# SDM COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY

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## DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING

# A Report on

### **DBMS- Minor Work**

COURSE CODE: 22UCSC501 COURSE TITLE: DBMS SEMESTER: V DIVISION: A COURSE TEACHER: Dr. U. P. Kulkarni



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### **Table of Contents**

V	linor Work:	3
	Problem statement 1: - Write a C program to discuss to demonstrate all the functions related to system calls in Unix based OS.	3
	Problem Statement 2: - Write a C program to demonstrate the indexing and its associated properties.	7
	Problem Statement 3: - Write a Java program to access the given Excel file with known file format	9

#### Minor Work: -

Problem statement 1: - Write a C program to discuss to demonstrate all the functions related to system calls in Unix based OS.

```
//A simple C program to showcase the System calls in Unix based OS systems
#include <stdio.h>
#include <fcntl.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <sys/stat.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#define SIZE 100
char* readFile(char *str);
void writeFile(char *str);
void appendFile(char *str);
int main(){
  int choice;
  char str[SIZE];
  printf("Enter (1-read) (2-write) (3-append) file\n");
  printf("Enter your choice\n");
  scanf("%d",&choice);
  getchar();
  switch (choice)
  {
```

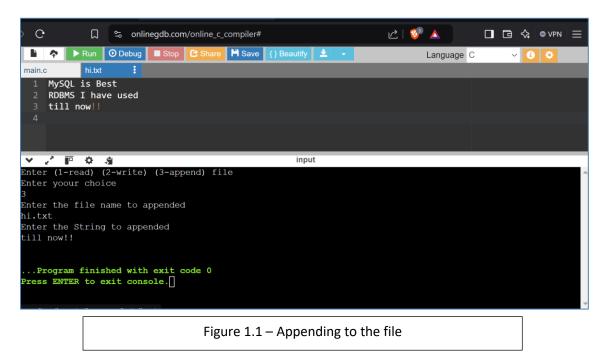
```
case 1:
  printf("Enter the file name to read\n");
  scanf("%s",str);
  getchar(); //clr the I/P stream
  printf("The contents of the file are:\n%s\n",readFile(str));
  break;
case 2:
  printf("Enter the file name to write\n");
  scanf("%s",str);
  getchar();
  writeFile(str);
  break;
case 3:
  printf("Enter the file name to appended\n");
  scanf("%s",str);
  getchar();
  appendFile(str);
  break;
default:
  break;
}
return 0;
```

}

```
void writeFile(char *filename){
  fflush(stdin);
  int fd = open(filename, O_CREAT | O_WRONLY | O_TRUNC, S_IRUSR | S_IWUSR);
  if(fd < 0){
    perror("Error occured while opning the file\n");
    close(fd);
    return;
  }
  char str[SIZE];
  printf("Enter the string to be writen\n");
  fgets(str, SIZE, stdin);
  write(fd, str, strlen(str));
  close(fd);
}
char *readFile(char *filename){
  char *str = (char *)malloc(SIZE*sizeof(char));
  int fd = open(filename, O_RDONLY);
  if(fd < 0){
    perror("Can't open this file\n");
    free(str);
    close(fd);
    return NULL;
  }
  int bytesRead = read(fd, str, SIZE-1);
```

```
str[bytesRead] = '\0';
  close(fd);
  return str;
}
void appendFile(char *filename){
 int fd = open(filename, O_WRONLY | O_APPEND | O_CREAT, S_IRUSR | S_IWUSR);
 if(fd < 0){
    perror("Can't append to the file\n");
    close(fd);
    return;
  }
  char str[SIZE];
  fflush(stdin);
  printf("Enter the String to appended\n");
  fgets(str, SIZE, stdin);
  write(fd, str, strlen(str));
}
```

#### O/P: -



Problem Statement 2: - Write a C program to demonstrate the indexing and its associated properties.

```
//A simple C pgm to read and print the details of the employees
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#define SIZE 30
#define ECOUNT 10
typedef struct Employee{
  int empID;
  char name[SIZE];
```

```
float salary;
}Employee;
void readEmployeeDetails(Employee *e, int n){
  for(int i=0; i<n; i++){
    printf("Enter the employee %d details\n", i+1);
    printf("Enter the employee id\n");
    scanf("%d",&e[i].empID);
     printf("Enter the employee name\n");
    scanf("%s",&e[i].name);
    printf("Enter the employee salary\n\n");
    scanf("%s",&e[i].salary);
  }
}
void printEmployeeDetails(Employee *e, int n){
  for(int i=0; i<n; i++){
    printf("EMPID : %d\n",e[i].empID);
    printf("EMP Name : %d\n",e[i].name);
    printf("EMP Salary : %d\n\n",e[i].salary);
  }
}
int main(){
  Employee e[ECOUNT];
  int n;
```

```
printf("Enter the no of employees\n");
scanf("%d",&n);

if(n > ECOUNT){
    printf("max employees = %d\n", ECOUNT);
    exit(0);
}

readEmployeeDetails(e, n);
printEmployeeDetails(e, n);
return 0;
}
```

