

CORE MODULE 1

Computer Hardware

PRACTICAL

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Course	: -	ADIT (IBM)
Date	: -	18-10-2024
Module	: -	Core Module 1
Practical	: -	Computer Hardware
Requirements/tools	: -	

- i) Hardware: -
 - i. Working PC with Hard disk installed
- ii) Software: -
 - i. Disk Cleanup
 - ii. Defragmentation Tool

Question 2). Perform Disk Defragmentation & Disk cleanup for all the drives, you have on your computer.

Solution: -

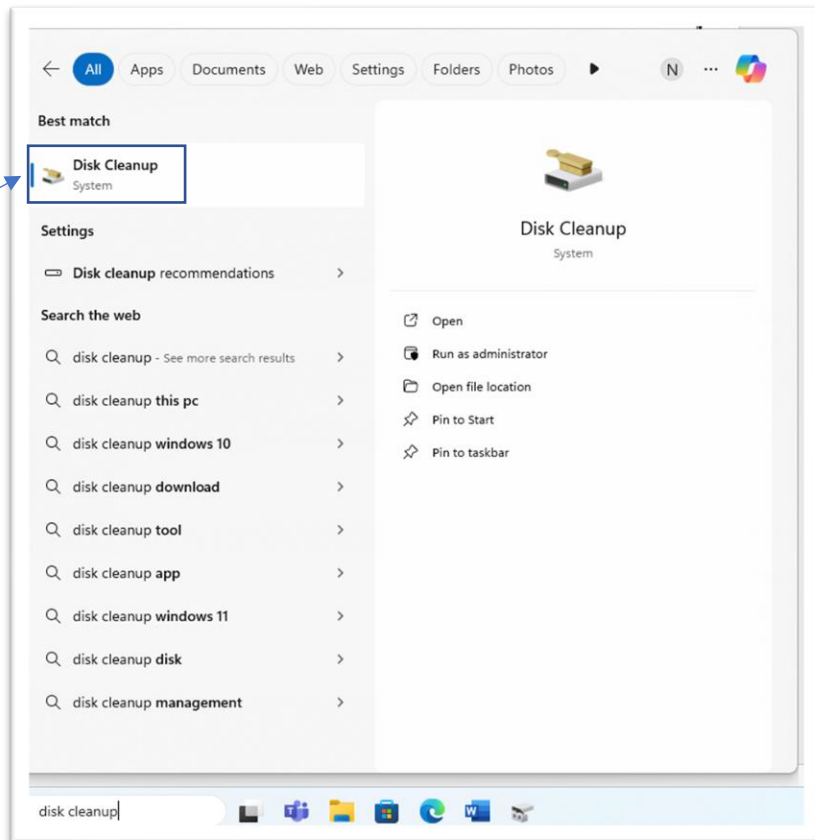
To perform Disk Defragmentation and Disk Cleanup on all drives, these are the steps we can follow:

i) Disk Cleanup:

This tool helps remove unnecessary files (like temporary files, system cache, and Recycle Bin contents) to free up space on your drives.

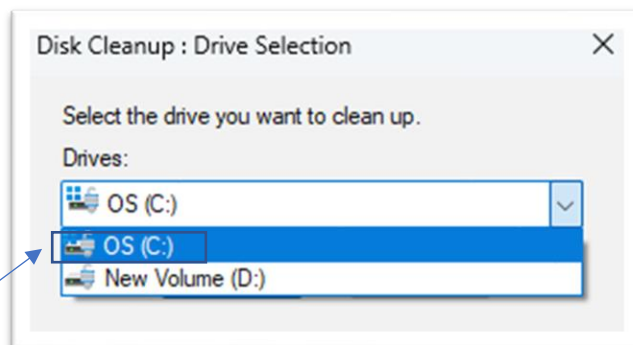
1). Open Disk Cleanup:

Press **Windows Key + S** or Press on the **Search icon**, type "**Disk Cleanup**" and select it from the list.



2. Select the Drive:

A window will appear asking you to select the drive you want to clean up (typically `C:` for the system drive). Select the drive and click **“OK”**.



