PROGRAM 1:

Create a knowledge base using prepositional logic and show that the given query entails the knowledge base or not

```
combinations = [(True, True, True), (True, True, False), (True, False,
True), (True, False, False),
                (False, True, True), (False, True, False), (False, False,
True), (False, False, False)]
variable = {'p': 0, 'q': 1, 'r': 2}
kb = ''
q = ''
priority = \{' \sim ': 3, 'v': 1, '^{'}: 2\}
def input rules():
   kb = (input("Enter rule: "))
   q = input("Enter the Query: ")
def entailment():
    print('*'*10+"Truth Table Reference"+'*'*10)
   print('kb', 'alpha')
   print('*'*10)
    for comb in combinations:
        s = evaluatePostfix(toPostfix(kb), comb)
        f = evaluatePostfix(toPostfix(q), comb)
       print(s, f)
       print('-'*10)
def isOperand(c):
    return c.isalpha() and c != 'v'
def isLeftParanthesis(c):
```

```
def isRightParanthesis(c):
def isEmpty(stack):
    return len(stack) == 0
def peek(stack):
   return stack[-1]
def hasLessOrEqualPriority(c1, c2):
       return priority[c1] <= priority[c2]</pre>
def toPostfix(infix):
   stack = []
   postfix = ''
    for c in infix:
       if isOperand(c):
            postfix += c
            if isLeftParanthesis(c):
                stack.append(c)
            elif isRightParanthesis(c):
                operator = stack.pop()
                while not isLeftParanthesis(operator):
                    postfix += operator
                    operator = stack.pop()
                while (not isEmpty(stack)) and hasLessOrEqualPriority(c,
peek(stack)):
                    postfix += stack.pop()
```

```
stack.append(c)
   while (not isEmpty(stack)):
        postfix += stack.pop()
    return postfix
def evaluatePostfix(exp, comb):
    stack = []
   for i in exp:
        if isOperand(i):
            stack.append(comb[variable[i]])
       elif i == '~':
            val1 = stack.pop()
            stack.append(not val1)
           val1 = stack.pop()
            val2 = stack.pop()
            stack.append( eval(i, val2, val1))
    return stack.pop()
def eval(i, val1, val2):
        return val2 and val1
    return val2 or val1
input rules()
ans = entailment()
if ans:
   print("The Knowledge Base entails query")
else:
   print("The Knowledge Base does not entail query")
```

Enter rule: (~qv~pvr)^(~q^p)^q

Enter the Query: r

```
******Truth Table Reference*******
kb alpha
*****
False True
_____
False False
-----
False True
-----
False False
False True
_____
False False
-----
False True
-----
False False
The Knowledge Base entails query
```

PROGRAM 2:

Create a knowledge base using prepositional logic and prove the given query using resolution.

```
def negate(term):
    return f'~{term}' if term[0] != '~' else term[1]

def reverse(clause):
    if len(clause) > 2:
        t = split_terms(clause)
        return f'{t[1]}v{t[0]}'
    return ''

def split_terms(rule):
    exp = '(~*[PQRS])'
    terms = re.findall(exp, rule)
    return terms
```

```
def contradiction(query, clause):
    contradictions = [f'{query}v{negate(query)}',
f'{negate(query)}v{query}']
    return clause in contradictions or reverse (clause) in contradictions
def resolve(kb, query):
    temp = kb.copy()
    temp += [negate(query)]
    steps = dict()
    for rule in temp:
        steps[rule] = 'Given.'
    steps[negate(query)] = 'Negated conclusion.'
    i = 0
    while i < len(temp):</pre>
        n = len(temp)
        j = (i + 1) % n
        clauses = []
        while j != i:
            terms1 = split terms(temp[i])
            terms2 = split terms(temp[j])
            for c in terms1:
                if negate(c) in terms2:
                    t1 = [t for t in terms1 if t != c]
                    t2 = [t for t in terms2 if t != negate(c)]
                    gen = t1 + t2
                    if len(gen) == 2:
                        if gen[0] != negate(gen[1]):
                            clauses += [f'\{gen[0]\}v\{gen[1]\}']
                        else:
                            if contradiction(query, f'{gen[0]}v{gen[1]}'):
                                 temp.append(f'{gen[0]}v{gen[1]}')
                                 steps[''] = f"Resolved {temp[i]} and
{temp[j]} to {temp[-1]}, which is in turn null. \
                                 \nA contradiction is found when
{negate(query)} is assumed as true. Hence, {query} is true."
                                 return steps
                    elif len(gen) == 1:
```

```
clauses += [f'{gen[0]}']
                    else:
                        if contradiction (query,
f'{terms1[0]}v{terms2[0]}'):
                            temp.append(f'{terms1[0]}v{terms2[0]}')
                            steps[''] = f"Resolved {temp[i]} and {temp[j]}
to {temp[-1]}, which is in turn null. \
                            \nA contradiction is found when
{negate(query)} is assumed as true. Hence, {query} is true."
                            return steps
            for clause in clauses:
                if clause not in temp and clause != reverse(clause) and
reverse(clause) not in temp:
                    temp.append(clause)
                    steps[clause] = f'Resolved from {temp[i]} and
{temp[j]}.'
            j = (j + 1) % n
        i += 1
   return steps
def resolution(kb, query):
   kb = kb.split(' ')
    steps = resolve(kb, query)
   print('\nStep\t|Clause\t|Derivation\t')
   print('-' * 30)
   i = 1
    for step in steps:
       print(f' {i}.\t| {step}\t| {steps[step]}\t')
       i += 1
def main():
   print("Enter the kb:")
   kb = input()
   print("Enter the query:")
    query = input()
    resolution(kb, query)
main()
```

```
Enter the kb:
```

