

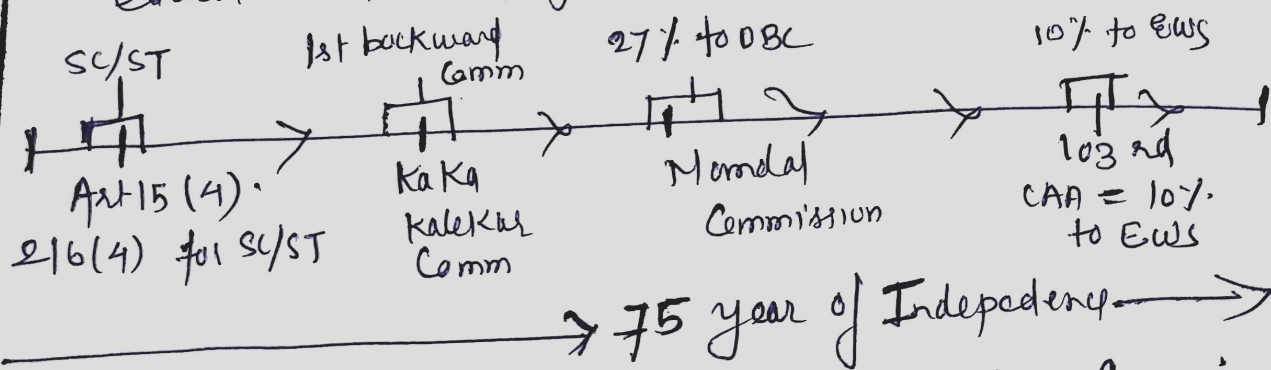
DAY-6

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B.P.S.C

Seventy five year after independence, there is growing call to revisit India's reservation system in larger interest of society - and to advance transformative Constitutionalism. Critically Analyse need for reassessing reservation policy to ensure social justice and inclusive development.

Sol Reservation in India is tool for addressing social inequalities and promoting inclusive growth. It aims to empower historically disadvantaged Communities through education, employment and political representation.



Recently Supreme Court bench of BR Gavai expressed in plea 75 year of benefit of reservation is enough. Person already availed benefit should be excluded from reservation.

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उप निर्देश है  
न लिख  
Candidate  
should  
not write  
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margin

A 7 Bench judge Verdict in [6:1] allowed ~~subclassification~~ classification of SC and ST quota. This decision came in keeping view of larger interest of society and to advance transformative Constitutionalism.

Need for Reassessing reservation policy to  
ensure social Justice and inclusive  
development : →

## Social Justice

Article 15, 16 provide reservation to SC, ST, OBC, & EWS to increase representation in jobs

⑪ Caste based discrimination → Art 17 abolish untouchability. Crime against SC/ST has dropped to 6.9 % in 2022

(iii) Political representation → 33% reservation to SC/ST in Lok Sabha MP, MLA election. Thus ensure their participation in decision making.

(iv) Equality = RTE Act, MNREGA, UJSAWALA, 'Ration Free Ration'



## Challenges

- i) Unequal representation :- As per data  
Almost 45% from general, 35% from obc  
and 20% belong to SC/ST. in gov jobs
- ii) Historical Backwardness :- State like  
Bihar, UP, Jharkhand, MP etc SC/ST Communities  
far being more backward. Comparing to  
other state. Maharashtra, Gujarat, Karnataka
- iii) Political Will :- politicians lack  
will to uplift social status of marginalised  
• They use them for political gain
- iv) Conservative thinking :- restrict individual  
from doing something  
unorthodox

## INCLUSIVE DEVELOPMENT

- i) Skilling :- PM Vishwakarma Support  
economic Activities for craftsman and artisan
- ii) financial :- online banking facilities, Account  
money transfer eg: PM Jan Dhan = 53.6 Crore Account
- iii) Health :- PM Ayushman Bharat Scheme  
to cover 5 Lakh per family treatment.

iv) Farmer: 6000<sup>per year</sup> installment to account  
It help to buy and fulfill economic need

v) Unorganized Workers: It provide pension to all categories people  
eg: PM Shram Yogi Maandhan

vi) Digitization: Subsidy of 80% of  
Cost of Drone under Drone Didi

vii) Poverty alleviation program: Teevika aim to  
improve livelihood of poor by  
empowering women financially.

## Challenges

i) Exclusion of Needy = Marginalised  
section among each classes  
could not avail benefit.

ii) Economic Exclusion: Caste argue  
Caste based reservation do not  
consider economic criteria

iii) Political Balkanization: Seats allotment  
and voting along Caste line



iv) Overlapping Demand : Many seek inclusion under reserved categories  
eg: Tomti Tatma.

### WAY FORWARD

- ① Reservation is fair, as far it provide positive discrimination
- ② revision of criteria to include eligible beneficiaries
- ③ periodic review of impact of reservation by Constitutional bodies.

A Strong political will is indispensable to find equilibrium between justice to backward, equality for forward and efficiency for entire system

"It is duty of State to give preferential treatment to backward class of Citizen who are not adequately represented".

Justice BR Grewal