3. Choose Files to Delete:

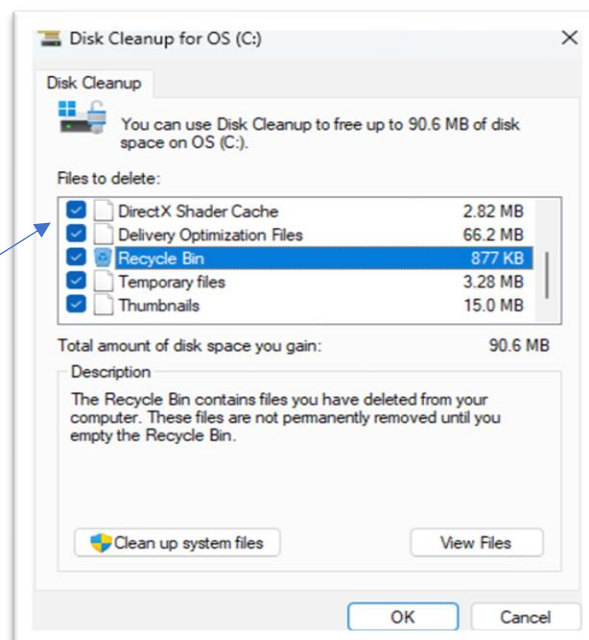
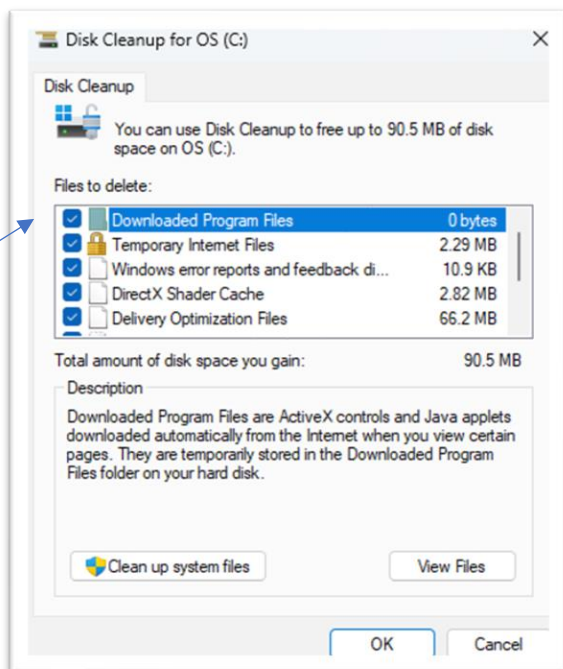
Disk Cleanup will scan the selected drive and show a list of file types that can be deleted. Common options include:

Temporary files

Recycle Bin contents

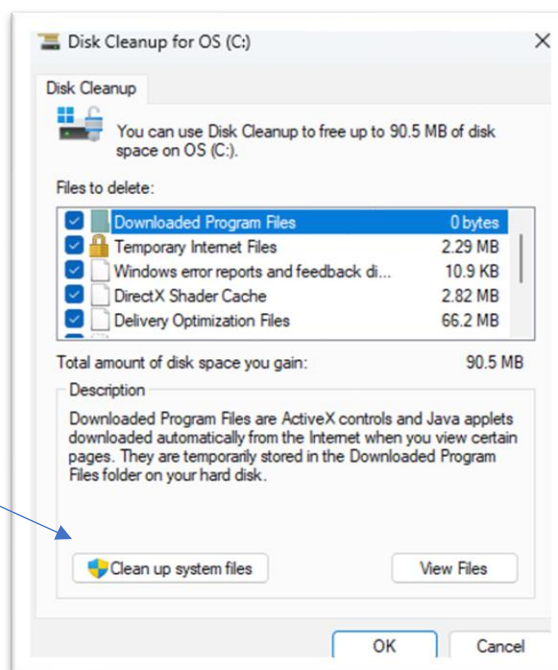
System cache

Check the boxes next to the file types you want to delete and click **“OK”**.



