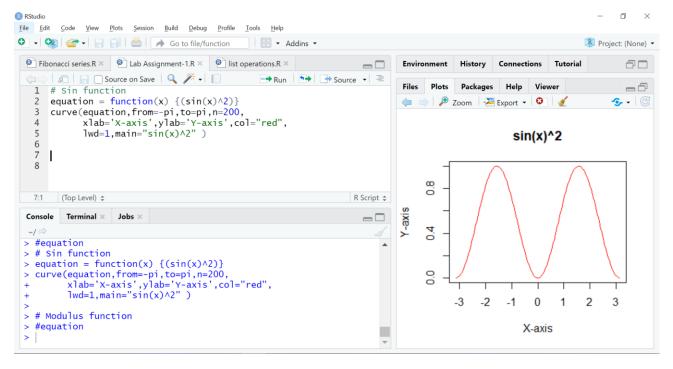
Statistics for Engineers Lab assessment – 1

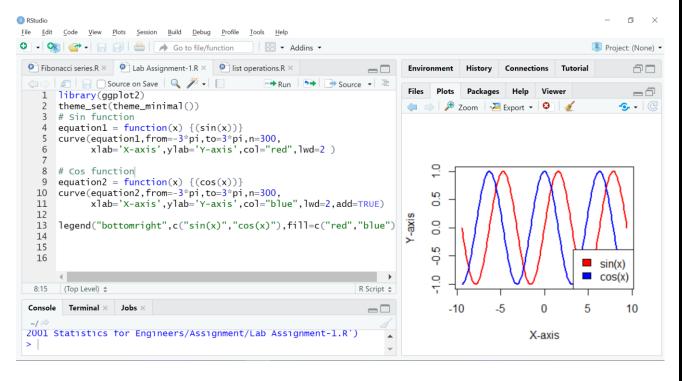
Prashanth.S

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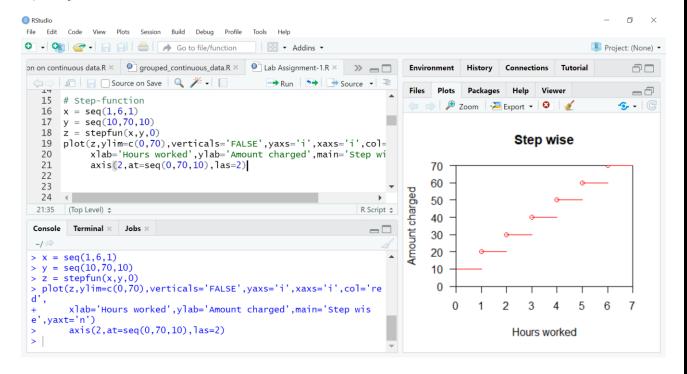
1) Sin function



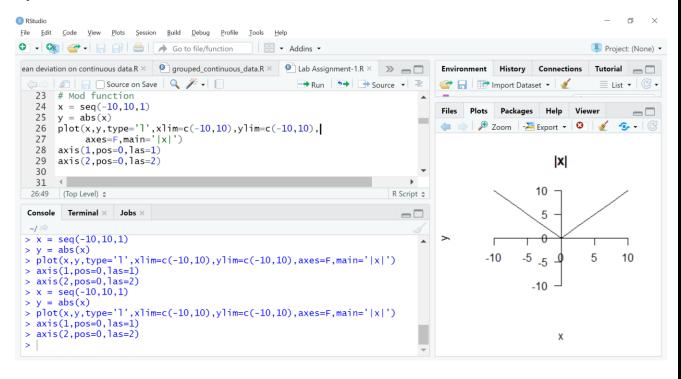
2) Sin and cos function



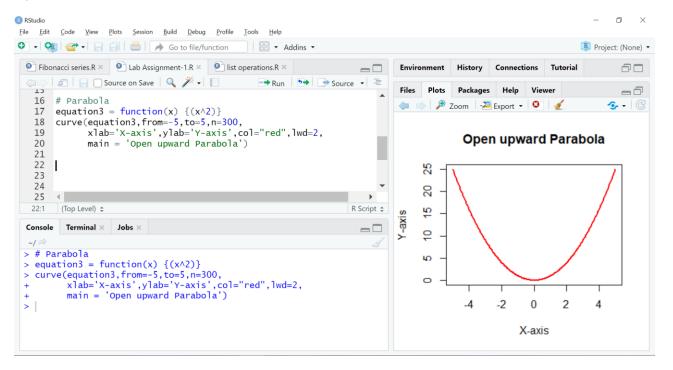
3)Step-function



3)Mod function



5) Parabola



3. If

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & -8 & 14 & 7 \\ 13 & 24 & 17 & 5 & 9 \\ 7 & 32 & 10 & 14 & 5 \\ 3 & 4 & 53 & 34 & 43 \\ 9 & 11 & 14 & -10 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$$

