Principle of Data Base Management Systems

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CUSTOMER_ID CUSTOMER_NAME QUANTITY				
2007 Messi		0		
SQL> desc amazon; Name	Null?	Туре		
PRODUCT_ID PRODUCT_NAME PRODUCT_PRICE CUSTOMER_ID TIME_OF_ORDER DATE_OF_PURCHASE QUANTITY	NOT NULL	NUMBER(10) VARCHAR2(30) NUMBER(10) NUMBER(10) VARCHAR2(30) VARCHAR2(30) NUMBER(10)		
SQL> desc customer; Name	Null?	Туре		
CUSTOMER_ID CUSTOMER_NAME CUSTOMER_PHONENUMBER CUSTOMER_ADDRESS	NOT NULL	NUMBER(10) VARCHAR2(30) NUMBER(10) VARCHAR2(30)		

Amazon table

PRODUCT_ID	PRODUCT_NAME	PRODUCT_PRICE	CUSTOMER_ID	TIME_OF_ORDER	DATE_OF_PURCHASE	QUANTITY
1001	SmartTV	500000	2001	9-AM	01-JUL-2019	2
1002	Dish wash	25000	2002	10-PM	25-AUGUST-2019	3
1003	Home Theatre	35000	2003	1-AM	18-SEPTEMBER-2019	4
1004	Alexa	8000	2004	11-AM	16-OCTOBER-2019	6
1005	Mac book pro	1000000	2005	5-PM	10-NOVERMBER-2019	8
1006	One plus 8pro	45000	2006	8-AM	24-APRIL-2019	1
1007	Sony Bravia	85000	2007	11-AM	22-APRIL-2020	5
1008	Iphone 11 pro max	65000	2007	12-AM	20-APRIL-2020	0

Customer table

CUSTOMER_ID	CUSTOMER_NAME	CUSTOMER_PHONENUMBER	CUSTOMER_ADDRESS
2001	Chandler	902145	Washington
2002	Ross	45123	London
2003	Prashanth	98032	Sydney
2004	Monica	73821	Austria
2005	Phoeba	32456	Ireland
2006	Rajesh	29031	California
2007	Messi	19041	Barcelona

Joints

1) Find the names of product whose customer location is 'London'??

```
SQL> select product_id,product_name from amazon
2 join customer on amazon.customer_id=customer.customer_id
3 where customer_address='London';

PRODUCT_ID PRODUCT_NAME

1002 Dish Wash
```

2) Find customer who purchased maximum quantity of product

```
SQL> select c.customer_id,c.customer_name,a.quantity
2 from customer c join amazon a on c.customer_id=a.customer_id
3 where a.quantity=0;

CUSTOMER_ID CUSTOMER_NAME

QUANTITY

2007 Messi

0
```

3) Find the customer who spent maximum amount in the shopping

```
SQL> SELECT
 2
       product_id,
 3
       product_name,
       product price
 5 FROM
       amazon
 7 WHERE
 8
   product_price =(
 9
         SELECT
11 FROM
10
              MAX(product price )
12
             amazon
13 );
PRODUCT ID PRODUCT NAME
                             PRODUCT_PRICE
    1001 SmartTV
                                         500000
```

4) Find the name of the customer who brought the maximum number of products.

After knowing the maximum quantity

```
1 SELECT
 2
       customer_name,
      MAX(quantity)
 4 FROM
 5
       amazon
 6 INNER JOIN customer
          USING(customer id)
 8 GROUP BY
 9 customer_name
10 HAVING
11 MAX(quantity) >=8
12 ORDER BY
13* customer_name
SQL> /
CUSTOMER_NAME
                         MAX(QUANTITY)
Phoeba
```

5) List the customer who didn't buy anything.

```
1 SELECT
  2
        customer name,
        MAX(quantity)
 4 FROM
  5
         amazon
 6 INNER JOIN customer
 7
            USING(customer_id)
 8 GROUP BY
 9
         customer name
 10 HAVING
11
        MAX(quantity)=0
12 ORDER BY
13*
        customer name
SQL> /
no rows selected
```

