



CAMPUSMONK

Technical

ebook

```
1. #include<iostream>
using namespace std;
class Test {
static int x;
public:
Test() { x++; }
static int getX() { return x; } };
int Test::x=0;
int main() {
cout<< Test::getX()<<" ";
Test t[5];
cout<< Test::getX(); }
```

- a) 0 0
- b) 5 5
- c) 0 5
- d) Run time error



[Answer](#)

```
2. #include<iostream>
using namespace std;
class Point {
Point()
{ cout<<"Constructor called"; }
};
int main()
{
Point t1;
return 0;
}
```

- a) Constructor called
- b) Compile time error
- c) Run time error
- d) Blank line



[Answer](#)

```
3. #include<stdio.h>
using namespace std;
int main()
{
for (int x = 10; x >= 0; x--)
{
int z = x & (x >> 1);
if (z)
printf("%d ", x);
}
```

- }
- a) 7 6 3
- b) 7 5 4
- c) 6 7 8
- d) 6 5 4



[Answer](#)

4. Where are placed the list of processes that are prepared to be executed and waiting?

- a) Job queue
- b) Ready queue
- c) Execution queue
- d) Process queue



[Answer](#)

5. Who among the following can block the running process?

- a) Fork
- b) Read
- c) Down
- d) All of these



[Answer](#)

6. Which of the following does not interrupt the running process?

- a) Timer interrupt
- b) Device
- c) Power failure
- d) Scheduler process



[Answer](#)

7. The \u0021 article referred to as a

- a) Unicode escape sequence
- b) Octal escape
- c) Hexadecimal
- d) Line feed



[Answer](#)

8. Which of the following is a valid declaration of a char?

- a) char ch = '\utea';

- b) `char ca = 'tea';`
- c) `char cr = \u0223;`
- d) `char cc = '\itea';`



[Answer](#)

9. Which of the following is a valid long literal?

- a) ABH8097
- b) L990023
- c) 904423
- d) 0xnf029L



[Answer](#)

10. What does the expression `float a = 35 / 0` return?

- a) 0
- b) Not a Number
- c) Infinity
- d) Run time exception



[Answer](#)

11. Which option is false about the final keyword?

- a) A final method cannot be overridden in its subclasses.
- b) A final class cannot be extended.
- c) A final class cannot extend other classes.
- d) A final method can be inherited.



[Answer](#)

12. Construct post order Transversal for the constructed tree with the given In-Order and Preorder Traversals:

In-Order: 9 7 10 6 8

Pre-Order: 6 7 9 10 8

- a) 9 10 7 8 6
- b) 9 7 6 10 8
- c) 8 9 10 7 6
- d) 9 8 10 7 6



[Answer](#)

13. What will be the output of this program fragment?

```
int i = 263;
putchar(i);
```

- a) prints 263
- b) prints the ASCII equivalent of 263
- c) rings the bell
- d) prints garbage



[Answer](#)

14. What will be the output of this statement?

```
printf ("%d", 9/5);
```

- a) 1.8
- b) 1.0
- c) 2.0
- d) None of the these



[Answer](#)

15. What will be the output of this program?

```
#include<stdio.h>
```

```
int main() {
```

```
int i = 5;
```

```
printf("%d", i = ++i == 6);
```

```
return 0;
```

```
}
```

- a) 2
- b) 6
- c) 4
- d) 1



[Answer](#)

16. Which of the following declarations is invalid in C language?

- a) `char *str = "campus monk is the best platform for learn";`
- b) `char str[] = "campus monk is the best platform for learn";`
- c) `char str[20] = "campus monk is the best platform for learn";`
- d) `char[] str = "campus monk is the best platform for learn";`


[Answer](#)

17. What will be the output of this program?

```
#include<stdio.h>
enum flg{a, b, c};
enum glf{c, e, f};
main()
{
    enum flg h;
    h = b;
    printf("%d", h);
    return 0;
}
```

- a) 1
- b) error: redeclaration of an enumerator
- c) h
- d) 3


[Answer](#)

18. What will be the output of this program?

```
main ()
{
    if (5 < '5')
        printf("5")
    else
        printf(" NOT EQUAL TO 5.")
}
```

- a) ENQ
- b) 5
- c) I
- d) Not equal to 5


[Answer](#)

19. What will be the output of the following pseudo code?

```
Input m = 9, n = 6,
m = m + 1;
n = n - 1;
m = m + n;
```

```
if(m>n)
    print m
else
    print n
```

- a) 5
- b) 7
- c) 9
- d) 12


[Answer](#)

20. What will be the output of the following pseudocode?

```
Integer i
Set i = 3
do
    print i + 3
    i = i - 1
while(i not equals 0)
end while
```

- a) 6 6 6
- b) 6 5 6
- c) 5 5 5
- d) 6 5 4


[Answer](#)

21. If the sequence of operations are performed on a stack, the sequence of pop will be?

```
Push(1), Push(2), Pop(), Push(1),
Push(2), Pop(), Pop(), Pop(),
Push(2), Pop().
```

- a) 2 2 1 1 2
- b) 2 2 1 2 2
- c) 2 1 2 2 1
- d) 2 1 2 2 2


[Answer](#)

22. In an empty BST, insert the following elements in a similar sequence. Which element will be at lowest level?

```
105 95 122 99 97 120
```

- a) 95
- b) 97
- c) 99

d) 120

[Answer](#)[Answer](#)

23. The concatenation of two lists is to be performed in $O(1)$ time. Which of the following implementation of a list should be used?