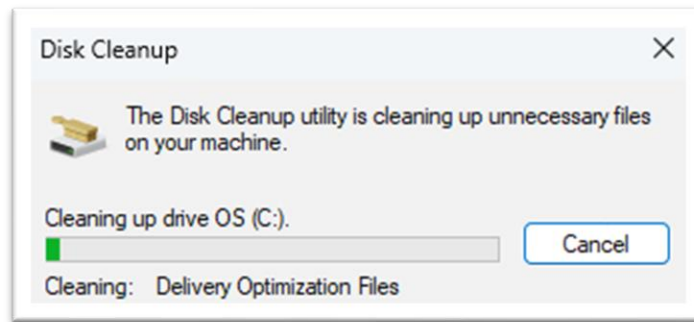
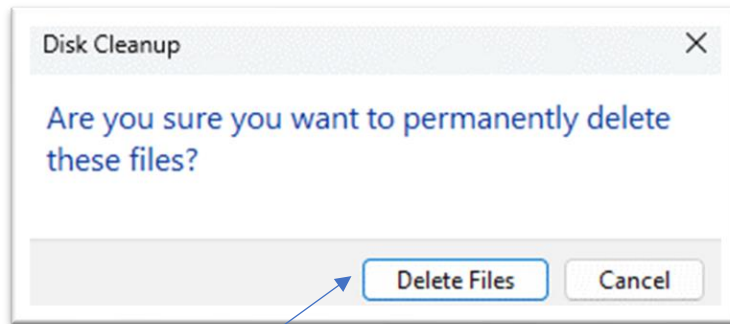
4. Clean up System Files (optional):

You can also click Clean up system files to remove unnecessary system files like old Windows installations, which may require administrator permission.



5. Confirm Deletion:

Click Delete Files when prompted to confirm that you want to permanently remove the selected files.

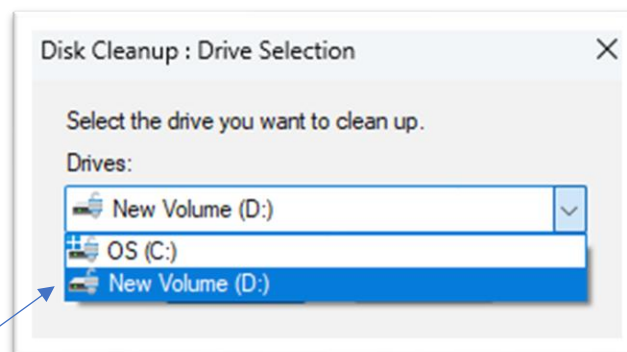


Now Our C drive is cleaned.

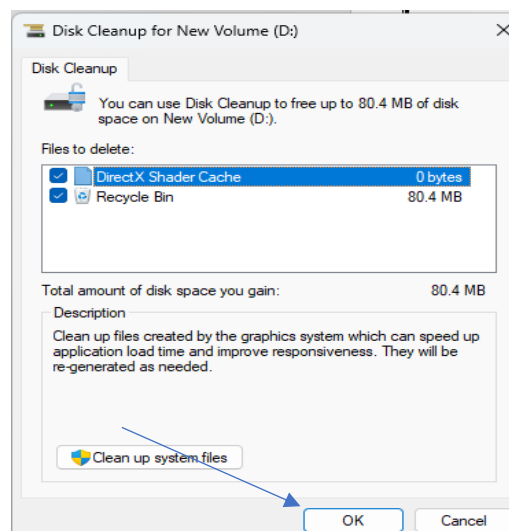
6. Repeat for Other Drives:

Now let us repeat for D drive

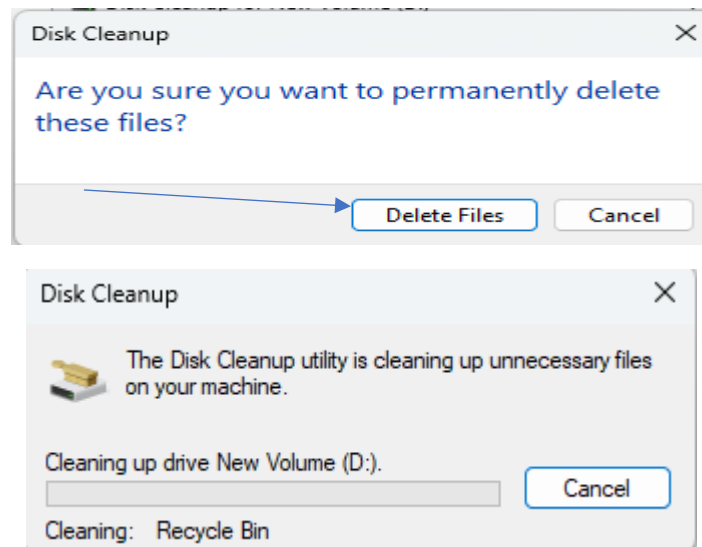
This time select D drive in disk Cleanup



7. Now, Select the files we want to clean and click on ok



8. Again, Click Delete Files when prompted to confirm that you want to permanently remove the selected files



Now all the drives in our system are Cleaned.

