### **EXPERIMENT 6**

```
PROGRAM:
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
<title>Class Selector Example</title>
k rel="stylesheet" type="text/css" href="styles.css">
</head>
<body>
<h1 class="main-heading">Welcome to Web Development</h1>
This paragraph is styled using a class selector. It introduces
the
topic.
This is another paragraph with different styling using
another
class.
<button class="btn-primary">Click Me!</button>
<button class="btn-secondary">Submit</button>
</body>
</html>
styles.css
body {
font-family: Arial, sans-serif;
background-color: #f5f5f5;
}
.main-heading {
color: darkgreen;
text-align: center;
margin-top: 20px;
}
.intro-para {
color: navy;
font-size: 18px;
padding: 10px;
background-color: #e0f7fa;
margin: 20px;
}
.content-para {
color: maroon;
font-size: 16px;
padding: 10px;
background-color: #ffe0b2;
margin: 20px;
}
```

```
.btn-primary {
background-color: royalblue;
color: white;
padding: 10px 20px;
border: none:
11
margin: 10px;
border-radius: 5px;
cursor: pointer;
}
.btn-secondary {
background-color: darkorange;
color: white;
padding: 10px 20px;
border: none;
margin: 10px;
border-radius: 5px;
cursor: pointer;
OUTPUT:
```

## Welcome to Web Development

This paragraph is styled using a class selector. It introduces the topic.

This is another paragraph with different styling using another class.

Click Me! Submit styles.css body { font-family: Arial, sans-serif; background-color: #f5f5f5; } .main-heading { color: darkgreen; text-align: center; margin-top: 20px; } .intro-para { color: navy; font-size: 18px; padding: 10px; background-color: #e0f7fa; margin: 20px; } .content-para { color: maroon; font-size: 16px; padding: 10px; background-color: #ffe0b2; margin: 20px; } .btn-primary { background-color: royalblue; color: white; padding: 10px 20px; border: none; 11 margin: 10px; border-radius: 5px; cursor: pointer; } .btn-secondary { background-color: darkorange; color: white; padding: 10px 20px; border: none; margin: 10px; border-radius: 5px; cursor: pointer; }

#### **EXPERIMENT 7**

#### **PROGRAM:**

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
<title>Float Positioning Example</title>
k rel="stylesheet" type="text/css" href="style.css">
</head>
<body>
<div class="box-left">
<h2>Left Box</h2>
This box floats to the left side.
</div>
<div class="box-right">
<h2>Right Box</h2>
12
This box floats to the right side.
</div>
</body>
</html>
style.css
body {
font-family: Arial, sans-serif;
margin: 20px;
}
.box-left {
width: 45%;
float: left;
background-color: #add8e6;
padding: 20px;
margin-right: 5%;
}
.box-right {
width: 45%;
float: left;
background-color: #f08080;
padding: 20px;
/* Clear floats after the floated elements */
```

```
body::after {
  content: "";
  display: table;
  clear: both;
}
```

#### Left Box

This box floats to the left side.

### Right Box

12

This box floats to the right side.

```
style.css body { font-family: Arial, sans-serif; margin: 20px; } .box-left { width: 45%; float: left; background-color: #add8e6; padding: 20px; margin-right: 5%; } .box-right { width: 45%; float: left; background-color: #f08080; padding: 20px; } /* Clear floats after the floated elements */ body::after { content: ""; display: table; clear: both; }
```

# EXPERIMENT 8 PROGRAM:

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
<title>JavaScript Number Operations</title>
</head>
<body>
<h1>JavaScript Number Operations</h1>
<script>
var num = 1234.56789;
// Find exponential value
var exponentialValue = num.toExponential(2);
// Limit decimal places
var fixedDecimal = num.toFixed(3);
// Convert number to string
```

```
var numberToString = num.toString();
// Return negative infinity
var negativeInfinity = Number.NEGATIVE_INFINITY;
// Display outputs
document.write("<h3>Exponential Value (2 digits): " + exponentialValue + "</h3>");
document.write("<h3>Fixed Decimal (3 places): " + fixedDecimal + "</h3>");
document.write("<h3>Number to String: " + numberToString + "</h3>");
document.write("<h3>Negative Infinity: " + negativeInfinity + "</h3>");
</script>
</body>
</html>
```

## **JavaScript Number Operations**

Exponential Value (2 digits): 1.23e+3

Fixed Decimal (3 places): 1234.568

**Number to String: 1234.56789** 

**Negative Infinity: -Infinity** 

# EXPERIMENT 9 PROGRAM:

```
email_validation.html
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
<title>Email Validation</title>
```

```
<script>
function validateEmail() {
var email = document.getElementById("email").value;
var pattern = /^[^\s@]+@[^\s@]+\.[^\s@]+$/;
if (pattern.test(email)) {
alert("Valid Email Address!");
return true;
} else {
alert("Invalid Email Address! Please enter a valid email.");
return false;
}
}
</script>
</head>
<body>
<h2>Email Validation Form</h2>
<form onsubmit="return validateEmail()">
<label for="email">Enter your Email:</label><br><br>
<input type="text" id="email" name="email" required><br><br>
<input type="submit" value="Submit">
</form>
</body>
</html>
```

email\_validation.html

### **Email Validation Form**

Enter your Email:
Submit

# EXPERIMENT 10 PROGRAM

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
<meta charset="UTF-8">
<meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
<title>Background GIF with CSS</title>
<style>
body {
margin: 0;
padding: 0;
height: 100vh;
}
.background-container {
background-image: url('your-gif.gif'); /* Use the path to your GIF file */
background-size: cover; /* Make the background cover the entire screen */
background-position: center;
height: 100vh;
width: 100%;
transition: opacity 2s ease-in-out; /* Smooth transition for opacity */
opacity: 0.7; /* Initial transparency */
/* On hover, change the transparency */
.background-container:hover {
opacity: 1; /* Full opacity on hover */
</style>
</head>
<body>
16
<div class="background-container">
<!-- You can add content here if you wish -->
<h1 style="color: white; text-align: center; padding-top: 40%;">Welcome to the
Animated
Background!</h1>
</div>
</body>
</html>
```

background\_gif.html