- a) Singly linked list
- b) Doubly linked list
- c) Circular doubly linked list
- d) Array implementation of list

[Answer](#)

24. Which of the following sequence can be obtained in the output (in same order) using a stack assuming that the input is in the sequence 1,2,3,4,5 order?

- a) 3,4,5,1,2
- b) 3,4,5,2,1
- c) 1,5,2,3,4
- d) 5,4,3,1,2

[Answer](#)

25. Let A be a square matrix of size $n \times n$. Consider the following program and state the output.

C=100

for i= 1 to n do

for j = 1 to n do

{

Temp = A[i][j] + C

A[i][j] = A [j][i]

A[j][i]= Temp – C

}for i = 1 to n do

for j = 1 to n do

Output (A[i][j]);

- a) The matrix A itself
- b) Transpose of matrix A
- c) Adding 100 to the upper diagonal elements and subtracting 100 from diagonal elements of A
- d) None of the above

26. The value of j at the end of the execution of the following pseudo code is ?

Integer incr(Integer i)

Static Integer count = 0

count = count +i

return count

Main()

Integer i,j

for(start i from 0 to 4)

j= incr(i)

end for

- a) 10
- b) 4
- c) 6
- d) 7

[Answer](#)

27. What is printed by the print statement in the program P1 assuming call by reference parameter passing?

program P1()

{

X = 10

Y = 3

Func1(Y,X,X)

Print X

Print Y

}

Func1(X,Y,Z)

{

Y= Y+4

Z= X+Y+Z

}

- a) 10,3
- b) 31,3
- c) 27,7
- d) None of these

[Answer](#)

28. The value returned by the following function for f(1) is?

```
int f(int n)
{
    static int i = 1;
    if (n >= 5) return n;
    n = n + i;
    i++;
    return f(n);
}
```

- a) 5
- b) 6
- c) 7
- d) 8



[Answer](#)

29. Find the output of the following pseudo code.

```
Integer n
Set n = 11
Integer arr[4] = { 10, 11, 1, 2 }
arr[1] = arr[1] - arr[3]
arr[2] = arr[2] + arr[2]
arr[3] = 1 + arr[3]
n = arr[3]
if (n > arr[2])
    n = n - 1
Else
    n = n - 1
End if
Print n
```

- a) 7
- b) 18
- c) 22
- d) 2



[Answer](#)

30. Find the output of the following pseudo code.

```
Integer x, y, z
Set x = 9, y = 2, z = 1
if ( x + y > 8)
    if ( 7 > x + z)
        z = 7
    End if
```

```
If ( 9 > x - z)
    z = 9
End if
y = y + z + 1
End if
Print x + y + z
```

- a) 31
- b) 11
- c) 42
- d) 30



[Answer](#)

31. Find the output of the following pseudo code.

```
Integer x, y, z
Set x = 1, y = 8, z = 2
if ( x^y && x^y && x^y^z)
    x = 1
End if
Print x + y + z
```

- a) 11
- b) 13
- c) 16
- d) 9



[Answer](#)

32. Find the output of the following pseudo code.

```
Integer p, q, r
Set p = 11, q = 1, r = 1
If (q^p > 2 || q > p)
    If (p > q)
        p = 1
    Else
        q = 10
    End if
End if
Print p + q + r
```

- a) 13
- b) 10
- c) 15
- d) 3



[Answer](#)

33. Find the output of the following pseudo code:

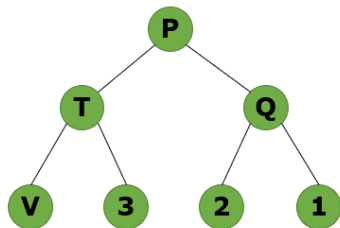
```
Integer x, y, z
Set x=8,y=7, z=10
if ( (x-y) > (y-x) )
z= 7+y
if ( (y+z) < (x-y) )
y = 3 + x
End if
z= (4 ^ 11) & y
End if
Print x + y + z
```

- a) 22
b) 24
c) 26
d) 28



[Answer](#)

34. Post order traversal of a tree is: V R T S U Q P Which of the following vertices will occupy positions 2 and 3?



- a) S, R
b) F, G
c) U, T
d) X, Y



[Answer](#)

35. Which cannot be the number of vertices in a full binary tree?

- a) 3
b) 7
c) 15
d) 30



[Answer](#)

36. Sam sorts an array by repeatedly swapping the adjacent elements if they are in wrong order. Identify the sorting technique used.

