Welcome, PROGRAMMERS



Let's see **2D Array** in detail with some examples...

2D Array



A **2D array** (two-dimensional array) is a data structure that represents a **table** or a **matrix** with **rows and columns**. It is essentially an **array of 1D arrays**, where each element of the main array is a 1D array itself.

This structure allows you to organize data in a two-dimensional

grid.



2D Array Examples



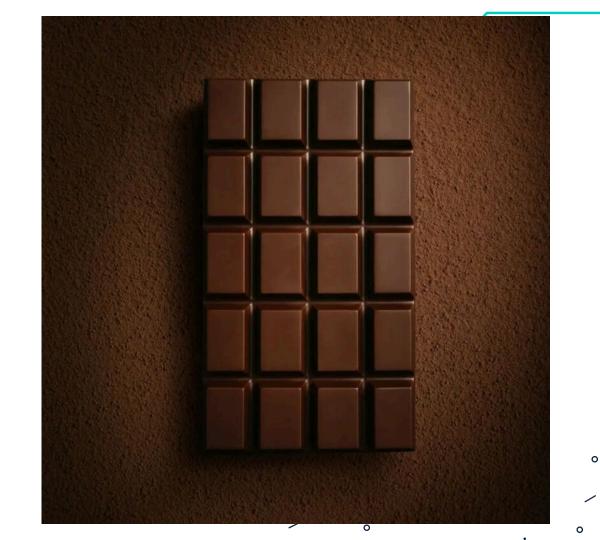


01

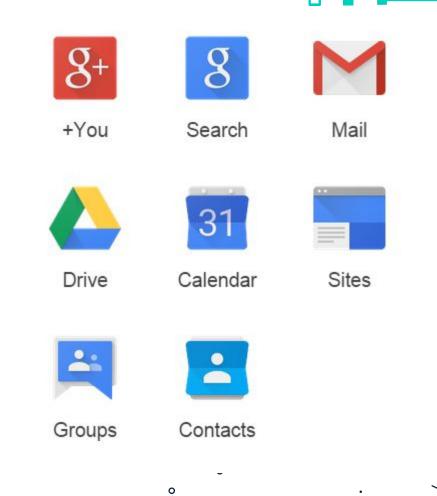
Chess board













Let's see **syntax** of **2D Array** in detail with some examples...

Syntax of 2D Array

datatype array_name[row_size][column_size];



























































Array Operations



There are many operations can be perform on an array. But, here are the **most common operations** of Array:

Insertion

Iteration

Modification /
Updation

2

3

Let's see **each operations** in detail...



	El	index (i)		
int a[3][3] =	{{6 ,	9,	4},	0
	{5,	8,	3},	1
	{7,	4,	2}};	2
index (j)	0	1	2	

Predefined Array



	EJ	index (i)		
int a[3][3];	0	0	0	0
	0	0	0	1
	0	0	0	2
index (j)	0	1	2	

Empty Array



int	a[3][3]	;

	Elements			index (i)
<pre>int a[3][3]; // Empty Array</pre>	6	9	4	0
	0	0	0	1
	0	0	0	2
index (j)	0	1	2	

Index-wise static insertion



a[1][0]	=	5;
a[1][1]	=	8;
a[1][2]	=	3;

	Elements			index (i)
<pre>int a[3][3]; // Empty Array</pre>	6	9	4	0
	5	8	3	1
	0	0	0	2
index (j)	0	1	2	

Index-wise static insertion



a[2][0]	= 7;
a[2][1]	= 4;
a[2][2]	= 2;

	Elements			index (i)
<pre>int a[3][3]; // Empty Array</pre>	6	9	4	0
	5	8	3	1
	7	4	2	2
index (j)	0	1	2	

Index-wise static insertion



	Е	index (i)		
<pre>int a[3][3]; // Empty Array</pre>	0	0	0	0
	0	0	0	1
	0	0	0	2
index (j)	0	1	2	