Rv~P Rv~Q ~RvP ~RvQ

Enter the query:

R

Step |Clause |Derivation

- 1. | Rv~P | Given.
- 2. | Rv~Q | Given.
- 3. | ~RvP | Given.
- 4. | ~RvQ | Given.
- 5. | ~R | Negated conclusion.
- 6. | Resolved Rv~P and ~RvP to Rv~R, which is in turn null.

A contradiction is found when ~R is assumed as true. Hence, R is true.

PROGRAM 3:

Implement unification in first order logic

```
def getAttributes(expression):
    expression = expression.split("(")[1:]
    expression = "(".join(expression)
    expression = expression.split(")")[:-1]
    expression = ")".join(expression)
    attributes = expression.split(',')
    return attributes

def getInitialPredicate(expression):
    return expression.split("(")[0]]

def isConstant(char):
    return char.isupper() and len(char) == 1

def isVariable(char):
    return char.islower() and len(char) == 1
```

```
def replaceAttributes(exp, old, new):
    attributes = getAttributes(exp)
   predicate = getInitialPredicate(exp)
    for index, val in enumerate(attributes):
        if val == old:
            attributes[index] = new
    return predicate + "(" + ",".join(attributes) + ")"
def apply(exp, substitutions):
    for substitution in substitutions:
        new, old = substitution
       exp = replaceAttributes(exp, old, new)
    return exp
def checkOccurs(var, exp):
   if exp.find(var) == -1:
       return False
    return True
def getFirstPart(expression):
    attributes = getAttributes(expression)
   return attributes[0]
def getRemainingPart(expression):
   predicate = getInitialPredicate(expression)
    attributes = getAttributes(expression)
    newExpression = predicate + "(" + ",".join(attributes[1:]) + ")"
    return newExpression
def unify(exp1, exp2):
   if exp1 == exp2:
        return []
    if isConstant(exp1) and isConstant(exp2):
        if exp1 != exp2:
```

```
print(f"{exp1} and {exp2} are constants. Cannot be unified")
            return []
   if isConstant(exp1):
        return [(exp1, exp2)]
   if isConstant(exp2):
       return [(exp2, exp1)]
   if isVariable(exp1):
        return [(exp2, exp1)] if not checkOccurs(exp1, exp2) else []
   if isVariable(exp2):
        return [(exp1, exp2)] if not checkOccurs(exp2, exp1) else []
   if getInitialPredicate(exp1) != getInitialPredicate(exp2):
       print("Cannot be unified as the predicates do not match!")
       return []
   attributeCount1 = len(getAttributes(exp1))
   attributeCount2 = len(getAttributes(exp2))
   if attributeCount1 != attributeCount2:
       print(
            f"Length of attributes {attributeCount1} and {attributeCount2}
do not match. Cannot be unified")
       return []
   head1 = getFirstPart(exp1)
   head2 = getFirstPart(exp2)
   initialSubstitution = unify(head1, head2)
   if not initialSubstitution:
       return []
   if attributeCount1 == 1:
       return initialSubstitution
   tail1 = getRemainingPart(exp1)
   tail2 = getRemainingPart(exp2)
   if initialSubstitution != []:
        tail1 = apply(tail1, initialSubstitution)
```

```
tail2 = apply(tail2, initialSubstitution)

remainingSubstitution = unify(tail1, tail2)
if not remainingSubstitution:
    return []

return initialSubstitution + remainingSubstitution

def main():
    print("Enter the first expression")
    e1 = input()
    print("Enter the second expression")
    e2 = input()
    substitutions = unify(e1, e2)
    print("The substitutions are:")
    print([' / '.join(substitution) for substitution in substitutions])

main()
```