## Problem Statement 3: - Write a Java program to access the given Excel file with known file format

```
package DBMS_Demo.ExcelSheets;

import org.apache.poi.ss.usermodel.*;
import org.apache.poi.xssf.usermodel.XSSFWorkbook;

//import java.io.FileInputStream;
//import java.io.IOException;
import java.io.*;
import java.util.*;

public class ReadWriteXExcel {
    public static void readExcelSheet(String filePath) {
        try (FileInputStream fis = new FileInputStream(filePath);
        Workbook workbook = new XSSFWorkbook(fis)) { //if you declare inside the try then no need to close the fis & workbook externally it will be automatically closed
```

```
Sheet sheet = workbook.getSheetAt(0); // Get the first sheet
       for (Row row : sheet) {
         for (Cell cell : row) {
            switch (cell.getCellType()) {
              case STRING:
                 System.out.print(cell.getStringCellValue() + "\t");
                 break;
              case NUMERIC:
                 System.out.print(cell.getNumericCellValue() + "\t");
              case BOOLEAN:
                 System.out.print(cell.getBooleanCellValue() + "\t");
                 break;
              default:
                 System.out.print("UNKNOWN\t");
                 break;
            }
          System.out.println();
     } catch (IOException e) {
       e.printStackTrace();
//Appending the file
public static void appendFile(String filePath) {
        try (FileInputStream fis = new FileInputStream(filePath);
        Workbook workbook = new XSSFWorkbook(fis)) {
       // Access the existing sheet or create a new one if it doesn't exist
       Sheet sheet = workbook.getSheetAt(0); // Use the first sheet
       // Determine the next row index (one after the last row)
       int nextRowIndex = sheet.getLastRowNum() + 1;
       // Create a new row
       Row newRow = sheet.createRow(nextRowIndex);
       // Create new cells and set values
      // Cell cell1 = newRow.createCell(0);
      // Cell cell2 = newRow.createCell(1);
```

```
Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
               int columnsCount = sheet.getRow(1).getLastCellNum();
               for(int i=0; i<columnsCount; i++) {</pre>
                Cell cell = newRow.createCell(i);
                System.out.println("Enter the " + (i+1) + " cell value");
                cell.setCellValue(sc.next());
               // Write the changes to the file
               try (FileOutputStream fos = new FileOutputStream(filePath)) {
                 workbook.write(fos);
               }
             } catch (IOException e) {
               e.printStackTrace();
        }
        public static void main(String[] args) {
    String filePath = "D:\\Github\\DBMS Assignment\\Book1.xlsx"; // Path to your Excel file
    readExcelSheet(filePath);
    appendFile(filePath);
        }
}
```

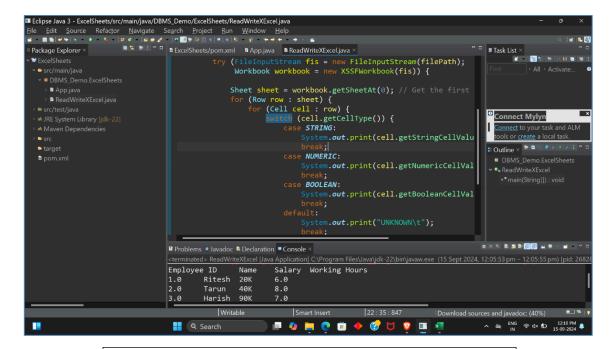


Figure 3.1 – R/W operations on Excel file

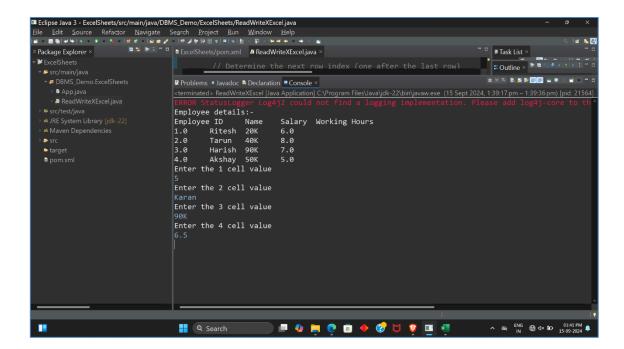


Figure 3.2 – Inserting values into Excel sheet

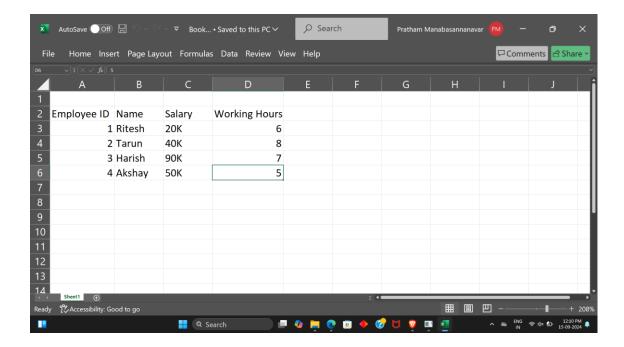


Figure 3.3 – Excel sheet to perform R/W operations