

```
from sympy import poly, var
from collections import Counter
```

```

temp_word_hexa = []
return subword

[In 18]: def shift_rows(substitute_box_ans):
# shifting rows and columns
shift_rows = []
subword = collections.deque(substitute_box_ans)
for i in range(4):
    temp = collections.deque(substitute_box_ans[i])
    temp.rotate(-i)
    shift_rows.append(list(temp))
return shift_rows

Mix Columns

[In 19]: def mix_columns_each_round(shift_rows, rest_rounds):
multiple = [['02', '03', '01', '01'],
            ['03', '02', '03', '01'],
            ['01', '02', '02', '03'],
            ['03', '01', '01', '02']]

if rest_rounds:
    shift_rows = pd.DataFrame(shift_rows).T.values.tolist()

prod_ans1 = []
row_ans = []
final_ans = []

for i in range(4):
    for j in range(4):
        for k in range(4):
            # hexadecimal to BCD
            num1 = Hexaword_BCD[multiple[i][k]]
            num2 = Hexaword_BCD[shift_rows[j][k]]

            # Product operation
            num1_list = [int(item) for sublist in num1 for item in sublist]
            num2_list = [int(item) for sublist in num2 for item in sublist]
            ans = list(np.polyd(num1_list) * np.polyd(num2_list)) # binary multiplication
            prod_ans1.append(ans)

            max_length = max([len(p) for p in prod_ans1])

            # adding 0's
            temp_match_len = []
            for a in prod_ans1:
                for b in range(max_length - len(a)):
                    a.insert(0, 0)
                    element = ''.join(map(str, a))
                    # binary to polynomial (element)
                    temp_match_len.append(a)
            prod_ans1 = temp_match_len

            # summing up the polynomials
            temp_sum = []
            for c in range(max_length):
                temp_sum.append(sum([sub[c] for sub in prod_ans1]))
            d in range(len(temp_sum)):
                if (temp_sum[d] % 2) == 0: temp_sum[d] = 1 # sum is odd number put 1
                else: temp_sum[d] = 0 # sum is even number put 0

            prod_ans1 = ''.join(map(str, prod_ans1))

            if len(prod_ans1) == 8:
                irreducible_polynomial = '180B1D01'
                ir_ans = binary_division(modulo_2(prod_ans1, irreducible_polynomial))
                prod_ans1 = ir_ans
                hexadecimal_ans = bcd_to_hexadecimal(prod_ans1)
                row_ans.append(hexadecimal_ans)
            else:
                hexadecimal_ans = bcd_to_hexadecimal(prod_ans1)
                row_ans.append(hexadecimal_ans)

            prod_ans1 = []
            final_ans.append(row_ans)
            row_ans = []
        return final_ans

[In 20]: def main():
round_sum = 0
add_round_key
substitute_box
shift_rows
mix_columns_each_round

[In 21]: def text_hexadecimal(text): # all the blocks --> 16bytes
hex_text = []
for i in text: # character --> ascii (decimal) --> hexa-decimal
    hex_text.append(hex(ord(i))[2:])
return hex_text # returns hexadecimalization of the text

```

```
print("Text Hexadecimal")
print("Key Hexadecimal")
```

```

CompleteKeys = [0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99]

for i in range(1, len(CompleteKeys)):
    print('Round -> {} keys -> {}'.format(i, end=' '))
    print('list(itertools.chain(*CompleteKeys[i]))')

Round - 0 keys -> 54 68 61 74 73 20 61 70 20 4b 75 0b 67 20 46 75
Round - 1 keys -> e2 c2 fc f1 91 21 91 81 19 94 e6 e6 06 7e 93
Round - 2 keys -> 58 68 28 87 07 31 87 4f 76 43 55 69 a8 1b 7f 7a
Round - 3 keys -> d2 60 dd 67 15 7a bc 68 63 39 91 c8 31a fb
Round - 4 keys -> a1 bd 02 c8 68 48 8b 01 07 51 57 a0 54 2e 4b
Round - 5 keys -> b1 29 33 05 41 81 82 02 18 02 32 e4 9c 9b 69
Round - 6 keys -> 12 c6 c2 87 98 e7 15 6a fc 65 6b 2e 0e 0e 4e
Round - 7 keys -> cc 98 e6 14 0a 01 93 10 3a 3f 24 02 31 31 6a
Round - 8 keys -> 8e 51 e7 21 7a 0b 45 22 64 31 8b 56 95 85 8c
Round - 9 keys -> 07 e2 bf 80 49 5f 9a 32 11 64 80 17 f4 c5 69
Round - 10 keys -> 20 6f 0a 78 6d 44 7a 4c 0c 84 fe 3b 37 6f 06

