Basic to Advanced Java programs

1. Reverse a String

3. Fibonacci Series

```
public class Fibonacci {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    int n = 10, num1 = 0, num2 = 1;
    System.out.print("Fibonacci Series: " + num1 + ", " + num2);
    for (int i = 2; i < n; i++) {
       int num3 = num1 + num2;
        System.out.print(", " + num3);
        num1 = num2; num2 = num3;
    }
}</pre>
```

4. Factorial of a Number

```
public class Factorial {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    int num = 5, factorial = 1;
    for (int i = 1; i <= num; i++) {
       factorial *= i;
    }
    System.out.println(factorial);
  }
}</pre>
```

5. Prime Number Check

```
public class PrimeCheck {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
  int num = 11;
  boolean isPrime = true;
  for (int i = 2; i <= Math.sqrt(num); i++) {
    if (num % i == 0) {
    isPrime = false;
    break;
  }
  }
}
System.out.println(isPrime);
}</pre>
```

6. Count Vowels and Consonants

```
public class VowelConsonantCount {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    String str = "Automation";
```

```
int vowels = 0, consonants = 0;
    for (char c : str.toCharArray()) {
      if ("aeiouAEIOU".indexOf(c) != -1) {
        vowels++:
      } else if (Character.isLetter(c)) {
        consonants++;
      }
    }
    System.out.println("Vowels: " + vowels + ", Consonants: " + consonants);
}
                                                   7. Sort an Array
                                                  import java.util.Arrays;
                                                  public class SortArray {
                                                     public static void main(String[] args) {
                                                       int[] arr = {5, 2, 8, 1, 3};
                                                       Arrays.sort(arr);
                                                       System.out.println(Arrays.toString(arr));
                                                    }
 8. Merge Two Arrays
 import java.util.Arrays; public class
```

```
MergeArrays {
   public static void main(String[] args) {
    int[] arr1 = {1, 3, 5}; int[] arr2 = {2, 4, 6}; int[] merged = new
    int[arr1.length + arr2.length]; System.arraycopy(arr1, 0,
    merged, 0, arr1.length); System.arraycopy(arr2, 0, merged,
    arr1.length, arr2.length);
```

```
System.out.println(Arrays.toString(merged));
}
```

9. Find the Largest Element in an Array

```
public class LargestInArray {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    int[] arr = {1, 3, 5, 7, 9};
    int largest = arr[0]; for
    (int num : arr) {
        if (num > largest) {
            largest = num;
        }
    }
    System.out.println(largest);
}
```

10. Remove Duplicates from an Array

```
import java.util.HashSet;
public class RemoveDuplicates {
   public static void main(String[] args) {
     int[] arr = {1, 2, 2, 3, 4, 4};
     HashSet<Integer> set = new HashSet<>();
     for (int num : arr) {
        set.add(num);
     }
     System.out.println(set);
   }
}
```

11. Check if a Number is Armstrong

```
public class ArmstrongNumber {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    int num = 153, sum = 0, temp = num;
    while (temp!= 0) {
      int digit = temp % 10;
      sum += Math.pow(digit, 3);
      temp /= 10;
    }
    System.out.println(num == sum);
    public class
    public state
    int num == while (num == sum);
}
```

12. Reverse a Number

```
public class ReverseNumber {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    int num = 12345, reversed = 0;
    while (num != 0) {
      reversed = reversed * 10 + num % 10;
      num /= 10;
    }
    System.out.println(reversed);
}
```

13. Calculate GCD of Two Numbers

```
public class GCD {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    int a = 60, b = 48;
    while (b != 0) {
    int temp = b;
}
```

```
b = a \% b;
     a = temp;
   System.out.println(a);
 }
}
14. Check for Anagram
import java.util.Arrays;
public class AnagramCheck {
 public static void main(String[] args) {
 String str1 = "listen", str2 = "silent";
 char[] arr1 = str1.toCharArray();
 char[] arr2 = str2.toCharArray();
 Arrays.sort(arr1);
 Arrays.sort(arr2);
 System.out.println(Arrays.equals(arr1, arr2));
 }
15. Count the Number of Digits in a Number
public class CountDigits {
 public static void main(String[] args) {
   int num = 12345;
   int count = String.valueOf(num).length();
   System.out.println(count);
 }
}
16. Print the Prime Numbers in a Range
public class PrimeInRange {
```

public static void main(String[] args) {

```
int start = 10, end = 50;
   for (int num = start; num <= end; num++) {
      boolean isPrime = true;
      for (int i = 2; i <= Math.sqrt(num); i++) {</pre>
        if (num % i == 0) {
        isPrime = false;
        break;
        }
      }
      if (isPrime && num > 1) {
        System.out.print(num + " ");
     }
   }
 }
}
```

17. Find the Second Largest Element in an Array

```
public class SecondLargest {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        int[] arr = {12, 35, 1, 10, 34, 1};
        int first = Integer.MIN_VALUE, second = Integer.MIN_VALUE;
        for (int num : arr) {
            if (num > first) {
                second = first;
                 first = num;
            } else if (num > second && num != first) {
                 second = num;
            }
        }
        System.out.println(second);
}
```

```
}
```

18. Swap Two Numbers

```
public class SwapNumbers {
```

```
public static void main(String[] args) {
  int a = 5, b = 10; a = a + b; b = a - b; a = a
  - b; System.out.println("a: " + a + ", b: " +
  b);
}
```

19. Print the Pascal's Triangle

20. Find the Missing Number in an Array

```
public class MissingNumber {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
```

```
int[] arr = \{1, 2, 4, 5, 6\};
  int n = arr.length + 1;
  int total = n * (n + 1) / 2;
  for (int num: arr) {
    total -= num;
  }
                                          21. Convert Decimal to Binary
  System.out.println(total);
                                          public class DecimalToBinary {
}
                                            public static void main(String[] args) {
                                              int num = 10;
                                              String binary = Integer.toBinaryString(num);
                                              System.out.println(binary);
                                            }
                                           }
22. Check for Perfect Number
 public class PerfectNumber {
   public static void main(String[] args) {
     int num = 28, sum = 0;
     for (int i = 1; i <= num / 2; i++) {
       if (num % i == 0) {
         sum += i:
       }
     }
     System.out.println(num == sum);
   }
 }
```