P. Prasuna 411863 III - CSE

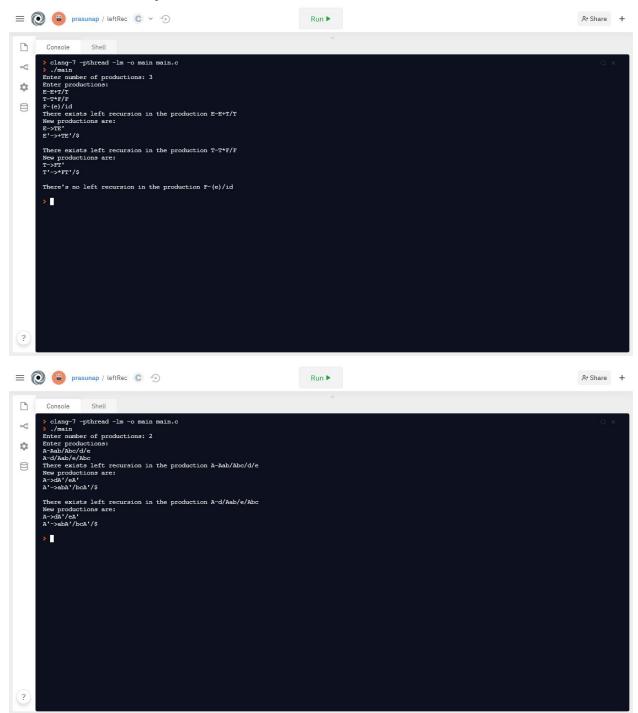
## LeftRecursion.c

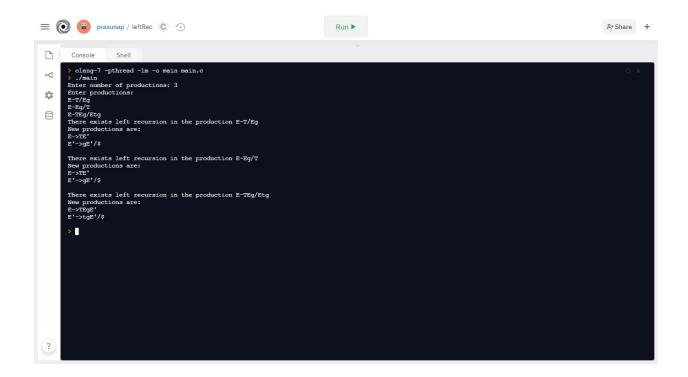
```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
int main(void) {
int productions;
 printf("Enter number of productions: ");
 scanf("%d", &productions);
 printf("Enter productions:\n");
 char prod[productions][100];
for (int i = 0; i < productions; i++) {</pre>
   scanf("%s", prod[i]);
}
 for (int i = 0; i < productions; i++) {</pre>
     int p1 = 0;
     char alpha[100][100];
     int l = 0, j = 2;
     while (prod[i][j] != '\0') {
       if (prod[i][j] != prod[i][0]) {
         while (prod[i][j] != '/' && prod[i][j] != '\0') j++;
         if (prod[i][j] != '\0') j++;
         continue;
       while (prod[i][j] != '\0' && prod[i][j] == prod[i][0]) {
         j++;
         char a1[100] = { (char)NULL };
         while (prod[i][j] != '\0' && prod[i][j] != '/') {
           char s[2]; s[0] = prod[i][j]; s[1] = '\0';
           strcat(a1, s);
           j++;
         strcpy(alpha[p1], a1);
         p1++;
         if (prod[i][j] == '/') j++;
     }
```

```
if(p1 == 0) {
      printf("There's no left recursion in the production %s\n", prod[i]);
      continue;
    printf("There exists left recursion in the production %s\n", prod[i]);
    char beta[100][100];
    int p2 = 0;
    j = 2;
    while (prod[i][j] != '\0') {
      if (prod[i][j] == prod[i][0]) {
        while (prod[i][j] != '/' && prod[i][j] != '\0') j++;
        if (prod[i][j] != '\0') j++;
        continue;
      char a2[100] = { (char)NULL };
      while (prod[i][j] != '\0' && prod[i][j] != '/') {
        char s[2]; s[0] = prod[i][j]; s[1] = '\0';
        strcat(a2, s);
        j++;
      strcpy(beta[p2], a2);
      p2++;
      if (prod[i][j] == '/') j++;
    printf("New productions are:\n%c->", prod[i][0]);
    for (int q1 = 0; q1 < p2; q1++) {
      if (q1 == p2 - 1)
        printf("%s%c'", beta[q1], prod[i][0]);
      else printf("%s%c'/", beta[q1], prod[i][0]);
    printf("\n%c'->", prod[i][0]);
    for (int q1 = 0; q1 < p1; q1++) {
      printf("%s%c'/", alpha[q1], prod[i][0]);
    printf("$\n\n");
  }
return 0;
```

Works even if there are multiple alpha and betas.