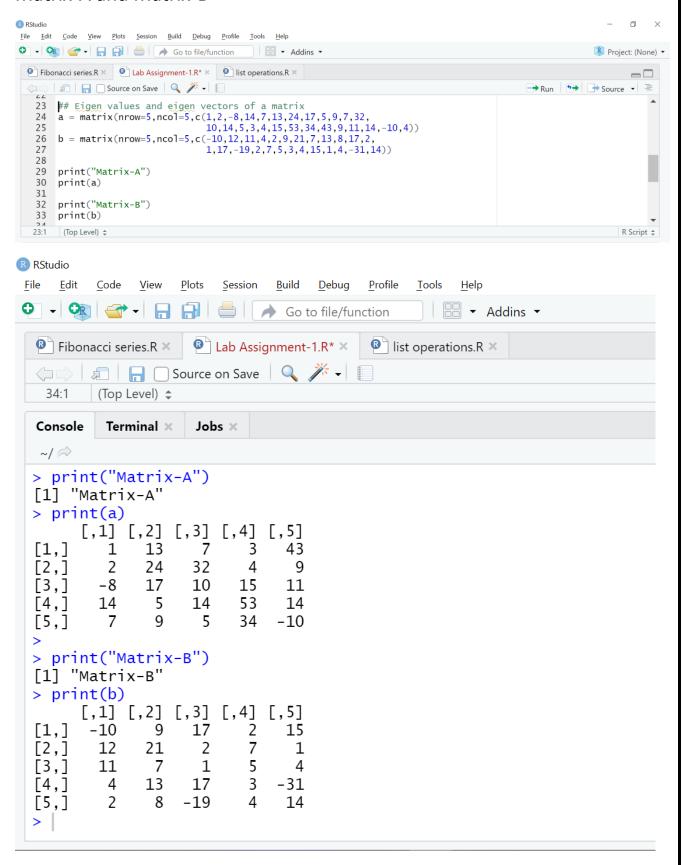
and

$$B = \begin{bmatrix} -10 & 12 & 11 & 4 & 2\\ 9 & 21 & 7 & 13 & 8\\ 17 & 2 & 1 & 17 & -19\\ 2 & 7 & 5 & 3 & 4\\ 15 & 1 & 4 & -31 & 14 \end{bmatrix}$$

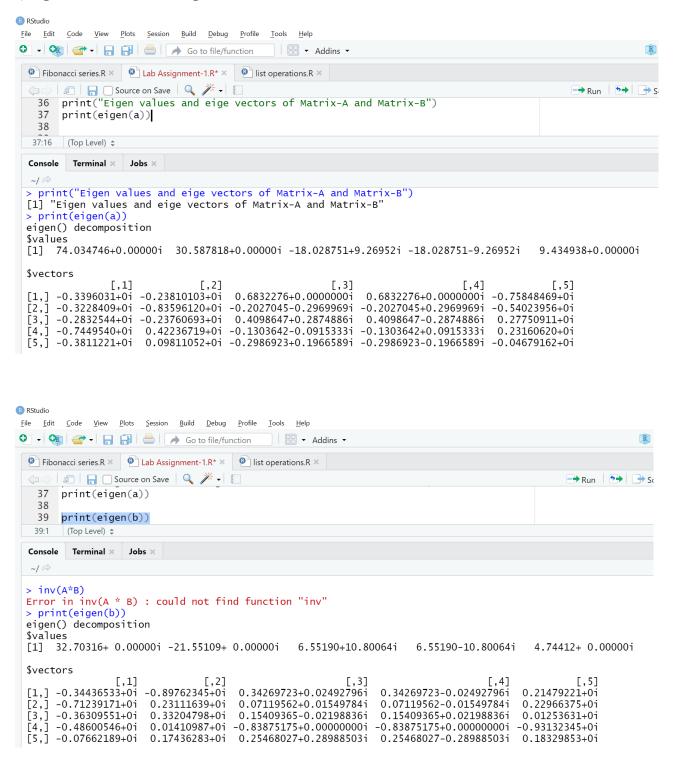
then write R code to find the following:

- (i) the eigenvalue and eigenvector of A and B.
- (ii) check whether $(AB)^{-1} = B^{-1}A^{-1}$
- (iii) dimension of $4 * A^5 5A^3 + A^2$
- (iv) replace 4^{th} row of A by (5 -4 6 3 2) and 5^{th} column of B by (14 9 43 24 26).

Matrix-A and Matrix-B



i)Eigen values and eigen vectors of A and B



ii) Check whether $(AB)^{-1} = B^{-1} * A^{-1}$

```
RStudio
<u>File Edit Code View Plots Session Build Debug Profile Tools Help</u>
41
    print(solve(a%*%b))
                       # Inverse of products of matrix
     print(solve(b)%*%solve(a)) # Product of Inverses
  42
  43
     (Top Level) $
  42.1
 Console Terminal × Jobs ×
 ~/ 🕏
                     # Inverse of products of matrix
[,2] [,3] [,4]
 > print(solve(a%*%b))
          [,1]
                    [,2]
 [1,] 0.0009991762 0.0006741243 0.001396953 -0.0055926531
                                           0.0063613895
 [2,] 0.0096564386 -0.0025929168 -0.003265485 -0.0130533269
                                           0.0203309385
 > print(solve(b)%*%solve(a)) # Product of Inverses
          [,1]
                    [,2]
                             [,3]
 [1,] 0.0009991762 0.0006741243 0.001396953 -0.0055926531 0.0063613895
 [2,] 0.0096564386 -0.0025929168 -0.003265485 -0.0130533269 0.0203309385
 [5,] 0.0018291237 0.0007889277 -0.002239300 -0.0028924021 0.0041675288
```

iii) Dimension of $4*A^5 - 5A^3 + A^2$

```
> matrix1 = 4*(a^5)-5*(a^3) + (a^2)
> print(dim(matrix1))
[1] 5 5
> |
```

iv) Replacing 4^{th} row of A by (5 -4 6 3 2) and 5^{th} column of B by (14 9 43 24 26)

