

PIZZA SALES ANALYSIS USING MY SQL



Hello!

My name is Pratibha. In this project, I have utilized My SQL queries to solve the questions related to pizza sales analysis.





OBJECTIVE

This project examines pizza sales data to assess the restaurant performance and identify trends. By leveraging this information, smart decision can be made for the future.

DATASET

orders

order_id
order_date
order_time



orders_details

order_details_id
order_id
pizza_id
quantity

pizzas

pizza_id
pizza_type_id
size
price



pizza_type

pizza_type_id
category
ingredients



-- Retrieve the total number of order placed

SELECT

COUNT(order_id) AS total_orders

FROM

orders;



total_orders
21350

-- CALCULATE THE TOTAL REVENUE GENERATED FROM PIZZA SALES.

SELECT

```
ROUND(SUM(orders_details.quantity * pizzas.price),  
    2) AS total_sales
```

FROM

orders_details

JOIN

```
pizzas ON pizzas.pizza_id = orders_details.pizza_id;
```

total_sales
817860.05



-- Identify the highest-priced pizza.

```
SELECT  
    pizza_types.name, pizzas.price  
FROM  
    pizza_types  
        JOIN  
    pizzas ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id  
ORDER BY pizzas.price DESC  
LIMIT 1;
```

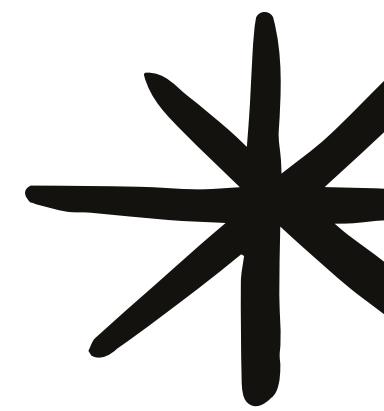
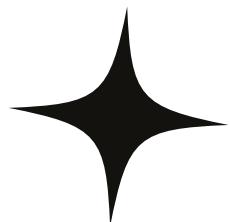
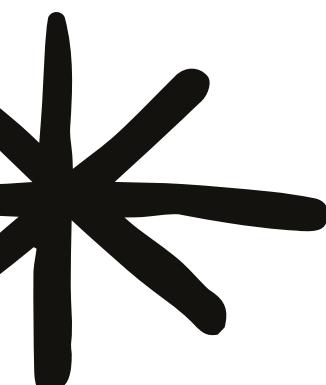
	name	price
▶	The Greek Pizza	35.95

-- Identify the most common pizza size ordered.

```
SELECT
    pizzas.size,
    COUNT(orders_details.order_details_id) AS order_count
FROM
    pizzas
        JOIN
            orders_details ON pizzas.pizza_id = orders_details.pizza_id
GROUP BY pizzas.size
ORDER BY order_count DESC;
```



size	order_count
L	18526
M	15385
S	14137
XL	544
XXL	28



-- LIST THE TOP 5 MOST ORDERED PIZZA TYPES ALONG WITH THEIR QUANTITIES.