```

[illegible]

Round-2 to Re

[illegible]

Add Round Key : [['

[illegible]

```
print("\n-----")
substitute_box_ans =
shift_cove_ans =
```

```

Mix Column ans : [['06', '07', '51', '0c'], ['84', '88', '98', 'ca'], ['34', '60',
Key          : [['28', '6d', 'cc', '3b'], ['fd', 'ad', 'cd', '31'], ['de',
Add Round Key : [['29', '57', '40', '1a'], ['c3', '14', '22', '02'], ['50', '20', '99', '07'], ['5f',

```


Diffie Helman Key Exchange

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Importing the Necessary Libraries

```
In [1]: import numpy as np
import random

In [2]: '''
Xa = 3 ## private key of Agent-X
Ya = 7 ## private key of Agent-Y
A = ## public key of Agent-X (shared to Agent-Y)
B = ## public key of Agent-Y (shared to Agent-X)
S = ## shared key
'''

Out[2]: '\nXa = 3 ## private key of Agent-X\nYa = 7 ## private key of Agent-Y\nA = ## public key of Agent-X (shared to Agent-Y)\nB = ## public key of Agent-Y (shared to Agent-X)\nS = ## shared key \n'
```

Primitive Roots Creation

```
In [3]: def primitive_roots_table_creation(m):
list1 = []
b = 1
for i in range(1,m-1):
temp = []
b+=1
for j in range(1,m):
temp.append(np.power(b,j) % (m))
list1.append(temp)
return list1

In [4]: def primitive_roots_value(primitive_roots_table, m):
# np.unique() --> returns the number bo unique values
m = 13
primitive_roots = []
for i in primitive_roots_table:
if (len(np.unique(i)) == m-1):
primitive_roots.append(i[0])
return primitive_roots

In [5]: def public_key_generation(generator, private_key, premitive_root):
return ((generator**private_key) % premitive_root)
def sharing(pub1, pub2):
return (pub2, pub1)
def share_secret_key(shared_key, private_key, premitive_root):
return ((shared_key**private_key) % premitive_root)

In [6]: def isPrime(num):
cnt = 0
for i in range(2, np.int(np.sqrt(num))):
if ((num%i) == 0):
cnt = 1
return False ## composite number
if (cnt==0):
return True ## prime number

In [7]: def start():
## Alice portion
Xa = 3
Ya = public_key_generation(generator, Xa, premitive_root)
print("Alice's public key : ",Ya)

## Bob portion
Xb = 7
Yb = public_key_generation(generator, Xb, premitive_root)

Ya, Yb = sharing(Yb, Ya)
print("\nAfter sharing")
print("Alice's public key : ",Ya)
print("Bob's public key : ",Yb)

alice_K = share_secret_key(Yb, Xa, premitive_root)
print("\nAlice's shared key : ",alice_K)

bob_K = share_secret_key(Ya, Xb, premitive_root)
print("Bob's shared key : ",bob_K)

if (alice_K == bob_K):
return alice_K
else:
return 0

In [8]: def shift_characters(str1, n):
return ''.join(chr((ord(char) - 97 - n) % 26 + 97) for char in str1)

In [9]: primitive_roots_table = primitive_roots_table_creation(13)
primitive_roots = primitive_roots_value(primitive_roots_table,13)
primitive_roots

Out[9]: [2, 6, 7, 11]

In [10]: premitive_root = 13
if isPrime(premitive_root):
generator = random.choice(primitive_roots)
if (generator < premitive_root):
print("Continue")
key_match = start()
else:
print("Disontinue")

Continue
Alice's public key : 5

After sharing
Alice's public key : 5
Bob's public key : 2

Alice's shared key : 8
Bob's shared key : 8
/var/folders/gq/nsqxf83n1813yysq218vvtxc0000gn/T/ipykernel_3491/2137807101.py:3: DeprecationWarning: `np.int` is a deprecated alias for the builtin `int`. To silence this warning, use `int` by itself. Doing this will not modify any behavior and is safe. When replacing `np.int`, you may wish to use e.g. `np.int64` or `np.int32` to specify the precision. If you wish to review your current use, check the release note link for additional information.
Deprecated in NumPy 1.20; for more details and guidance: https://numpy.org/devdocs/release/1.20.0-notes.html#deprecations
for i in range(2, np.int(np.sqrt(num))):
```