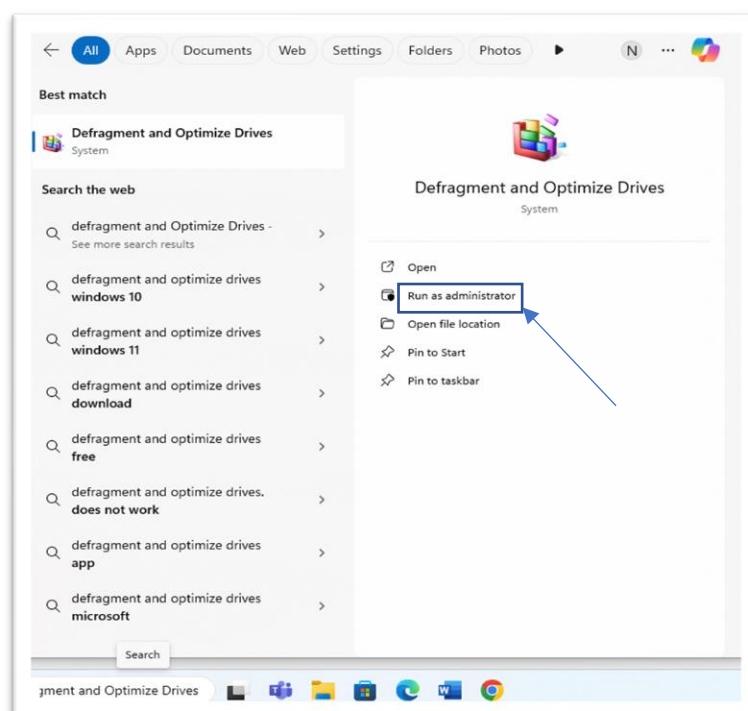
ii). Disk Defragmentation:

This process rearranges fragmented data so your drives can work more efficiently. It's more relevant for hard disk drives (HDDs) and not needed for solid-state drives (SSDs).

Steps:

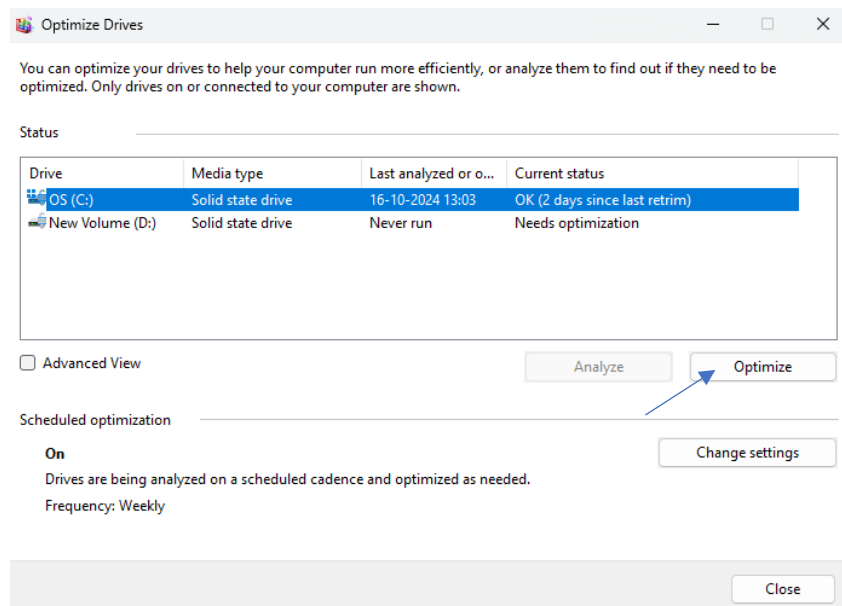
1. Open Defragmentation Tool:

Press Windows Key + S or click on search icon, type Defragment and Optimize Drives and open it as administrator.