SELECT

 pizza_types.name, SUM(orders_details.quantity) AS quantity

FROM

 pizza_types

 JOIN

 pizzas ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id

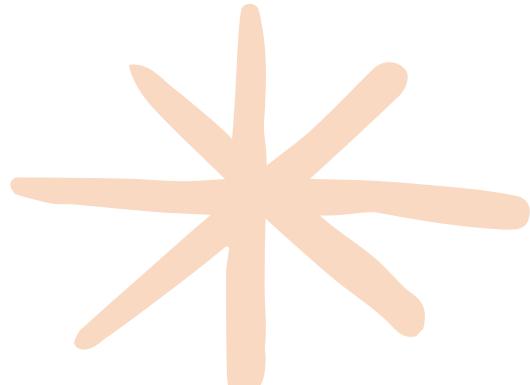
 JOIN

 orders_details ON orders_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id

GROUP BY pizza_types.name

ORDER BY quantity DESC

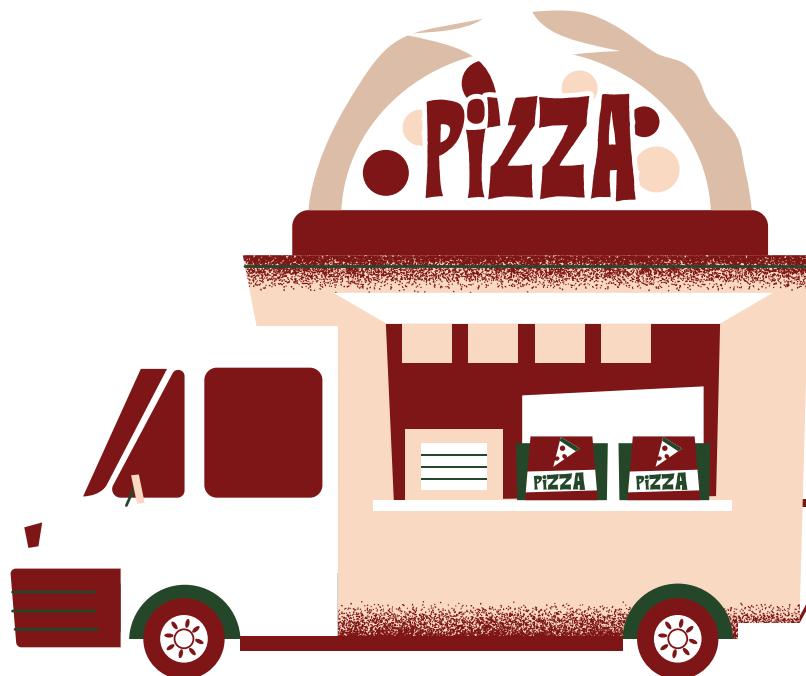
LIMIT 5;



	name	quantity
▶	The Classic Deluxe Pizza	2453
▶	The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	2432
▶	The Hawaiian Pizza	2422
▶	The Pepperoni Pizza	2418
▶	The Thai Chicken Pizza	2371

-- JOIN THE NECESSARY TABLES TO FIND THE TOTAL QUANTITY OF EACH PIZZA CATEGORY ORDERED

```
SELECT
    pizza_types.category,
    SUM(orders_details.quantity) AS quantity
FROM
    pizza_types
        JOIN
    pizzas ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
        JOIN
    orders_details ON orders_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
GROUP BY pizza_types.category
ORDER BY quantity DESC;
```



	category	quantity
▶	Classic	14888
	Supreme	11987
	Veggie	11649
	Chicken	11050



-- DETERMINE THE DISTRIBUTION OF ORDERS BY HOUR OF THE DAY.

SELECT

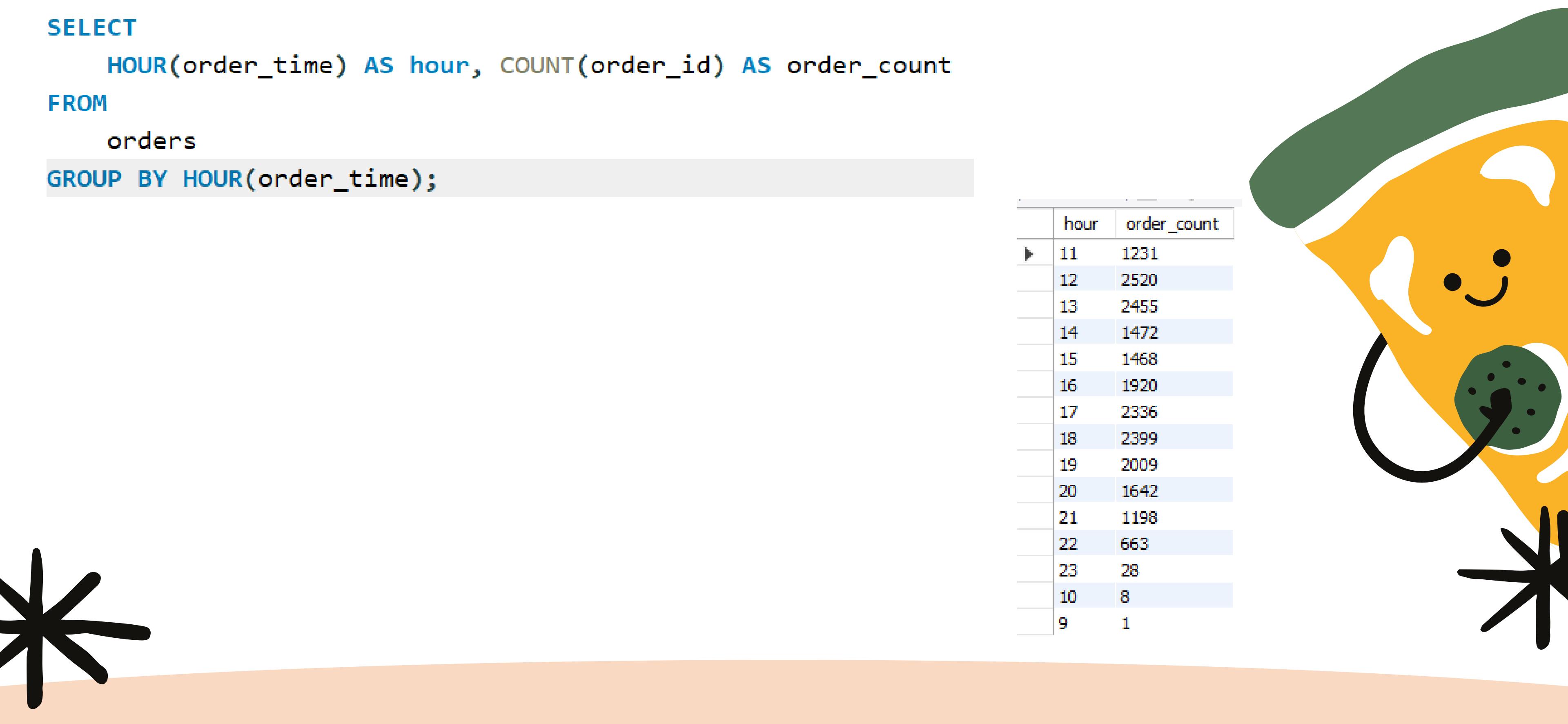
```
HOUR(order_time) AS hour, COUNT(order_id) AS order_count
```

