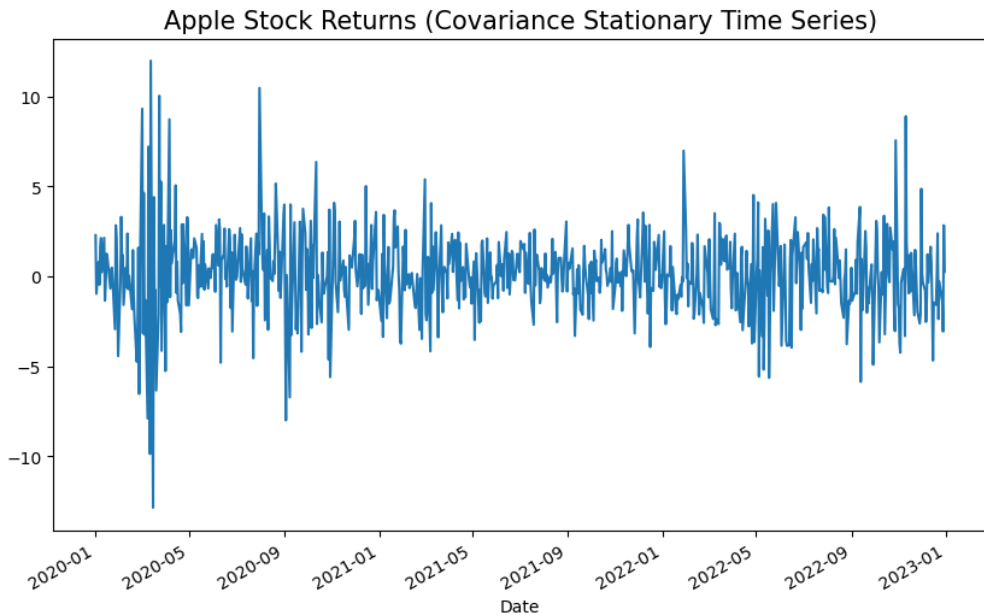
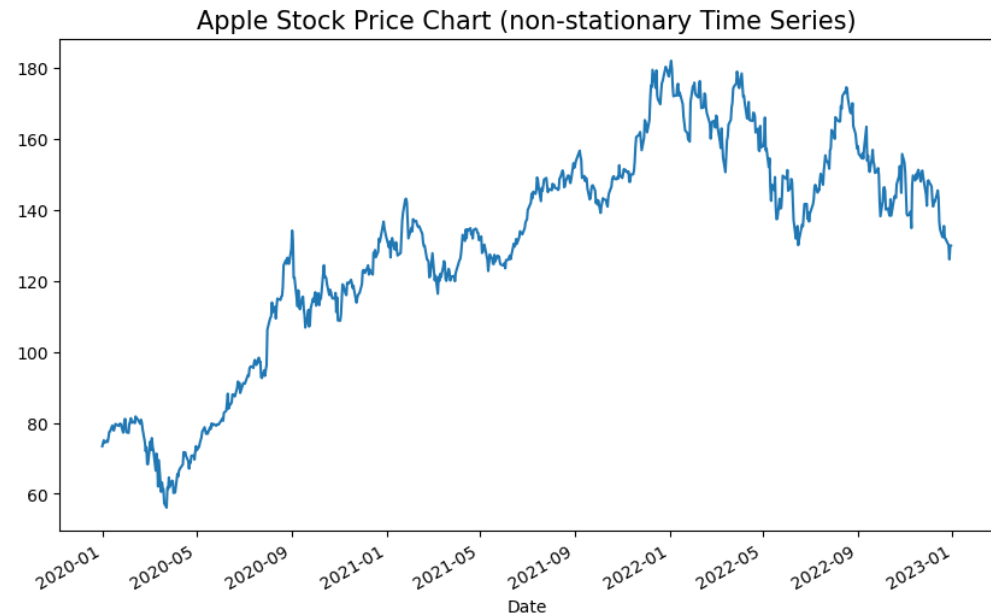


# Covariance Stationarity

A **Covariance Stationary Time Series** must have a **finite mean-reverting** level (it oscillates around a mean value with close to constant variance). Example for Covariance Stationary Time Series: Financial Returns (Stock Returns)



A **non-Stationary Time Series** has no constant mean and variance and typically follows a trend. Example for non-stationary Time Series: Financial Prices (Stock Prices)



# Why is Covariance Stationarity important?

In **Linear Regression Models with Time Series Data** (dependent and independent variables), all Time Series **must be Covariance Stationary** (see right table for exceptions). When a Series isn't covariance stationary, any estimations and regression coefficients from the Model will have **no economic meaning**.

**!!!Using non-stationary Time Series in Regression Analysis is one of the most made mistakes!!!**

Overview: Can Linear Regression be used to model the Relationship between multiple Time Series?

		Independent Variable (Time Series)	
		Is Covariance Stationary?	Is NOT Covariance Stationary?
Dependent Variable (Time Series)	Is Covariance Stationary?	<b>Yes</b>	<b>No</b>
	Is NOT Covariance Stationary?	<b>No</b>	Yes, if the two Time Series are <u>cointegrated</u> . (beyond the scope)