Empty Array

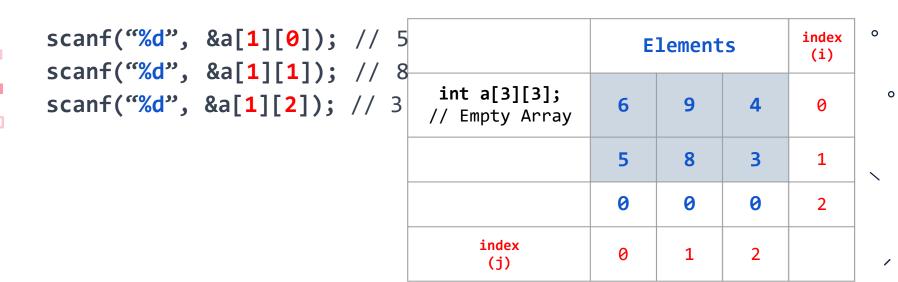


0

```
int a[3][3];
                                                                  index
                                                    Elements
                                                                   (i)
                                  int a[3][3];
scanf("%d", &a[0][0]); // 6
                                                        9
                                 // Empty Array
scanf("%d", &a[0][1]); // 9
                                                       0
                                                                   1
scanf("%d", &a[0][2]); // 4
                                                  0
                                                        0
                                      index
                                      (j)
```

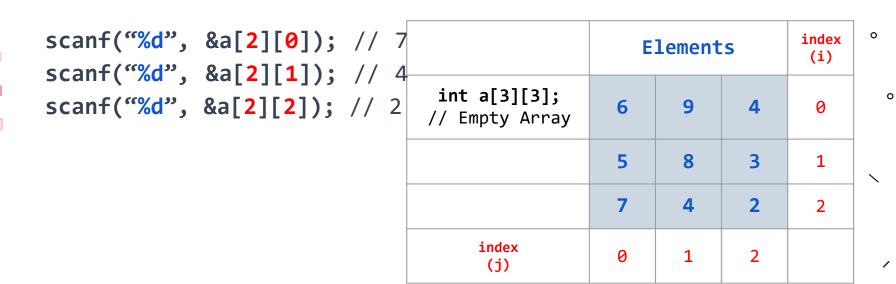
Index-wise dynamic insertion





Index-wise dynamic insertion





Index-wise dynamic insertion

O2 Iteration Operation

Iteration Operation



int	a[3][3]	=	{			
			{6 ,	9,	4},	
			{5 ,	8,	3},	
			{7 ,	4,	2}	
	}	;				

<pre>Int a[3][3] = {</pre>		Elements			index (i)
{5, 8, 3},	int a[3][3] =	{{6 ,	9,	4},	0
		{5 ,	8,	3},	1
		{7 ,	4,	2}};	2
<pre>printf("%d", a[0][0]); // 6 printf("%d", a[0][1]); // 9</pre>	index (j)	0	1	2	
<pre>printf("%d", a[0][2]); // 4</pre>					

Index-wise static accessing of elements

Iteration Operation



```
for(i=0; i<=2; i++)
{
    for(j=0; j<=2; j++)
    {
        printf("%d ", a[i][j]);
    }
    printf("\n");</pre>
```

	E3	Elements			
int a[3][3] =	{{6 ,	9,	4},	0	
	{5,	8,	3},	1	1
	{7,	4,	2}};	2	
index (j)	0	1	2		

° Index-wise dynamic accessing of elements





Modification/Updation Operation

Updation Operation



	Elements			index (i)
int a[3][3] =	{{6 ,	9,	4},	0
	{5 ,	8,	3},	1
	{7 ,	4,	2}};	2
index (j)	0	1	2	

Predefined Array

Updation Operation

a[1][1] = 6;



	Elements			index (i)
int a[3][3];	6	9	4	0
	5	6	3	1
	7	4	2	2
index (j)	0	1	2	

Index-wise static updation

Updation Operation



&a[2][0]);	//	9	int
	&a[2][0]);	&a[2][0]); //	&a[2][0]); // 9

	Elements			index (i)
int a[3][3];	6	9	4	0
	5	6	3	1
	9	4	2	2
index (j)	0	1	2	

Index-wise dynamic updation



Let's start now...