FROM

```
orders
```

```
GROUP BY HOUR(order_time);
```

hour	order_count
11	1231
12	2520
13	2455
14	1472
15	1468
16	1920
17	2336
18	2399
19	2009
20	1642
21	1198
22	663
23	28
10	8
9	1



-- JOIN RELEVANT TABLES TO FIND THE CATEGORY-WISE DISTRIBUTION OF PIZZAS.

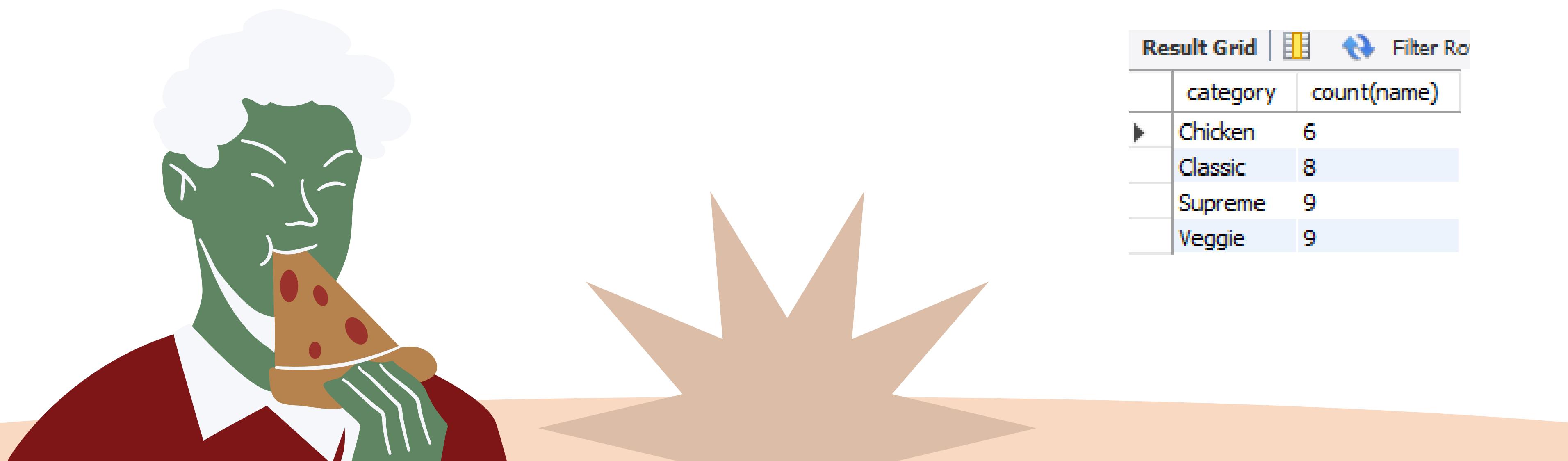
SELECT

category, COUNT(name)

FROM

pizza_types

GROUP BY category;



Result Grid | Filter Row

	category	count(name)
▶	Chicken	6
▶	Classic	8
▶	Supreme	9
▶	Veggie	9

-- GROUP THE ORDERS BY DATE AND CALCULATE THE AVERAGE NUMBER OF PIZZAS ORDERED PER DAY.

