NAME: PRATHAPANI SATWIKA

REGINO: 20BCD7160

Marinoral Basic Letter

Title of the experiment:

Interaction of light with matter. Determination of planck's

constant, by photo Electric Effect.

Objective:

Determination of Planck's constant.

Equipment list:

1. Photosensitive Device: Vaccum phototube.

2. Light source: Halogen tungsten lamp 12v/35W

3. Colour Filters: Red (635 nm), Yellow-I (570nm), Yellow-II (540nm),
Green (500nm) & Blue (460nm).

H. Accelerating voltage: Regulated Voltage power Supply.

5. Current Detecting unit

Formulas:-

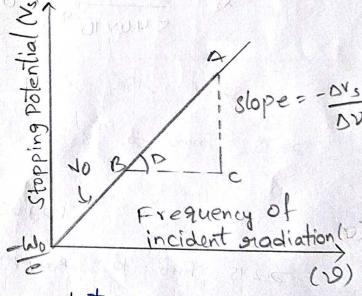
$$hV = \frac{1}{2}mv^2 + e\phi$$

$$Ee = \frac{1}{2}mv^2 = eV_S$$

$$V_s = \frac{hv}{e} - \phi$$

Calculations:

Planck's constant: h=e AVs -labore



Where e is the charge of the electron.

The value of AV, can be obtained from the graph and can be substituted to calculate the planck's constant.

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Laboratory	Report:
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s.No.	Filters used (wavelength	\ (HZ)	stopping voltage
1 1	Red (635 nm)	4.32×104	7-0.29
2.	Yellow I (5+0 nm)	5.26 × 10	-0.42
3.	Yellow II (540 nm)	5.55 × 10 14	-0.61
ч.	Green (soo nm)	6.0×1014	-0.76
5.	Blue (460 nm)	6.52×10	-1.02
Fr	equency calculation:		

$$\Rightarrow v_1 = \frac{c}{\lambda_1} = \frac{3 \times 10^8}{635 \times 10^9} = 0.00492 \times 10^{12} = 0.00492 \times 10^{12}$$

$$\Rightarrow v_2 = \frac{c}{\lambda_2} = \frac{3 \times 10^8}{570 \times 10^9} = 0.00526 \times 10^{17} = 5.26 \times 10^{14}$$

$$\Rightarrow v_4 = \frac{c}{\lambda_4} = \frac{3 \times 10^8}{500 \times 10^9} = \frac{3 \times 10^8}{5 \times 10^7} = 0.6 \times 10^{15}$$

$$\Rightarrow v_5 = \frac{c}{\lambda_5} = \frac{3 \times 10^8}{460 \times 10^9} = \frac{2 \times 10^8}{460 \times 10^9} = 0.0652 \times 10^{16}$$

$$= 6.52 \times 10^{16}$$

calculations:-

planck's constant h= e. AVs

 $h = (1.602 \times 10^{-14}) \left( \frac{(-0.29) - (-1.02)}{(6.52 \times 10^{14}) - (4.72 \times 10^{14})} \right)$ 

 $= 1.602 \times 10^{14} \left( \frac{-0.29 + 1.02}{(6.52 - 4.72)10^{14}} \right)$ 

 $= 1.602 \times 10^{-28} \times 0.73 = 1.169 \times 10^{-28}$ 1.8

 $h = 6.62 \times 10^{-34}$ 

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Graphs:

plot a graph of vs versus v. The slope of the graph will give the value of No. In a addition find the y-intercept of the plot to given the value of work function.

## Result:

planck's constant calculated from the experiment is  $h = 6.626 \times 10^{34}$  Js

## Precautions:

1. After finishing the experiment switch off the.

Power supply and cover the draw tube with the lens

cover provided. Phototube is light sensitive device and

its sensitivity decreases with exposure to light due

to ageing.

