# dvanced-analytics-using-statistics

### February 19, 2024

Q.Do Factor Analysis on the 'teacher evaluation' dataset using Python in Google Colab.

```
[18]: !pip install factor_analyzer
     Collecting factor_analyzer
       Downloading factor_analyzer-0.5.1.tar.gz (42 kB)
                                 42.8/42.8 kB
     928.6 kB/s eta 0:00:00
       Installing build dependencies ... done
       Getting requirements to build wheel ... done
       Installing backend dependencies ... done
       Preparing metadata (pyproject.toml) ... done
     Requirement already satisfied: pandas in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages
     (from factor_analyzer) (1.5.3)
     Requirement already satisfied: scipy in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages
     (from factor_analyzer) (1.11.4)
     Requirement already satisfied: numpy in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages
     (from factor_analyzer) (1.25.2)
     Requirement already satisfied: scikit-learn in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-
     packages (from factor_analyzer) (1.2.2)
     Requirement already satisfied: python-dateutil>=2.8.1 in
     /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from pandas->factor_analyzer) (2.8.2)
     Requirement already satisfied: pytz>=2020.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-
     packages (from pandas->factor_analyzer) (2023.4)
     Requirement already satisfied: joblib>=1.1.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-
     packages (from scikit-learn->factor_analyzer) (1.3.2)
     Requirement already satisfied: threadpoolctl>=2.0.0 in
     /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from scikit-learn->factor_analyzer)
     (3.2.0)
     Requirement already satisfied: six>=1.5 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-
     packages (from python-dateutil>=2.8.1->pandas->factor_analyzer) (1.16.0)
     Building wheels for collected packages: factor_analyzer
       Building wheel for factor_analyzer (pyproject.toml) ... done
       Created wheel for factor_analyzer:
     filename=factor_analyzer-0.5.1-py2.py3-none-any.whl size=42564
     sha256=54bd894fd47f3372a7f639455287229cd9bea824b210eb2df6514ed896d61d3a
       Stored in directory: /root/.cache/pip/wheels/24/59/82/6493618e30ed1cb7a013b9e1
```

b0c9e17de80b04dfcef4ba8a4d Successfully built factor\_analyzer Installing collected packages: factor\_analyzer Successfully installed factor\_analyzer-0.5.1

```
[22]: # Importing neccessary libraries
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
from factor_analyzer import FactorAnalyzer
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

[24]: # Loading the dataset with headers and skipping non-numeric value rows data = pd.read\_csv("Teacher\_evaluation.csv", header=1, skiprows=[1]) print(data.head())

	Unnamed: 0	Expect	Entertain	Comm	Expert	Motivate	Caring	Charisma	\
0	1	2	8	1	4	7	5	4	
1	2	4	8	5	3	7	7	7	
2	3	2	8	2	3	6	7	1	
3	4	4	8	4	2	8	7	7	
4	5	3	8	5	4	8	8	7	

```
Passion Friendly
0 4 8
1 6 6
2 3 7
3 5 7
4 6 7
```

[26]: # Removing non-numeric columns
data = data.select\_dtypes(include=[np.number])
print(data.head())

	Unnamed: 0	Expect	Entertain	Comm	Expert	Motivate	Caring	Charisma	\
0	1	2	8	1	4	7	5	4	
1	2	4	8	5	3	7	7	7	
2	3	2	8	2	3	6	7	1	
3	4	4	8	4	2	8	7	7	
4	5	3	8	5	4	8	8	7	

	Passion	Friendly
0	4	8
1	6	6
2	3	7
3	5	7
4	6	7

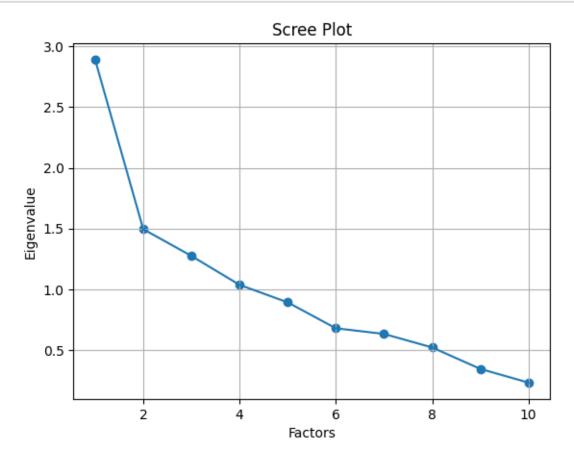
```
[27]: # Creating factor analysis object
fa = FactorAnalyzer()
fa.fit(data)
```

[27]: FactorAnalyzer(rotation\_kwargs={})

```
[28]: # Checking Eigenvalues
eigen_values, vectors = fa.get_eigenvalues()
print('Eigenvalues:', eigen_values)
```

Eigenvalues: [2.8913459 1.49504406 1.2748036 1.03658883 0.89255537 0.67908327 0.63267539 0.52124679 0.34481561 0.23184118]

