

2196. Create Binary Tree From Descriptions

Solved ⊗

Medium ♥ Topics ♠ Companies ♥ Hint

You are given a 2D integer array descriptions where descriptions [i] = [parent_i, child_i, isLeft_i] indicates that parent_i is the **parent** of child_i in a **binary** tree of **unique** values. Furthermore,

- If isLeft; == 1, then child; is the left child of parent;.
- If [isLeft_i == 0], then [child_i] is the right child of [parent_i].

Construct the binary tree described by descriptions and return its **root**.

The test cases will be generated such that the binary tree is **valid**.

Example 1:

```
/**
* Definition for a binary tree node.
* public class TreeNode {
     public var val: Int
     public var left: TreeNode?
     public var right: TreeNode?
     public init() { self.val = 0; self.left = nil; self.right =
nil; }
     public init( val: Int) { self.val = val; self.left = nil;
self.right = nil; }
     public init( val: Int, left: TreeNode?, right:
TreeNode?) {
          self.val = val
         self.left = left
         self.right = right
* }
* /
class Solution {
```

```
func createBinaryTree(_ descriptions: [[Int]]) -> TreeNode? {
    var hash:[Int:TreeNode] = [:]
    var noparent = Set<Int>()
    var parentset = Set<Int>()
    for i in descriptions {
        var parent = hash[i[0]]
        if (parent == nil) {
            parent = TreeNode(i[0])
        }
        var child = hash[i[1]]
        if (child == nil) {
            child = TreeNode(i[1])
        }
        if (i[2] == 1) {
            parent?.left = child
        } else {
            parent?.right = child
        }
        hash[i[0]] = parent
        hash[i[1]] = child
        if noparent.contains(i[1]) {
            noparent.remove(i[1])
            parentset.insert(i[1])
        }
        if !parentset.contains(i[0]) {
            noparent.insert(i[0])
        }
        parentset.insert(i[1])
        // print(hash)
        // print("noparent ", noparent)
        // print("parentset ",parentset)
    }
```

```
if let a = noparent.first {
    if let b = hash[a] {
        return b
     }
    return nil
}
```