- a) Merge Sort
b) Selection Sort
c) Bubble Sort
d) Insertion Sort



[Answer](#)

37. What will be the output of the following pseudocode?

```
Integer a, b, c
Set b = 10, a=1
If (0)
a = a - 1
else
a = b + 1
b = a - 1
a = a - 1
end if
print a
```

- a) 3
b) 5
c) 10
d) 11



[Answer](#)

38. What will be the output of the following pseudocode?

```
Integer a
String str1
Set str1 = "momo"
For (each a from 1 to 2)
Str1 = str1 + "mm"
End for
Print (stringLength (str1))
```

- a) 7
b) 4
c) 6
d) 8



[Answer](#)

39. Consider a stack of integers. The stack is allocated 7 memory cells:
STACK: 12, 34, 66, 79, _, _, _.

Now consider the following operations:

- A. PUSH (STACK, 8)
- B. PUSH (STAC, 54)
- C. POP (STACK, ITEM)

The above operations should be performed in which of the following sequences, such that no overflow or underflow situation occurs:

- 1. B-> A-> C
- 2. A-> B-> C
- 3. C-> B-> A

- a) Only 1
- b) Any of them
- c) Only 2
- d) Only 3



[Answer](#)

40. Find the output of the following pseudo code, if function is called for x=1 and y=4.

```
Integer fun (Integer x, Integer y)
    If (y > x)
        return 1+ fun (x, y-1)
    End if
    return x + 1
End function fun()
```

- a) 5
- b) -15
- c) 14
- d) 22



[Answer](#)

41. String str1 =
"Abbcdeffghiiijklmnnooo"
Print countVowel(str1) +
countConso(str1+str1) +
countVowel(str1+str1+str1)

- a) 49
- b) 42
- c) 56
- d) 35



[Answer](#)

42. Find the output of the following pseudo code, if function is called for a=1 and b=4.

```
Integer fun (Integer a, Integer b)
    a = (a^a) & (a+a)
    b = (a^a) & (a+a)
    return a + b
End function fun()
```

- a) 7
- b) 8
- c) 0
- d) -5



[Answer](#)

43. Integer a, b, c

Set a =4, b=5, c= 3

B = 3 + c

a = b & a

c = c + b

a = a + b

Print a + b + c

- a) 20
- b) 25
- c) 30
- d) 35



[Answer](#)

44. For k= 3 || j=4

Integer func(integer k, integer j)

If (k equals 1 or k equals 0)

Return 1

Else

Return func(k-1, j-1) + func(k-2, j+3)

End if

End function func

- a) 1
- b) 2
- c) 3
- d) 4



[Answer](#)

45. Integer x,y,z
 x = -3, y=0
 If(y-2<2)
 For(each z from 0 to(3-2))
 x=x+(y-3)
 End for
 End if

If(1)
 For(each z from 0 to(3-2))
 x=x+(y+5)
 End for
 End if

Print x+y

- a) 1
- b) 2
- c) 3
- d) 4



[Answer](#)

46. #include<stdio.h>
 int main()
 {
 int a = 11, b=4, c=3;
 b!= !a;
 c = !!a;
 printf("%d %d", b,c);
 return 0;
 }

- a) 1,1
- b) 2,1
- c) 3,1
- d) 4,1



[Answer](#)

47. For a B- tree of order 6, to be a multi-way search tree, each non root node has at least how many Non empty Children?

- a) 3
- b) 4
- c) 5
- d) 6



[Answer](#)

48. Evaluate the given postfix expression: 1 2 + 3 * 4 2 - 3 1 + * -

- a) 3
- b) 1
- c) 0
- d) 2



[Answer](#)

49. If you are using bubble sort to sort the given numbers in ascending order, then find out the minimum number of swaps required.

10, 7, 5, 8, 9

- a) 7
- b) 6
- c) 5
- d) 4



[Answer](#)

50. Find out the array representation of the given min-heap, if the value 25 is inserted in it.

10,15,30,40,50,100

- a) 10,15,25,50,40,100,30
- b) 10,15, 25,40,50,100,30
- c) 15,10,25,40,50,100,30
- d) 10,15,25,40,50,30,100



[Answer](#)

51. Which of the following is not an array representation of max heap?

1. 31, 27, 23, 17, 13, 11
2. 10, 5, 3, 2, 4
3. 12, 15, 17, 18, 19

- a) Only 1
- b) Only 3
- c) Only 2 and 3
- d) Only 1 and 3



[Answer](#)

52. Integer a,b,c
 Set a=7, b=7, c=4
 For(each c from 4 to 7)
 b=2+a
 b=(b+11)+c
 a=(4+8)+a
 End for
 a=4+a
 Print a+b

- a) 122
- b) 127
- c) 118
- d) 131



[Answer](#)

53. What will be the output of following pseudocode?
 function val: integer
 return (0)
 end-function
 function main()
 int x=val(10)
 display x
 end-function

- a) 0
- b) 1
- c) 2
- d) 3



[Answer](#)

54. What will be the output of following pseudocode?
 Set integer y=0
 for z=0 to 4-1 step1 do
 display – y
 end-for

- a) -3 -1 -0 -2
- b) -1 -3 -4 -2
- c) -2 -4 -1 -0
- d) -1 -2 -3 -4



[Answer](#)

