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// OAM by prathamesh 2022200078
#include <stdio.h>
#include <math.h>
#define MAX_SIZE 64
void CircularConvolve(float *inputSegment, int segmentSize, float *impulseResponse, float *outputSegment);
void FFT_8_Point(int segmentSize, float input[8][2], float output[8][2]);
void FFT 4 Point(int segmentSize, float input[4][2], float output[4][2]);
int main() {
  int i, j, k, signalLength, impulseLength, segmentSize, segmentLen;
  float signal[MAX_SIZE], tempSegment[MAX_SIZE], outputSegment[MAX_SIZE], finalOutput[MAX_SIZE];
  float impulse[MAX SIZE];
  // Initialize arrays
  for (i = 0; i < MAX_SIZE; i++) {
    signal[i] = 0;
    impulse[i] = 0;
    finalOutput[i] = 0;
    tempSegment[i] = 0;
  }
  //----- INPUT -----
  printf("\nEnter the length of signal x[n]: ");
  scanf("%d", &signalLength);
  printf("\nEnter the values of signal x[n]: ");
  for (i = 0; i < signalLength; i++) {
    scanf("%f", &signal[i]);
  }
  printf("\nEnter the length of impulse response h[n]: ");
  scanf("%d", &impulseLength);
  printf("\nEnter the values of impulse response h[n]: ");
  for (i = 0; i < impulseLength; i++) {
    scanf("%f", &impulse[i]);
  }
  // Display input signal and impulse response
  printf("\nx[n] = ");
  for (i = 0; i < signalLength; i++) {
    printf(" %4.2f ", signal[i]);
  }
  printf("\nh[n] = ");
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for (i = 0; i < impulseLength; i++) {
  printf(" %4.2f ", impulse[i]);
}
//----- OAM -----
segmentSize = 8; // Fixed segment size for FFT processing
segmentLen = segmentSize - impulseLength + 1; // Length of decomposed signal (L)
printf("\n\nLength of decomposed input signal: L = %d", segmentLen);
printf("\nLength of decomposed output signal: N = %d\n", segmentSize);
j = 0;
for (k = 0; k <= signalLength - segmentLen; k += segmentLen) {
  // Split signal into segments
  for (i = 0; i < segmentLen; i++) {
    tempSegment[i] = signal[k + i];
  }
  // Perform circular convolution using FFT
  CircularConvolve(tempSegment, segmentSize, impulse, outputSegment);
  // Overlap and add
  for (i = 0; i < segmentSize; i++) {
    finalOutput[k + i] += outputSegment[i];
  }
  j++;
  // Display decomposed signal and output
  printf("\n\nx\%d[n] = ", j);
  for (i = 0; i < segmentSize; i++) {
    printf(" %4.2f ", tempSegment[i]);
  }
  printf("\ny%d[n] = ", j);
  for (i = 0; i < segmentSize; i++) {
    printf(" %4.2f ", outputSegment[i]);
  }
}
printf("\n\nLinear Convolution Output using Overlap Add Method:");
printf("\ny[n] = ");
for (i = 0; i < (signalLength + impulseLength - 1); i++) {
  printf(" %4.2f ", finalOutput[i]);
}
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printf("\n\n");
}
void CircularConvolve(float *inputSegment, int segmentSize, float *impulseResponse, float *outputSegment) {
  float InputFFT[MAX_SIZE][2], ImpulseFFT[MAX_SIZE][2], ResultFFT[MAX_SIZE][2], TempFFT[MAX_SIZE][2];
  // Initialize FFT arrays
  for (k = 0; k < segmentSize; k++) {
    InputFFT[k][0] = 0; InputFFT[k][1] = 0;
    ImpulseFFT[k][0] = 0; ImpulseFFT[k][1] = 0;
    ResultFFT[k][0] = 0; ResultFFT[k][1] = 0;
  }
  // Copy input segment to FFT array
  for (i = 0; i < segmentSize; i++) {
    TempFFT[i][0] = inputSegment[i];
