NAME PRATHAPANI SATWIKA

REG-NO: 20BCD7160

Title of the experiment:

Interaction of light with matter. Determination of planck's constant by photo Electric Effect.

Objective :-

Determination of Planck's constant.

Equipment list:

1. Photosensitive Device: Vaccum phototube.

2. Light source: Halogen tungsten lamp 12v/35W

3. Colour Filters: Red (635 nm), Yellow-I (570nm), Yellow-II (540nm),
Green (500nm) & Blue (460nm).

H. Accelerating voltage: Regulated Voltage power supply

5. Current Detecting unit

Formulas:

$$hV = \frac{1}{2}mv^2 + e\phi$$

$$Ee = \frac{1}{2}mv^2 = eV_S$$

$$V_s = \frac{hv}{e} - \phi$$

Calculations:-

Planck's constant: h=e AV.

Where e is the charge of the electron.

The value of AVI can be obtained from the graph and can be substituted to calculate the planck's constant.

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	Filters used (wavelength)	V (HZ)	stopping voltage
3.110.	Red (635 nm)	4.72×10	-0.29
	Yellow I (stonm)	5.26×10	-0.42
	Yellow II (540 nm)	5.55 × 10 14	-0.61
	Green (soo nm)	6.0×1014	-0.76
	Blue (460 nm)	6.52×1014	-1.02
	equency calculation:		

$$\Rightarrow v_1 = \frac{c}{\lambda_1} = \frac{3 \times 10^8}{635 \times 10^9} = 0.00472 \times 10^{17} = 4.72 \times 10^{17}$$

$$\Rightarrow v_2 = \frac{c}{\lambda_2} = \frac{3 \times 10^8}{570 \times 10^9} = 0.00526 \times 10^{17} = 5.26 \times 10^{14}$$

$$= \frac{1}{3} = \frac{1}{3} = \frac{3 \times 10^8}{540 \times 10^9} = 0.00555 \times 10^{13} = 5.55 \times 10^{14}$$

$$\Rightarrow \nu_{4} = \frac{3 \times 10^{8}}{500 \times 10^{9}} = \frac{3 \times 10^{8}}{5 \times 10^{7}} = 0.6 \times 10^{15}$$

$$\Rightarrow \nu_{5} = \frac{3 \times 10^{8}}{200 \times 10^{9}} = \frac{3 \times 10^{8}}{2 \times 10^{8}} = 0.06 \times 10^{15}$$

$$= 6.52 \times 10^{14}$$

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calculations:-

planck's constant h = e. AVs

 $h = (1.602 \times 10^{-14}) \left(\frac{(-0.29) - (-1.02)}{(6.52 \times 10^{14}) - (4.72 \times 10^{14})} \right)$

 $= 1.602 \times 10^{14} \left(\frac{-0.29 + 1.02}{(6.52 - 4.72)10^{14}} \right)$

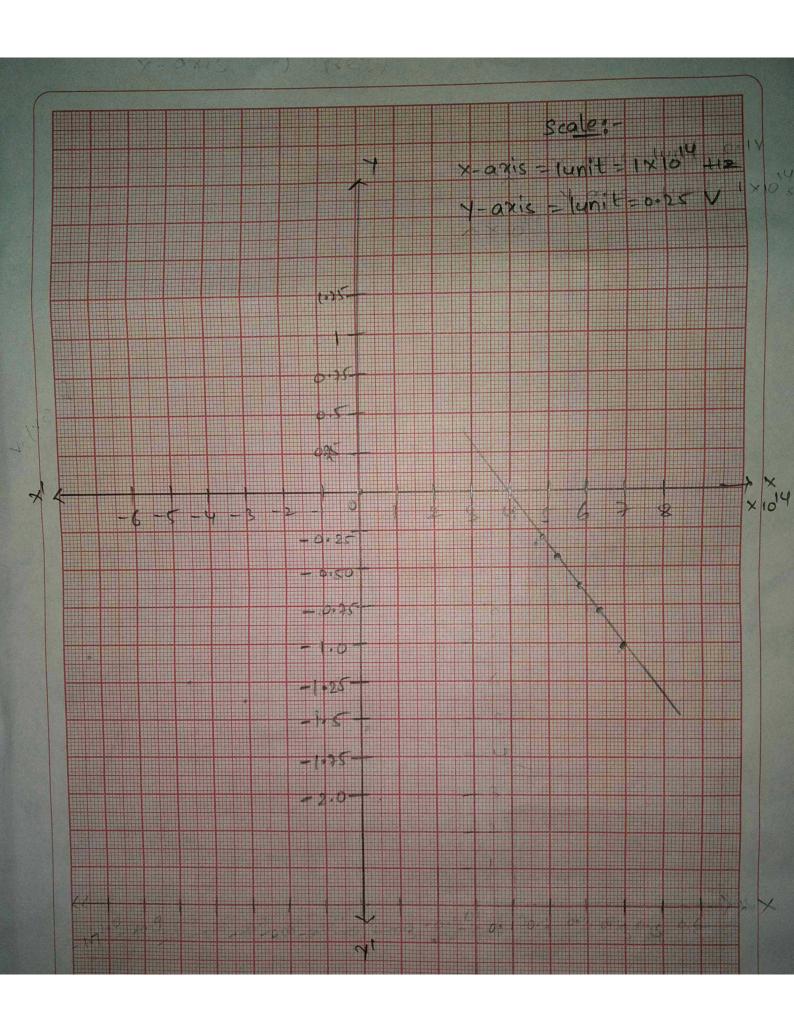
 $= 1.602 \times 10^{-28} \times 0.73 = 1.169 \times 10^{-28}$ 1.8

 $h = 6.62 \times 10^{-34} \text{Js}$

e is charge of electron.

Graphs:-

plot a graph of vs versus v. The slope of the graph will give the value of avs. In a addition find the y-intercept of the plot to given the value of work function.



Result:

Planck's constant calculated from the experiment is h = 6.626 × 10 34 Js

Precautions:

1. After finishing the experiment switch off the.

Power supply and cover the draw tube with the lens cover provided. Phototube is light sensitive device and its sensitivity decreases with exposure to light due

to ageing.