55. What will be the output of following pseudocode?
 for x=0 to 27%7 step 1 do

display x
 end-for

- a) 6453210
- b) 0123456
- c) 1265340
- d) 0612354



[Answer](#)

56. What will be the output of following pseudocode?
 Set integer array=[2,4,0,1,6,0]
 Set integer res=[2]/array[4];
 display res

- a) 0
- b) 1
- c) 2
- d) 3



[Answer](#)

57. What will be the output of following pseudocode?
 while(1*1*1== 1*1*1)
 display false
 break
 end-while

- a) 4 False
- b) 3 False
- c) 2 False
- d) 1 False



[Answer](#)

58. How many times will the loop execute?
 for val=0 to 3 do
 val=2*val
 val- -
 end-for

- a) -1
- b) 1
- c) Infinite Loop
- d) Infinite



[Answer](#)

59. What will be the output of following pseudocode?

Set integer a=1
Set integer b=-1
Set integer c=0
display (a or b and c)

- a) 0
- b) 1
- c) 2
- d) 3



[Answer](#)

60. What will be the output of following pseudocode?

for i=0 to 6/5 step 1 do
display i
end-for

- a) 0 1
- b) 1 2
- c) 2 3
- d) 3 4



[Answer](#)

61. Set integer m =3

Set integer n=5
Switch(m/m%n)
Case1: m=m-n
Case2: m=m+n
Case3: m=m*n
Case4: m=m/n
Default: m=m
End switch
Display m

- a) 1
- b) 2
- c) 3
- d) 4



[Answer](#)

62. What will be the output of the following pseudocode?

For i=0 to 4 do
If i==i+++ -1 then do
display i
end - if

end – for

- a) 0
- b) 1
- c) 2
- d) 3



[Answer](#)

63. Integer pp, qq, rr

Set pp=3, qq=7, rr=8

pp = 9 +rr

If ((pp+rr) < (rr-pp))

qq = (qq + rr) +pp

End if

Print pp+qq+rr

- a. 32
- b. 34
- c. 36
- d. 38



[Answer](#)

64. Integer a, b, c

Set a=1, b=7, c=6

if((b-a) < (c+b))

c= 8+b

c= (a^7)+a

a= (c+b)^c

End if

Print a+b+c

- a. 20
- b. 21
- c. 22
- d. 23



[Answer](#)

65. Integer funn(integer a, integer b,
integer c)

a=9, b=3, c=8

a=(5+7)+c

if((c^7) < (5+c))

a= 2+c

b=3+c

a=c+b

End if

Print a+b+c

- a. 30
- b. 31
- c. 32
- d. 33



[Answer](#)

66. Integer p, q, r

Set p=7, q=3, r=4

if(q>r && (q^3)<3)

q= (5+1)+r

End if

Print p+q+r

- a. 11
- b. 14
- c. 19
- d. 22



[Answer](#)

67. Integer a,b,c

Set a=6, b=4, c=7

if(c<b || (9+5)<b)

b= (a+4)+c

c=(c+c)+a

End if

Print a+b+c

- a. 15
- b. 16
- c. 17
- d. 18



[Answer](#)

68. Integer funn(integer a, integer b,
integer c)

Set a=5, b=7, c=9

if((a+b)<c)

a= a+c

b= (c+a)+c

c= (9+9)+a

End if

Print a+b+c

- a. 20
- b. 21
- c. 22
- d. 23



[Answer](#)

69. Integer p,q,r

Set p=9, q=6, r=8

For (each l from 3 to 6)

p= (p^r)+q

if((3+p+r)<(r-q))

p= 1+q

q= 2+q

End if

End for

Print p+q



[Answer](#)

70.

71. For var 0 to 5 do

If var%2==0 and var/2==0 then do

Display var

End if

End for

- a. 0
- b. 1
- c. 2
- d. 3


[Answer](#)

72. What will be the output when num = 3 and values passed are 5,1,8

Set integer res=0

For c = 1 to num do

Input value

res+=value

- - res

End for

Display res

- a. 10
- b. 11
- c. 12
- d. 13


[Answer](#)

73. Set integer marks = 30

switch(marks)

Case 30: marks=25

Case 25: marks=20

Default: marks=50

Break

End switch

Display marks

- a. 10
- b. 30
- c. 50
- d. 70


[Answer](#)

74. public class Main

```
{
    public static void main(String[]
args) {
        double n= 10;
        System.out.println(n/0);
    }
}
```

- a. Error
- b. Infinity
- c. Exception
- d. Zero


[Answer](#)

75. What makes java portable and secure?

- a. Byte code
- b. Source code
- c. Applet
- d. Spring bot


[Answer](#)

76. public class Main

```
{
    Public static void main(string[]args) {
        Int n= 257n;

        System.out.println(b);
    }
}
```

- a. 1

- b. -128
- c. -1
- d. 128



[Answer](#)

77. public class Main
{
 Public static void
main(String[]args) {
 Int n=10;
 System.out.print(n);
 If(n==10)
 {
 N=20;
 System.out.println(n);
 }
 }
}

- a. 10 20 10
- b. 10 20 20
- c. 10 10 20
- d. Error



[Answer](#)

