OS - DINING PHILOSOPHERS PROBLEM

- 4. Write a C program to simulate:
- b) Dining-Philosophers problem using semaphores.

Code:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <pthread.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#define N 5 // number of philosophers
int chopstick[N] = {1, 1, 1, 1, 1}; // 1 means available
int mutex = 1;
int wait(int *s) {
  while (*s \leq 0);
  (*s)--;
  return 0;
}
int Signal(int *s) {
  (*s)++;
  return 0;
}
void* philosopher(void* num) {
  int i = *(int*)num;
  do {
     printf("Philosopher %d is thinking\n", i);
     sleep(1);
     // Try to pick up left and right chopsticks
     wait(&mutex);
     wait(&chopstick[i]); // left chopstick
     wait(&chopstick[(i + 1) % N]); // right chopstick
     printf("Philosopher %d is eating\n", i);
     sleep(2); // eating
     // Put down chopsticks
     Signal(&chopstick[i]);
```

```
Signal(&chopstick[(i + 1) % N]);
     Signal(&mutex);
     printf("Philosopher %d put down chopsticks and is thinking again\n", i);
    sleep(1);
  } while (1);
  return NULL;
}
int main() {
  pthread t thread id[N];
  int philosopher_ids[N];
  for (int i = 0; i < N; i++) {
     philosopher_ids[i] = i;
    pthread create(&thread id[i], NULL, philosopher, &philosopher ids[i]);
  }
  for (int i = 0; i < N; i++) {
     pthread_join(thread_id[i], NULL);
  }
  return 0;
}
 Philosopher 0 is thinking
 Philosopher 1 is thinking
 Philosopher 2 is thinking
```

```
Philosopher 0 is thinking
Philosopher 1 is thinking
Philosopher 2 is thinking
Philosopher 3 is thinking
Philosopher 4 is thinking
Philosopher 1 is eating
Philosopher 1 put down chopsticks and is thinking again
Philosopher 4 is eating
Philosopher 2 is eating
Philosopher 1 is thinking
Philosopher 4 put down chopsticks and is thinking again
```