Enter the first expression
Student(x) Teacher(Rose)
Enter the second expression
knows(f(x), y) knows(J, John)
Cannot be unified as the predicates do not match!
The substitutions are:

PROGRAM 4:

Convert given first order logic statement into Conjunctive Normal Form (CNF).

```
import re

def getAttributes(string):
    expr = '\([^)]+\)'
    matches = re.findall(expr, string)
    return [m for m in str(matches) if m.isalpha()]
```

```
def getPredicates(string):
    expr = '[a-z^-] + \langle ([A-Za-z,]+ \rangle)'
    return re.findall(expr, string)
def DeMorgan(sentence):
    string = ''.join(list(sentence).copy())
    string = string.replace('~~', '')
    flag = '[' in string
    string = string.replace('~[', '')
    string = string.strip(']')
    for predicate in getPredicates(string):
        string = string.replace(predicate, f'~{predicate}')
    s = list(string)
    for i, c in enumerate(string):
            s[i] = '^{\prime}
        elif c == '^':
            s[i] = 'V'
    string = ''.join(s)
    string = string.replace('~~', '')
    return f'[{string}]' if flag else string
def Skolemization(sentence):
    SKOLEM CONSTANTS = [f'(chr(c))' for c in range(ord('A'), ord('Z')+1)]
    statement = ''.join(list(sentence).copy())
    matches = re.findall('[\forall \exists].', statement)
    for match in matches[::-1]:
        statement = statement.replace(match, '')
        statements = re.findall('\[\[[^]]+\]]', statement)
        for s in statements:
            statement = statement.replace(s, s[1:-1])
        for predicate in getPredicates(statement):
            attributes = getAttributes(predicate)
            if ''.join(attributes).islower():
                statement = statement.replace(
                    match[1], SKOLEM CONSTANTS.pop(0))
```

```
aL = [a for a in attributes if a.islower()]
                aU = [a for a in attributes if not a.islower()][0]
                statement = statement.replace(
                    aU, f'{SKOLEM CONSTANTS.pop(0)}({aL[0] if len(aL) else
match[1]})')
    return statement
def fol to cnf(fol):
    statement = fol.replace("<=>", " ")
    while ' ' in statement:
        i = statement.index(' ')
        new statement = '[' + statement[:i] + '=>' + statement[i +
                                                                 1:] + ']^['
statement[i+1:] + '=>' + statement[:i] + ']'
        statement = new statement
    statement = statement.replace("=>", "-")
    statements = re.findall(expr, statement)
    for i, s in enumerate(statements):
        if '[' in s and ']' not in s:
            statements[i] += ']'
    for s in statements:
        statement = statement.replace(s, fol to cnf(s))
    while '-' in statement:
        i = statement.index('-')
        br = statement.index('[') if '[' in statement else 0
        new statement = '~' + statement[br:i] + 'V' + statement[i+1:]
        statement = statement[:br] + new statement if br > 0 else
new statement
    while ' \sim \forall' in statement:
        i = statement.index('~∀')
        statement = list(statement)
        statement[i], statement[i+1], statement[i+2] = '\exists',
statement[i+2], '~'
        statement = ''.join(statement)
   while '~∃' in statement:
        i = statement.index(' \sim \exists ')
        s = list(statement)
```

```
s[i], s[i+1], s[i+2] = '\forall', s[i+2], '~'
        statement = ''.join(s)
    statement = statement.replace('\sim[\forall', '[\sim\forall')
    statement = statement.replace('~[∃', '[~∃')
    expr = '(\sim [\forall \forall \exists].)'
    statements = re.findall(expr, statement)
    for s in statements:
        statement = statement.replace(s, fol_to_cnf(s))
    statements = re.findall(expr, statement)
    for s in statements:
        statement = statement.replace(s, DeMorgan(s))
    return statement
def main():
    print("Enter FOL:")
    fol = input()
    print("The CNF form of the given FOL is: ")
    print(Skolemization(fol_to_cnf(fol)))
main()
```