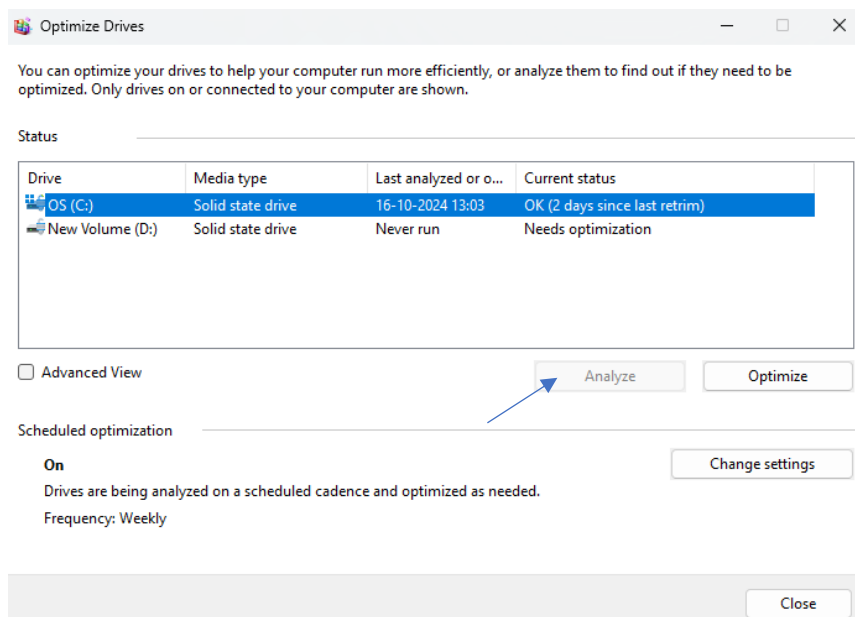
2. Select the Drive:

The tool will show a list of all drives. Select the drive you want to defragment.



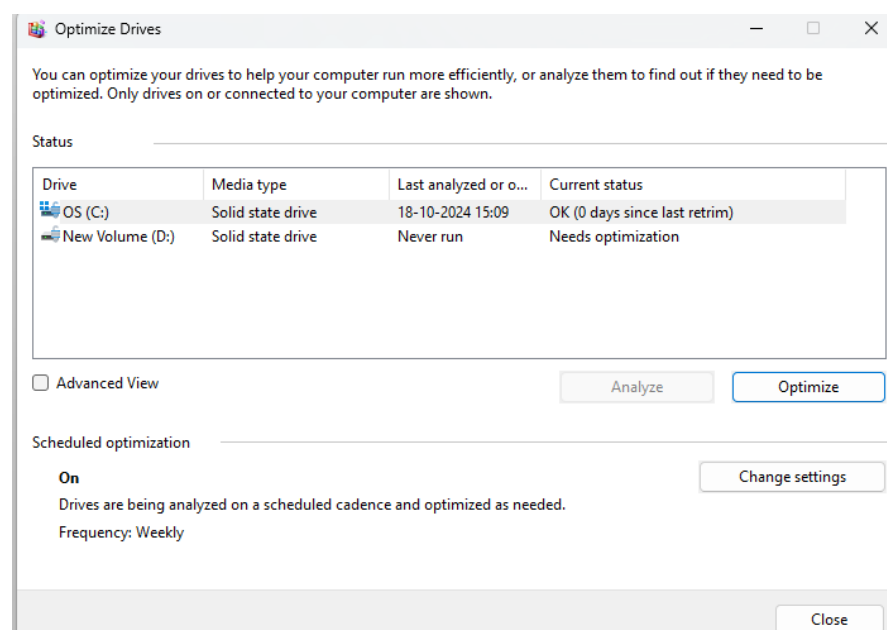
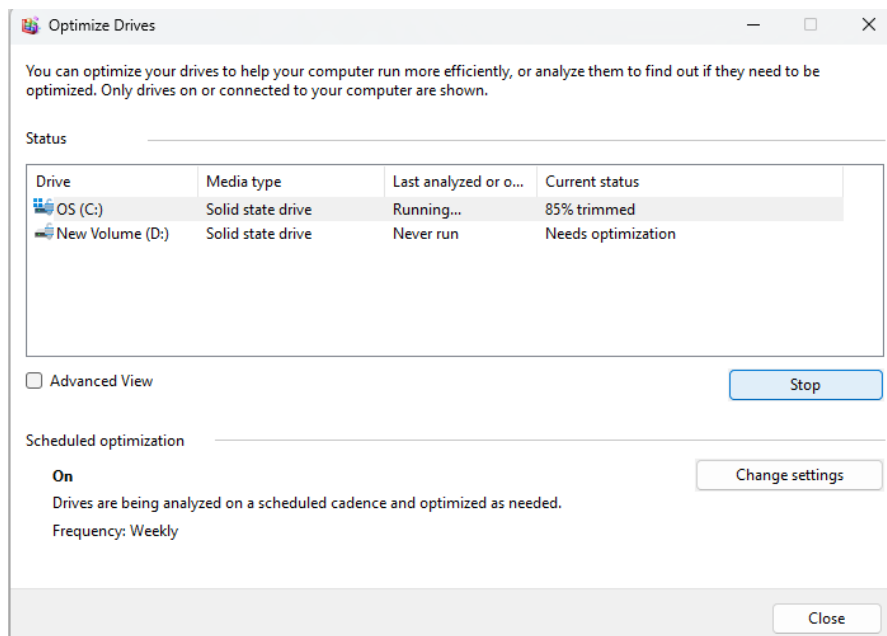
3. Analyze the Drive (Optional):

