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Int-23

Project Title:

Finance Bank Data Processing and Dashboarding Using Microsoft Fabric

Objective:

To design and implement a scalable, end-to-end data pipeline leveraging SQL Server, Azure Data Factory, and Microsoft Fabric, structured using the **Medallion Architecture**. The goal was to efficiently ingest, transform, and analyze banking financial data and present actionable insights through a dynamic Power BI dashboard.

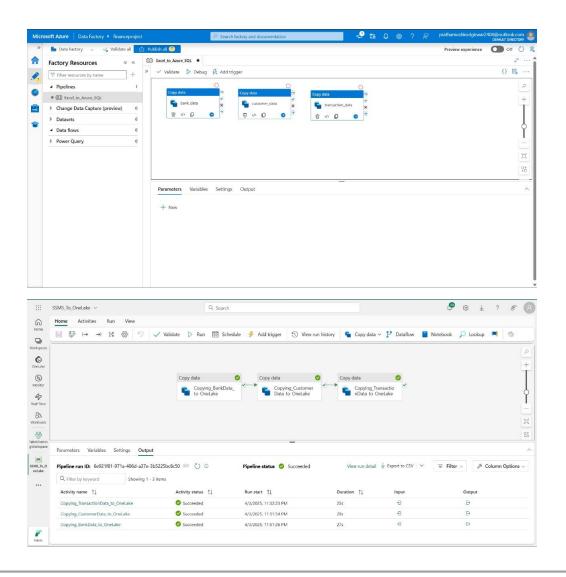
Tools & Technologies Used:

- SQL Server / Azure SQL Database Initial data storage and transformation
- Azure Data Factory Data ingestion and movement
- Microsoft Fabric Data Lake (OneLake), Notebooks (PySpark & Spark SQL), Warehouse, Delta Lake tables
- Power BI Visualization and business intelligence layer

Step-by-Step Workflow:

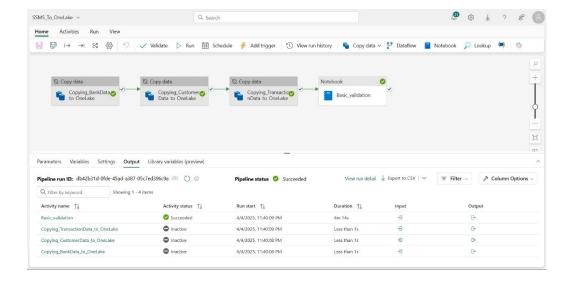
1. Data Ingestion (Bronze Layer)

- **Source**: Excel files containing historical and transactional financial banking data.
- Preprocessing: Uploaded and mapped Excel data into SQL Server staging tables.
- Process: Leveraged Azure Data Factory (ADF) Copy Data activity to extract from SQL Server and ingest into Microsoft Fabric OneLake as Parquet files.
- Storage: Raw data stored in the Bronze layer under a logical folder structure in OneLake



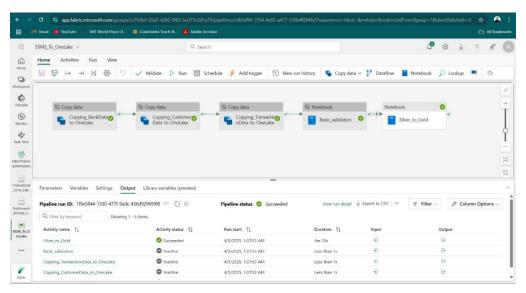
2. Data Validation & Structuring (Silver Layer)

- Tools Used: Microsoft Fabric Notebooks using PySpark and Spark SQL.
- Key Tasks:
 - o Detection and handling of **null values** and **missing records**.
 - De-duplication to ensure data integrity.
 - Standardization of schema through column renaming, data type alignment, and format consistency.
- Output: Cleaned and structured data written as Delta Tables in the Silver layer.



3. Data Transformation & Enrichment (Gold Layer)

- Created transformation logic using additional Fabric Notebooks.
- Enhancements Included:
 - o Creation of **derived/aggregated columns** for KPIs and business metrics.
 - Implementation of business rules (e.g., account status logic, customer segmentation).
 - Mapped and merged related datasets (customer, accounts, transactions).
- Output: Final analytical datasets loaded into Microsoft Fabric Warehouse for optimized querying and seamless Power BI integration.



4. Data Visualization

- Tool Used: Power BI (connected directly to Fabric Warehouse).
- Dashboard Highlights:
 - o **Key financial metrics** (e.g., account balances, total deposits/withdrawals).
 - o **Time-series trends** (monthly, quarterly, and yearly views).
 - Segmentation analysis (by customer type, region, and account category).
 - o Monitoring of data quality issues, including nulls, anomalies, and processing errors.



Architecture Followed: Medallion Architecture

Layer	Purpose	Storage	Tools Used
Bronze	Raw data ingestion	OneLake (Parquet)	Azure Data Factory
Silver	Cleaned & structured data	Delta Tables	Fabric Notebooks (PySpark/SQL)
Gold	Analytical, business-ready	Fabric Warehouse	Notebooks + Power BI

Challenges Faced:

- Data type mismatches during migration from Excel to SQL Server.
- Efficiently processing large and inconsistent Excel files with formatting issues.
- Managing schema evolution in Delta tables while maintaining data quality and lineage.
- Ensuring optimal performance during **Power BI direct queries** from Fabric Warehouse.

Outcome:

- Developed a **fully automated, scalable**, and **cloud-native** data pipeline.
- Delivered clean, reliable, and analytics-ready financial datasets.
- Enabled stakeholders to interact with a **live Power BI dashboard** providing real-time business intelligence, operational insights, and decision-making support.