## **Screenshot of output:**





## LeftFactoring.c

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
int min(int a, int b) {
  if (a < b) return a;</pre>
  return b;
}
char* commonPrefixes(char prods[100][100], int n, char prev[100][100], int
m) {
  char *res;
  res = (char*)malloc(100);
  int max = 0;
  for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
    for (int j = i + 1; j < n; j++) {
      int k = 0, count = 0;
      k = min(strlen(prods[i]), strlen(prods[j]));
      for (int p1 = 0; p1 < k; p1++) {
        if (prods[i][p1] == prods[j][p1]) count++;
        else break;
      }
      char a1[100] = { (char)NULL };
      for (int p1 = 0; p1 < count; p1++) {
        a1[p1] = prods[i][p1];
      a1[count] = '\0';
      int found = 0;
      for (int p1 = 0; p1 < m; p1++) {
        if (strcmp(a1, prev[p1]) == 0) {
          found = 1;
          break;
        }
      if (max < count && found == 0) {</pre>
        max = count;
        for (int p1 = 0; p1 < count; p1++) {
          res[p1] = prods[i][p1];
        res[count] = '\0';
      }
```

```
}
  }
 return (char*)res;
}
int main() {
  char input[100];
  printf("Enter production:\n");
  scanf("%s", input);
  int z = 2, sz = 1, i = 0, res1 = 0, p1 = 0;
  char start = input[0];
  char prods[100][100];
  while (input[z] != '\0') {
   if (input[z] == '/') {
      sz++;
      i++; p1 = 0;
    } else {
      prods[i][p1] = input[z];
    }
    Z++;
  char ress[100][100];
  char prev[100][100];
  i = 0;
  char extra = 'A';
  while (1) {
    if (extra == start) extra++;
    char* res = commonPrefixes(prods, sz, prev, i);
    strcpy(prev[i], res);
    if (res[0] == '\0' || (i > 0 && strcmp(prev[i - 1], prev[i]) == 0)) {
      break;
    }
    char beta[100][100];
    int b = 0, kept = 0;
    for (int j = 0; j < sz; j++) {
      if (strlen(prods[j]) < strlen(res)) continue;</pre>
      char a1[100];
      for (int k = 0; k < strlen(res); k++) {
        a1[k] = prods[j][k];
      a1[strlen(res)] = '\0';
      if (strcmp(a1, res) == 0) {
```

```
int q1 = 0;
      for (int k = strlen(res); k < strlen(prods[j]); k++) {</pre>
        beta[b][q1] = prods[j][k];
        q1++;
      beta[b][q1] = '\0';
      if (kept == 0) {
        for (int k = 0; k < strlen(res); k++) {
          prods[j][k] = res[k];
        prods[j][strlen(res)] = extra;
        prods[j][strlen(res) + 1] = '\0';
        kept = 1;
      } else {
        prods[j][0] = '\0';
      }
    }
    b++;
  int p1 = 0;
  ress[res1][p1] = extra;
  ress[res1][++p1] = '-';
  ress[res1][++p1] = '>';
  for (int k = 0; k < b; k++) {
    if (beta[k][0] == '\0') {
      ress[res1][++p1] = '$';
    } else {
      for (int k1 = 0; k1 < strlen(beta[k]); k1++) {</pre>
        ress[res1][++p1] = beta[k][k1];
      }
    if (k != b - 1) ress[res1][++p1] = '/';
  }
  res1++;
  i++;
  extra++;
printf("Productions after left factoring:\n");
for (int i = 0; i < sz; i++) {
  if (strlen(prods[i]) > 0) {
    printf("%c->", start);
    printf("%s\n", prods[i]);
```

```
}
}
for (int i = 0; i < res1; i++) {
  printf("%s\n", ress[i]);
}
return 0;
}</pre>
```

Works even if there are multiple common prefixes.

## **Screenshot of output:**