Encryption

```
In [11]: def encryption(plain_text):
n = key_match
return shift_characters(plain_text, n)
```

Decryption

```
In [12]: def decryption(cipher_text):
n = -key_match
return shift_characters(cipher_text, n)

In [13]: plain_text = "prashanth"
cipher_text = encryption(plain_text)
print(cipher_text)

hjskzsflz

In [14]: decrypt_text = decryption(cipher_text)
print(decrypt_text)

prashanth
```

Rivest-Shamir-Adleman Encryption Algorithm

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Importing the Necessary Libraries

```
In [1]: import numpy as np
import random
```

Operational Functions

```
In [2]: def si(n): return n-1
```

```
In [3]: def num_check(num1, num2,condition):
while condition:
    random_num = random.randint(2, (si(num1) * si(num2)) - 1)
    if (np.gcd(random_num, (si(num1) * si(num2))) == 1):
        break
    else:
        continue

return random_num
```

```
In [4]: def modulo_multiplicative_inverse(a, m):
for x in range(1, m):
    if ((a%m) * (x%m)) % m == 1:return x
return -1
```

```
In [5]: ## {e,n}
public_key = []

## {d,n}
private_key = []

prime_1 = 3
prime_2 = 11

public_key.append(num_check(prime_1, prime_2, True))
public_key.append(prime_1 * prime_2)

modulo_ans = modulo_multiplicative_inverse(public_key[0], (si(prime_1) * si(prime_2)))
private_key.append(modulo_ans)
private_key.append(public_key[1])
```

```
In [6]: print(public_key)
print(private_key)

[3, 33]
[7, 33]
```

```
In [7]: e = public_key[0]
#e = 7
d = private_key[0]
n = public_key[1]
```

Encryption

```
In [8]: message=5
if (message < n):
    cipher_text = (message**e % n)
print(cipher_text)

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```

Decryption

```
In [9]: decrypt_text = (cipher_text**d % n)
decrypt_text

Out[9]: 5
```

```
In [10]: if (message == decrypt_text):
print("Successful Transmission")
else:
print("Not Successful Transmission")

Successful Transmission
```

Elgamal Crypto System

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```
In [1]: import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
```

```
In [2]: ## Alice
Xa = 50 ## private_key
Ya = 14 ## public key

## Bob
Xb = 39 ## private_key
Yb = 53 ## public key

## general
prime_number = 61
generator = 6

message = 4
```

```
In [3]: ## Bob sends message to Alice
cipher_text = ( ( Ya**Xb ) * message ) % prime_number
cipher_text
```

Out[3]: 57

```
In [4]: Xa = -1 * Xa
if (Xa<=0):
    Xa = prime_number - 1 + Xa
Xa
```

Out[4]: 10

```
In [5]: decrypt_text = ((cipher_text%prime_number) * (Yb**Xa)%prime_number)%prime_number
```

```
In [6]: print("Plain Text : ", message)
print("Encrypted Plain Text : ", cipher_text)
print("Decrypted Cipher Text : ",decrypt_text)
```

```
Plain Text : 4
Encrypted Plain Text : 57
Decrypted Cipher Text : 4
```