78. public class Main
{
 Public static void main(string[]args)
 {
 Int maximum = 10
 System.out.println("maximum");
 }
}

- a. 10
- b. Maximum
- c. Error
- d. Exception



[Answer](#)

79. public class Main {
public static void main(string[]args){
 int l=1;
 while(i==1)
 System.out.println("i");
}
}

- a. Infinite times 1
- b. Infinite times i
- c. i
- d. 1



[Answer](#)

80. public class Main {
public static void main(string[]args){
 int sum =0;
 for(int i=0,j=0; i<5 && j<5;
 ++i,j=i+1)
 sum+=i;
 System.out.println(sum);
}
}

- a. 10
- b. 0 1 3 6
- c. 6
- d. None



[Answer](#)

81. public class Main {
public static void main(string[]args){
 int sum =0;
 for(int i=0,j=0; i<5 && j<5;
 ++i,j=i+1)
 {
 Sum= sum+=i;
 }

```

        System.out.println(sum);
    }
}

```

- a. 10
- b. 0 1 3 6
- c. 6
- d. None


[Answer](#)

82. public class Main {
 public static void main(string[] args) {
 int i;
 for(i=0,i++<=10;)
 System.out.println(i);
 }
}

- a. 10
- b. 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11
- c. Error
- d. 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10


[Answer](#)

83. Which of the following is not a part of binary operator?

- a. Assignment operator
- b. Arithmetic operator
- c. Logical operator
- d. Relational operator


[Answer](#)

84. Int a,b,c

```

Set a=1 b=7 c=13
c=(b+1)^a
a=(5&2)&c
a=(b+7)+b
Print a+b+c

```

- a. 32
- b. 35
- c. 37
- d. 39


[Answer](#)

85. String str1="heee" str2="eh"

```

Print
countconso(substring(str1+str2,1,4)
)

```

- a. 1
- b. 2
- c. 3
- d. 4


[Answer](#)

86. How many times campus monk will be printed?

```

Setk=1, p=4
Int j=p+k/2
If(j equals p)
Print "campus monk"
End if
J=p+k/5
If(j not equal p)
Print "campus monk"
end if
Print"campus monk"

```

- a. 1 time
- b. 2 Time
- c. 3 Time
- d. 4 Time


[Answer](#)

87. Set f=9 k=55

```

J=f+k/8
If(j+1>8)
f=f+1
Else
k=k+1
Print f+k

```

- a. 62
- b. 65
- c. 75
- d. 75


[Answer](#)

88. What would the following pseudo code do?

```
Int x,y,z
If(x>=y AND x>=z)
Print x
End if
If(y>x AND y>=z)
Print y
End if
If(z>=y AND z>=x)
Print z
End if
```

- a. Find out the largest number
- b. Find out the smallest number



[Answer](#)

- a. 5
- b. 7
- c. 9
- d. 11



[Answer](#)

92. Int count

```
for(each count from 0 to 9)
print("#")
if(count>6)
Continue
Print count
End for
```

- a. 0123456###
- b. 0123336###
- c. 0121216###
- d. 0000006###



[Answer](#)

89. Int a,b,c

```
Set a=1, c=1
For(each b from(a&2)to(4&8))
b=b>>1
Print b+c
```

- a. 1
- b. 2
- c. 3
- d. 4



[Answer](#)

93. int main()

```
{
Int a=0;
a=5<2?4:3;
printf("%d",a);
```

- a. 1
- b. 2
- c. 3
- d. 4



[Answer](#)

90. Set m=1

```
Int a[3]={1,2,9}
For each j from 0 to 2
m=m^a[j]
Print m
```

- a. 10
- b. 11
- c. 12
- d. 13



[Answer](#)

91. Set m=2

```
Int a[3]={1,1,3,1}
For each j from 1 to 3
m=m+a[i]
Print m
```

94. find the output of the following code.

```
public class Main
{
public static void main(String[] args)
{
int $=5;
}
}
```

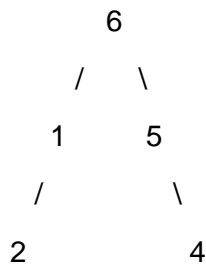
- a. Nothing will be printed
- b. Symbol not found error

- c. Runtime error
- d. Compile time error



[Answer](#)

- 95.** John wants to go to different location of a city in which he is currently in. He has listed all of them. However, he wants to visit one location before visiting the other. What application of graph he uses to determine that location?