    TempFFT[i][1] = 0;
  }
  // Compute FFT of input segment
  if (segmentSize == 4) {
    FFT_4_Point(segmentSize, TempFFT, InputFFT);
  } else if (segmentSize == 8) {
    FFT_8_Point(segmentSize, TempFFT, InputFFT);
  }
  // Copy impulse response to FFT array
  for (i = 0; i < segmentSize; i++) {
    TempFFT[i][0] = impulseResponse[i];
    TempFFT[i][1] = 0;
  }
  // Compute FFT of impulse response
  if (segmentSize == 4) {
    FFT_4_Point(segmentSize, TempFFT, ImpulseFFT);
  } else if (segmentSize == 8) {
    FFT_8_Point(segmentSize, TempFFT, ImpulseFFT);
  }
  // Multiply FFTs in the frequency domain
  for (k = 0; k < segmentSize; k++) {
    float a = InputFFT[k][0];
    float b = InputFFT[k][1];
    float c = ImpulseFFT[k][0];
    float d = ImpulseFFT[k][1];
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ResultFFT[k][0] = (a * c) - (b * d);
    ResultFFT[k][1] = (b * c) + (a * d);
  }
 // Inverse FFT
  for (k = 0; k < segmentSize; k++) {
    ResultFFT[k][1] = -ResultFFT[k][1];
  }
  if (segmentSize == 4) {
    FFT_4_Point(segmentSize, ResultFFT, TempFFT);
 } else if (segmentSize == 8) {
    FFT_8_Point(segmentSize, ResultFFT, TempFFT);
  }
 // Normalize the result
 for (i = 0; i < segmentSize; i++) {
    outputSegment[i] = TempFFT[i][0] / segmentSize;
  }
}
void FFT_8_Point(int segmentSize, float input[8][2], float output[8][2]) {
  int i, k;
  float W = 6.283185307179586 / segmentSize;
  float EvenFFT[4][2], OddFFT[4][2];
 // Split input into even and odd parts
  for (i = 0; i < 4; i++) {
    EvenFFT[i][0] = input[2 * i][0];
    EvenFFT[i][1] = input[2 * i][1];
    OddFFT[i][0] = input[2 * i + 1][0];
    OddFFT[i][1] = input[2 * i + 1][1];
  }
 // Perform FFT on even and odd parts
  FFT_4_Point(4, EvenFFT, EvenFFT);
  FFT_4_Point(4, OddFFT, OddFFT);
  // Combine the results
  for (k = 0; k < 4; k++) {
    float angle = W * k;
    float cosAngle = cos(angle);
    float sinAngle = sin(angle);
    output[k][0] = EvenFFT[k][0] + (OddFFT[k][0] * cosAngle - OddFFT[k][1] * sinAngle); \\
    output[k][1] = EvenFFT[k][1] + (OddFFT[k][1] * cosAngle + OddFFT[k][0] * sinAngle);
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\operatorname{output}[k+4][0] = \operatorname{EvenFFT}[k][0] - (\operatorname{OddFFT}[k][0] * \operatorname{cosAngle} - \operatorname{OddFFT}[k][1] * \operatorname{sinAngle});
    output[k + 4][1] = EvenFFT[k][1] - (OddFFT[k][1] * cosAngle + OddFFT[k][0] * sinAngle);
  }
}
void FFT_4_Point(int segmentSize, float input[4][2], float output[4][2]) {
  int k;
  float W = 6.283185307179586 / segmentSize;
  float G[4][2], H[4][2];
  // Stage-1
  G[0][0] = input[0][0] + input[2][0];
  G[0][1] = input[0][1] + input[2][1];
  G[1][0] = input[0][0] - input[2][0];
  G[1][1] = input[0][1] - input[2][1];
  H[0][0] = input[1][0] + input[3][0];
  H[0][1] = input[1][1] + input[3][1];
  H[1][0] = input[1][0] - input[3][0];
  H[1][1] = input[1][1] - input[3][1];
  // Stage-2
  for (k = 0; k < 4; k++) {
    float angle = W * k;
    float cosAngle = cos(angle);
    float sinAngle = sin(angle);
    output[k][0] = G[k \% 2][0] + (H[k \% 2][0] * cosAngle - H[k \% 2][1] * sinAngle);
    output[k][1] = G[k \% 2][1] + (H[k \% 2][1] * cosAngle + H[k \% 2][0] * sinAngle);
  }
}
```