Mob: 8888809416

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JBK1007-Assignment -Constructor & Superthis
Program for constructor Demo
public class Constructor Demo {
    public Constructor_Demo() //Default Constructor {
         System.out.println("Constructor Running");
}
    public Constructor_Demo(int a)
                                      //Parameterized
Constructor {
         System.out.println("Constructor Running" + a);
}
    public static void main(String[] args) {
Constructor Demo cd=new Constructor Demo();//default
constructor calling
Constructor_Demo <a href="mailto:cd1">cd1</a>=new Constructor_Demo(5);
//parameterized constructor calling
Program for constructor chaining Demo
public class ChainingDemo {
 //default constructor of the class
    public ChainingDemo(){
    System.out.println("Default constructor");
  public ChainingDemo(String str) {
    this();
     System.out.println("Parametrized constructor with single
param");
  public ChainingDemo(String str, int num) {
    //It will call the constructor with String argument
     this("Hello");
     System.out.println("Parametrized constructor with double
args");
  public ChainingDemo(int num1, int num2, int num3 {
    // It will call the constructor with (String, integer)
arguments
   this("Hello", 2);
System.out.println("Parametrized constructor with three
args");
```

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public static void main(String args[]) {
   //Creating an object using Constructor with 3 int arguments
   ChainingDemo obj = new ChainingDemo(5,5,15);
} }
Program for constructor Overloading with Getter ,Setter with
this keyword
public class StudentData{
 private int stuID;
 private String stuName;
 private int stuAge;
  StudentData() {
   //Default constructor
   stuID = 100; stuName = "New Student";
   stuAge = 18;
   StudentData(int num1, String str, int num2) {
   //Parameterized constructor
   stuID = num1; stuName = str; stuAge = num2;
//Getter and setter methods
   public int getStuID() {
   return stuID;
  public void setStuID(int stuID) {
   this.stuID = stuID;
  public String getStuName() {
   return stuName;
  public void setStuName(String stuName) {
   this.stuName = stuName;
 public int getStuAge() {
   return stuAge;
 public void setStuAge(int stuAge) {
   this.stuAge = stuAge;
class TestOverloading{
 public static void main(String args[]) {
   //This object creation would call the default constructor
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StudentData myobj = new StudentData();
   System.out.println("Student Name is:
"+myobj.getStuName());
   System.out.println("Student Age is: "+myobj.getStuAge());
   System.out.println("Student ID is: "+myobj.getStuID());
   /*This object creation would call the parameterized
   * constructor StudentData(int, String, int)*/
 StudentData myobj2 = new StudentData(555, "Chaitanya", 25);
   System.out.println("Student Name is:
"+myobj2.getStuName());
   System.out.println("Student Age is: "+myobj2.getStuAge());
   System.out.println("Student ID is: "+myobj2.getStuID());
} }
Program for constructor with this()
public class ConstOverloading {
 private int rollNum;
 ConstOverloading() {
  rollNum =100;
ConstOverloading(int rnum) {
  this();
  /*this() is used for calling the default
   * constructor from parameterized constructor.
   * It should always be the first statement
   * in constructor body.
  rollNum = rollNum+ rnum;
  public int getRollNum() {
     return rollNum;
 public void setRollNum(int rollNum) {
     this.rollNum = rollNum;
class TestDemo {
 public static void main(String args[]){
   ConstOverloading obj = new ConstOverloading(12);
   System.out.println(obj.getRollNum());
  } }
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Program for super variable
//Parent class or Superclass
class Parentclass{
 int num=100;
} //Child class or subclass
class Subclass extends Parentclass{
 int num=110;
 void printNumber() {
   //Super.variable_name
   System.out.println(super.num);
public static void main(String args[]){
   Subclass obj = new Subclass();
   obj.printNumber();
 } }
Program for Child class Constructor call parent class constructor
implicitely
class Parentclass{
 Parentclass() {
   System.out.println("Constructor of Superclass");
 } }
class Subclass extends Parentclass{
 Subclass(){
     /* Compile adds super() here at the first line
     * of this constructor implicitly
     System.out.println("Constructor of Subclass");
Subclass(int num){
     /* Compile adds super() here at the first line
     * of this constructor implicitly
     System.out.println("Constructor with arg");
void display(){
     System.out.println("Hello");
public static void main(String args[]){
     // Creating object using default constructor
     Subclass obj = new Subclass();
     //Calling sub class method
```