- a. DFS
- b. BFS
- c. Dijkstra's algorithm
- d. Topological sorting



[Answer](#)

- 96.** Which among the following is a server-based model?
- a. Request for information
 - b. Cloud computing
 - c. Total cost of ownership
 - d. Data validation routine



[Answer](#)

- 97.** Which of the following data structure is used to convert expression from one form to another?
- a. Graph
 - b. Stack
 - c. Linked list
 - d. Queue



[Answer](#)

- 98.** what is the output of the following code?

```
class Main()
```

```
{
    public static void main(String args[])
    {
        int i, j, x=0;
        for(i=0; i<5; i++)
            for(j=0; j<5; j++)
            {
                x=(1+j-1)
                System.out.print(x);
                break;
            }
        System.out.print(x);
    }
}
```

- a. -1,1,2,3,4
- b. 1,2,3,4,4
- c. 0,1,2,3,4,5
- d. 1,1,2,2,0



[Answer](#)

- 99.** Find the postfix of the given Infix expression:

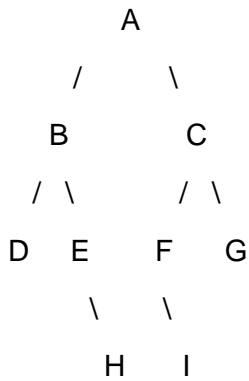
11+20/5*(20-15)^6^5

- a. 11 20 5/20 15-6^5^*+
- b. 11 21 5/20 15+6^5^*-
- c. 11 22 5/20 15-6^5^*-
- d. 20 11 5/20 15+5^6^*+



[Answer](#)

100. Find the pre order of the given tree.



- a. ABDEHCFIG
- b. BASUEKDHS
- c. AABBLIKDMSD
- d. CAMPUSMONK



[Answer](#)

101. Which combination of integer variables a, b and c makes the variable m get the value 4 in the following expression?
 $m = (a > b) ? ((a > c) ? a : c) : ((b > c) ? b : c)$

- a. a=6, b=3, c=5
- b. a=6, b=5, C=3
- c. a=5, b=4, c=5
- d. a=3, b=4, C=2



[Answer](#)

102. what is the mathematical function used to round off 6.23 to 7?

- a. floor(6.23)
- b. ceil(6.23,7)
- c. floor(6.23,7)
- d. ceil(6.23)



[Answer](#)

103. Find the output of the following code.
- ```
public class Main
```

```
{
 public static void main(String args[])
```

```
{
 int x=1/2;
 if(x==0.5)
 System.out.print(x+1);
 System.out.print(x*2);
}
```

- a. 1.5
- b. 1
- c. 0
- d. Error



[Answer](#)

104. Find the output of the code snippet.

```
#include <stdio.h>
void f()
{
 static int i;
 ++i;
 printf("%d", i);

 int main()
 {
 f();
 f();
 f();
 }
```

- a. 1 1 1
- b. 0 0 0
- c. 3 2 1
- d. 1 2 3



[Answer](#)

105. Find the output of the code snippet.

```
Integer fun(int a, int b)
If (a && b)
 Return a + fun(a-1, b-1)
End if
```

Return 0  
End function fun()  
a. 9  
b. 4  
c. 5  
d. 13



[Answer](#)

**106.** Find the output of the code snippet.

```
Integer n
Set n = 11
Integer arr[4]={10,11,1,12}
Arr[1]= arr[1]-arr[3]
arr[2]=arr[2]+arr[2]
arr[3]=1+arr[3]
n=arr[3]
If(n>arr[2])
n=n-1
Else
n=n-1
End if
Print n
```

a. 7  
b. 8  
c. 22  
d. 12



[Answer](#)

**107.** Find the output of the code snippet.

```
Integer x,y,z
Set x=1, y=8, z=2
If(x^y && x^y && x^y^z)
x=1
End if
Print x+y+z
```

a. 11  
b. 13  
c. 16  
d. 9



[Answer](#)

**108.** Find the output of the code snippet. int main()

```
{
int m=100;

{
int m;

for (m=0;m<25;m++)

}

printf("%d",m);

}
```

- a. 24  
b. 25  
c. 100  
d. Depends on compiler



[Answer](#)

**109.** Find out how many times will "hi" be printed.

```
main()
{
int l=0;
do
{
i++;
print("hi\n");
}
while(i<2020);
}
```

a. 1 time  
b. 2019 times  
c. 2021 times  
d. 2020 times



[Answer](#)

**110.** how many times will "abc" be printed.

```
main()
{
int x;

for(x=-1; x<=10; x++)

{
if(x<5)
```

```

continue;

else

break;

printf("abc\n");

}

}

```

- a. Infinite times
- b. 11 times
- c. 0 times
- d. 10 times


[Answer](#)

**111.** Find the output of the code snippet.

```

#include<stdio.h>
int main()
{
int i=0;
for (; i<=5; i++);
printf("%d", i);
return 0;
}

```

- a. 5
- b. 0 1 2 3 4 5
- c. 6
- d. 0 1 2 3 4


[Answer](#)

**112.** Find the output of the code snippet.

```

#include<stdio.h>
int main()
{
unsigned int i=65535;
while(i++ != 0)
printf("%d", ++i);
return 0;
}

```

- a. No output printed
- b. 012 3 .....65535
- c. 012 3.....32767 -32766 - 32765.....10
- d. Infinite loop


[Answer](#)

**113.** Find the output of the code snippet.

```

int main()
{
int a=500,b=100, c;
if(!a>=400)
b=300;
c=200;
printf("%d%d",b,c);
return 0;
}

```

- a. 300 200
- b. 100 200
- c. 100 Garbage value
- d. 300 Garbage value


[Answer](#)

**114.** Evaluate the postfix expression.

6523+8\*+3+\*

- a. 312
- b. 288
- c. 302
- d. 298


[Answer](#)

**115.** Seven elements

A,B,C,D,E,F and G are pushed onto a stack in reverse order i.e. starting from G. the stack is popped five times and each element inserted into a queue. Two elements are deleted from queue & pushed back onto stack. Now one element is popped from stack. Which is the last popped element?