SELECT

ROUND(AVG(quantity), 0) as avg_pizza_ordered_per_day

FROM

(SELECT

orders.order_date, SUM(orders_details.quantity) AS quantity

FROM

orders

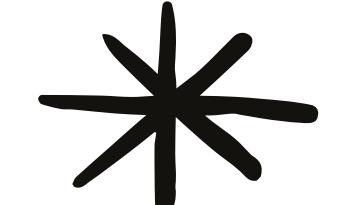
JOIN orders_details ON orders.order_id = orders_details.order_id

GROUP BY orders.order_date) AS order_quantity;



Result Grid | Filter Rows:

avg_pizza_ordered_per_day
138



-- DETERMINE THE TOP 3 MOST ORDERED PIZZA TYPES BASED ON REVENUE.

SELECT

```
pizza_types.name,  
SUM(orders_details.quantity * pizzas.price) AS revenue
```

FROM

```
pizza_types
```

JOIN

```
pizzas ON pizzas.pizza_type_id = pizza_types.pizza_type_id
```

JOIN

```
orders_details ON orders_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
```

GROUP BY pizza_types.name

ORDER BY revenue DESC

LIMIT 3;

Result Grid | Filter Rows:

	name	revenue
1	The Thai Chicken Pizza	43434.25
2	The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	42768
3	The California Chicken Pizza	41409.5

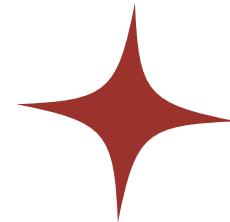
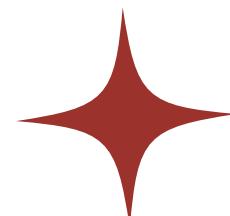
-- Calculate the percentage contribution of each pizza type to total revenue.

SELECT

```
    pizza_types.category,  
    ROUND(SUM(orders_details.quantity * pizzas.price) / (SELECT  
        ROUND(SUM(orders_details.quantity * pizzas.price),  
        2) AS total_sales  
    ) AS revenue  
FROM  
    orders_details  
    JOIN  
    pizzas ON pizzas.pizza_id = orders_details.pizza_id) * 100,  
    2) AS revenue
```

FROM

```
    pizza_types  
    JOIN  
    pizzas ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id  
    JOIN  
    orders_details ON orders_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id  
GROUP BY pizza_types.category
```

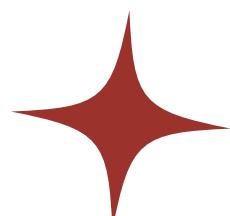


Result Grid | Filter

	category	revenue
▶	Classic	26.91
	Supreme	25.46
	Chicken	23.96
	Veggie	23.68

-- Analyze the cumulative revenue generated over time.

```
select order_date,  
       sum(revenue) over(order by order_date) as cum_revenue  
  
from  
  
(select orders.order_date,  
       sum(orders_details.quantity*pizzas.price) as revenue  
     from orders_details join pizzas  
       on orders_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id  
      join orders  
       on orders.order_id = orders_details.order_id  
      group by orders.order_date) as sales;
```