Enter FOL:

 $\forall x \text{ food}(x) => \text{likes}(\text{John}, x)$

The CNF form of the given FOL is:

~ food(A) V likes(John, A)

PROGRAM 5:

Create a knowledgebase consisting of first order logic statements and prove the given query using forward reasoning.

```
import re

def isVariable(x):
    return len(x) == 1 and x.islower() and x.isalpha()
```

```
def getAttributes(string):
   expr = '\([^)]+\)'
   matches = re.findall(expr, string)
   return matches
def getPredicates(string):
   return re.findall(expr, string)
class Fact:
   def init (self, expression):
       self.expression = expression
       predicate, params = self.splitExpression(expression)
       self.predicate = predicate
       self.params = params
       self.result = any(self.getConstants())
   def splitExpression(self, expression):
       predicate = getPredicates(expression)[0]
       params = getAttributes(expression)[0].strip('()').split(',')
       return [predicate, params]
   def getResult(self):
       return self.result
   def getConstants(self):
       return [None if isVariable(c) else c for c in self.params]
   def getVariables(self):
       return [v if isVariable(v) else None for v in self.params]
   def substitute(self, constants):
       c = constants.copy()
        f = f"{self.predicate}({','.join([constants.pop(0) if
isVariable(p) else p for p in self.params])})"
       return Fact(f)
```

```
def init (self, expression):
       self.expression = expression
       1 = expression.split('=>')
       self.lhs = [Fact(f) for f in 1[0].split('&')]
       self.rhs = Fact(1[1])
   def evaluate(self, facts):
       constants = {}
       new lhs = []
       for fact in facts:
            for val in self.lhs:
                if val.predicate == fact.predicate:
                    for i, v in enumerate(val.getVariables()):
                        if v:
                            constants[v] = fact.getConstants()[i]
                    new lhs.append(fact)
       predicate, attributes = getPredicates(self.rhs.expression)[
            0], str(getAttributes(self.rhs.expression)[0])
            if constants[key]:
                attributes = attributes.replace(key, constants[key])
       expr = f'{predicate}{attributes}'
       return Fact(expr) if len(new lhs) and all([f.getResult() for f in
new lhs]) else None
   def init (self):
       self.facts = set()
       self.implications = set()
   def tell(self, e):
       if '=>' in e:
           self.implications.add(Implication(e))
           self.facts.add(Fact(e))
       for i in self.implications:
            res = i.evaluate(self.facts)
```

```
if res:
                self.facts.add(res)
    def query(self, e):
        facts = set([f.expression for f in self.facts])
       print(f'Querying {e}:')
            if Fact(f).predicate == Fact(e).predicate:
               print(f'\t{i}. {f}')
   def display(self):
       print("All facts: ")
       for i, f in enumerate(set([f.expression for f in self.facts])):
            print(f'\t{i+1}. {f}')
def main():
   kb = KB()
   print("Enter KB: (enter e to exit)")
    while True:
       t = input()
       if(t == 'e'):
        kb.tell(t)
   print("Enter Query:")
    q = input()
   kb.query(q)
    kb.display()
main()
```

Enter KB: (enter e to exit) missile(x) = >weapon(x)

```
missile(M1)
enemy(x, America) = >hostile(x)
american(West)
enemy(Nono, America)
owns(Nono, M1)
missile(x) \& owns(Nono, x) = >sells(West, x, Nono)
american(x) \& weapon(y) \& sells(x, y, z) \& hostile(z) = >criminal(x)
е
Enter Query:
criminal(x)
Querying criminal(x):
All facts:
     1. missile(M1)
     2. missile(x) = > weapon(x)
    3. enemy(x, America) = >hostile(x)
     4. missile(x) \& owns(Nono, x) = >sells(West, x, Nono)
     5. american(West)
     6. enemy(Nono, America)
     7. american(x) \& weapon(y) \& sells(x, y, z) \& hostile(z) = > criminal(x)
```

8. owns(Nono, M1)