NCERT: Class XII

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13.2.4 A fair coin and an unbiased die are tossed. Let A be the event 'head appears on the coin' and B be the event '3 on the die'. Check whether A and B are independent events or not.

Solution:

Let X_i be the event when coin is tossed and Y_j be the event when the die is rolled. Then,

Random variable	Value	Description
X_i	{0,1}	0:Head, 1:Tail
Y_j	{1,2,3,4,5,6}	Number on the die

The sample space is given by,

$$S = \{X_i, Y_j\} = \{(0, 1), (0, 2), (0, 3), (0, 4), (0, 5), (0, 6), (1, 1), (1, 2), (1, 3), (1, 4), (1, 5), (1, 6)\}$$

Given A is the event 'head appears on the coin' and B is the event '3 on the die', then

$$Pr(A) = Pr(0, Y_i)$$

$$(13.2.4.1)$$

$$= \Pr(0,1) + \Pr(0,2) + \Pr(0,3) + \Pr(0,4) + \Pr(0,5) + \Pr(0,6)$$
(13.2.4.2)

$$= 1/12 + 1/12 + 1/12 + 1/12 + 1/12 + 1/12$$
(13.2.4.3)

$$= 6/12 = 1/2 \tag{13.2.4.4}$$

and,

$$\Pr(B) = \Pr(X_i, 3)$$
 (13.2.4.5)

$$= \Pr(0,3) + \Pr(1,3) \tag{13.2.4.6}$$

$$= 1/12 + 1/12 \tag{13.2.4.7}$$

$$=2/12=1/6\tag{13.2.4.8}$$

$$Pr(AB) = Pr(0,3)$$
 (13.2.4.9)

$$= 1/12 \tag{13.2.4.10}$$

(13.2.4.11)

Since, $Pr(AB) = Pr(A) \cdot Pr(B)$, A and B are independent events.