6) Display the name of the customers who brought 3,4,5 quantity of products??

```
1 SELECT
 2
        customer_name,
 3
        MAX(quantity)
 4 FROM
        amazon
 6 INNER JOIN customer
            USING(customer id)
 8 GROUP BY
 9
        customer_name
10 HAVING
11
        MAX(quantity) between 3 and 5
12 ORDER BY
13* customer_name
SQL> /
CUSTOMER NAME
                            MAX(QUANTITY)
Messi
                                         5
                                         4
Prashanth
                                         3
Ross
```

7) Display the customer along with the products whose purchase location is 'Austria'

```
SQL> select customer_name,product_name from amazon join customer on

2 amazon.customer_id=customer.customer_id where customer_address='Austria';

CUSTOMER_NAME PRODUCT_NAME

Monica Alexa
```

8) List the total quantity of products purchased from Amazon

```
SQL> select sum(quantity) from amazon;
SUM(QUANTITY)
------
29
```

9) List the customers who are not dependent upon the products (i.e didn't bought any products

```
SQL> select c.customer_id,c.customer_name from customer c
2 join amazon a on a.customer_id=c.customer_id where a.quantity=0;

CUSTOMER_ID CUSTOMER_NAME

2007 Messi
```

10) Display the customer name who bought minimum quantity of products

```
SQL> select min(quantity) from amazon;
MIN(QUANTITY)
          1
 1 SELECT
  2
        customer_name,
  3
        MAX(quantity)
 4 FROM
  5
        amazon
 6 INNER JOIN customer
            USING(customer_id)
  7
 8 GROUP BY
 9
        customer name
10 HAVING
        MAX(quantity)=1
11
12 ORDER BY
13*
       customer name
SQL> /
CUSTOMER NAME
                             MAX(QUANTITY)
Rajesh
```

Subquery

1) List the name of the customer who brought any products from the shop.

```
SQL> select customer_id,customer_name from customer
2 where customer_id in(select customer_id from amazon);

CUSTOMER_ID CUSTOMER_NAME

2001 Chandler
2002 Ross
2003 Prashanth
2004 Monica
2005 Phoeba
2006 Rajesh
2007 Messi

7 rows selected.
```

2) Find the product which is holds the highest price among the products.

```
SQL> SELECT
  2
        product id,
  3
        product name,
        product price
  5 FROM
  6
        amazon
  7
    WHERE
  8
        product_price =(
            SELECT
 9
                MAX(product_price )
 10
 11
            FROM
 12
                amazon
   );
 13
PRODUCT_ID PRODUCT NAME
                                        PRODUCT PRICE
      1001 SmartTV
                                                500000
```

3) List the customer 2007's whose purchase is more expensive than the purchase of customer 2006's

```
SQL> select product_id,product_name,product_price from amazon

2 where product_price>(select product_price from amazon where customer_id=2006)

3 and customer_id=2007;

PRODUCT_ID PRODUCT_NAME PRODUCT_PRICE

1007 Sony Bravia 85000

1008 Iphone 11 pro max 65000
```

4) Display the customer name whose address are not functioning in London.

5) List the products which is sold for at-most 1 quantity

```
SQL> select product_id,product_name,product_price,quantity
2 from amazon
3 where quantity=(select min(quantity) from amazon);

PRODUCT_ID PRODUCT_NAME PRODUCT_PRICE QUANTITY

1006 One plus 8pro 45000 1
```

6) List the customer who didn't buy even a single product

```
SQL> select product_id,product_name,product_price,quantity
2 from amazon
3 where quantity=0;

PRODUCT_ID PRODUCT_NAME PRODUCT_PRICE QUANTITY

1008 Iphone 11 pro max 65000 0
```

7) Find the product who is getting the minimum price among all of products.

```
SQL> SELECT
 2
        product_id,
 3
       product name,
        product price
 5 FROM
        amazon
 7
   WHERE
 8
     product_price =(
 9
           SELECT
               MIN(product_price )
10
11
          FROM
12
               amazon
13 );
PRODUCT_ID PRODUCT_NAME
                                       PRODUCT PRICE
     1004 Alexa
                                                8000
```

8) List the customer 2005's whose purchase is more expensive than the purchase of customer 2001's

```
SQL> select product_name,product_price from amazon

2 where product_price>(select product_price from amazon where customer_id=2001)

3 and customer_id=2005;

PRODUCT_NAME PRODUCT_PRICE

Mac book pro 1000000
```