1

Assignment-1

AI24BTECH11019-PRATHEEK

C.MULTIPE CHOICE QUESTIONS

- 1) Given positive integers r > 1, n > 2 and that coefficient of (3r) th terms in the binomial expansion of $(1 + x)^{2n}$ are equal. Then (1983 - 1Mark)
- (a) n = 2r
- (c) n = 3r
- (b) n = 2r + 1
- (d) none of these
- 2) The coefficient of x^4 in $\left(\frac{x}{2} \frac{3}{x^2}\right)^{10}$ is (1983 1Mark))
 - (a) $\frac{405}{256}$ (b) $\frac{504}{259}$

- (c) $\frac{450}{263}$ (d) none of these
- expression $\left(x + \left(x^3 1\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}\right)^3$ $\left(x-\left(x^3-1\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}\right)^5$ is a polynomial of degree
 - (a) 5

(c) 7

(b) 6

- (d) 8
- 4) If in the expansion of $(1+x)^m (1-x)^n$, the coefficients of x and x^2 are 3 and -6respectively, then m is (1999 - 2Marks)
 - (a) 6

(c) 12

(b) 9

- (d) 24
- 5) For $2 \le r \le n$, $\binom{n}{r} + 2\binom{n}{r-1} + \binom{n}{r-2} = (2000S)$
 - (a) $\binom{n+1}{r-1}$ (c) $2\binom{n+2}{r}$ (b) $2\binom{n+1}{r+1}$ (d) $\binom{n+2}{r}$
- 6) In the binomial expansion of $(a-b)^n$, $n \ge 5$, t the sum of of the 5^{th} and 6^{th} terms is zero. Then a/b equals (2001S)

- (a) (n-5)/6
- (c) 5/(n-4)
- (b) (n-4)/5
- (d) 6/(n-5)
- 7) The sum $\sum_{i=0}^{9} {10 \choose i} {20 \choose m-i}$, (where ${p \choose q} = 0$ if p < 10(2002S)q) is maximum when m is
 - (a) 5

- (c) 15
- (b) 10
- (d) 20
- 8) Coefficient of t^{24} in $(1 + t^{212})(1 + t^{12})(1 + t^{24})$ (2003S)

- (a) ${}^{12}C_6+3$ (c) ${}^{12}C_6$ (b) ${}^{12}C_6+1$ (d) ${}^{12}C_6+2$
- 9) If $^{n-1}C_r = (k^2 3)^n C_{r+1}$ then $(k \in)$ (2004S)

 - (a) (-8, -2] (c) $[-\sqrt{3}, \sqrt{3}]$
- (d) $(\sqrt{3}, 2]$
- 10) The value (2005S)

- 11) For $0, 1 \cdots, 10,$ A_r, B_r denote, respectively coefficients of x^r in the of $(1+x)^{10}$, $(1+x)^{20}$ and $(1+x)^{30}$. Then $\sum_{r=1}^{10} A_r (B_{10}B_r - C10A_r)$ is equal to
- (a) $B_{10} C_{10}$ (c) 0 (b) $A_{10} \left(B_{10}^2 C_{10} A_{10} \right)$ (d) $C_{10} B_{10}$
- 12) Coefficient of x^{11} in the of $(1 + x^2)^4 (1 + x^3)^7 (1 + x^4)^{12}$ is (JEEAdv.2014)the expansion

- (a) 1051
- (c) 1113
- (b) 1106
- (d) 1120

D.MCQs with One or More than One Correct

- 1) If c_r stands for nC_r , the the sum of the series $\frac{2\binom{n}{2}!\binom{n}{2}!}{n!}[C_0^2-2C_1^2+3C_2^2-\cdots+(-1)^n(n+1)C_n^2],$ where n is an even positive integer is equal (1992 - 2Marks)to
 - (a) 0

- (d) $(-1)^n n$
- (e) none of these
- (b) $(-1)^{\frac{n}{2}}(n+1)$ (c) $(-1)^{\frac{n}{2}}(n+2)$
- 2) If $a_n = \sum_{r=0}^n \frac{1}{{}^nC_r}$, then $\sum_{r=0}^n \frac{r}{{}^nC_r}$ equals (1998 2*Marks*)
- (b) na_n
- (a) $(n-1)a_n$ (c) $\frac{1}{2}na_n$ (d) None of The above