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obj.display();
   //Creating object 2 using arg constructor
   Subclass obj2= new Subclass(10);
   obj2.display();
} }
call super() explicitly too
class Parentclass{
 Parentclass(){
     System.out.println("Constructor of Superclass");
class Subclass extends Parentclass{
 Subclass(){
     /* super() must be added to the first
     * line of constructor otherwise it would
     * throw compilation error:
     * " Constructor call must be the first statement
     * in a constructor".
     */
     super();
     System.out.println("Constructor of Subclass");
void display(){
     System.out.println("Hello");
public static void main(String args[]){
     Subclass obj = new Subclass();
   obj.display();
 } }
Program for calling super class method using super
class Parentclass{
 void display() {
     System.out.println("Parent class method");
 } }
class Subclass extends Parentclass{
 void display(){
     System.out.println("Child class method");
void printMsg(){
     //This would call Overriding method
```

```
display();
     //This would call Overridden method
     super.display();
public static void main(String args[]){
     Subclass obj = new Subclass();
     obj.printMsg();
 } }
Singleton Class Example Using Private Constructor
public class MySingleTon {
  private static MySingleTon myObj;
  /**
  * Create private constructor
  private MySingleTon(){
  * Create a static method to get instance.
  */
  public static MySingleTon getInstance(){
   if(myObj == null){}
     myObj = new MySingleTon();
    } return myObj;
public void getSomeThing(){
    // do something here
    System.out.println("I am here....");
public static void main(String a[]){
    MySingleTon st = MySingleTon.getInstance();
    st.getSomeThing();
 }}
Program for super variable
//Parent class or Superclass
class Parentclass{
 int num=100;
//Child class or subclass
class Subclass extends Parentclass{
 int num=110;
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void printNumber(){
   //Super.variable_name
   System.out.println(super.num);
public static void main(String args[]){
   Subclass obj = new Subclass();
   obj.printNumber();
 } }
Program for Child class Constructor call parent class constructor
implicitely
class Parentclass{
 Parentclass(){
   System.out.println("Constructor of Superclass");
 } }
class Subclass extends Parentclass{
 Subclass(){
     /* Compile adds super() here at the first line
     * of this constructor implicitly
     System.out.println("Constructor of Subclass");
Subclass(int num){
     /* Compile adds super() here at the first line
     * of this constructor implicitly
     System.out.println("Constructor with arg");
void display(){
     System.out.println("Hello");
public static void main(String args[]) {
     // Creating object using default constructor
     Subclass obj = new Subclass();
     //Calling sub class method
   obj.display();
   //Creating object 2 using arg constructor
   Subclass obj2 = new Subclass(10);
   obj2.display();
} }
call super() explicitly too
```

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```
class Parentclass{
 Parentclass() {
     System.out.println("Constructor of Superclass");
 } }
class Subclass extends Parentclass{
 Subclass() {
     /* super() must be added to the first
     * line of constructor otherwise it would
     * throw compilation error:
     * " Constructor call must be the first statement
     * in a constructor".
     */
     super();
     System.out.println("Constructor of Subclass");
void display() {
     System.out.println("Hello");
public static void main(String args[]) {
     Subclass obj = new Subclass();
    obj.display();
 } }
Program for calling super class method using super
class Parentclass{
 void display(){
     System.out.println("Parent class method");
 } }
class Subclass extends Parentclass{
 void display(){
     System.out.println("Child class method");
void printMsg(){
     //This would call Overriding method
     display();
     //This would call Overridden method
     super.display();
public static void main(String args[]){
     Subclass obj = new Subclass();
     obj.printMsg();
 } }
```