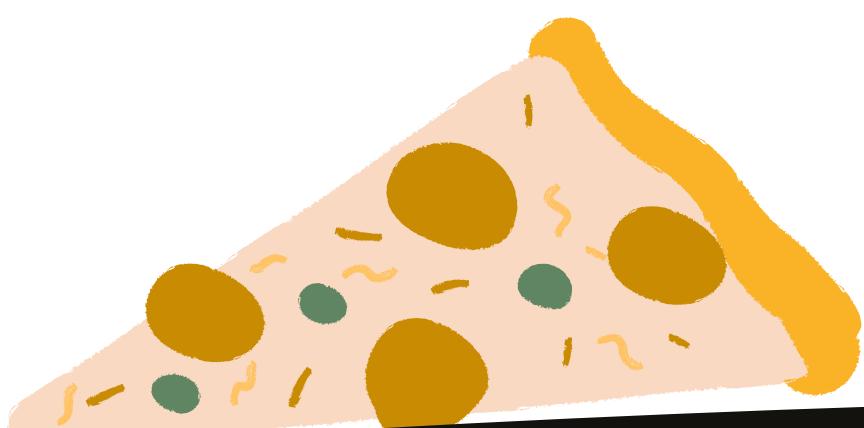


	order_date	cum_revenue
▶	2015-01-01	2713.8500000000004
	2015-01-02	5445.75
	2015-01-03	8108.15
	2015-01-04	9863.6
	2015-01-05	11929.55
	2015-01-06	14358.5
	2015-01-07	16560.7
	2015-01-08	19399.05
	2015-01-09	21526.4
	2015-01-10	23990.35000000002
	2015-01-11	25862.65
	2015-01-12	27781.7
	2015-01-13	29831.3000000003
	2015-01-14	32358.70000000004
	2015-01-15	34343.5000000001
	2015-01-16	36937.65000000001
	2015-01-17	39001.75000000001
	2015-01-18	40978.60000000006
	2015-01-19	43365.75000000001

-- DETERMINE THE TOP 3 MOST ORDERED PIZZA TYPES BASED ON REVENUE FOR EACH PIZZA CATEGORY.

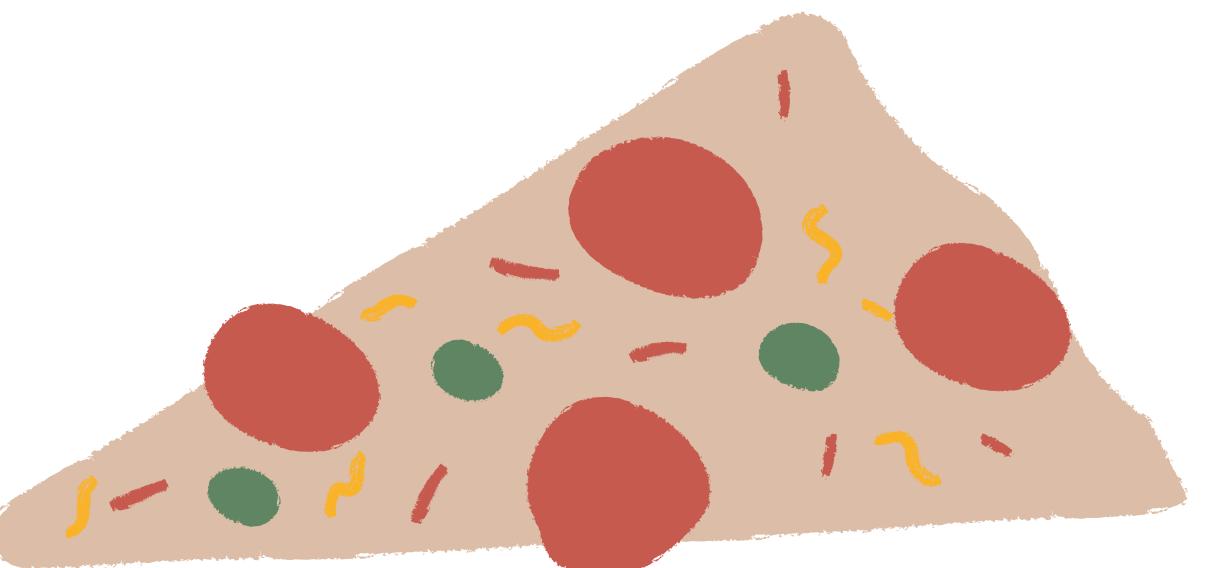
```
select name, revenue
from
(select category, name, revenue,
rank() over(partition by category order by revenue desc) as rn
from
(select pizza_types.category, pizza_types.name,
sum((orders_details.quantity) * pizzas.price) as revenue
from pizza_types join pizzas
on pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
join orders_details
on orders_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
group by pizza_types.category, pizza_types.name) as a) as b
where rn<=3;orders
```

	name	revenue
▶	The Thai Chicken Pizza	43434.25
	The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	42768
	The California Chicken Pizza	41409.5
	The Classic Deluxe Pizza	38180.5
	The Hawaiian Pizza	32273.25
	The Pepperoni Pizza	30161.75
	The Spicy Italian Pizza	34831.25
	The Italian Supreme Pizza	33476.75
	The Sicilian Pizza	30940.5
	The Four Cheese Pizza	32265.70000000065
	The Mexicana Pizza	26780.75
	The Five Cheese Pizza	26066.5



Recommendations

- Focus on high performance pizzas.
- Implement customer loyalty programs
- Optimizing staffing and inventories
- Regularly update reports and dashboards.



THANK YOU

