viewer, title)  
 Movies (Title - Director, Actor)

a)  $\pi_{\text{title}} \left( \sigma_{\text{time} > 5\text{pm}} (\text{Program}) \right)$   
 $\Rightarrow \text{'3 Idiots'}$

b)  $\pi_{\text{producer name}} \left( \begin{array}{l} \sigma_{\text{Produced.title} = \text{liked.title}} (\text{Produced} \bowtie \text{Liked}) \\ \wedge - \text{viewer} \sigma_{\text{title}} (\text{Liked}) \end{array} \right)$

- 1) a) Various operators used in relational algebra.

1) selection ( $\sigma$ )

$\sigma_{\text{loan amount} > 100000}$

(bank loan)

bank loan
account-no
loan amount

2) Projection ( $\pi$ )

$\pi_{\text{customer-name}} (\text{customer-detail})$

customer-detail
customer id
customer name

iii) AND ( $\wedge$ )

$\sigma_{\text{customer\_name} \wedge \text{loan\_amount} < 100000}$  (customer)

customer
customer id
customer name
loan amount

iv) OR ( $\vee$ )

$\sigma_{\text{customer\_name} \vee \text{loan\_amount} < 100000}$  (customer)

v) Subquery

$\pi_{\text{customer\_name}} (\sigma_{\text{loan\_amount} < 100000} (\text{customer}))$

vi) (joins)

$\pi_{\text{loan\_date}} (\sigma_{\text{customer.customer\_id} = \text{loan.customer\_id}})$

loan
customer-id
loan-amount
loan-date

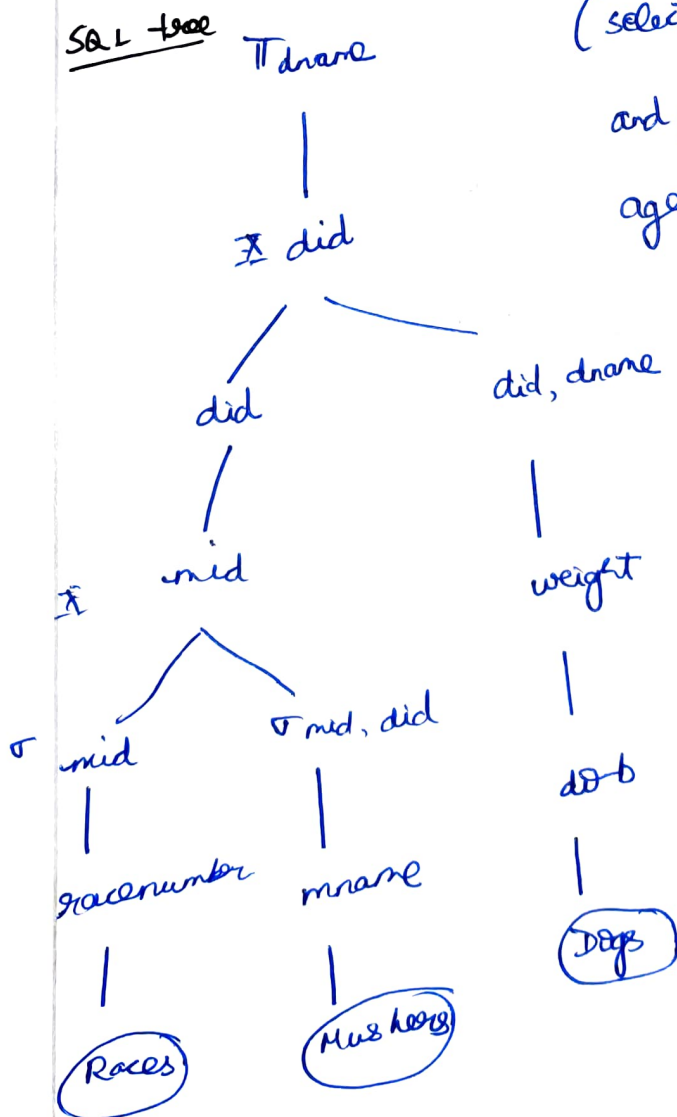
(loan  $\bowtie$  customer)

$\pi_{\text{loan\_date}} (\sigma_{\text{customer.customer\_id} = \text{loan.customer\_id}})$

vii) union ( $\cup$ )  
 $\pi_{\text{customer-id}=1} \cup \text{loan-amount} \leq 10000$  (customer)

viii) Intersection ( $\cap$ )  
 $\pi_{\text{loan-amount} > 1,00,000} \cap \text{loan-amount} \leq 1,10,000$  (customer)

b) SQL query  $\rightarrow$  select name from Dog WHERE  
 (select ~~dogs~~ names which participated  
 and (select age from Dog where  
 age > 5))



3)

a) Quantity → Name

It holds good since

1 → Anushka

3 → Salman

4 → Simran

5 → Roshan

b) Quantity → model

1 → Rolls-Royce Ghost

1 → Ferrari superfast

} It doesn't hold good

c) Model → Name:

Rolls-Royce Ghost → Anushka

Ferrari superfast → Anushka

BMW X7 → Salman

Audi → Simran

Rolls Royce Phantom → Roshan

It ~~doesn't~~ holds good

d) Model → Quantity

~~BMW X7~~ Rolls-Royce Ghost → 1

Ferrari superfast → 1

} It ~~doesn't~~ holds good

e)

Name → quantity

Anushka → 1

Salman → 3

Simran → 4

Roshan → 5

} It holds good