- a. A
- b. B
- c. E

d. D

[Answer](#)

- b. ++A\*BCD
- c. \*+AB+CD
- d. ABC\*+D+

[Answer](#)

**116.** If the sequence of operations are performed on a stack, the sequence of pop will be? Push(1), Push(2), Pop(), Push(1), Push(2), Pop(), Pop(), Push(2), Pop().

- a. 2 2 1 1 2
- b. 2 2 1 2 2
- c. 2 1 2 2 1
- d. 2 1 2 2 1

[Answer](#)

**117.** Consider the following operations performed on a stack of size 5. Push(a), Pop(), Push(b), Push(c), Pop(), Push(d), Pop(), Pop(), Push(e) Which of the following statements is correct?

- a. Underflow occurs
- b. Stack operations are performed smoothly
- c. Overflow occurs
- d. None

[Answer](#)

**118.** Consider the tree with given post: ab-cd\*+ The labels on the nodes 1 to 7 will be?2



- a. a, -, b, \*, c, +, d
- b. +, -, \*, a, b, c, d
- c. a, b, c, d, -, \*, +
- d. -, a, b, +, \*, c, d

[Answer](#)

**119.** Convert the following infix expression into prefix expression. Infix expression: (A+B)\*(C+D)

- a. AB+CD+\*

**120.** Which of the following relation is correct for a binary search tree?

- a. Parent node > Right node > Left node
- b. Right node > Parent node > Left node
- c. Right node > Left node > Right node
- d. Parent node > Left node > Right node

[Answer](#)

**121.** In an empty BST, insert the following elements in a similar sequence. Which element will be at lowest level?

105 95 122 99 97 120

- a. 95
- b. 97
- c. 99
- d. 120

[Answer](#)

**122.** Find the output of the pseudo code. Integer a, b, c

Set a=5, b=3

For( each c from b to a)

If (a)

a=a-1 n

End if

If(b)

b =b-1

End if

End for

Print a+b

- a. 4
- b. 6

- c. 8
- d. 1



[Answer](#)

**123.** find the output.

```
Integer a, b, c
Set b=10, a=20, c=20
a=a-c
c=c-a
Print b+c
```

- a. 30
- b. 20
- c. 40
- d. 50



[Answer](#)

**124.** Find the output.

```
Integer a, b, c, s
Set a=16, b=23, c=7
S = (a+b)&&(a-b) || (a*c)
If(a not equals 0)
Print s+a-b*c
Else
Print s+s
End if
```

- a. -23
- b. 144
- c. -144
- d. 23



[Answer](#)

**125.** Find the output of the following code.

```
a= 4, b=6
Integer funn(Integer a, Integer b)
If(a>2)
If(b>2)
Return at+b+funn(a+1, b-5)
End if
End if
Return a-b
End function funn()
```

- a. 14

- b. 10
- c. 2
- d. 5



[Answer](#)

**126.** Find the output of the following code.

```
Integer a, b, c, d, e
Set a=20, b=9, c=88, d=30
e=c mod a
a=a+b+e
d=c mod a
Print d
```

- a. 0
- b. 37
- c. 14
- d. 12



[Answer](#)

**127.** Find the output of the following code.

```
Integer a, b, c, sum
Set sum= a+b+c
If((sum EQUALS 180)and (a NOT EQUALS 0) and (b NOT EQUALS 0) and (c EQUALS 0))
Print "Success"
Else
Print "Fail"
End If
```

- a. Success
- b. Fail
- c. 0
- d. 1



[Answer](#)

**128.** Find the output of the following code.

```
Integer x, y, Z .
Set x=9, y=2, z=1
If (x+y>8)
If (7>x+z)
z=7
End if
If (9>x-z)
z=9
End if
y=y+z+1
End if
```

Print x+y+z

- a. 31
- b. 11
- c. 42
- d. 30



[Answer](#)

return 0;

}

- a. \n
- b. \n
- c. Error
- d. n



[Answer](#)

**129.** Find the output of the following code.

```
int main()
{
 int y = 128;
 const int x=y;
 y=120;
 printf("%d\n", x);
 return 0;
}
```

- a. 0
- b. 128
- c. Garbage Value
- d. Error



[Answer](#)

**132.** Find the complete of the following code where the output is 8,14.

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
{
 int p=6, q=6;
 intr=6*(_____);
 printf ("%d%d", p,r);
 return 0;
}
```

- a. (p + q + p++)
- b. (p++ + q + p)
- c. (p++ +q + p++)
- d. none



[Answer](#)

**130.** Find the output of the following code.

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
{
 int x=2,y=0;
 int Z=(y++)?y==1&&x :0;
 printf("%d\n",z);
 return 0;
}
```

- a. 0
- b. 1
- c. Garbage Value
- d. Error



[Answer](#)

**131.** Find the output of the following code.

```
#includex<stdio.h>
int main()
{
 Printf("\n");
```

**133.** Find the output of the following code.

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main(void)
{
 int i;
 for(int j=0; j<1; j++)
 {
 if(i==0,1)
 {
 printf("Be a programmer");
 }
 else
 {
 printf("Learning c");
 }
 }
 printf("%d\n", ++i);
 return 0;
}
```

- a. Be a programmer1
- b. Be a programmer0

- c. Learning c1
- d. Learning c0



[Answer](#)

- 134.** Which of the following cannot be checked in a switch case statement?
- a. Char
  - b. Float
  - c. Int
  - d. Enum



[Answer](#)

- 135.** find the output of the following code.

