Given a binary array nums and an integer goal, return the number of non-empty **subarrays** with a sum goal.

A **subarray** is a contiguous part of the array.

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Example 1:
Input: nums = [1,0,1,0,1], goal = 2
Output: 4
 Explanation: The 4 subarrays are bolded and underlined below:
 [1,0,1,0,1]
 [1,0,1,0,1]
 [1, 0, 1, 0, 1]
 [1,0,\underline{1,0,1}]
Example 2:
Input: nums = [0,0,0,0,0], goal = 0
Output: 15
class Solution {
   func numSubarraysWithSum( nums: [Int], goal: Int) -> Int {
        func countSum( n: Int) -> Int{
            if n < 0 {
                return 0
            var 1 = 0
            var sum = 0
            var ans = 0
            for r in (0..<nums.count) {</pre>
                sum = sum + nums[r]
                     while (sum > n) {
                         sum = sum - nums[1]
                         1 = 1 + 1
                ans = ans + (r - 1 + 1)
            }
            return ans
       }
       return countSum(goal) - countSum(goal-1)
   } }
```