```
!pip install -q keras
import keras
import glob
import tensorflow as tf
import io
from tensorflow import keras
from tensorflow.keras import layers
from tensorflow.keras import optimizers
from tensorflow.keras.models import Sequential
from tensorflow.keras.layers import Dense
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder, MinMaxScaler
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import keras as k
import seaborn as sns
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy score, confusion matrix, classification report
from google.colab import files
uploaded = files.upload()
      Choose Files | chronic kid...disease.csv

    chronic_kidney_disease.csv(text/csv) - 29325 bytes, last modified: 10/24/2020 - 100% done

     Saving chronic kidney disease.csv to chronic kidney disease.csv
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.impute import KNNImputer
from sklearn import preprocessing
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
#Create function for checking missing values which accepts a dataframe as its parameter
```

```
def null_values_check(df):
    #Error handling to prevent abnormal termination of operation
    try:
        #if-else statement for null value check
        if(df.isnull().values.any() == True):
            #if there are null values present, print a column-wise summary of records with null values
            print('Number of null records within each column:\n' + str(df.isnull().sum()))
        else:
            print('There is no missing values in the dataset.')
    except Exception as e:
        logging.error(e)
dataset name = 'kidney disease.csv'
#error-handling to prevent abnormal termination of code
try:
    #import and load weather dataset into pandas dataframe
    chronic kidney disease dataframe = pd.read csv(io.BytesIO(uploaded['chronic kidney disease.csv']))
    #Description of Datasets
    #Print number of records and attributes of whole kidney dataset
    print('Shape of dataset: ' + str(chronic kidney disease dataframe.shape))
    print('Total number of records in dataset = ' + str(chronic kidney disease dataframe.shape[0]))
    print('Total number of attributes in dataset = ' + str(chronic kidney disease dataframe.shape[1]))
    print('')
    #call function created to check for null values
    null values check(chronic kidney disease dataframe)
    #Missing value imputation
    #replace ? to nan values
    chronic kidney disease dataframe = chronic kidney disease dataframe.replace('?', np.nan)
    #set the features and the target variables
    target_class = chronic_kidney_disease_dataframe['class']
    print('\nAre there missing values in Target Class? ' + str(target class.isna().any()))
    feature_classes = chronic_kidney_disease_dataframe.iloc[:, 0:24]
    print('\nAre there missing values in the Features? \n' + str(feature classes.isna().any()))
    #KNN imputation (n neighbour = 5 means that the missing values will be replaced by the mean value of 5 nearest neighbors
```

```
knn missing values imputer = KNNImputer(n neighbors=5)
    feature classes = pd.DataFrame(knn missing values imputer.fit transform(feature classes),
                                   columns = feature classes.columns)
   print('\nNow, Are there any missing values in Features? ' + str(feature classes.isna().any()))
   #Scaling and normalization of features
   standard feature scaler = StandardScaler()
   feature classes = standard feature scaler.fit transform(feature classes)
   feature classes = pd.DataFrame(feature_classes, columns=['age', 'bp', 'sg', 'al', 'su', 'rbc', 'pc',
                                                              'pcc', 'ba', 'bgr', 'bu', 'sc', 'sod', 'pot',
                                                              'hemo', 'pcv', 'wbcc', 'rbcc', 'htn', 'dm',
                                                              'cad', 'appet', 'pe', 'ane'])
   #Encoding target class using label encoding
   target label encoder = preprocessing.LabelEncoder()
   target_class = target_label_encoder.fit_transform(target_class)
   target class1 = pd.DataFrame(target class, columns=['class'])
   #split the dataset into training and testing data
   train features, test features, train target, test target = train test split(feature classes, target class,
                                                                                train size = 0.8, test size = 0.2)
    print('\nAfter Pre-processing:')
   print('Size of train dataset: ' + str(train target.shape[0]))
   print('Size of test dataset: ' + str(test target.shape[0]))
except FileNotFoundError as e:
   logging.error(e)
     Are there missing values in the Features?
               True
     age
     bp
               True
               True
     sg
     al
               True
               True
     su
              False
     rbc
              False
     рс
              False
     pcc
              False
     ba
```

```
True
bgr
bu
          True
          True
sc
sod
          True
pot
          True
hemo
          True
         False
pcv
         False
wbcc
rbcc
         False
htn
         False
dm
         False
         False
cad
         False
appet
pe
         False
         False
ane
dtype: bool
                                                          False
Now, Are there any missing values in Features? age
bp
         False
         False
sg
al
         False
         False
su
         False
rbc
         False
рс
         False
рсс
ba
         False
         False
bgr
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sod
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         False
pot
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hemo
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rbcc
htn
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dm
         False
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cad
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appet
pe
         False
         False
ane
dtype: bool
```