```
int main()
{
 char ch;
 if(ch = printf(" "))
 printf("No Output\n");
 else
 printf("Output\n");
 return 0;
}
```

- a. No Output
- b. Output
- c. No Output Output
- d. Error



[Answer](#)

- 136.** find the output of the following code.

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main(void)
{
 int a=10, x;
 X= a-- + +445
 printf ("%d",x);
 return 0;
}
```

- a. 19
- b. 20
- c. 22
- d. 23



[Answer](#)

- 137.** find the output of the following code.

```
#include<stdio.h>
void main()
{
 int a=12, b=39
 printf("%d", a&b);
}
```

- a. 468
- b. 1
- c. 4
- d. Error



[Answer](#)

- 138.** find the output of the following code.

```
#include<stdio.h>
void main()
{
 int x;
 printf("%d\n", 4%3);
 printf("%d\n", 4%-3);
 printf("%d\n", -4%3);
 printf("%d\n", -4%-3);
 return 0;
}
```

- a. 1 1 -1 -1
- b. 1 -1 1 -1
- c. 1 -1 -1 1
- d. 1 -1 -1 -1



[Answer](#)

- 139.** find the output of the following code.

```
#include<stdio.h>
void main()
{
 int a=30, b=40, x;
 x=(a!=10)&&(b=50);
 printf("x=%d\n", x);
 return 0;
}
```

- a. 1
- b. 0
- c. Depends on compiler
- d. Garbage value



[Answer](#)




[Answer](#)

140. find the output of the following code.

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
int main()
{
 int k=12,n=30;
 k=(k>5 && n ==4 ? 100 : 200);
 cout<<"k="<<k;
}
```

- a. k=1
- b. k=0
- c. k=100
- d. error


[Answer](#)

141. find the output of the following code.

```
#include<stdio.h>
void main()
{
 int i;
 for(i=1;i<5;i++)
 {
 if(i<=3)
 continue;
 printf ("Hi %d", i);
 }
}
```

- a. HiHiHi123
- b. Hi5
- c. Hi4
- d. Hi4Hi5


[Answer](#)

142. find the output of the following code.

```
#include<stdio.h>
void main()
{
 int x=91;
 X >>= 2;
 printf("%d\n",x);
}
```

- a. 182
- b. 91
- c. 22

- d. 45

143. find the output of the following code.

```
#include<stdio.h>
void main()
{
 int a=10;
 if(a == 010)
 printf ("BCA");
 else
 printf ("Btech");
}
```

- a. BCA
- b. Btech
- c. 10
- d. Error


[Answer](#)

144. What is the value of 587.671%2?

- a. 0
- b. 293
- c. 293.835
- d. Error


[Answer](#)

145. why is the main () in java static?

- a. JVM can't create objects
- b. main() can't be changed
- c. Class has the access to main
- d. Objects can directly access the main()


[Answer](#)

## Answer

1.C 2.B 3. A 4.B 5. D 6.D 7.A 8.A 9. D 10.C 11.C&D  
12.A 13.C 14.D 15.D 16.D 17.B 18.B 19.A 20.D 21.A 22.B 23.C  
24.B 25.A 26.A 27.B 28.C 29.D 30.D 31.A 32.A 33.A 34.A 35.D  
36.C 37.C 38.D 39.B 40.A 41.C 42.C 43.B 44.C 45.A 46.D 47.A  
48.B 49.B 50.B 51.B 52.A 53.A 54.D 55.B 56.A 57.D 58.C 59.B  
60.A 61.C 62.A 63.A 64.D 65.B 66.B 67.C 68.B 69.Ans in link 70.A  
71.B 72.C 73.B 74.A 75.A 76.A 77.B 78.B 79.B 80.A 81.D 82.B  
83.A 84.C 85.B 86.B 87.B 88.A 89.A 90.B 91.B 92.A 93.C 94.A  
95.C 96.B 97.B 98.A 99.A 100.A 101.D 102.D 103.C 104.D 105.B 106.D  
107.A 108.C 109.D 110.C 111.C 112.D 113.B 114.B 115.B 116.B 117.B 118.B  
119.C 120.B 121.B 122.A 123.A 124.C 125.A 126.C 127.B 128.D 129.B 130.A  
131.B 132.C 133.A 134.B 135.B 136.B 137.C 138.A 139.A 140.D 141.C 142.C  
143.B 144.D 145.A