

DSBDA Lab Assignment No. 10

Name: Akash Ganesh Padir
Roll No.: TEB04

Import Libraries

```
In [1]: import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
```

Import Dataset

```
In [4]: csv_url= 'https://archive.ics.uci.edu/ml/machine-learning-databases/iris/iris.csv'
```

```
In [5]: iris= pd.read_csv(csv_url, header=None)
```

```
In [6]: col_names=['Sepal_Length', 'Sepal_Width', 'Petal_Length', 'Petal_Width', 'Species']
```

```
In [8]: iris= pd.read_csv(csv_url, names=col_names)
print(iris)
```

	Sepal_Length	Sepal_Width	Petal_Length	Petal_Width	Species
0	5.1	3.5	1.4	0.2	Iris-setosa
1	4.9	3.0	1.4	0.2	Iris-setosa
2	4.7	3.2	1.3	0.2	Iris-setosa
3	4.6	3.1	1.5	0.2	Iris-setosa
4	5.0	3.6	1.4	0.2	Iris-setosa
..
145	6.7	3.0	5.2	2.3	Iris-virginica
146	6.3	2.5	5.0	1.9	Iris-virginica
147	6.5	3.0	5.2	2.0	Iris-virginica
148	6.2	3.4	5.4	2.3	Iris-virginica
149	5.9	3.0	5.1	1.8	Iris-virginica

[150 rows x 5 columns]

In [9]: `iris.head()`

Out[9]:

	Sepal_Length	Sepal_Width	Petal_Length	Petal_Width	Species
0	5.1	3.5	1.4	0.2	Iris-setosa
1	4.9	3.0	1.4	0.2	Iris-setosa
2	4.7	3.2	1.3	0.2	Iris-setosa
3	4.6	3.1	1.5	0.2	Iris-setosa
4	5.0	3.6	1.4	0.2	Iris-setosa

1. How many features are there and what are their types (e.g., numeric, nominal)?

In [10]: `iris.info()`

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 150 entries, 0 to 149
Data columns (total 5 columns):
 #   Column          Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
 0   Sepal_Length    150 non-null   float64
 1   Sepal_Width     150 non-null   float64
 2   Petal_Length    150 non-null   float64
 3   Petal_Width     150 non-null   float64
 4   Species         150 non-null   object
dtypes: float64(4), object(1)
memory usage: 6.0+ KB
```

2. Create a histogram for each feature in the dataset to illustrate the feature distributions.

In [11]: `import seaborn as sns`
`import matplotlib`
`import matplotlib.pyplot as plt`
`%matplotlib inline`

```
In [13]: fig, axes = plt.subplots(2,2, figsize=(16,8))

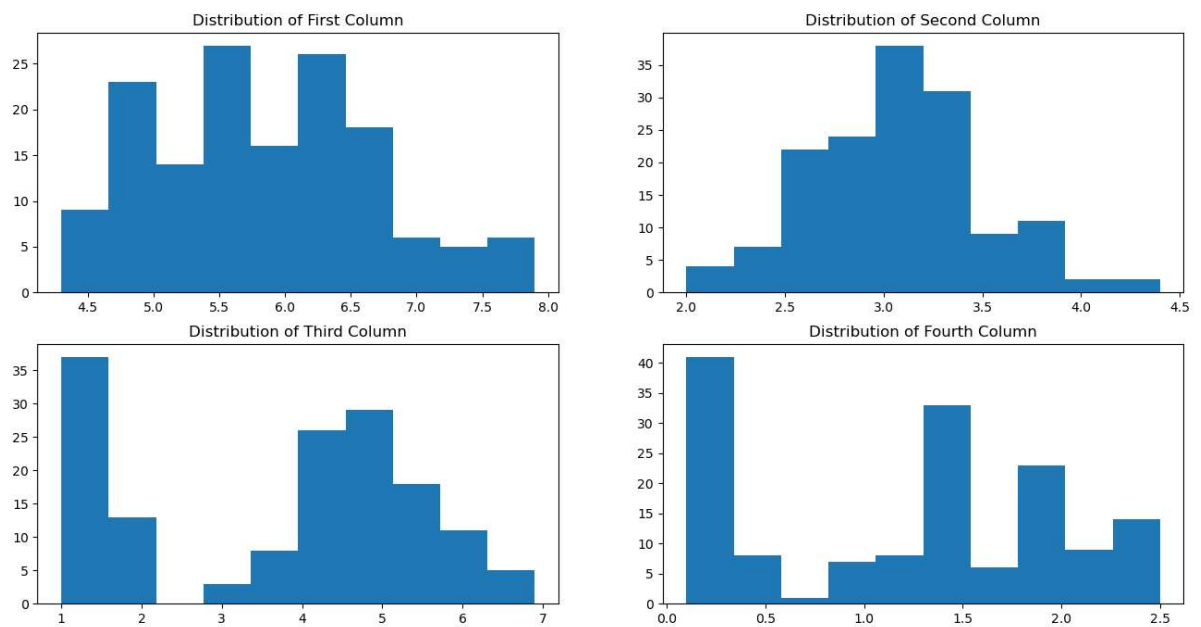
axes[0,0].set_title("Distribution of First Column")
axes[0,0].hist(iris["Sepal_Length"])

axes[0,1].set_title("Distribution of Second Column")
axes[0,1].hist(iris["Sepal_Width"])

axes[1,0].set_title("Distribution of Third Column")
axes[1,0].hist(iris["Petal_Length"])