You can click Analyze to check if the drive needs defragmenting. This is optional, but it helps determine if the drive is fragmented enough to require defragmentation.



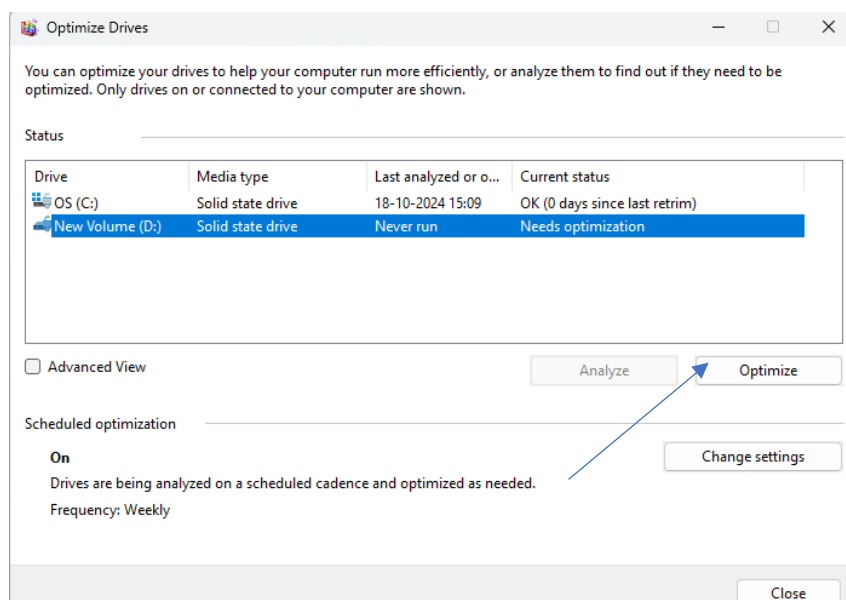
4. Defragment the Drive:

Click Optimize to start the defragmentation process for the selected drive.



5. Repeat for Other Drives:

Now let us Repeat the process for other drives



Now click on optimize

Optimize Drives

You can optimize your drives to help your computer run more efficiently, or analyze them to find out if they need to be optimized. Only drives on or connected to your computer are shown.

Status

Drive	Media type	Last analyzed or o...	Current status
OS (C:)	Solid state drive	18-10-2024 15:09	OK (0 days since last retrim)
New Volume (D:)	Solid state drive	18-10-2024 15:13	OK (0 days since last retrim)

☐ Advanced View

Analyze

Optimize

Scheduled optimization

On

Change settings

Drives are being analyzed on a scheduled cadence and optimized as needed.

Frequency: Weekly

Close

All the Drives in our pc are successfully Defragmented