```
[29]: # Create scree plot
plt.scatter(range(1, data.shape[1]+1), eigen_values)
plt.plot(range(1, data.shape[1]+1), eigen_values)
plt.title('Scree Plot')
plt.xlabel('Factors')
plt.ylabel('Eigenvalue')
plt.grid()
plt.show()
```



```
[30]: # Performing factor analysis with a specific number of factors
      fa = FactorAnalyzer(n_factors=3, rotation='varimax')
      fa.fit(data)
[30]: FactorAnalyzer(rotation='varimax', rotation_kwargs={})
[44]: # Loading the factor
      loadings = fa.loadings_
      print('Factor Loadings:\n', loadings)
     Factor Loadings:
      [[ 1.68320693e-01 -2.90671634e-02 -2.99509614e-01]
      [ 1.74744806e-02 -3.89981435e-01 -3.96669376e-01]
      [ 5.62344975e-01 3.36316215e-01 4.54088270e-02]
      [ 8.18740075e-01 -1.05895054e-01 -8.05006128e-02]
      [ 2.64714851e-01 6.56144357e-02 2.15978932e-02]
      [ 4.12333883e-01 6.18248206e-03 4.64095161e-01]
      [ 1.66172901e-01 -5.07241937e-02 4.00384152e-01]
      [ 8.53291085e-01 -8.04076585e-03 9.70139247e-04]
      [ 5.41289381e-01 6.63796282e-02 2.33534654e-01]
      [ 1.35644153e-01 9.85378263e-01 -7.86968389e-02]]
[46]: # Getting variance explained
      variance_explained = fa.get_factor_variance()
      print('Variance Explained:', variance_explained)
     Variance Explained: (array([2.32241022, 1.25961043, 0.69248574]),
     array([0.23224102, 0.12596104, 0.06924857]), array([0.23224102, 0.35820206,
     0.42745064]))
[47]: # Importing PCA library for PCA
      from sklearn.decomposition import PCA
[36]: # Removing non-numeric columns
      data_numeric = data.select_dtypes(include=[np.number])
[37]: # Performing PCA
      pca = PCA(n_components=3)
      pca.fit(data_numeric)
[37]: PCA(n_components=3)
[38]: # Transforming the data to the new coordinate system
      data_pca = pca.transform(data_numeric)
```

```
[39]: # Getting the principal components
     principal_components = pd.DataFrame(data_pca, columns=['PC1', 'PC2', 'PC3'])
[40]: # Printing the variance ratio
     print('Variance Ratio:', pca.explained_variance_ratio_)
     Variance Ratio: [0.9867739 0.00725419 0.00166419]
[43]: # Printing the principal components
     print('Principal Components:\n', principal_components.head())
     Principal Components:
               PC1
                         PC2
                                   PC3
     0 59.527681 -1.399650 -0.170280
     1 58.469321 3.298496 0.118372
     2 57.550827 -3.735994 1.218940
     3 56.479401 2.715759 0.374383
     4 55.481681 3.615700 1.696452
[49]: # Removing non-numeric columns for Common Factor Analysis
     data_numeric = data.select_dtypes(include=[np.number])
[50]: # Performing Common Factor Analysis
     cfa = FactorAnalyzer(rotation=None) # No rotation for simplicity
     cfa.fit(data_numeric)
[50]: FactorAnalyzer(rotation=None, rotation_kwargs={})
[60]: # Loading the factor
     loadings cfa = cfa.loadings
     print('Factor Loadings:\n', loadings_cfa)
     Factor Loadings:
      [[ 1.03710864e-01 9.07425635e-02 3.16057920e-01]
      [-1.40788777e-01 4.09395697e-01 3.49730116e-01]
      [ 6.24226907e-01 -1.89957868e-01 7.52276985e-02]
      [7.46157993e-01 3.09521379e-01 1.88345922e-01]
      [ 2.72431903e-01 1.75178185e-04 2.50300356e-02]
      [ 4.75154778e-01 6.25833079e-02 -3.94655596e-01]
      [ 2.15367793e-01 6.15408115e-02 -3.74597502e-01]
      [ 8.15719607e-01 2.17655987e-01 1.24091357e-01]
      [ 5.73506976e-01 5.24645543e-02 -1.42394184e-01]
      [ 3.44603659e-01 -9.13574581e-01 2.05408500e-01]]
[61]: # Getting the communalities
     communalities = cfa.get communalities()
     print('Communalities:\n', communalities)
```

#### Communalities:

[0.11888276 0.30973747 0.43140243 0.68802942 0.07484568 0.38544177 0.19049385 0.72817127 0.35193888 0.99556285]

# [62]: # Getting the unique variances unique\_variances = 1 - communalities print('Unique Variances:\n', unique\_variances)

## Unique Variances:

[0.88111724 0.69026253 0.56859757 0.31197058 0.92515432 0.61455823 0.80950615 0.27182873 0.64806112 0.00443715]