



## CS23331-Design and Analysis of Algorithms-2023 Batch-CSE

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Quiz navigation



Finish review

```
        Started on
        Monday, 28 October 2024, 1:41 PM

        State
        Finished

        Completed on
        Monday, 28 October 2024, 2:44 PM

        Time taken
        1 hour 2 mins

        Marks
        1.00/1.00

        Grade
        30.00 out of 30.00 (100%)
```

Question 1

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

₱ Flag question

Find the intersection of two sorted arrays.

OR in other words,

Given 2 sorted arrays, find all the elements which occur in both the arrays.

Input Format

- · The first line contains T, the number of test cases. Following T lines contain:
- 1. Line 1 contains N1, followed by N1 integers of the first array
- 2. Line 2 contains N2, followed by N2 integers of the second array

Output Format

The intersection of the arrays in a single line

Example

Input:

1

3 10 17 57

6 2 7 10 15 57 246

Output:

10 57

Input:

.

6123456

216

Output:

16

## For example:

Input	Result		
1 3 10 17 57 6 2 7 10 15 57 246	10 57		

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1 #include <stdio.h>
 2 v int main() {
             int t, n, m;
scanf("%d", &t);
              while (t--) {
    scanf("%d", &n);
                    int arr[n];
for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
    scanf("%d", &arr[i]);</pre>
 8
 9 .
10
11
13
                     scanf("%d", &m);
                    int brr[m];
for (int i = 0; i < m; i++) {
    scanf("%d", &brr[i]);</pre>
14
15
16
17
18
                     int result[n < m ? n : m];</pre>
20
21
                     for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
    for (int j = 0; j < m; j++) {
        if (arr[i] == brr[j]) {</pre>
22
23
24
25
```

```
int alreadytxists = 0;
for (int k = 0; k < c; k++) {
   if (result[k] == arr[i]) {
       alreadyExists = 1;
26
27
 28
 29
30
31
                                                     break;
32
33 ,
                                        if (!alreadyExists) {
34
35
                                              result[c++] = arr[i];
36
37
38
39
40
                    for (int i = 0; i < c; i++) {
    printf("%d ", result[i]);</pre>
41
42
43
44
45
                    printf("\n");
46
47
              return 0;
48
49
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	1 3 10 17 57 6 2 7 10 15 57 246	10 57	10 57	~
~	1 6 1 2 3 4 5 6 2 1 6	1 6	1 6	~

## Passed all tests! 🗸

## Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

Finish review

→ 2-Finding Duplicates-O(n) Time Complexity,O(1) Space Complexity

Jump to...

**‡** 

4-Print Intersection of 2 sorted arrays-O(m+n)Time Complexity,O(1) Space Complexity ►