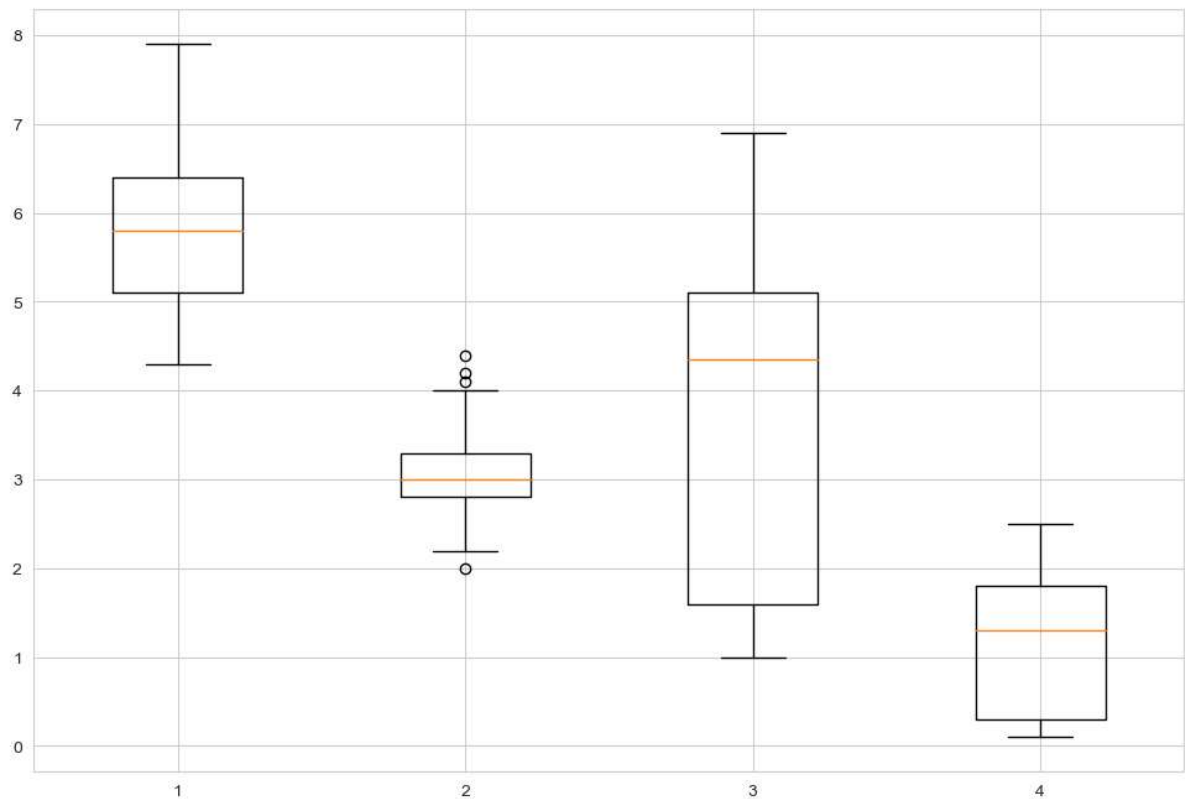
axes[1,1].set_title("Distribution of Fourth Column")
axes[1,1].hist(iris["Petal_Width"])
```

```
Out[13]: (array([41.,  8.,  1.,  7.,  8., 33.,  6., 23.,  9., 14.]),
 array([0.1 , 0.34, 0.58, 0.82, 1.06, 1.3 , 1.54, 1.78, 2.02, 2.26, 2.5 ]),
 <BarContainer object of 10 artists>)
```



3. Create a boxplot for each feature in the dataset. Compare distributions and identify outliers

```
In [14]: data_to_plot = [iris["Sepal_Length"],iris["Sepal_Width"],iris["Petal_Length"],  
  
sns.set_style("whitegrid")  
#sns.set_style("dark")  
  
#Creating a figure instance  
fig=plt.figure(1, figsize=(12,8))  
  
#Creating an axes instance  
ax=fig.add_subplot(111)  
  
#Creating the boxplot  
bp=ax.boxplot(data_to_plot);
```



In []: