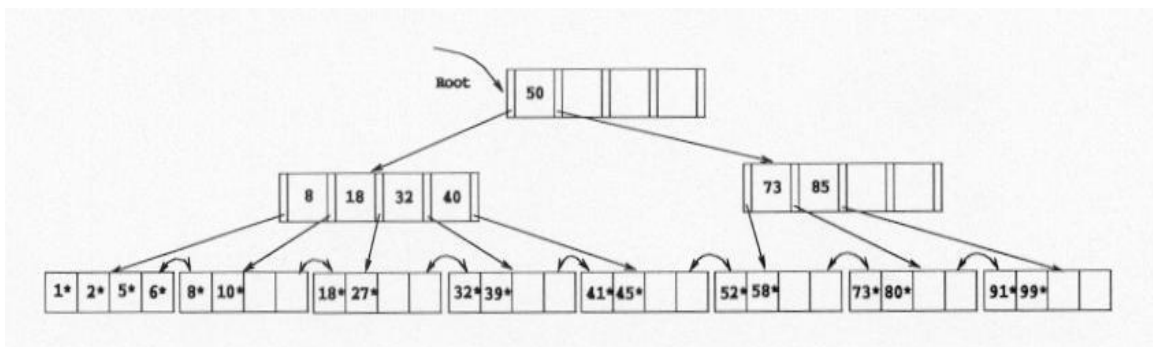
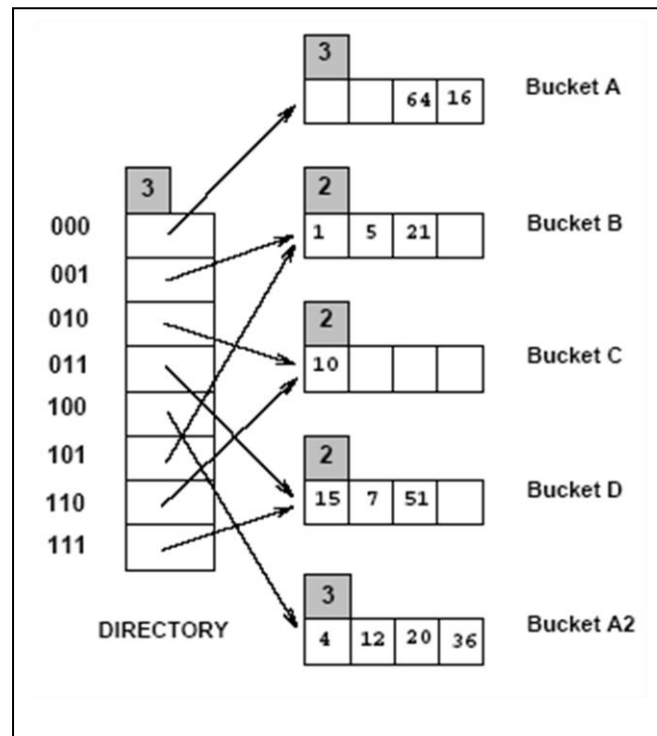


Tutorial 6 – File Organization and Indexing Techniques

1. Which of the three basic file organizations would you choose for a file where the most frequent operations are as follows?
 - a. Search for records based on a range of field values.
 - b. Perform inserts and scans where the order of records does not matter.
 - c. Search for records based on a particular field value.
2. Consider a relation stored as a randomly ordered file for which the only index is an unclustered index on a field called *sal*. If you want to retrieve all records with *sal* > 20, is using the index always the best alternative? Explain.
3. Consider the B+ tree index of order $d = 2$ shown in Figure.
 - a. Show the tree that would result from inserting a data entry with key 9 into this tree.
 - b. Show the B+ tree that would result from inserting a data entry with key 3 into the original tree.
 - c. Show the B+ tree that would result from deleting the data entry with key 8 from the original tree, assuming that the left sibling is checked for possible redistribution.
 - d. Show the B+ tree that would result from deleting the data entry with key 8 from the original tree, assuming that the right sibling is checked for possible redistribution.



4. Consider the Extendable Hashing index shown in Figure. Answer the following questions about this index.



- What can you say about the last entry that was inserted into the index?
- Show the index after inserting an entry with hash value 68.
- Show the original index after inserting entries with hash values 17 and 69
- Show the original index after deleting the entry with hash value 21. (Assume that the full deletion algorithm is use.)