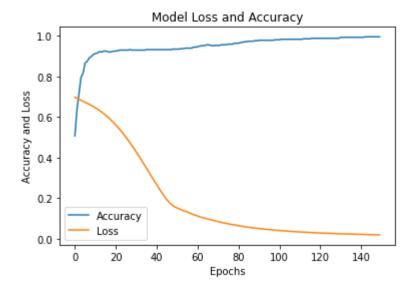
```
After Pre-processing:
    Size of train dataset: 320
    Size of test dataset: 80
from collections import Counter
from imblearn.over sampling import SMOTE
counter=Counter(train target)
print('before',counter)
smt=SMOTE()
x train sm,y train sm=smt.fit resample(train features,train target)
counter=Counter(y train sm)
print('after',counter)
    before Counter({0: 206, 1: 114})
    after Counter({0: 206, 1: 206})
model = Sequential()
#first layer
model.add(Dense(32,input dim= 24,kernel initializer= k.initializers.random normal(seed= 13),activation= 'relu'))
#second layer
model.add(Dense(32,input dim= 24,kernel initializer= k.initializers.random normal(seed= 13),activation= 'relu'))
#final layer
model.add(Dense (1, activation = 'hard sigmoid'))
model.compile(loss = 'binary crossentropy', optimizer = 'adam', metrics = ['accuracy'])
history = model.fit(x train sm, y train sm, epochs =150, batch size =x train sm.shape[0])
    _poc., ___, __o
    Epoch 123/150
    Epoch 124/150
    Epoch 125/150
                                                                   0 0070
```

```
Epoch 126/150
Epoch 127/150
Epoch 128/150
Epoch 129/150
Epoch 130/150
Epoch 131/150
Epoch 132/150
1/1 [================ ] - 0s 6ms/step - loss: 0.0245 - accuracy: 0.9927
Epoch 133/150
Epoch 134/150
Epoch 135/150
Epoch 136/150
Epoch 137/150
Epoch 138/150
Epoch 139/150
Epoch 140/150
Epoch 141/150
Epoch 142/150
Epoch 143/150
Epoch 144/150
Epoch 145/150
Epoch 146/150
              0 00 5 4
```

model.save('ckd.model');

INFO:tensorflow:Assets written to: ckd.model/assets

```
plt.plot(history.history['accuracy'],label='Accuracy')
plt.plot(history.history['loss'],label='Loss')
plt.title('Model Loss and Accuracy')
plt.ylabel('Accuracy and Loss')
plt.xlabel('Epochs')
plt.legend();
```



pred = model.predict(test_features)

```
pred = [1 if y>=0.5 else 0 for y in pred]

print('Original: {0}'.format(",".join(str(x) for x in test_target)))
print('Predicted: {0}'.format(",".join(str(x) for x in pred)))

Original: 1,1,1,1,0,0,0,0,0,1,1,1,0,0,1,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,0,0,0,1,1,1,0,0,0,1,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1
```

report = classification_report(test_target, pred)
print(report)

₽		precision	recall	f1-score	support
	0	0.98	1.00	0.99	44
	1	1.00	0.97	0.99	36
	accuracy			0.99	80
	macro avg	0.99	0.99	0.99	80
	weighted avg	0.99	0.99	0.99	80

+ Code — + Text

✓ 0s completed at 09:57

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